

**SEVENFACT- coagulation factor VIIa recombinant human
Laboratoire Français du Fractionnement et des Biotechnologies Société
Anonyme (LFB S.A.)**

HIGHLIGHTS OF PRESCRIBING INFORMATION

These highlights do not include all the information needed to use SEVENFACT® safely and effectively. See full prescribing information for SEVENFACT®.

SEVENFACT® [coagulation factor VIIa (recombinant)-jncw]

Lyophilized Powder for Solution, for Intravenous Use

Initial U.S. Approval: 2020

WARNING: THROMBOSIS

See full prescribing information for complete boxed warning.

- Serious arterial and venous thrombotic events may occur following administration of SEVENFACT® (5.1).
- Discuss the risks and explain the signs and symptoms of thrombotic and thromboembolic events to patients who will receive SEVENFACT®.
- Monitor patients for signs or symptoms of activation of the coagulation system and for thrombosis.

RECENT MAJOR CHANGES

Dosage and Administration, Reconstitution (2.2) 06/2024

INDICATIONS AND USAGE

SEVENFACT is a coagulation factor VIIa concentrate indicated for the treatment and control of bleeding episodes occurring in adults and adolescents 12 years of age and older)with hemophilia A or B with inhibitors (1).

Limitations of Use:

SEVENFACT is not indicated for treatment of congenital factor VII deficiency.

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

For intravenous use after reconstitution only. (2)

Type of Bleeding	Dosing Regimen Recommendation
For Mild or Moderate bleeds	75 mcg/kg repeated every 3 hours until hemostasis is achieved or Initial dose of 225 mcg/kg. If hemostasis is not achieved within 9 hours, additional 75 mcg/kg doses may be administered every 3 hours as needed to achieve hemostasis
For Severe bleeds	225 mcg/kg, followed if necessary 6 hours later with 75 mcg/kg every 2 hours

Consider alternative treatments if successful control of bleeding does not occur within 24 hours of the first administration of SEVENFACT. (2)

DOSAGE FORMS AND STRENGTHS

SEVENFACT is available as a lyophilized powder in single-dose vials containing 1 mg, 2 mg or 5 mg of coagulation factor VIIa (recombinant)-jncw. After reconstitution with a specified volume of Sterile Water for Injection, each mL contains 1 mg (1000 mcg) of coagulation factor VIIa (recombinant)-jncw (3).

CONTRAINDICATIONS

Known allergy to rabbits or rabbit proteins. Severe hypersensitivity reaction to SEVENFACT or any of its components (4).

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

- Patients with hemophilia A or B with inhibitors who have other risk factors for thrombosis may be at increased risk of serious arterial and venous thrombotic events (5.1).
- Hypersensitivity reactions, including anaphylaxis, are possible with SEVENFACT. Should symptoms occur, patients should discontinue SEVENFACT and seek appropriate medical intervention (5.2).

ADVERSE REACTIONS

The most common adverse reactions (incidence $\geq 1\%$) were headache, dizziness, infusion-site discomfort, infusion-site hematoma, infusion-related reaction, and fever (6).

To report SUSPECTED ADVERSE REACTIONS, contact HEMA Biologics at 855-718-HEMA (4362) or FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088 or <https://www.fda.gov/medwatch>.

DRUG INTERACTIONS

Clinical experience with pharmacologic use of FVIIa-containing products indicates an elevated risk of serious thrombotic events when used simultaneously with activated prothrombin complex concentrates (7).

See 17 for PATIENT COUNSELING INFORMATION and FDA-approved patient labeling.

Revised: 11/2025

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FULL PRESCRIBING INFORMATION

WARNING: THROMBOSIS

- Serious arterial and venous thrombotic events may occur following administration of SEVENFACT®. [See Warnings and Precautions (5.1)]
- Discuss the risks and explain the signs and symptoms of thrombotic and thromboembolic events to patients who will receive SEVENFACT®.
- Monitor patients for signs or symptoms of activation of the coagulation system and for thrombosis.

1 INDICATIONS AND USAGE

SEVENFACT is indicated for the treatment and control of bleeding episodes occurring in adults and adolescents 12 years of age and older with hemophilia A or B with inhibitors.

Limitations of Use:

SEVENFACT is not indicated for the treatment of patients with congenital Factor VII deficiency.

2 DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

2.1 Dose

For intravenous use after reconstitution only.

- Dose and duration of SEVENFACT depend on the location and severity of the bleeding, need for urgent hemostasis, frequency of administration, and known patient responsiveness to FVIIa-containing bypassing agents during prior bleeding events. Treatment with SEVENFACT should be initiated as soon as a bleeding event occurs.
- The dose, frequency, and duration of SEVENFACT therapy should be based on the patient's clinical response and hemostasis evaluation.
- The use of laboratory assessment(s) of coagulation (PT/INR, aPTT, FVII:C) does not necessarily correlate with or predict the hemostatic effectiveness of SEVENFACT.
- Dose adjustment may be required if the patient has received other procoagulant therapies prior to treatment with SEVENFACT.

Based on the clinical trial program for SEVENFACT, the recommended initial dose should be adjusted based on the criteria provided in Table 1.

Table 1 Dosing for Treatment and Control of Bleeding

Type of Bleeding	Dosing Regimen Recommendation	Duration of Therapy
Mild and Moderate Joint, superficial muscle, soft tissue and mucous membranes.	75 mcg/kg repeated every 3 hours until hemostasis is achieved or Initial dose of 225 mcg/kg. If hemostasis is not achieved within 9 hours, additional 75 mcg/kg doses may be administered every 3 hours as needed to achieve hemostasis. Consider alternative treatments if successful control of bleeding does not occur within 24 hours of the first administration of SEVENFACT.	Continue therapy to support healing and prevent recurrent hemorrhage after hemostasis to maintain the hemostatic plug. The site and severity of bleeding should determine therapy duration.
Severe Life or limb threatening hemorrhage, iliopsoas and deep muscle with neurovascular injury, retroperitoneum, intracranial, or gastrointestinal. Patients should seek immediate medical care if signs or symptoms of severe bleeding occur in the home setting.	225 mcg/kg initially, followed if necessary 6 hours later with 75 mcg/kg every 2 hours until hemostasis is achieved. Subsequent Dosing: After achieving hemostasis, base the decision for dosing on clinical assessment and the type of bleeding. Consider the risk of thrombosis with subsequent dosing after achieving hemostatic efficacy.	Continue therapy to support healing and prevent recurrent hemorrhage. The site and severity of bleeding and the use of other procoagulant therapies should determine therapy duration.

2.2 Reconstitution

- Follow the procedures below for reconstitution of SEVENFACT.
- Calculate the amount of SEVENFACT required and select the appropriate SEVENFACT packages containing the matching pre-filled syringe of sterile Water for Injection, and the vial adapters.
- Reconstitute each vial with the pre-filled syringe provided with each vial of SEVENFACT.

Overview of SEVENFACT Package:

Figure 1 Vial with SEVENFACT Lyophilized Powder

Lyophilized Powder Drug Vial



Figure 2 Syringe Plunger Rod and Pre-filled Syringe with Water for Injection Diluent

Syringe Plunger Rod



Pre-filled Syringe with Diluent

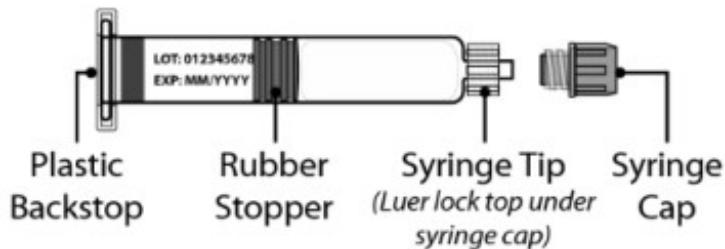
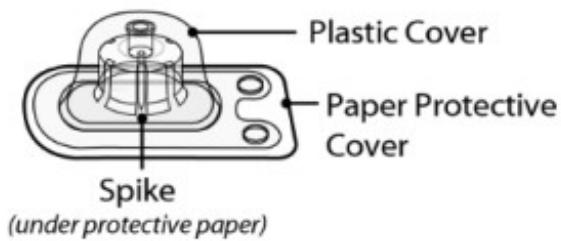


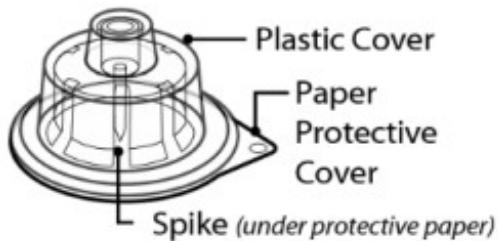
Figure 3 SEVENFACT 1 mg and 2 mg Vial Adapter and SEVENFACT 5 mg Vial Adapter

Vial Adapters* and Packaging

1 mg and 2 mg Vial Adapter



5 mg Vial Adapter



***Note:** Each SEVENFACT kit will contain only one vial adapter.

The instructions below serve as a general guideline for reconstitution of SEVENFACT.

Reconstitution:

1. Based on the prescribed dose, take out the number of SEVENFACT kits (each kit containing one vial of SEVENFACT powder and one pre-filled Water for Injection diluent syringe with one vial adapter for needless reconstitution), an infusion set (not supplied in the kit) and an alcohol swab (not supplied in the kit). Check the expiration date on the side of the box(es) for the SEVENFACT kit(s).
2. Always use aseptic technique. Wash your hands with soap and water and dry them using a clean towel or air dry.
3. Take out the contents of one kit and one alcohol swab. Place items on a clean

surface.

4. Inspect all contents of the kit. Make sure each vial has a matching colored syringe.
5. Bring SEVENFACT (lyophilized powder) and the specified pre-filled syringe (diluent) to room temperature. The specified volume of diluent corresponding to the amount of SEVENFACT is as follows:
1 mg (1000 micrograms) vial + 1.1 mL Water for Injection diluent in pre-filled syringe
2 mg (2000 micrograms) vial + 2.2 mL Water for Injection diluent in pre-filled syringe
5 mg (5000 micrograms) vial + 5.2 mL Water for Injection diluent in pre-filled syringe
6. Remove the plastic cap from the SEVENFACT vials to expose the central portion of the rubber stopper. Cleanse the rubber stoppers with an alcohol swab and allow to dry prior to use.
7. Peel back the protective paper from the vial adapter. Do not remove the vial adapter from the package.
8. Place the SEVENFACT vial on a flat surface. While holding the vial adapter package, place the vial adapter over the SEVENFACT vial and press down firmly on the package until the vial adapter spike breaks through the rubber stopper.
9. Lightly squeeze the plastic cover and lift up to remove it from the vial adapter. Note: the 5 mg vial adapter may not sit flat against the vial, but it is fully functional.
10. Remove the syringe cap from the pre-filled syringe by holding the syringe body with one hand to unscrew the syringe cap (turn to the left).
11. While holding the edges of the vial adapter, screw on the pre-filled syringe (turn to the right) a few turns until it starts to tighten.
12. Insert the plunger rod into the syringe, then screw a few turns (turn to the right) so that the plunger rod is attached to the gray rubber stopper in the syringe.
13. Push the plunger rod to slowly inject all the diluent into the vial. Keep the plunger rod pressed down and swirl the vial gently until the powder is dissolved.
14. The reconstituted solution is clear to slightly opaque. All powder must be mixed with no particles floating in the liquid.
15. Without withdrawing any drug back into the syringe, unscrew the syringe from the vial adapter (turn to the left) until it is completely detached.
16. Withdraw the liquid drug from the vial(s), using an infusion syringe provided by the pharmacy; the syringe should be large enough to hold the prescribed dose.
17. The reconstituted solution should be stored in the vial at room temperature, but can be stored between 36°F to 86°F (2°C to 30°C) for up to 4 hours after reconstitution. After reconstitution with the specified volume of diluent, each vial contains approximately 1 mg per mL SEVENFACT (1000 micrograms per mL).

