

**PREGNYL - choriogonadotropin alfa**  
**Physicians Total Care, Inc.**

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**Pregnyl®**  
**(chorionic gonadotropin for injection, USP)**

**DESCRIPTION**

Human chorionic gonadotropin (HCG), a polypeptide hormone produced by the human placenta, is composed of an alpha and a beta sub-unit. The alpha sub-unit is essentially identical to the alpha sub-units of the human pituitary gonadotropins, luteinizing hormone (LH) and follicle-stimulating hormone (FSH), as well as to the alpha sub-unit of human thyroid-stimulating hormone (TSH). The beta sub-units of these hormones differ in amino acid sequence.

PREGNYL® (chorionic gonadotropin for injection, USP) is a highly purified pyrogen-free preparation obtained from the urine of pregnant females. It is standardized by a biological assay procedure. It is available for intramuscular injection in multiple dose vials containing 10,000 USP Units of sterile dried powder with 5 mg monobasic sodium phosphate and 4.4 mg dibasic sodium phosphate. If required, pH is adjusted with sodium hydroxide and/or phosphoric acid. Each package also contains a 10 mL vial of solvent containing: water for injection with 0.56% sodium chloride and 0.9% BENZYL ALCOHOL, WHICH IS NOT FOR USE IN NEWBORNS. If required, pH is adjusted with sodium hydroxide and/or hydrochloric acid.

**CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY**

The action of HCG is virtually identical to that of pituitary LH, although HCG appears to have a small degree of FSH activity as well. It stimulates production of gonadal steroid hormones by stimulating the interstitial cells (Leydig cells) of the testis to produce androgens and the corpus luteum of the ovary to produce progesterone.

Androgen stimulation in the male leads to the development of secondary sex characteristics and may stimulate testicular descent when no anatomical impediment to descent is present. This descent is usually reversible when HCG is discontinued.

During the normal menstrual cycle, LH participates with FSH in the development and maturation of the normal ovarian follicle, and the mid-cycle LH surge triggers ovulation. HCG can substitute for LH in this function. During a normal pregnancy, HCG secreted by the placenta maintains the corpus luteum after LH secretion decreases, supporting continued secretion of estrogen and progesterone and preventing menstruation. HCG HAS NO KNOWN EFFECT ON FAT MOBILIZATION, APPETITE OR SENSE OF HUNGER, OR BODY FAT DISTRIBUTION.

**INDICATIONS AND USAGE**

HCG HAS NOT BEEN DEMONSTRATED TO BE EFFECTIVE ADJUNCTIVE THERAPY IN THE TREATMENT OF OBESITY. THERE IS NO SUBSTANTIAL EVIDENCE THAT IT INCREASES WEIGHT LOSS BEYOND THAT RESULTING FROM CALORIC RESTRICTION, THAT IT CAUSES A MORE ATTRACTIVE OR "NORMAL" DISTRIBUTION OF FAT, OR THAT IT DECREASES THE HUNGER AND DISCOMFORT ASSOCIATED WITH CALORIE-RESTRICTED DIETS.

1. Prepubertal cryptorchidism not due to anatomical obstruction. In general, HCG is thought to induce testicular descent in situations when descent would have occurred at puberty. HCG thus may help predict whether or not orchiopexy will be needed in the future. Although, in some cases, descent following HCG administration is permanent, in most cases, the response is temporary. Therapy is

- usually instituted in children between the ages of 4 and 9.
2. Selected cases of hypogonadotropic hypogonadism (hypogonadism secondary to a pituitary deficiency) in males.
  3. Induction of ovulation and pregnancy in the anovulatory, infertile woman in whom the cause of anovulation is secondary and not due to primary ovarian failure, and who has been appropriately pretreated with human menotropins.

## **CONTRAINDICATIONS**

Precocious puberty, prostatic carcinoma or other androgen-dependent neoplasm, prior allergic reaction to HCG.

## **WARNINGS**

HCG should be used in conjunction with human menopausal gonadotropins only by physicians experienced with infertility problems who are familiar with the criteria for patient selection, contraindications, warnings, precautions, and adverse reactions described in the package insert for menotropins.

Anaphylaxis has been reported with urinary-derived HCG products.

The principal serious adverse reactions during this use are:

(1) Ovarian hyperstimulation, a syndrome of sudden ovarian enlargement, ascites with or without pain, and/or pleural effusion, (2) Rupture of ovarian cysts with resultant hemoperitoneum, (3) Multiple births, and (4) Arterial thromboembolism.

## **PRECAUTIONS**

### **General**

Since androgens may cause fluid retention, HCG should be used with caution in patients with cardiac or renal disease, epilepsy, migraine, or asthma.

### **Pediatric Use**

Induction of androgen secretion by HCG may induce precocious puberty in pediatric patients treated for cryptorchidism. Therapy should be discontinued if signs of precocious puberty occur.

### **Geriatric Use**

Clinical studies of PREGNYL® (chorionic gonadotropin for injection, USP) did not include subjects aged 65 and over.

## **ADVERSE REACTIONS**

Headache, irritability, restlessness, depression, fatigue, edema, precocious puberty, gynecomastia, pain at the site of injection.

Hypersensitivity reactions, both localized and systemic in nature, have been reported.

