```
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mysql> use DBMS;
```

Practical No: DDL operations on Relational Schema

```
mysql> create database DBMS;
mysgl> create table salesman(salesman id int primary key NOT NULL, name varchar(20),city varchar(20),commissior
mysql> desc salesman;
+-----+
| Field | Type | Null | Key | Default | Extra |
+-----+
| salesman_id | int(11) | NO | PRI | NULL |
 name | varchar(20) | YES | NULL |
city | varchar(20) | YES | | NULL | |
| commission | float | YES | NULL |
+-----+
4 rows in set (0.06 sec)
mysql> insert into salesman values(5001,"James Hooq","New York",0.15);
mysql> insert into salesman values(5002,"Nail Knite","Paris",0.13);
mysql> insert into salesman values(5003,"Pit Alex","London",0.11);
mysql> insert into salesman values(5006,"Mc Lyon","Paris",0.14);
mysql> update salesman set salesman_id=5005 where city="London";
mysgl> insert into salesman values(5003,"Lauson Hen","",0.12);
mysql> insert into salesman values(5007,"Paul Adam","Rome",0.13);
mysql> select * from salesman;
+----+
+-----+
    5001 | James Hooq | New York | 0.15 |
    5002 | Nail Knite | Paris | 0.13 |
    5003 | Lauson Hen | 0.12 |
    5005 | Pit Alex | London | 0.11 | 5006 | Mc Lyon | Paris | 0.14 |
    5007 | Paul Adam | Rome | 0.13 |
  -----+
6 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

mysql> create table customer(customer\_id int primary key NOT NULL, customer\_name varchar(20), city varchar(20), an(salesman\_id));

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.05 sec)

```
mysql> desc customer;
+----+
| Field | Type | Null | Key | Default | Extra |
+----+
 customer_id | int(11) | NO | PRI | NULL |
 customer_name | varchar(20) | YES | NULL |
 city | varchar(20) | YES | | NULL | | grade | int(11) | YES | | NULL | |
| salesman_id | int(11) | YES | MUL | NULL |
+----+
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

mysgl> insert into customer values(3002,"Nick Rimando","New York",100,5001);

```
mysql> insert into customer values(3005, "Graham Zusi", "California", 200, 5002);
mysgl> insert into customer values(3001, "Brad Guzan", "London", Null, Null);
mysql> insert into customer values(3004,"Fabian Johns","Paris",300,5006);
mysql> insert into customer values(3007,"Brad Davis","New York",200,5001);
mysql> insert into customer values(3009,"Geoff Camero","Berlin",100,Null);
mysql> insert into customer values(3008,"Julian Green","London",300,5002);
mysql> insert into customer values(3003,"Jory Altidor","Moncow",200,5007);
mysgl> select * from customer;
+-----+
| customer_id | customer_name | city | grade | salesman_id |
+----+
     3001 | Brad Guzan | London | NULL |
                                             NULL |
     3002 | Nick Rimando | New York | 100 |
                                              5001 l
    3003 | Jory Altidor | Moncow | 200 |
                                            5007 |
    3004 | Fabian Johns | Paris | 300 |
                                          5006
     3005 | Graham Zusi | California | 200 |
                                            5002 |
    3007 | Brad Davis | New York | 200 |
                                            5001 |
    3008 | Julian Green | London | 300 |
                                            5002 |
    3009 | Geoff Camero | Berlin | 100 |
                                            NULL |
+-----+
8 rows in set (0.00 sec)
man_id) references salesman(salesman_id));
```

mysql> create table orders(order\_no int,purch\_amt float,order\_date DATE, customer\_id int, foreign key(customer\_id) Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.06 sec)

```
mysql> insert into orders values(70001,150.5,"2016-10-05",3005,5002);
mysgl> insert into orders values(70009,270.65,"2016-09-10",3001,NULL);
mysgl> insert into orders values(70002,65.26,"2016-10-05",3002,5001);
mysgl> insert into orders values(70004,110.5,"2016-08-17",3009,NULL);
mysql> insert into orders values(70007,948.5,"2016-09-10",3005,5002);
mysql> insert into orders values(70005,2400.6,"2016-07-27",3007,5001);
mysql> insert into orders values(70008,5760,"2016-09-10",3002,5001);
mysql> insert into orders values(70010,1983.43,"2016-10-10",3004,5006);
mysql> insert into orders values(70003,2480.4,"2016-10-10",3009,NULL);
mysql> insert into orders values(70012,250.45,"2016-06-27",3008,5002);
mysql> insert into orders values(70011,75.29,"2016-08-17",3003,5007);
```