2.3 Administration

For Intravenous Use Only.

- Visually inspect the reconstituted solution for particulate matter and discoloration prior to administration. Do not use if particulate matter or discoloration is observed.
- Do not freeze reconstituted solution or store it in a syringe.
- SEVENFACT must be infused within 4 hours after reconstitution.
- SEVENFACT should be infused over 2 minutes or less as a bolus intravenous infusion.
- Do not mix with other infusion solutions.
- Any unused solution should be discarded 4 hours after reconstitution.

3 DOSAGE FORMS AND STRENGTHS

SEVENFACT is a white to off-white lyophilized powder for reconstitution in a colorless solution for injection. It is supplied in single-dose vial sizes containing 1 mg, 2 mg or 5 mg of coagulation factor VIIa (recombinant)-jncw.

The diluent for reconstitution of SEVENFACT is supplied in single-dose prefilled glass syringes containing 1.1 mL, 2.2 mL or 5.2 mL sterile Water for Injection. It is a clear colorless solution.

After reconstitution with the appropriate volume of Water for Injection diluent, each mL of SEVENFACT contains 1 mg per mL of coagulation factor VIIa (recombinant)-jncw (1,000 micrograms per mL).

4 CONTRAINDICATIONS

SEVENFACT is contraindicated in patients with:

- known allergy to rabbits or rabbit proteins. Exposure to SEVENFACT in these patients can result in severe hypersensitivity reaction.
- severe hypersensitivity reaction to SEVENFACT or any of its components. Exposure to SEVENFACT in these patients can result in severe hypersensitivity reaction.

5 WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

5.1 Thrombosis

Serious arterial and venous thrombosis can occur with coagulation factor VIIa containing products including SEVENFACT.

The following patients may have increased risk of thrombosis with use of SEVENFACT:

- History of congenital or acquired hemophilia receiving concomitant treatment with aPCC/PCC (activated or non-activated prothrombin complex) or other hemostatic agents
- History of atherosclerotic disease, coronary artery disease, cerebrovascular disease, crush injury, septicemia, or thromboembolism.
- Monitor patients who receive SEVENFACT for the development of signs and symptoms of activation of the coagulation system or thrombosis. When there is laboratory confirmation of intravascular coagulation or presence of clinical thrombosis, reduce the dose of SEVENFACT or stop treatment, depending on the patient's condition.

5.2 Hypersensitivity and Infusion-Related Reactions

Hypersensitivity and infusion-related reactions including anaphylaxis can occur with coagulation factor VIIa containing products including SEVENFACT. Signs and symptoms may include hives, itching, rash, difficulty breathing, swelling around the mouth and throat, tightness of the chest, wheezing, dizziness or fainting, and low blood pressure. Patients with known IgE-based hypersensitivity to casein may be at higher risk of hypersensitivity reactions. In the event of hypersensitivity or infusion-related reactions, discontinue SEVENFACT and manage according to clinical practice guideline.

5.3 Neutralizing Antibodies

Neutralizing antibodies may occur with the use of SEVENFACT. If treatment with SEVENFACT does not result in adequate hemostasis, then suspect development of neutralizing antibody as the possible cause and perform testing as clinically indicated.

Neutralizing antibodies to other Factor VIIa-containing products have been observed in congenital Factor VII-deficient patients. SEVENFACT has not been studied in this patient population. [See *limitation of use statement under Indications and Usage (1)*].

5.4 Laboratory Tests

Laboratory coagulation parameters (PT/INR, aPTT, FVII:C) do not correlate with clinical response to SEVENFACT treatment.

6 ADVERSE REACTIONS

6.1 Clinical Trials Experience

Because clinical trials are conducted under widely varying conditions, adverse reaction rates observed in the clinical trials of a drug cannot be directly compared to rates in the clinical trials of another drug and may not reflect the rates observed in practice.

The safety database described in this section reflect exposure to SEVENFACT in two clinical studies, Study 1 and Study 2. A total of 42 patients with Hemophilia A or B with or without inhibitors received SEVENFACT: 27 patients in Study 1 at doses 75 mcg/kg and 225 mcg/kg and 15 patients in Study 2 at three escalating dose levels 25 mcg/kg, 75 mcg/kg and 225 mcg/kg [see *Clinical Studies (14)*].

The most common adverse reactions (incidence $\geq 1\%$) reported in clinical trials for SEVENFACT were headache, dizziness, infusion-site discomfort, infusion-site hematoma, infusion-related reaction, and fever.

Adverse reactions reported in the two clinical studies are shown in Table 2.

Table 2 Adverse Reactions Occurring in Clinical Studies

Preferred Terms	Number of Patient Adverse Reactions (% Incidence Rate) Study 2 (N=15)	Number of Adverse Reactions* Study 2	Number of Patient Adverse Reactions (% Incidence Rate) Study 1 (N=27)	Number of Adverse Reactions* Study 1
Infusion site discomfort	-	-	1 (4)	4
Infusion site hematoma	-	-	1 (4)	2
Dizziness	1 (7)	2	-	-
Headache	1 (7)	1	-	-
Body temperature increase	-	-	1 (4)	1
Infusion related	1 (7)	1	-	-

* Three patients experienced adverse reactions in Study 2 and two patients experienced adverse reactions in Study 1.

** Symptoms resolved without any intervention and did not recur with subsequent administration.

7 DRUG INTERACTIONS

Clinical experience with pharmacologic use of FVIIa-containing products indicates an elevated risk of serious thrombotic events when used simultaneously with activated prothrombin complex concentrates.

8 USE IN SPECIFIC POPULATIONS

8.1 Pregnancy

Risk Summary

There are no adequate and well-controlled studies using SEVENFACT in pregnant women to determine whether there is a drug-associated risk. Animal studies evaluating the embryo-fetal teratogenic potential of SEVENFACT have not been conducted. It is unknown whether SEVENFACT can cause fetal harm when administered to a pregnant woman or can affect fertility.

In the U.S. general population, the estimated background risks of major birth defect and miscarriage in clinically recognized pregnancies are 2-4% and 15-20%, respectively.

8.2 Lactation

Risk Summary

There is no information regarding the presence of SEVENFACT in human milk, the effect on the breastfed infant, and the effects on milk production. The developmental and health benefits of breastfeeding should be considered along with the mother's clinical need for SEVENFACT and any potential adverse effects on the breastfed infant from SEVENFACT or from the underlying maternal condition.

8.3 Females and Males of Reproductive Potential

Risk Summary

In Study 1, male patients cautioned to avoid sexual activity without condoms received SEVENFACT for the treatment of bleeding episodes. No pregnancies from sexual partners were reported. The relative benefits of SEVENFACT should be weighed against any potential risk arising from exposure in sexually active patients.

All clinical studies of SEVENFACT were performed on males, as males are predominantly affected with the congenital form of hemophilia. No adverse effects on the mating index, fertility, or conception rate were observed following administration of SEVENFACT at dose levels up to 13-fold higher than the highest recommended human dose in healthy male rats prior to and during cohabitation with healthy untreated female rats [See

8.4 Pediatric Use

The safety and effectiveness of SEVENFACT have been established for pediatric patients ≥ 12 years of age for the treatment and control of bleeding episodes. Limited clinical data for SEVENFACT in adolescents (≥ 12 to < 18 years) were collected in an adult and adolescent study (Study 1). A total of five patients were dosed with SEVENFACT. These five patients were treated for a total of 79 bleeding episodes (all mild or moderate) that occurred while patients were still under 18 years of age. Hemostatic efficacy in this subgroup ($n=5$) was comparable to efficacy observed in the overall population [See *Clinical Studies (14)*].

The safety and effectiveness of SEVENFACT for the treatment and control of bleeding episodes have not been established in children < 12 years of age. Effectiveness was not demonstrated in a trial of 25 pediatric patients 6 months to < 12 years of age. The safety and effectiveness of SEVENFACT in infants less than 6 months of age have not been evaluated.

8.5 Geriatric Use

Safety and effectiveness of SEVENFACT in patients > 65 years of age have not been evaluated in clinical trials (Study 1 and Study 2). The presence of age-related comorbidities and the attendant risks associated with thrombotic and thromboembolic events should be considered when administering SEVENFACT to patients older than 50 years of age.

11 DESCRIPTION

SEVENFACT [coagulation factor VIIa (recombinant)-jncw] is a sterile, white to off-white lyophilized powder in a single-dose vial containing either 1 mg, 2 mg or 5 mg of coagulation factor VIIa (recombinant)-jncw as the active ingredient. SEVENFACT is to be reconstituted with Sterile Water for Injection in a pre-filled syringe supplied with the product. The reconstituted product is a clear to slightly opaque solution of coagulation factor VIIa (recombinant)-jncw at a concentration of 1 mg of protein per mL with a pH of approximately 6.0. SEVENFACT is formulated with arginine, isoleucine, citrate, glycine, lysine and polysorbate 80. It does not contain any antimicrobial preservatives nor human or bovine plasma-derived proteins.

The active ingredient in SEVENFACT, activated coagulation Factor VII, is a glycoprotein of 406 amino acids with a molecular weight of approximately 50 kilodaltons. The amino acid sequence of activated coagulation Factor VII is identical to that of human plasma-derived Factor VIIa. It is $> 99\%$ pure with a nominal specific activity of 45,000 IU/mg of protein when tested against the World Health Organization international standard for human Factor VIIa activity.

SEVENFACT is produced by recombinant DNA technology using genetically engineered rabbits into which the DNA coding sequence for human Factor VII has been introduced. Human Factor VII is expressed in the rabbit mammary gland and secreted into the milk. During purification and processing, Factor VII is enzymatically converted to activated Factor VII. The manufacturing process of SEVENFACT includes specific steps to reduce impurities. SEVENFACT may contain trace amounts of rabbit proteins. The

purification process also includes steps that are validated to inactivate or remove viruses, such as Xenotropic murine leukemia virus (X-MuLV), bovine viral diarrhea virus (BVDV), Pseudorabies virus (PRV), Feline Calicivirus (FCV), and Porcine Parvovirus (PPV).

