

Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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2024_28_III_OOPS Using Java Lab

2028_REC_OOPS using Java_Week 1_MCQ

Attempt : 1
Total Mark : 15
Marks Obtained : 14

Section 1 : MCQ

1. What will be the output of the following code snippet?

```
class DivisionExample {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        double num1 = 10.5;  
        double num2 = 3;  
        int result = (int)(num1 / num2);  
        System.out.println(result);  
    }  
}
```

Answer

3

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

2. What is the output of the following code?

```
class TestClass {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int x = 5;  
        int X = 10;  
  
        int sum = x + X;  
        int bitwiseResult = x | X;  
  
        System.out.println(sum);  
        System.out.println(bitwiseResult);  
    }  
}
```

Answer

1515

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

3. Which of the following data types is used to store floating-point numbers with greater precision?

Answer

float

Status : Wrong

Marks : 0/1

4. What will be the output of the following code?

```
import java.util.*;
```

```
class TernaryOperatorExample {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int a = 5, b = 10;  
        int result = (a > b) ? a : b;  
        System.out.println(result);  
    }  
}
```

}

Answer

10

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

5. What is the output of the following program?

```
class Demo {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        String text = "Hello, World!";  
        System.out.println(text);  
    }  
}
```

Answer

Hello, World!

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

6. What is the output of the following code?

```
class TestClass {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int count = 8;  
        count = count ^ 1;  
  
        System.out.println(count);  
    }  
}
```

Answer

9

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

7. What is the output of the following code?

```
import java.util.*;  
  
class RelationalOperatorExample {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int x = 8, y = 4;  
        boolean result = (x != y);  
  
        System.out.println(result);  
    }  
}
```

Answer

true

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

8. What is the output of the following code?

```
class TestClass {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int a = 5;  
        int b = 10;  
  
        int sum = a + b;  
        int bitwiseAnd = a & b;  
        int bitwiseOr = a | b;  
  
        System.out.println(sum);  
        System.out.println(bitwiseAnd);  
        System.out.println(bitwiseOr);  
    }  
}
```

Answer

15015

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

9. Which of the following is not a primitive data type?

Answer

string

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

10. Which of the following data types is used to store single characters?

Answer

char

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

11. What will be the output of the following program?

```
class DataTypesMCQ {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int a = 10;  
        double b = 5;  
        System.out.println(a / b);  
    }  
}
```

Answer

2.0

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

12. What is the output of the following program?

```
class Arithmetic {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        char ch = 'A';  
        System.out.println(ch);  
    }  
}
```

Answer

A

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

13. What is the output of the following code?

```
class TestClass {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int a = 10;  
        int b = 3;  
        System.out.println(a / b);  
    }  
}
```

Answer

3

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

14. What will be the output of the following code snippet?

```
import java.util.*;  
  
class OperatorPrecedenceExample {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int a = 5, b = 3, c = 2;  
        int result = a + b * c;  
  
        System.out.println(result);  
    }  
}
```

Answer

11

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

15. What is the result of the following expression?

```
import java.util.*;  
  
class ComplexExpressionExample {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int a = 5, b = 2, c = 3, d = 4;  
        int result = a + b * c / d - b;  
  
        System.out.println(result);  
    }  
}
```

Answer

4

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

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2024_28_III_OOPS Using Java Lab

2028_REC_OOPS using Java_Week 2_Q1

Attempt : 1
Total Mark : 10
Marks Obtained : 10

Section 1 : Coding

1. Problem Statement

Arun is working on a project to automate the process of determining whether a student has passed or failed based on their subject marks.

He aims to create a simple program that takes positive integers as marks for five subjects from the user. If the average of the marks is greater than or equal to 50, the student has passed the exam. Otherwise, the student has failed.

Help Arun to implement the project.

Input Format

The input consists of five space-separated integers, representing the marks in five subjects.

Output Format

The first line of output prints "Average score: " followed by an integer representing the average score.

The second line prints one of the following:

1. If the condition is satisfied, print "The student has passed".
2. Otherwise, the output prints "The student has failed".

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 50 60 70 80 90

Output: Average score: 70

The student has passed

Answer

```
// You are using Java
import java.util.Scanner;
class average{
    public static void main(String[]args)
    {
        Scanner scanner=new Scanner(System.in);
        int a=scanner.nextInt();
        int b=scanner.nextInt();
        int c=scanner.nextInt();
        int d=scanner.nextInt();
        int e=scanner.nextInt();
        int f=(a+b+c+d+e)/5;
        System.out.println("Average score: "+f);
        if(f>50)
        {
            System.out.println("The student has passed");
        }
        else
        {
            System.out.println("The student has failed");
        }
    }
}
```

```
    } } scanner.close();  
}
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

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2024_28_III_OOPS Using Java Lab

2028_REC_OOPS using Java_Week 2_Q2

Attempt : 1
Total Mark : 10
Marks Obtained : 10

Section 1 : Coding

1. Problem Statement

Samantha is a diligent math student who is exploring the world of programming. She is learning Java and has recently studied conditional statements. One day, her teacher gives her an interesting problem to solve, which takes a number as input and checks whether it is a multiple of 5 or 7.

Help her complete the task.

Input Format

The input consists of a single integer N, representing the number to be checked.

Output Format

If the number is a multiple of 5 but not 7, the output prints "N is a multiple of 5".

If the number is a multiple of 7, the output prints "N is a multiple of 7".

Otherwise the output prints "N is neither multiple of 5 nor 7" where N is an entered integer.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 10

Output: 10 is a multiple of 5

Answer