## mysgl> select \* from orders;

++			
order_no   purch_amt   order_date   customer_id   salesman_id			
++			
70001	150.5   2016-10-05	3005	5002
70009	270.65   2016-09-10	3001	NULL
70002	65.26   2016-10-05	3002	5001
70004	110.5   2016-08-17	3009	NULL
70007	948.5   2016-09-10	3005	5002
70005	2400.6   2016-07-27	3007	5001
70008	5760   2016-09-10	3002	5001
70010	1983.43   2016-10-10	3004	5006
70003	2480.4   2016-10-10	3009	NULL
70012	250.45   2016-06-27	3008	5002
70011	75.29   2016-08-17	3003	5007
++			

Queries:-

11 rows in set (0.00 sec)

1 )Display name and commission for all the salesmen mysgl> select name, comission from salesman; +----+ | name | comission | +----+ | James Hoog | 0.15 | | Nail Knite | 0.13 | | Lauson Hen | 0.12 | | Pit Alex | 0.11 | | Mc Lyon | 0.14 | | Paul Adam | 0.13 | +----+ 6 rows in set (0.00 sec) 2)Retrieve salesman id of all salesmen from orders table without any repeats mysql> select distinct salesman\_id from salesman; +----+ | salesman\_id | +----+ I 5001 I I 5002 I | 5003 | | 5005 | I 5006 I | 5007 | +----+ 6 rows in set (0.00 sec) 3)Display names and city of salesman, who belongs to the city of Paris. mysgl> select name, city from salesman where city='paris'; +----+ | name | city | +----+ | Nail Knite | Paris | | Mc Lyon | Paris | +----+ 2 rows in set (0.00 sec) 4)Display all the information for those customers with a grade of 200 mysql> select \* from customer where grade=200; +-----+ | customer\_id | customer\_name | city | grade | salesman\_id | +-----+ | 3003 | Jozy Altidor | Moscow | 200 | 5007 | 3005 | Graham Zusi | California | 200 | 5002 | | 3007 | Brad Davis | New York | 200 | 5001 | +-----+ 3 rows in set (0.00 sec) 5)Display the order number, order date and the purchase amount for order(s) which will be delivered by the salesman with ID 5001 mysgl> select ord\_no,ord\_date,purch\_amt from orders where salesman\_id=5001; +----+ | ord\_no | ord\_date | purch\_amt | +----+ | 70002 | 2012-10-05 | 65.26 |

| 70005 | 2012-07-27 | 2400.6 | | 70008 | 2012-09-10 | 5760 | +-----+

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3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
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6)Display all the customers, who are either belongs to the city New York or not had a grade above 100.
mysql> select * from customer where city='New York' or not grade >100;
+-----+
| customer_id | customer_name | city | grade | salesman_id |
+-----+
| 3002 | Nick Rimando | New York | 100 | 5001 |
| 3007 | Brad Davis | New York | 200 | 5001 |
| 3009 | Geoff Cameron | Berlin | 100 | NULL |
+-----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
7)Find those salesmen with all information who gets the commission within a range of 0.12 and 0.14.
mysgl> select salesman_id,name,city,comission from salesman where comission between 0.12 AND 0.14;
+----+
| salesman_id | name | city | comission |
+----+
| 5002 | Nail Knite | Paris | 0.13 |
| 5007 | Paul Adam | Rome | 0.13 |
+----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
8)Find all those customers with all information whose names are ending with the letter 'n'.
mysgl> select * from customer where customer name like '%n';
+-----+
| customer_id | customer_name | city | grade | salesman_id |
+-----+
| 3001 | Brad Guzan | London | NULL | NULL |
| 3004 | Fabian Johnson | Paris | 300 | 5006 |
 3008 | Julian Green | London | 300 | 5002 |
| 3009 | Geoff Cameron | Berlin | 100 | NULL |
+-----+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
9)Find those salesmen with all information whose name containing the 1st character is 'N' and the 4th
character is 'l' and rests may be any character.
mysgl> select * from salesman where name like'N 1%';
+----+
| salesman id | name | city | comission |
+----+
| 5002 | Nail Knite | Paris | 0.13 |
+----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
10) Find that customer with all information who does not get any grade except NULL.
mysql> select * from customer where grade is null;
+-----+
| customer_id | customer_name | city | grade | salesman_id |
+-----+
| 3001 | Brad Guzan | London | NULL | NULL |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
11)Find the total purchase amount of all orders
mysql> select sum(purch_amt) from orders;
+----+
| sum(purch_amt) |
+----+
| 14495.580047607422 |
```