12 CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY

12.1 Mechanism of Action

The active ingredient in SEVENFACT is a recombinant analog of human Factor VIIa, a vitamin K-dependent coagulation factor. In the presence of both calcium and phospholipids, Factor VIIa in a complex with tissue factor (TF) activates Factor X to Factor Xa, directly bypassing the reactions that require Factor VIII or Factor IX.

Activation of Factor X to Factor Xa initiates the common pathway of the coagulation cascade in which prothrombin is activated to thrombin, which then converts fibrinogen to fibrin to form a hemostatic plug, thereby achieving clot formation at the site of hemorrhage (hemostasis). This process may also occur in the absence of TF on the surface of activated platelets.

12.2 Pharmacodynamics

Laboratory assessment of coagulation does not necessarily correlate with or predict the hemostatic effectiveness of SEVENFACT.

SEVENFACT demonstrated a dose and concentration-dependent pharmacodynamics effect on the coagulation system, including shortening of the activated partial thromboplastin time (aPTT) and the prothrombin time (PT), and increasing the thrombin generation with platelets (TGT) and the maximum clot firmness (ROTEM-FIBTEM test).

12.3 Pharmacokinetics

Pharmacokinetic (PK) evaluation was conducted in an open-label, randomized, dose-comparison study to evaluate safety and pharmacokinetic of SEVENFACT in 28 adult patients (ages 18-75 yrs) with hemophilia A with or without inhibitors who were not actively bleeding. Patients received a single intravenous administration of either 75 mcg/kg or 225 mcg/kg dose of SEVENFACT. The PK parameters evaluated were maximum plasma concentration (C_{max}) of FVIIa (ng/mL), clearance (L/h), volume of distribution (V_{ss} (L)), area under the plasma concentration-time curve from Time 0 (dosing) to infinity (AUC_{0-inf}) (ng*h/mL), and half-life time ($t_{1/2}$ (h)), calculated from non-compartmental analysis (NCA) PK analyses using a validated activity assay.

Table 3 Pharmacokinetic Parameters of SEVENFACT (Arithmetic Mean [CV%])

PK Parameter (Arithmetic Mean [CV%])	C_{max} (ng/mL)	Clearance (L/h)	V_{ss} (L)	AUC_{0-inf} (ng*h/mL)	$t_{1/2}$ (h)
75 mcg/kg (n=14)	938 (37)	5.1 (37)	8.2 (37)	1108 (447)	2.3 (16)
225 mcg/kg (n=14)	3211 (23)	4.5 (20)	7.0 (22)	3571 (26)	2.0 (8)

Five minutes after infusion, plasma SEVENFACT levels were 938 ng/mL and 3211 ng/mL for 75 mcg/kg and 225 mcg/kg dose groups respectively. Observed plasma concentration-time profiles show a biexponential decay from the maximal concentration to return to baseline approximately 8 hours post-administration. Exposure PK parameters C_{max} and $AUC_{0-\infty}$ suggested dose dependence over the ranges studied. The clearance of SEVENFACT was approximately 5.1 L/h and 4.5 L/h for 75 mcg/kg and 225 mcg/kg dose levels respectively. Half-life time was approximately 2 hours at both levels. Results were based on Non-Compartmental Analysis. (Table 3)

12.6 Immunogenicity

The observed incidence of anti-drug antibodies is highly dependent on the sensitivity and specificity of the assay. Differences in assay methods preclude meaningful comparisons of the incidence of anti-drug antibodies in the studies described below with the incidence of anti-drug antibodies in other studies, including those of SEVENFACT or of other Factor VIIa containing products.

In Study 1, two out of 27 patients had a positive screening assay for anti-SEVENFACT antibody at baseline, prior to exposure to SEVENFACT, and at follow-up visits. One of these two patients had a transient SEVENFACT antibody with an additional confirmatory test for anti-SEVENFACT antibody, which was confirmed as non-neutralizing.

In Study 2, five of 15 patients tested positive for anti-SEVENFACT antibody using a screening assay. The confirmatory assay was negative for all patients at all time points.

No patient developed anti-rabbit milk protein antibodies during treatment with SEVENFACT.

There was no identified clinically significant effect of anti-drug antibodies on pharmacokinetics, pharmacodynamics, safety, or effectiveness of SEVENFACT over the study duration.

13 NONCLINICAL TOXICOLOGY

13.1 Carcinogenesis, Mutagenesis, Impairment of Fertility

Studies in animals to evaluate the potential effect of SEVENFACT on carcinogenesis or mutagenesis were not conducted. Male rats intravenously infused with SEVENFACT at 0.1, 0.3, 1 and 3 mg/kg/day (up to 13-fold higher than the highest recommended human dose of 225 mcg/kg), beginning 28 days before cohabitation and during cohabitation did not display adverse effects for the mating index, fertility, or conception rate. Comparing animals administered vehicle to animals administered SEVENFACT, there were no differences in sperm motility, morphology, or concentration.

13.2 Animal Toxicology and/or Pharmacology

The no observed adverse effect level (NOAEL) in 28-day repeat-dose toxicity studies in male Sprague-Dawley rats and Cynomolgus monkeys was 1 mg/kg/day, which is 4-fold higher than the highest recommended human dose. Anti-drug antibody formation was observed by Day 29 in both animal species. The NOAEL in a 13-week repeat-dose toxicity study in male and female Cynomolgus monkeys was 1 mg/kg/day. Anti-drug

antibody formation was observed in all animals by Day 28. Antibody presence was not associated with any adverse effects in either animal species.

14 CLINICAL STUDIES

The efficacy and safety of SEVENFACT for treatment of bleeding episodes was evaluated in Study 1, a global, multicenter, randomized, open-label, cross-over study (NCT02020369). The study enrolled 27 patients with hemophilia A or B with inhibitors who were treated for 468 bleeding events, of which 465 were mild or moderate and three were severe bleeding events.

The population characteristics were as follows: Mean age was 31 years (range 12 to 54 years) including five patients 12 to < 18 years of age who experienced 79 bleeding events. Patients were male, predominantly Caucasian (93%), median of 10 (range 3-50) bleeding episodes in six months prior to study enrollment. Overall, target joint(s)/bleeding site(s) were reported in 63% of patients at study entry.

Of the 468 bleeding events in diverse anatomic locations that were treated, 82% were spontaneous and the remaining (18%) were traumatic bleeding episodes; 465 were mild or moderate bleeding events and three were severe (refer to Table 5). The majority (98%) of bleeding events were treated at home, with 88% treated within one hour of recognition of bleeding.

Treatment Regimens for Mild or Moderate Bleeding Episodes

For mild to moderate bleeding episodes, patients were randomized to one of two initial dose regimens of SEVENFACT:

- 75 mcg/kg followed by subsequent doses of 75 mcg/kg every 3 hours as necessary to achieve hemostatic efficacy. A total of eight administrations were allowed in this dose regimen.
- 225 mcg/kg dose followed nine hours later with 75 mcg/kg doses every 3 hours as necessary to achieve hemostatic efficacy. A total of six administrations were allowed in this dose regimen.

Treatment with SEVENFACT was discontinued when bleeding persisted 24 hours after the first administration of SEVENFACT.

In Study 1, patients were randomized to one of two initial dosing regimens and continued on the dose regimen for three months, after which the patients were crossed over to the other dose regimen for three months.

Treatment Regimens for Severe Bleeding Episodes

Patients in the randomized study who experienced a severe bleed were administered the initial dose of 225 mcg/kg SEVENFACT at home, and were required to receive subsequent treatments at 75 mcg/kg every two hours in a hospital or hemophilia treatment center (HTC), if additional doses were considered necessary for treatment of ongoing bleeding. If response to treatment after the first or any subsequent administrations of study drug were satisfactory (i.e., efficacy assessment was rated as "good" or "excellent"), the dosing interval was changed from two hours to three hours for 1 to 2 days, after which the interval could be increased to 4 to 12 hours, depending on the severity of the bleeding episode, for as long as needed.

Bleeding Assessment

The primary endpoint of the study was successful treatment of mild or moderate bleeding episode at 12 hours after initial SEVENFACT dose administration. Success was defined by a combination of the following: patient's response of "good" or "excellent" using a 4-point hemostatic efficacy scale (presented in Table 4), no further treatment with SEVENFACT beyond the 12-hour time point, no other hemostatic treatment needed for the bleeding episode, no administration of blood products, and no increase in pain beyond 12 hours.

Table 4 The 4-point Hemostatic Efficacy Scale Used to Assess Efficacy of Treatment

Patient and/or HCP* Evaluation	Therapeutic Response	Description
None	Lack of hemostatic efficacy	No noticeable effect of the treatment on the bleeding or worsening of patient's condition. Continuation of treatment with the study drug was needed.
Moderate	Lack of hemostatic efficacy	Some effect of the treatment on the bleeding was noticed (e.g., pain decreased, or bleeding signs improved) but the bleeding continued and required continued treatment with the study drug.
Good	Hemostatic efficacy	Symptoms of the bleeding (e.g., swelling, tenderness, and decreased range of motion in the case of musculoskeletal hemorrhage) had largely been reduced by the treatment, but had not completely disappeared. Symptoms had improved enough to not require more infusions of the study drug.
Excellent	Hemostatic Efficacy	Full relief of pain and cessation of objective signs of the bleeding (e.g., swelling, tenderness, and decreased range of motion in the case of musculoskeletal hemorrhage). No additional infusion of study drug was required.

*Healthcare provider

The primary efficacy analysis compared hemostatic efficacy of each dosing regimen with a prespecified objective performance criterion (OPC) of 55%. This OPC was based on historical data for hemostatic efficacy of bypassing agents. The study was powered to detect a 15% improvement over OPC for each dosing regimen. Results of the primary efficacy analysis are shown in Table 5.

Of the 465 mild or moderate bleeding episodes, 17 bleeding events were not evaluable due to missing a hemostatic efficacy assessment at 12 hours.

The proportion of mild or moderate bleeding events with hemostatic efficacy at 12 hours was 82% in the 75 mcg/kg dose regimen group and was 91% in the 225 mcg/kg dose regimen group.

Hemostatic efficacy was evaluated in 79 bleeding events in the five

adolescent patients: for the 75 mcg/kg dose regimen, hemostatic efficacy was 93% (95% CI; 81%- 99%) and for the 225 mcg/kg dose regimen, it was 91% (95% CI; 77%- 98%), with the confidence intervals given by the Clopper-Pearson exact method.