## **DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION**

For intramuscular use only. The dosage regimen employed in any particular case will depend upon the indication for the use, the age and weight of the patient, and the physician's preference. The following regimens have been advocated by various authorities:

*Prepubertal cryptorchidism not due to anatomical obstruction. Therapy is usually instituted in children*

*between the ages of 4 and 9.*

1. 4,000 USP Units three times weekly for three weeks.
2. 5,000 USP Units every second day for four injections.
3. 15 injections for 500 to 1,000 USP Units over a period of six weeks.
4. 500 USP Units three times weekly for four to six weeks. If this course of treatment is not successful, another series is begun one month later, giving 1,000 USP Units per injection.

*Selected cases of hypogonadotropic hypogonadism in males.*

1. 500 to 1,000 USP Units three times a week for three weeks, followed by the same dose twice a week for three weeks.
2. 4,000 USP Units three times weekly for six to nine months, following which the dosage may be reduced to 2,000 USP Units three times weekly for an additional three months.

*Induction of ovulation and pregnancy in the anovulatory, infertile woman in whom the cause of anovulation is secondary and not due to primary ovarian failure and who has been appropriately pretreated with human menotropins.*

(See prescribing information for menotropins for dosage and administration for that drug product.)

5,000 to 10,000 USP Units one day following the last dose of menotropins. (A dosage of 10,000 USP Units is recommended in the labeling for menotropins.)

## **Directions for Reconstitution**

Two-vial package: Withdraw sterile air from lyophilized vial and inject into diluent vial. Remove 1–10 mL from diluent and add to lyophilized vial; agitate gently until powder is completely dissolved in solution.

Parenteral drug products should be inspected visually for particulate matter and discoloration prior to administration, whenever solution and container permit.

**IMPORTANT: USE COMPLETELY AFTER RECONSTITUTION. RECONSTITUTED SOLUTION IS STABLE FOR 60 DAYS WHEN REFRIGERATED.**

## **HOW SUPPLIED**

Two-vial package containing:

1-10 mL lyophilized multiple dose vial containing: 10,000 USP Units chorionic gonadotropin per vial, NDC 54868-4997-0.

1-10 mL vial of solvent containing: water for injection with sodium chloride 0.56% and benzyl alcohol 0.9%,

When reconstituted, each 10 mL vial contains:

Chorionic gonadotropin	10,000 USP Units
Monobasic sodium phosphate	5 mg
Dibasic sodium phosphate	4.4 mg
Sodium chloride	0.56%
Benzyl alcohol	0.9%

If required pH adjusted with sodium hydroxide and/or phosphoric acid.

## **Storage**

Store at controlled room temperature 15–30°C (59–86°F). Reconstituted solution is stable for 60 days

when refrigerated.

**Rx Only**

Manufactured for

Organon USA Inc. Roseland, NJ 07068

by Baxter Pharmaceutical Solutions LLC

Bloomington, IN 47403

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Rev. 4/11

**35039007T**

**Additional barcode labeling by:**

Physicians Total Care, Inc.

Tulsa, Oklahoma 74146

**PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL - 10,000 USP Units/Vial Carton**

**NDC 54868-4997-0**



10 mL multidose vial  
with 10 mL vial of solvent

Pregnyl®  
(chorionic gonadotropin  
for injection, USP)

**10,000  
USP Units/vial**

**For Intramuscular  
Injection Only**

**Rx only**

**PREGNYL**

choriogonadotropin alfa kit

**Product Information**

**Product Type**

HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG

**Item Code (Source)**

NDC:54868-4997(NDC:0052-0315)

## Packaging

#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:54868-4997-0	1 in 1 CARTON		

## Quantity of Parts

Part #	Package Quantity	Total Product Quantity
Part 1	1 VIAL, MULTI-DOSE	10 mL
Part 2	1 VIAL	10 mL

## Part 1 of 2

### PREGNYL

choriogonadotropin alfa injection, powder, lyophilized, for solution

## Product Information

### Route of Administration

INTRAMUSCULAR

## Active Ingredient/Active Moiety

Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
CHORIOGONADOTROPIN ALFA (UNII: 6413W06WR3) (CHORIOGONADOTROPIN ALFA - UNII:6413W06WR3)	CHORIOGONADOTROPIN ALFA	10000 [USP/U] in 10 mL

## Inactive Ingredients

Ingredient Name	Strength
SODIUM PHOSPHATE, MONOBASIC (UNII: 3980JH2SW)	
SODIUM PHOSPHATE, DIBASIC (UNII: GR686LBA74)	
SODIUM HYDROXIDE (UNII: 55X04QC32I)	
PHOSPHORIC ACID (UNII: E4GA8884NN)	

## Packaging

#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1		10 mL in 1 VIAL, MULTI-DOSE		

## Marketing Information

Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
NDA	NDA017692	02/18/2004	

## Part 2 of 2

### PREGNYL SOLVENT

water, sodium chloride and benzyl alcohol injection, solution

#### Product Information

Route of Administration	INTRAMUSCULAR
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#### Inactive Ingredients

Ingredient Name	Strength
WATER (UNII: 059QF0KO0R)	
SODIUM CHLORIDE (UNII: 451W47IQ8X)	
BENZYL ALCOHOL (UNII: LKG8494WBH)	

#### Packaging

#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1		10 mL in 1 VIAL		

#### Marketing Information

Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
NDA	NDA017692	02/18/2004	

#### Marketing Information

Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
NDA	NDA017692	08/17/2010	

**Labeler** - Physicians Total Care, Inc. (194123980)

#### Establishment

Name	Address	ID/FEI	Business Operations
Physicians Total Care, Inc.		194123980	relabel

Revised: 4/2012

Physicians Total Care, Inc.