```
+----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
12)Find the number of salesman currently listing for all of their customers
mysql> select count(salesman_id) from orders;
+----+
| count(salesman_id) |
+----+
+----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> select count(Distinct salesman_id) from orders;
+----+
| count(Distinct salesman_id) |
+----+
| 4 |
+----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
13) Find the highest grade for each of the cities of the customers.
mysgl> select city,max(grade) from customer Group by city;
+----+
| city | max(grade) |
+----+
| London | 300 |
| New York | 200 |
| Moscow | 200 |
| Paris | 300 |
| California | 200 |
| Berlin | 100 |
+----+
6 rows in set (0.00 sec)
14)Find the highest purchase amount ordered by each customer with their ID and highest purchase
amount.
mysql> select customer_id,max(purch_amt) from orders group by customer_id;
+----+
| customer_id | max(purch_amt) |
+----+
| 3001 | 270.65 |
 3002 | 5760 |
 3003 | 75.29 |
 3004 | 1983.43 |
 3005 | 948.5 |
 3007 | 2400.6 |
 3008 | 250.45 |
| 3009 | 2480.4 |
+----+
8 rows in set (0.00 sec)
15) Find the highest purchase amount ordered by each customer on a particular date with their ID, order
date and highest purchase amount.
mysql> select customer_id,ord_date,max(purch_amt) from orders group by customer_id,ord_date;
+----+
| customer_id | ord_date | max(purch_amt) |
+----+
| 3005 | 2012-10-05 | 150.5 |
 3002 | 2012-10-05 | 65.26 |
| 3009 | 2012-10-10 | 2480.4 |
```

| 3009 | 2012-08-17 | 110.5 |

```
| 3007 | 2012-07-27 | 2400.6 |
| 3005 | 2012-09-10 | 948.5 |
| 3002 | 2012-09-10 | 5760 |
| 3001 | 2012-09-10 | 270.65 |
| 3004 | 2012-10-10 | 1983.43 |
| 3003 | 2012-08-17 | 75.29 |
| 3008 | 2012-06-27 | 250.45 |
```

11 rows in set (0.00 sec)

16)Find the highest purchase amount on a date '2012-08-17' for each salesman with their ID. mysql> select salesman\_id,max(purch\_amt) from orders where ord\_date='2012-08-17' group by salesman\_id;

```
+-----+
| salesman_id | max(purch_amt) |
+-----+
| NULL | 110.5 |
| 5007 | 75.29 |
+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

17)Find the highest purchase amount with their customer ID and order date, for only those customers who have the highest purchase amount in a day is more than 2000 mysql> select customer\_id,ord\_date,max(purch\_amt) from orders group by customer\_id,ord\_date having max(purch\_amt)>2000;

```
+-----+
| customer_id | ord_date | max(purch_amt) |
+-----+
| 3009 | 2012-10-10 | 2480.4 |
| 3007 | 2012-07-27 | 2400.6 |
| 3002 | 2012-09-10 | 5760 |
+------+
```

3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

18)Write a SQL statement that counts all orders for a date August 17th, 2012. mysql> select count(\*) from orders where ord\_date='2012-08-17';

```
+-----+
| count(*) |
+-----+
| 2 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```