Table 5 Efficacy of SEVENFACT at 12 Hours for Treatment and Control of Mild or Moderate Bleeding Episodes

	75 mcg/kg (N=25)¹	225 mcg/kg (N=25)¹	Overall (N=27)¹
Number of bleeding episodes	252	213	465
Number of bleeds with hemostatic efficacy	197 (78.1%)	188 (88.2%)	385 (82.8%)
Number of failures	44 (17.4%)	19 (8.9%)	63 (13.5%)
Number of missing	11 (4.3%)	6 (2.8%)	17 (3.7%)
Proportion of bleeds with hemostatic efficacy [95% CI]²	82% [72%, 91%]	91% [84%, 98%]	86% [78%, 93%]
p-value ³	<0.001	<0.001	

¹ N in the column header indicates number of patients who had at least 1 bleeding episode treated with a given dose of study drug.

² Analysis was based on data as observed. No missing value imputation was made.

³ p-value from 1-sided normal approximation test of H0: p ≤ 0.55, where p is the true proportion of successfully treated mild or moderate bleeding episodes at 12 hours, with adjustment for the correlation among bleeding episodes for a given patient. The null hypothesis of hemostatic efficacy less than or equal to 55% was rejected.

Note: Stratified by actual treatment regimen at the time of the bleeding episode.
CI = confidence interval.

The median and mean (SD) numbers of administrations per mild or moderate bleeding episode were 2.0 and 2.5 (1.75) for the 75 mcg/kg dose regimen and 1.0 and 1.4 (0.96) for the 225 mcg/kg dose regimen.

The median time to attain good or excellent assessment by the patient was six hours for the 75 mcg/kg dose regimen and three hours for the 225 mcg/kg dose regimen.

There were three severe bleeding episodes, of which one was a traumatic intramuscular bleeding episode and two were spontaneous bleeding episodes in the right hip and kidney. Hemostasis was achieved at 12 hours in the three severe bleeding events. One severe bleed was treated with three 225 mcg/kg doses administered every six hours, which was a deviation from the study protocol-specified dosing. The remaining two patients were treated with 1 and 5 doses of SEVENFACT respectively.

No patient received any alternative therapy prior to 24 hours. In addition, 97.6% of bleeding episodes treated with the 75 mcg/kg dose regimen, and 99.5% of bleeding episodes treated with the 225 mcg/kg dose regimen, did not require treatment with alternative bypassing agents.

16 HOW SUPPLIED/STORAGE AND HANDLING

How Supplied

- SEVENFACT [coagulation factor VIIa (recombinant)-jncw], is supplied as a room temperature stable, white to off-white, lyophilized powder in single-dose vials, one vial per carton. The diluent for reconstitution of SEVENFACT is Water for Injection supplied as a clear colorless solution in a pre-filled syringe.
- Single 1 mg, 2 mg or 5 mg vials of SEVENFACT are available in packages as indicated in Table 6.

Table 6 SEVENFACT Presentations

Presentation	Cap Color Indication	NDC Number	Contents
1 mg per vial	Yellow	NDC 71127-1000-1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• One 1 mg SEVENFACT single-dose vial [NDC 71127-1100-1]• One pre-filled syringe containing 1.1 mL of Sterile Water for Injection [NDC 71127-1200-1]• One 13 mm vial adapter with 5 micron filter
2 mg per vial	Green	NDC 71127-2000-1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• One 2 mg SEVENFACT single-dose vial [NDC 71127-2100-1]• One pre-filled syringe containing 2.2 mL of Sterile Water for Injection [NDC 71127-2200-1]• One 13 mm vial adapter with 5 micron filter
5 mg per vial	Purple	NDC 71127-5000-1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• One 5 mg SEVENFACT single-dose vial [NDC 71127-5100-1]• One pre-filled syringe containing 5.2 mL of Sterile Water for Injection [NDC 71127-5200-1]• One 20 mm vial adapter with 5 micron filter

- The SEVENFACT vials are made of glass, closed with a bromobutyl rubber stopper (not made with natural rubber latex), and sealed with an aluminum cap.
- The pre-filled diluent syringes are made of glass, with a siliconized bromobutyl rubber plunger (not made with natural rubber latex).

Storage and Handling

- Prior to reconstitution, the SEVENFACT kit should be stored at room temperature but

- can be stored between 36°F to 86°F (2°C to 30°C), protected from light in the product package. Do not freeze.
- After reconstitution, SEVENFACT should be stored at room temperature but can be stored between 36°F to 86°F (2°C to 30°C), for up to 4 hours. Do not freeze or store in syringes.

17 PATIENT COUNSELING INFORMATION

Advise patients:

- to read the FDA-approved patient labeling (Patient Product Information and Instructions for Use).
- about the early signs of hypersensitivity reactions and to seek medical help if the following occur:
 - Hives, itching, rash, difficulty breathing, swelling around the mouth and throat, tightness of the chest, wheezing, dizziness or fainting, low blood pressure, or other symptoms of anaphylaxis.
- about the signs of thrombosis and to seek medical help if the following occur:
 - New-onset swelling and pain in the limbs or abdomen, new-onset chest pain, shortness of breath, loss of sensation or motor power, or altered consciousness or speech.

Revised: November 13, 2025

U.S. License Number: 2061

"SEVENFACT" is a registered trademark of LFB S.A.

PATENT Information: <https://hemabiodup.wpengine.com/patents/>

For Information Contact:

Call: 855.718.HEMA (4362)

Email: medinfo@hemabio.com

Manufactured by:

Laboratoire Français du Fractionnement et des Biotechnologies S.A. (LFB S.A.)

Puteaux, 92800

France

U.S. License Number: 2061

Distributed by:

HEMA Biologics

Louisville, KY 40241

U.S. License Number: 2061

Patient Product Information

SEVENFACT® (SEV-en-fact)

coagulation factor VIIa (recombinant)-jncw

For Intravenous Injection After Reconstitution Only

PLEASE READ PATIENT PRODUCT INFORMATION AND THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE THAT COME WITH SEVENFACT BEFORE YOU START TAKING THIS MEDICINE AND EACH TIME YOU GET A REFILL. THERE MAY BE NEW INFORMATION.

This Patient Product Information does not take the place of talking with your healthcare provider about your medical condition and treatment. If you have questions about SEVENFACT after reading this information, ask your healthcare provider.

What is the most important information I should know about SEVENFACT?

The most serious possible side effect of SEVENFACT is abnormal blood clotting involving blockage of blood vessels, which include stroke, blockage of the main blood vessel to the lung, and deep vein blood clots.

You should know the signs of abnormal clotting (thrombosis) described below and seek medical help immediately if they occur.

New onset of swelling and pain in the limbs or abdomen, new onset of chest pain, shortness of breath, loss of sensation or motor power, and altered consciousness or speech can all be signs of clot formation in places other than your site of bleeding. Seek immediate medical attention if you experience one or more of these symptoms.

SEVENFACT should be used as prescribed and directed by your healthcare provider.

What is SEVENFACT?

SEVENFACT is a recombinant human Factor VIIa protein for injection. SEVENFACT can allow adolescents and adults with Hemophilia A or B with inhibitors to create clotting at the site of bleeding without needing Coagulation Factor VIII or IX replacement.

SEVENFACT, coagulation factor VIIa (recombinant)-jncw, is indicated for the treatment and control of bleeding episodes occurring in adults and adolescents 12 years of age and older with Hemophilia A or B with inhibitors.

Injecting medications requires special training. Do not attempt to self-infuse unless you have been taught how by your health care provider or hemophilia treatment center. Once trained, you will need additional infusion materials along with your SEVENFACT so that you can successfully treat your bleeding episodes at home. Be sure to collect all necessary infusion materials before starting the reconstitution process.

SEVENFACT comes in a sterile dry powdered dosage form that must be reconstituted with sterile Water for Injection.

It is not known if SEVENFACT is safe and effective in children under 12 years of age.

Who should not USE SEVENFACT?

You should not use SEVENFACT if you:

- Are allergic to rabbits.
- Have known allergies to SEVENFACT or any of its components.

Tell your doctor prior to infusing SEVENFACT if you have begun treatment of a bleeding episode with another bypassing agent such as activated prothrombin complex concentrate (FEIBA®).

What should I tell my healthcare provider before I use SEVENFACT?

Tell your healthcare provider if you:

- Are pregnant, planning to become pregnant or nursing, as SEVENFACT has not been studied in patients with Hemophilia A or B with inhibitors who are pregnant or nursing.

- Had prior blood clots, heart disease, heart failure, abnormal heart rhythms, prior pulmonary clots or heart surgery.
- Have or have had any other medical conditions.

You and your doctor can then decide whether SEVENFACT is the right treatment for you, as well as the proper timing and doses you will need for SEVENFACT to control your bleeding episodes at home.

How should I use SEVENFACT?

Treatment with SEVENFACT should be started by a healthcare provider who is experienced in the care of patients with Hemophilia A or B with inhibitors.

SEVENFACT is given as an injection into your vein.

You may infuse SEVENFACT at a hemophilia treatment center, at your healthcare provider's office, or in your home. You should be trained on how to infuse by your healthcare provider or hemophilia treatment center. Many people with inhibitors learn to infuse by themselves or with the help of a family member.

Treating at first sign of a bleed is important for bleed management. Your healthcare provider will tell you how much SEVENFACT to use based on your weight and when to administer SEVENFACT.

To administer SEVENFACT:

- Collect all materials needed for your prescribed dose
- Follow the **Instructions For Use** guide to reconstitute the prescribed number of SEVENFACT vials
- Infuse following your healthcare provider's instructions, using infusion materials from your pharmacy

Contact your healthcare provider if you:

- Miss a dose, or
- Administer more than your prescribed dose, or
- Think your bleed is not controlled within the expected time frame discussed with your healthcare provider.

What should I avoid while using SEVENFACT?

- Avoid activity that can create more bleeding once you have completed your SEVENFACT infusion
- Avoid mixing SEVENFACT with other medications
- Avoid infusing SEVENFACT and other factor-containing therapies [such as activated prothrombin complex concentrate (aPCC) or other recombinant Factor VIIa products] at the same time. This increases your risk of having a disabling blood clot.

What are the possible side effects of SEVENFACT?

The most common adverse reactions reported in clinical trials for SEVENFACT were headache, dizziness, infusion-site discomfort, infusion-site hematoma, infusion-related reaction and fever.

A serious allergic reaction to SEVENFACT may occur. If you experience the severe symptoms of an allergic reaction after infusing SEVENFACT, seek immediate medical attention. Severe symptoms occur when your immune system reacts very strongly to

foreign proteins or drugs.

- Hives, itching, rash, difficulty breathing with cough or wheezing, swelling around the mouth and throat, tightness of the chest, dizziness or fainting, and low blood pressure are all symptoms of a severe allergic reaction (anaphylaxis). Call 911 should you experience one or more of these symptoms.

These are not all the possible side effects of SEVENFACT. For more information, ask your healthcare provider or pharmacist.

Call your healthcare provider for medical advice about side effects. You may report side effects to FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088.

How should I store SEVENFACT?

- SEVENFACT should be stored in its product packaging to protect from light.
- Prior to reconstitution, the SEVENFACT kit should be stored at room temperature but can be stored between 36°F to 86°F (2°C to 30°C).
- After reconstitution, SEVENFACT should be stored at room temperature but can be stored between 36°F to 86°F (2°C to 30°C), for up to 4 hours.
- SEVENFACT should not be frozen.

General information about the safe and effective use of SEVENFACT

SEVENFACT is sometimes prescribed for purposes other than those listed here.

This leaflet summarizes the most important information about SEVENFACT.

Do not use SEVENFACT for a condition for which it was not prescribed. Do not give SEVENFACT to other people even if they have the same symptoms you have. It may harm them.

You can ask your pharmacist or healthcare provider for information about SEVENFACT that is written for health professionals.

For more information, go to www.SEVENFACT.com or call 855.718.HEMA (4362).

What are the ingredients in SEVENFACT?

Active ingredient: coagulation factor VIIa (recombinant)-jncw

Inactive ingredients: arginine hydrochloride, glycine, isoleucine, lysine hydrochloride, polysorbate 80, trisodium citrate dihydrate, hydrochloric acid, nitrogen and water for injection.

For Information Contact:

HEMA Biologics, LLC
4441 Springdale Road
Louisville, Kentucky 40241-1086

Manufactured by:

Laboratoire Francais du Fractionnement et des Biotechnologies S.A. (LFB S.A.)
Puteaux, 92800
France

Distributed by:

HEMA Biologics
Louisville, KY 40241

U.S. License No. 2061

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“SEVENFACT” is a registered trademark of LFB S.A.

PATENT Information: <https://hemabiodup.wpengine.com/patents/>

Revised: November 13, 2025



INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE:

READ BEFORE YOU START USING SEVENFACT®

Your healthcare provider should show you and/or your caregiver how to reconstitute and administer SEVENFACT® the first time it is used. Use aseptic techniques.

Your SEVENFACT® kit contains:

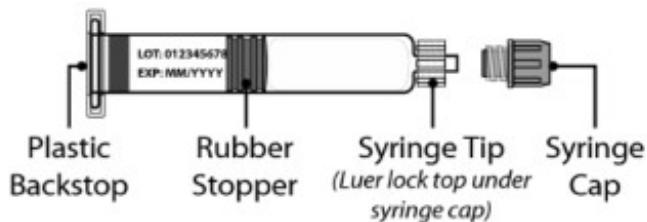
Powdered Drug Vial



Syringe Plunger Rod



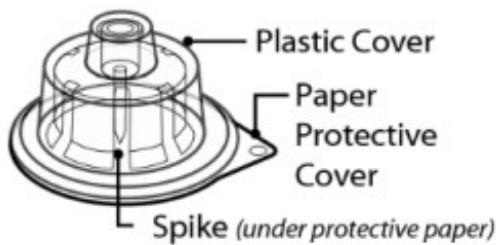
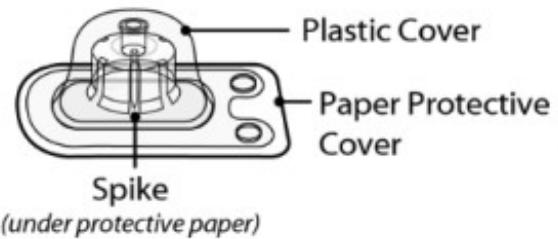
Prefilled Syringe with Diluent



Vial Adapters* and Packaging

1 mg and 2 mg Vial Adapter

5 mg Vial Adapter



***Note:** Each SEVENFACT kit will contain only one vial adapter.

You will also need:

Infusion Set



Plastic Syringe



Alcohol Swab

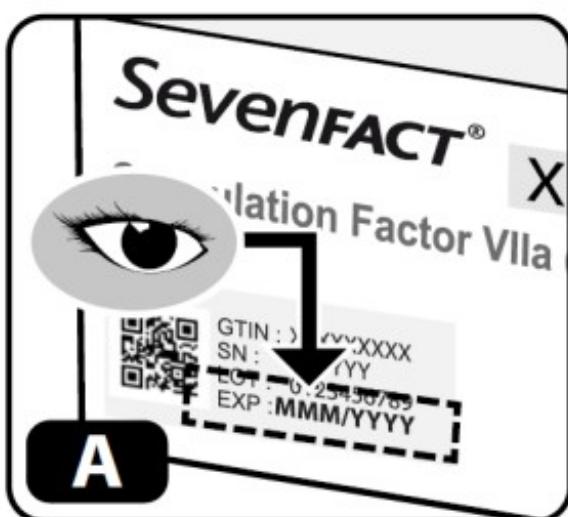


FDA-Approved Sharps Container

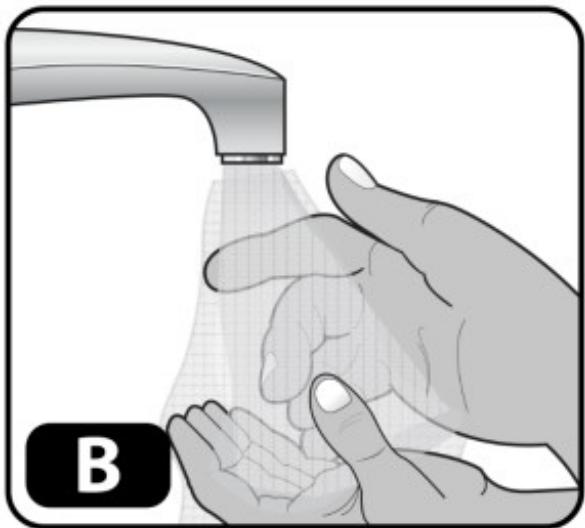


1 Collect Supplies and Prepare Vial

- Take out the number of SEVENFACT® kits you need to fulfill your prescribed dose, an infusion set (not supplied) and an alcohol swab (not supplied).
Do not use the kit if the tamper seal has been broken or you suspect the kit is contaminated. Use a new kit instead.
- Check the expiration date on the side of the kit (**Figure A**).
Do not use if expired.

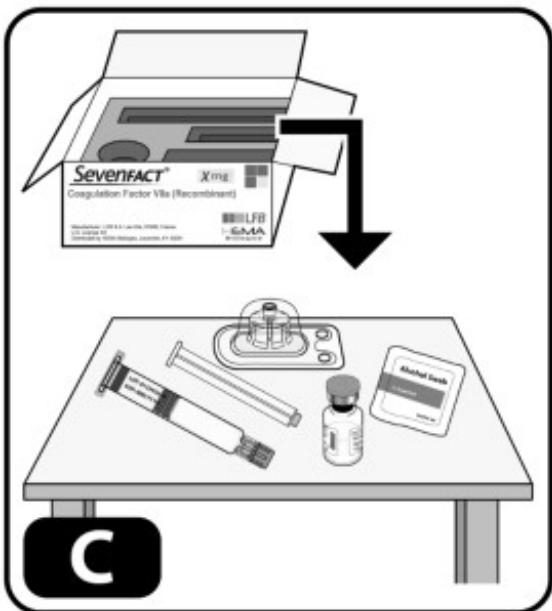


- Clean a flat surface before starting the steps for reconstituting SEVENFACT®.
- Wash your hands with soap and water and dry using a clean towel or air dry (**Figure B**).



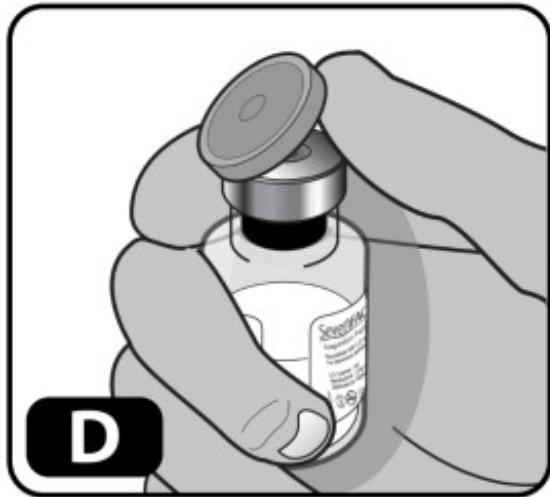
B

- Take out the contents of one kit and one alcohol swab. Place items on the clean surface (**Figure C**).



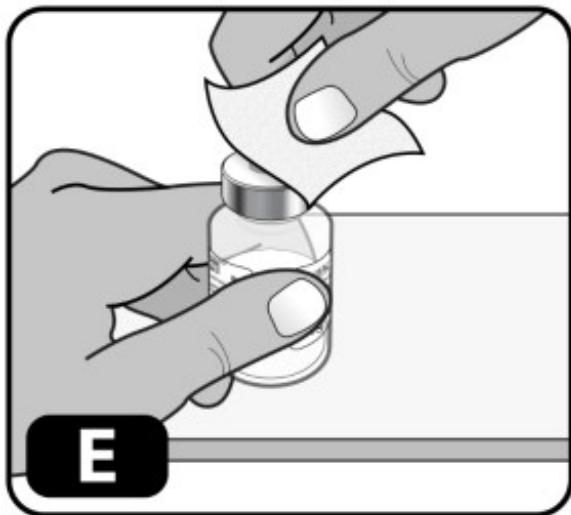
C

- Inspect all contents of the kit. Make sure each vial has a matching colored syringe. **Do not use the contents if they have been dropped or if they are damaged.** Use a new kit instead.
- If not already at room temperature, bring the vial and the pre-filled syringe to room temperature. You can do this by holding them in your hands until they feel as warm as your hands.
- Remove the plastic cap from the vial (**Figure D**). **If the plastic cap is loose or missing, do not use the vial.**



D

- Wipe the rubber stopper with an alcohol swab (**Figure E**) and allow it to air dry for a few seconds to ensure that it is as germ free as possible.

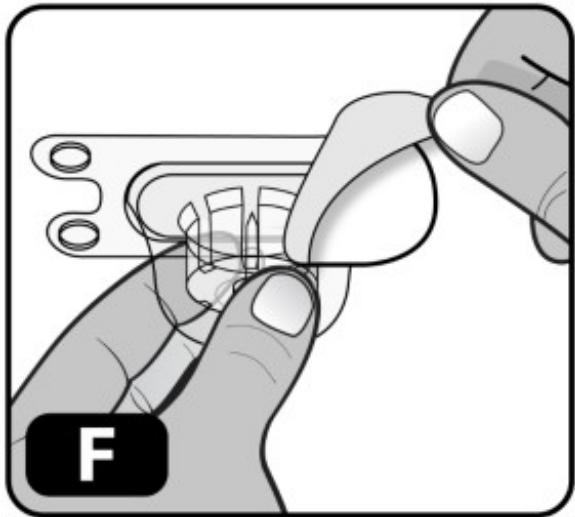


E

- After cleaning with the swab, **do not touch the rubber stopper with your fingers and do not allow it to touch any other object** until you attach the vial adapter, as this can transfer germs.

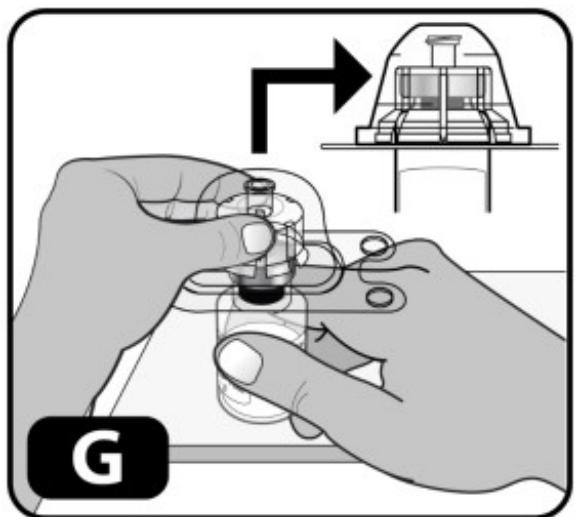
2 Attach Vial Adapter

- Peel off the paper protective cover from the vial adapter package (**Figure F**).



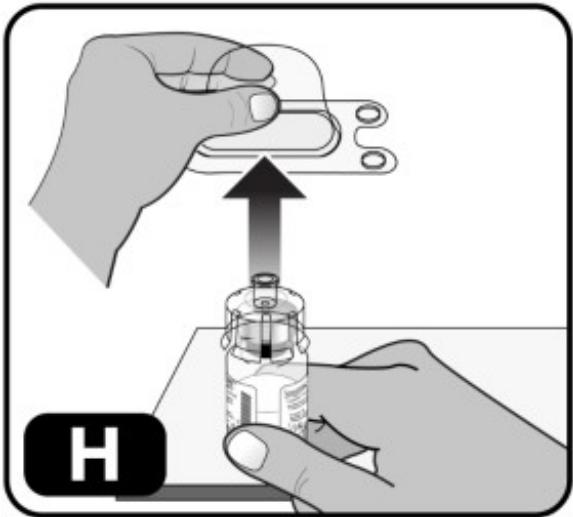
F

- Hold the vial on the clean flat surface with one hand, using your other hand to hold the plastic cover (with the vial adapter inside) directly over the drug vial. The spike of the adapter should line up with the middle of the gray rubber stopper.
- Firmly press down so the vial adapter spike breaks through the rubber stopper (you may hear/see it "snap" into place) (**Figure G**).



G

- Lightly squeeze the plastic cover and lift up to remove it from the vial adapter (**Figure H**).



Do not touch the top of the vial adapter once the plastic cover is removed to avoid transferring germs from your fingers.

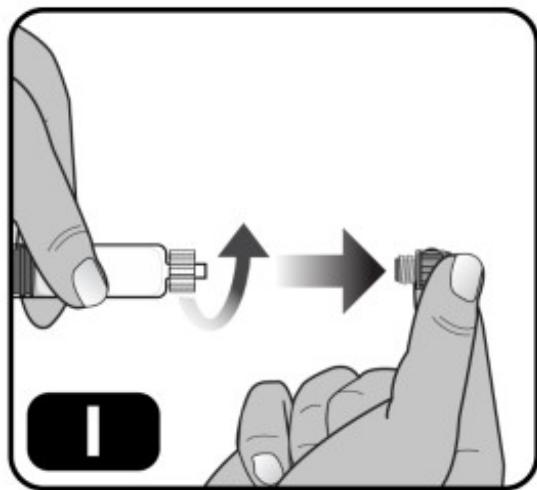
NOTE: The 5 mg vial adapter may not sit flat against the vial, but it is fully functional.

3 Attach Pre-filled Syringe and Install the Plunger Rod

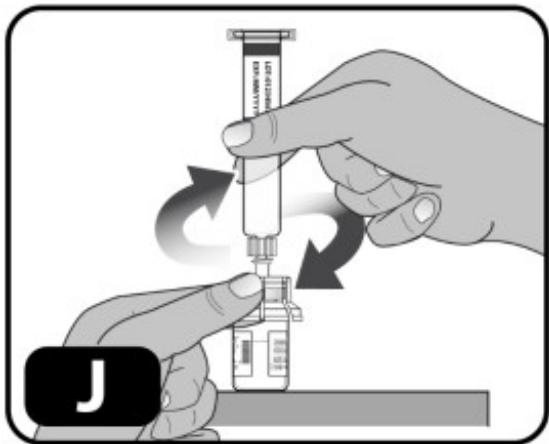
- Remove the syringe cap from the pre-filled syringe by holding the syringe body with one hand and using the other hand to unscrew the syringe cap (turn to the left) (**Figure I**).

Do not touch the syringe tip under the syringe cap to avoid transferring germs from your fingers.

Do not use the pre-filled syringe if the syringe cap is loose or missing.

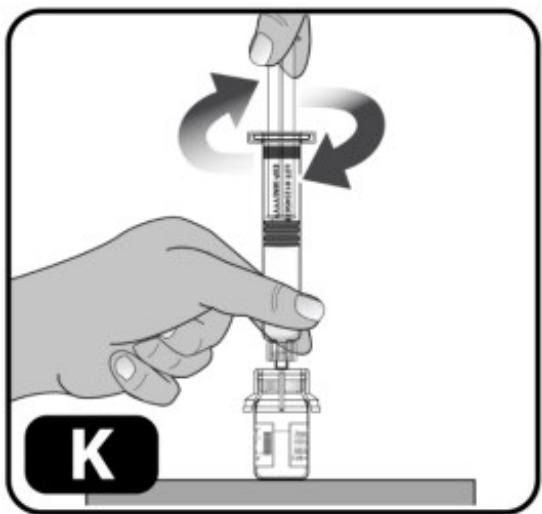


- While holding the edges of the vial adapter, screw on the pre-filled syringe (turn to the right) a few turns until it starts to tighten (**Figure J**).
Be careful not to overtighten as you will need to remove the syringe later.



J

- Hold the plunger rod by the wide top end in one hand and the syringe body using your other hand.
- Insert the plunger rod into the syringe, then screw a few turns (turn to the right) so that the plunger rod is attached to the gray rubber stopper in the syringe (**Figure K**).

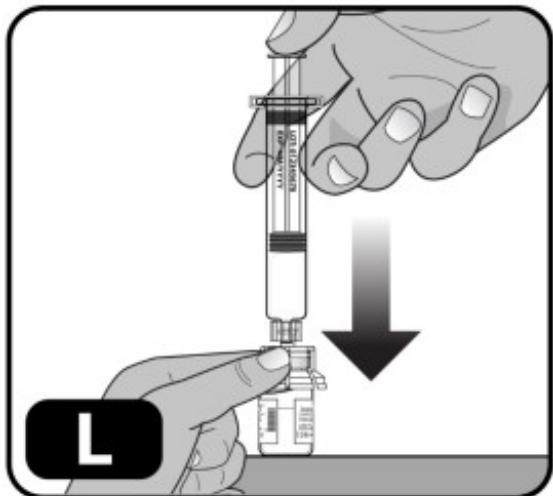


K

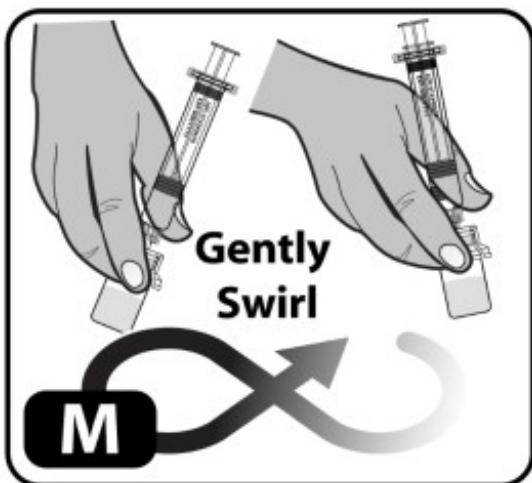
4 Mix Drug in Vial

- Very slowly push down on the plunger rod to the bottom of the syringe, to transfer all of the liquid from the syringe into the drug vial (**Figure L**).

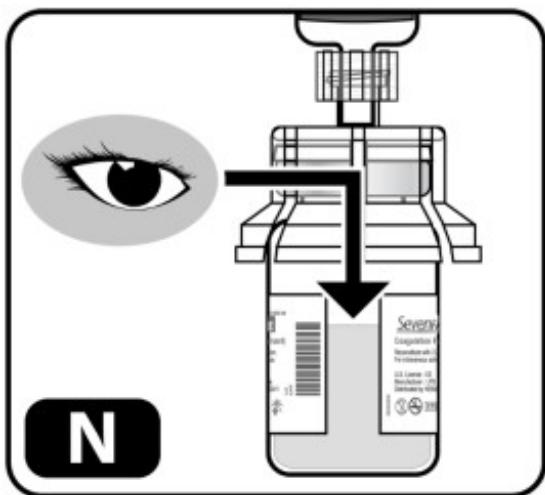
Do not push too quickly as it can result in excess foam and air in the vial.



- Swirl the vial gently or roll between hands until all powder is dissolved (**Figure M**).
Do not shake the vial as this creates foam and air.

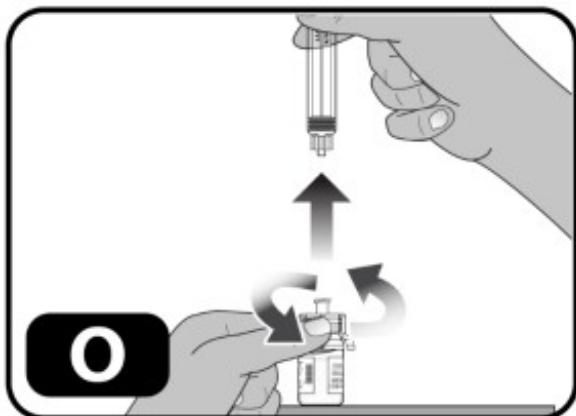


- Check the mixed solution (**Figure N**). It should be clear to slightly opaque. All powder should be dissolved with no particles floating in the liquid.
Do not use the drug if liquid has particles or is cloudy after mixing. Start over with a new kit.

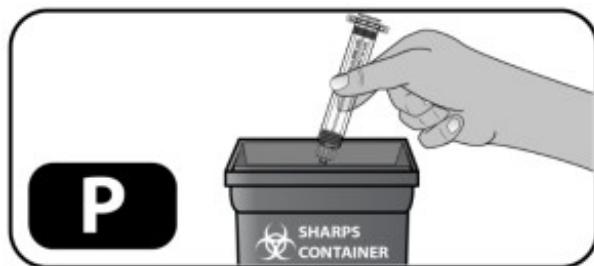


5 Remove Empty Syringe from Vial Adapter

- Without withdrawing any drug back into the syringe, unscrew the syringe from the vial adapter (turn to the left) until it is completely detached (**Figure O**).



- Throw out empty syringe into an FDA-approved sharps container (**Figure P**).
Do not remove the vial adapter.
Do not touch the luer lock top of the vial adapter. If you touch this top, germs from your fingers can be transferred.

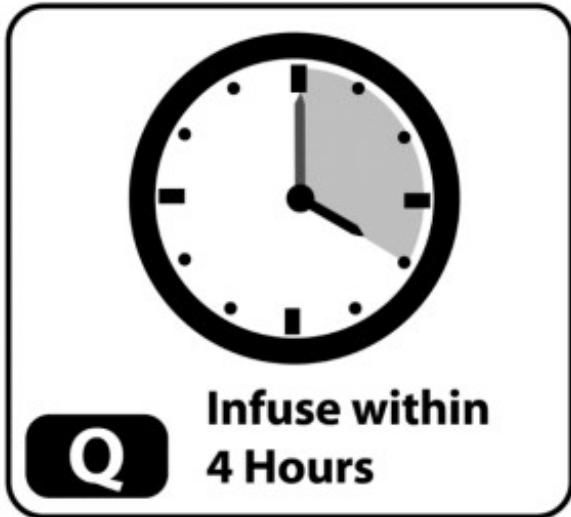


6 Mix Additional Vial(s) and Infuse Dose

- If your dose requires more than one vial, repeat the above steps with additional kits

until you have reached your required dose.

- Withdraw the liquid drug from the vial(s), using a syringe provided by your pharmacy that is large enough to hold your prescribed dose.
- SEVENFACT® must be infused within 4 hours of reconstitution (**Figure Q**).
Do not use if more than 4 hours have passed since reconstitution.



- SEVENFACT® can be infused in 2 minutes or less as an intravenous infusion per the instructions of your healthcare provider.

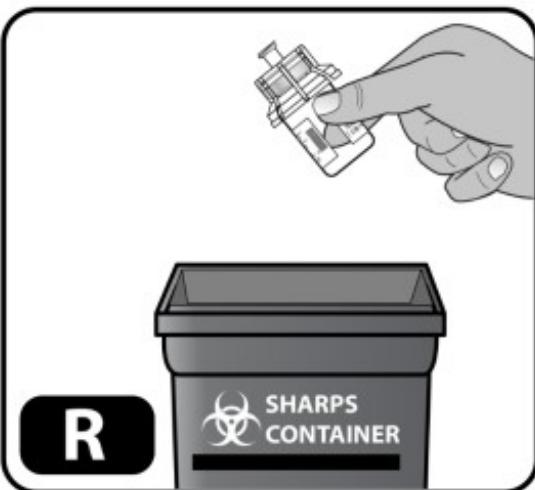
7 Throw Out Empty Drug Vial(s)

- After reconstitution and infusion, safely dispose of the vial with vial adapter attached, the infusion syringe, and any other waste materials into an FDA-approved sharps container (**Figure R**).

Do not throw out with the ordinary household trash.

Do not disassemble the vial and vial adapter before disposal.

Do not reuse any components of the kit.



- If you do not have an FDA-approved sharps container, you may use a container with the following:
 - **Made of heavy duty plastic,**
 - **Can be closed, puncture resistant and prevents sharps from coming out,**
 - **Upright and stable,**
 - **Leak resistant,**
 - **Properly labeled as hazardous**

Follow local or state guidelines for proper disposal of sharps container. For more information about safe sharps disposal visit FDA's website:
<http://www.fda.gov/safesharpsdisposal>

Storage

SEVENFACT® is supplied in a kit that should be stored at room temperature, but can be stored between 36°F to 86°F (2°C-30°C).

Do not open the kit contents until you are ready to use them.

Do not freeze or store in syringes reconstituted SEVENFACT® solution.

Avoid exposure of the reconstituted SEVENFACT® solution to direct light.

Important Information

SEVENFACT® is for intravenous infusion only. Do not administer through any other route (subcutaneous or intramuscular).

Contact your healthcare provider or local hemophilia treatment center if you experience problems.

For Questions or Complaints:

Call: 855.718.HEMA (4362)

<https://hemabio.com/>

or please contact your HEMA Biologics representative for assistance.

This Instructions for Use has been approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration.

Manufactured by LFB S.A. Puteaux, 92800, France

Distributed by HEMA Biologics, Louisville, KY 40241

Revised: November 13, 2025

PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL

NDC 71127-1000-1

SEVENFACT® 1 mg
coagulation factor VIIa (recombinant)-jncw

For intravenous use only

Dosage and Administration: Read Package Insert

CONTENTS:

One 1 mg vial of Sevenfact

One 1.1 mL pre-filled syringe of Sterile Water for Injection

One plunger rod

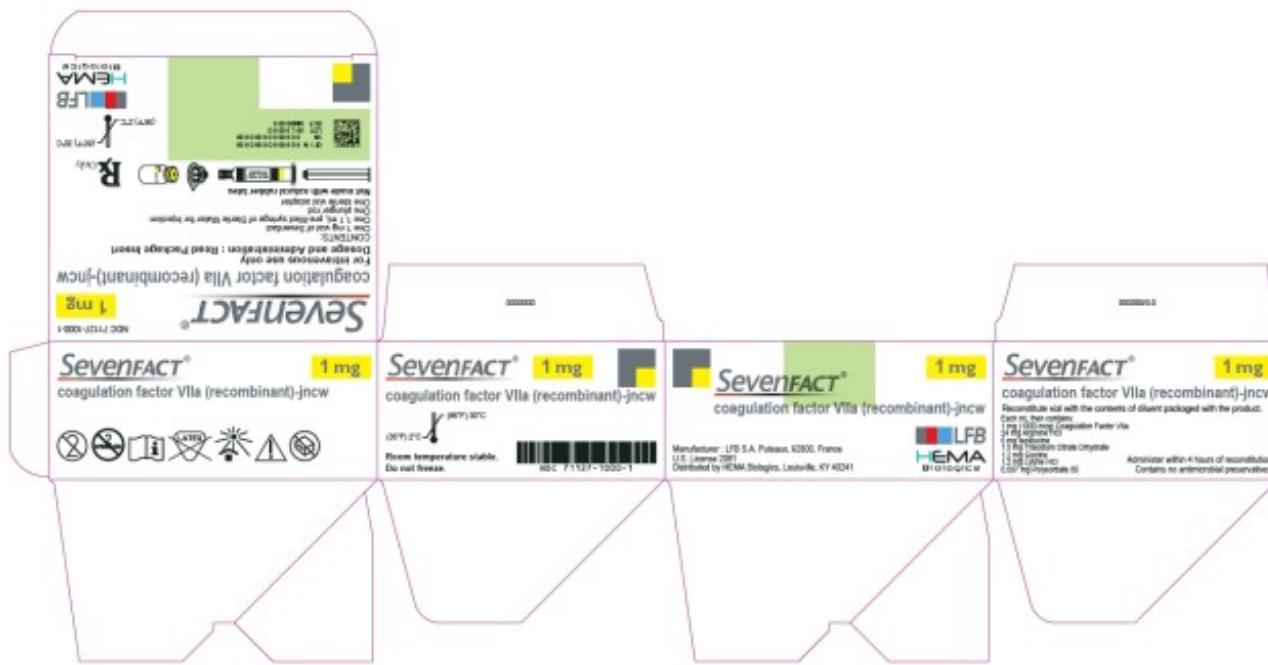
One sterile vial adapter

Not made with natural rubber latex

Rx only

LFB

HEMA Biologics



PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL

NDC 71127-2000-1

SEVENFACT® 2 mg

coagulation factor VIIa (recombinant)-jncw

For intravenous use only

Dosage and Administration: Read Package Insert

CONTENTS:

One 2 mg vial of Sevenfact

One 2.2 mL pre-filled syringe of Sterile Water for Injection

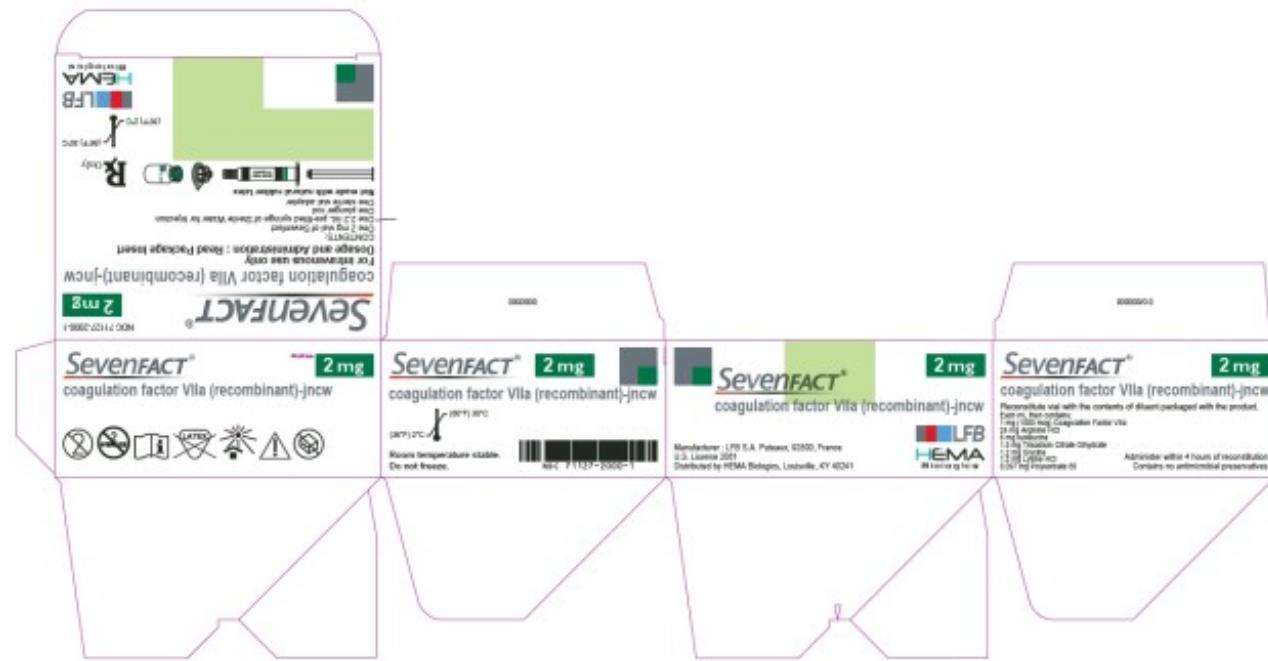
One plunger rod

One sterile vial adapter

Not made with natural rubber latex

Rx only

LFB



PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL

NDC 71127-5000-1

SEVENFACT® 5 mg
coagulation factor VIIa (recombinant)-jncw

For intravenous use only

Dosage and Administration: Read Package Insert

CONTENTS:

One 5 mg vial of Sevenfact
One 5.2 mL pre-filled syringe of Sterile Water for Injection
One plunger rod
One sterile vial adapter

Not made with natural rubber latex

Rx only

LFB

HEMA Biologics



PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL

NDC 71127-1100-1

SEVENFACT® 1 mg

coagulation factor VIIa (recombinant)-jncw

Reconstitute with 1.1 mL Sterile Water for Injection

For intravenous administration only

Store between 2-30°C (36-86°F). Rx only

Manufactured by LFB S.A. U.S. License No. 2061

NDC 71127-1100-1
SevenFACT®

1 mg



5046442

PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL

NDC 71127-2100-1

SEVENFACT® 2 mg

coagulation factor VIIa (recombinant)-jncw

Reconstitute with 2.2 mL Sterile Water for Injection

For intravenous administration only

Store between 2-30°C (36-86°F). Rx only

Manufactured by LFB S.A. U.S. License No. 2061

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3 71127 21001 7

PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL

NDC 71127-5100-1

SEVENFACT® 5 mg

coagulation factor VIIa (recombinant)-jncw

Reconstitute with 5.2 mL Sterile Water for Injection

For intravenous administration only

Store between 2-30°C (36-86°F). Rx only

Manufactured by LFB S.A. U.S. License No. 2061

5046444

NDC 71127-5100-1

SevenFACT®

5 mg

coagulation factor VIIa (recombinant)-jncw

Reconstitute with 5.2 mL Sterile Water for Injection

For intravenous administration only

Store between 2-30°C (36-86°F). Rx only

Manufactured by LFB S.A. U.S. License No. 2061



3 71127 51001 8

PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL

NDC 71127-1200-1

Sterile Water for Injection 1.1 mL

For reconstitution of Sevenfact® 1 mg/vial

LOT 00000000A

EXP MMM0000

Manufactured by LFB S.A.

Puteaux, 92800, France

U.S. License No. 2061
Store between 2-30°C
(36-86°F)
Rx only



PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL

NDC 71127-2200-1
Sterile Water for Injection 2.2 mL
For reconstitution of Sevenfact® 2 mg/vial

LOT 000000000AB

EXP MMM0000

Manufactured by LFB S.A. Puteaux, 92800, France
U.S. License No. 2061
Store between 2-30°C(36-86°F). Rx only

NDC 71127-2200-1

Sterile Water for Injection 2.2 mL

For reconstitution of Sevenfact® 2 mg/vial

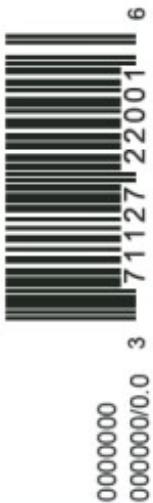
LOT 000000000AB

EXP MMM0000

Manufactured by LFB S.A. Puteaux, 92800, France

U.S. License No. 2061

Store between 2-30°C (36-86°F). Rx only



PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL

NDC 71127-5200-1

Sterile Water for Injection 5.2 mL

For reconstitution of Sevenfact® 5 mg/vial

LOT 000000000AB

EXP MMM0000

Manufactured by LFB S.A. Puteaux, 92800, France

U.S. License No. 2061

Store between 2-30°C

(36-86°F)

Rx only

NDC 71127-5200-1

Sterile Water for Injection 5.2 mL

For reconstitution of Sevenfact® 5 mg/vial

LOT 000000000AB

EXP MMM0000



Manufactured by LFB S.A. Puteaux, 92800, France
U.S. License No. 2061
Store between 2-30°C
(36-86°F)
Rx only

SEVENFACT

coagulation factor viia recombinant human kit

Product Information

Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	Item Code (Source)	NDC:71127-1000
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Packaging

#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:71127-1000-1	1 in 1 PACKAGE; Type 1: Convenience Kit of Co-Package	12/10/2020	

Quantity of Parts

Part #	Package Quantity	Total Product Quantity
Part 1	1 VIAL, SINGLE-DOSE	1 mL
Part 2	1 SYRINGE	1.1 mL

Part 1 of 2

SEVENFACT

coagulation factor viia recombinant injection, powder, lyophilized, for solution

Product Information

Item Code (Source)	NDC:71127-1100
Route of Administration	INTRAVENOUS

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety

Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
COAGULATION FACTOR VIIA RECOMBINANT HUMAN (UNII: AC71R787OV) (COAGULATION FACTOR VIIA RECOMBINANT HUMAN - UNII:AC71R787OV)	COAGULATION FACTOR VIIA RECOMBINANT HUMAN	1 mg in 1 mL

Inactive Ingredients

Ingredient Name	Strength
ARGININE HYDROCHLORIDE (UNII: F7LTH1E20Y)	24 mg in 1 mL
ISOLEUCINE (UNII: 04Y7590D77)	6 mg in 1 mL
TRISODIUM CITRATE DIHYDRATE (UNII: B22547B95K)	1.5 mg in 1 mL
GLYCINE (UNII: TE7660XO1C)	1.2 mg in 1 mL
LYSINE HYDROCHLORIDE (UNII: JNJ23Q2COM)	1.2 mg in 1 mL
POLYSORBATE 80 (UNII: 60ZP39ZG8H)	0.097 mg in 1 mL

Packaging

#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:71127-1100-1	1 mL in 1 VIAL, SINGLE-DOSE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product		

Marketing Information

Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
BLA	BLA125641	12/10/2020	

Part 2 of 2

STERILE WATER

water injection, solution

Product Information

Item Code (Source)	NDC:71127-1200
Route of Administration	INTRAVENOUS

Inactive Ingredients

Ingredient Name	Strength
WATER (UNII: 059QF0KO0R)	1.1 mL in 1.1 mL

Packaging

Item	Marketing	Marketing

#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:71127-1200-1	1.1 mL in 1 SYRINGE; Type 2: Prefilled Drug Delivery Device/System (syringe, patch, etc.)		

Marketing Information

Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
BLA	BLA125641	12/10/2020	

Marketing Information

Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
BLA	BLA125641	12/10/2020	

SEVENFACT

coagulation factor viia recombinant human kit

Product Information

Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	Item Code (Source)	NDC:71127-2000

Packaging

#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:71127-2000-1	1 in 1 PACKAGE; Type 1: Convenience Kit of Co-Package	03/24/2025	

Quantity of Parts

Part #	Package Quantity	Total Product Quantity
Part 1	1 VIAL, SINGLE-DOSE	2 mL
Part 2	1 SYRINGE	2.2 mL

Part 1 of 2

SEVENFACT

coagulation factor viia recombinant injection, powder, lyophilized, for solution

Product Information

Item Code (Source)	NDC:71127-2100
Route of Administration	INTRAVENOUS

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety		
Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
COAGULATION FACTOR VIIA RECOMBINANT HUMAN (UNII: AC71R787OV) (COAGULATION FACTOR VIIA RECOMBINANT HUMAN - UNII:AC71R787OV)	COAGULATION FACTOR VIIA RECOMBINANT HUMAN	2 mg in 2 mL

Inactive Ingredients		
Ingredient Name	Strength	
ARGININE HYDROCHLORIDE (UNII: F7LTH1E20Y)	48 mg	in 2 mL
ISOLEUCINE (UNII: 04Y7590D77)	12 mg	in 2 mL
TRISODIUM CITRATE DIHYDRATE (UNII: B22547B95K)	3 mg	in 2 mL
GLYCINE (UNII: TE7660XO1C)	2.4 mg	in 2 mL
LYSINE HYDROCHLORIDE (UNII: JNJ23Q2COM)	2.4 mg	in 2 mL
POLYSORBATE 80 (UNII: 60ZP39ZG8H)	0.194 mg	in 2 mL

Packaging				
#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:71127-2100-1	2 mL in 1 VIAL, SINGLE-DOSE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product		

Marketing Information				
Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date	
BLA	BLA125641	03/24/2025		

Part 2 of 2	
STERILE WATER	
water injection, solution	

Product Information	
Item Code (Source)	NDC:71127-2200
Route of Administration	INTRAVENOUS

Inactive Ingredients		
Ingredient Name	Strength	
WATER (UNII: 059QF0KO0R)	2.2 mL	in 2.2 mL

Packaging

#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:71127-2200-1	2.2 mL in 1 SYRINGE; Type 2: Prefilled Drug Delivery Device/System (syringe, patch, etc.)		

Marketing Information

Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
BLA	BLA125641	03/24/2025	

Marketing Information

Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
BLA	BLA125641	03/24/2025	

SEVENFACT

coagulation factor viia recombinant human kit

Product Information

Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	Item Code (Source)	NDC:71127-5000
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Packaging

#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:71127-5000-1	1 in 1 PACKAGE; Type 1: Convenience Kit of Co-Package	12/10/2020	

Quantity of Parts

Part #	Package Quantity	Total Product Quantity
Part 1	1 VIAL, SINGLE-DOSE	5 mL
Part 2	1 SYRINGE	5.2 mL

Part 1 of 2

SEVENFACT

coagulation factor viia recombinant human injection, powder, lyophilized, for solution

Product Information

Item Code (Source)	NDC:71127-5100
Route of Administration	INTRAVENOUS

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety

Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
COAGULATION FACTOR VIIA RECOMBINANT HUMAN (UNII: AC71R787OV) (COAGULATION FACTOR VIIA RECOMBINANT HUMAN - UNII:AC71R787OV)	COAGULATION FACTOR VIIA RECOMBINANT HUMAN	5 mg in 5 mL

Inactive Ingredients

Ingredient Name	Strength
ARGININE HYDROCHLORIDE (UNII: F7LTH1E20Y)	120 mg in 5 mL
ISOLEUCINE (UNII: 04Y7590D77)	30 mg in 5 mL
TRISODIUM CITRATE DIHYDRATE (UNII: B22547B95K)	7.5 mg in 5 mL
GLYCINE (UNII: TE7660XO1C)	6 mg in 5 mL
LYSINE HYDROCHLORIDE (UNII: JNJ23Q2COM)	6 mg in 5 mL
POLYSORBATE 80 (UNII: 60ZP39ZG8H)	0.485 mg in 5 mL

Packaging

#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:71127-5100-1	5 mL in 1 VIAL, SINGLE-DOSE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product		

Marketing Information

Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
BLA	BLA125641	12/10/2020	

Part 2 of 2

STERILE WATER

water injection, solution

Product Information

Item Code (Source)	NDC:71127-5200
Route of Administration	INTRAVENOUS

Inactive Ingredients

Ingredient Name	Strength
WATER (UNII: 059QF0KO0R)	5.2 mL in 5.2 mL

Packaging				
#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:71127-5200-1	5.2 mL in 1 SYRINGE; Type 2: Prefilled Drug Delivery Device/System (syringe, patch, etc.)		

Marketing Information				
Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date	
BLA	BLA125641	12/10/2020		

Marketing Information				
Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date	
BLA	BLA125641	12/10/2020		

Labeler - Laboratoire Français du Fractionnement et des Biotechnologies Société Anonyme (LFB S.A.)
(383143765)

Revised: 11/2025

Laboratoire Français du Fractionnement et des Biotechnologies Société Anonyme (LFB S.A.)