```
// You are using Java
import java.util.Scanner;
class multiple{
    public static void main (String[]args)
    {
        Scanner scanner= new Scanner(System.in);
        int N=scanner.nextInt();
        if(N%5==0)
        {
            System.out.println(N+" is a multiple of 5");
        }
        else if(N%7==0)
        {
            System.out.println(N+" is a multiple of 7");
        }
        else{
            System.out.println(N+" is neither multiple of 5 nor 7");
        }
        scanner.close();
    }
}
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

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2024_28_III_OOPS Using Java Lab

2028_REC_OOPS using Java_Week 2_Q3

Attempt : 1
Total Mark : 10
Marks Obtained : 10

Section 1 : Coding

1. Problem Statement

John is a fitness trainer, and he wants to use the BMI calculator to assess the body mass index of his clients. He has a list of clients based on their height and weight.

John plans to write a program to quickly determine the BMI and provide a classification for each client.

If BMI is less than 18.5, the program will classify it as "Underweight"
If BMI is between 18.6 and 24.9, the program will classify it as "Normal Weight"
If BMI is between 25.0 and 29.9, the program will classify it as "Overweight"
If BMI is 30.0 or higher, the program will classify it as "Obese"

Note: Formula to calculate BMI = weight/(height*height)

Input Format

The first line of input consists of a double value, representing the height of the person in meters.

The second line consists of a double value, representing the weight of the person in kilograms.

Output Format

The first line of output prints "BMI: " followed by a double (rounded to two decimal places) representing the calculated BMI.

The second line prints "Classification: " followed by a string indicating the BMI category (Underweight, Normal Weight, Overweight, or Obese).

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 1.2

45.2

Output: BMI: 31.39

Classification: Obese

Answer

```
// You are using Java
import java.util.*;
class add{
    public static void main (String[]args)
    {
        Scanner scanner=new Scanner(System.in);
        double h=scanner.nextDouble();
        double w=scanner.nextDouble();

        double bmi=w/(h*h);
        System.out.printf("BMI: %.2f ",bmi);

        String b;
        b=(bmi<18.5)? "Underweight":(bmi<18.6 && 24.9>bmi)? "Normal Weight":(bmi<25.0 && 29.9>bmi)? "Normalweight": "Obese";
        System.out.println("Classification: "+b);
    }
}
```

}

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

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2024_28_III_OOPS Using Java Lab

2028_REC_OOPS using Java_Week 2_Q4

Attempt : 1
Total Mark : 10
Marks Obtained : 9

Section 1 : Coding

1. Problem Statement

Amit wants to evaluate the depreciation of his car over time to understand its current value and categorize it based on that value.

Write a program that helps him determine the current value of his car after a certain number of years of depreciation and classify it into one of three categories:

High: If the current value is greater than 10,000.
Medium: If the current value is between 5,000 and 10,000, both inclusive.
Low: If the current value is less than 5,000.

The depreciation rate of the car is 15% per year. The program should calculate the current value of the car after applying this depreciation over the given number of years and print the current value along with the category.

Input Format

The first line of input consists of an integer, representing the initial cost of the car.

The second line consists of an integer, representing the number of years the car has been depreciating.

Output Format

The first line of output prints a double value, representing the current value of the car, rounded off to two decimal places "Current Value: <value>".

The second line prints its category "Category: <categories>".

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 20000

5

Output: Current Value: 8874.11

Category: Medium

Answer

```
import java.util.Scanner;

class CarDepreciation {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);

        // Read inputs
        int initialCost = scanner.nextInt();
        int years = scanner.nextInt();

        // Calculate current value after depreciation (15% per year)
        double currentValue = initialCost * Math.pow(0.85, years);

        // Classify using if-else
        String category;
        if (currentValue > 10000) {
```

```
        category = "High";
    } else if (currentValue >= 5000) {
        category = "Medium";
    } else {
        category = "Low";
    }

    // Print outputs
    System.out.printf("Current Value: %.2f%n", currentValue);
    System.out.println("Category: " + category);

    scanner.close();
}
}
```

Status : Partially correct

Marks : 9/10

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2024_28_III_OOPS Using Java Lab

2028_REC_OOPS using Java_Week 2_Q5

Attempt : 1
Total Mark : 10
Marks Obtained : 10

Section 1 : Coding

1. Problem Statement

Ted, the computer science enthusiast, has accepted the challenge of writing a program that checks if the number of digits in an integer matches the sum of its digits.

Guide Ted in designing and writing the code to solve this problem using a 'do-while' loop.

Input Format

The input consists of an integer N, representing the number to be checked.

Output Format

If the sum is equal to the number of digits, print "The number of digits in N matches the sum of its digits."

Else, print "The number of digits in N does not match the sum of its digits."

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 20

Output: The number of digits in 20 matches the sum of its digits.

Answer

```
// You are using Java
import java.util.Scanner;

class DigitSumCheck {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);

        // Read input number
        int N = scanner.nextInt();

        int temp = N;
        int sum = 0;
        int count = 0;

        // Use do-while loop to calculate sum of digits and count of digits
        do {
            int digit = temp % 10;
            sum += digit;
            count++;
            temp /= 10;
        } while (temp > 0);

        // Check if sum of digits == number of digits
        if (sum == count) {
            System.out.println("The number of digits in " + N + " matches the sum of
its digits.");
        } else {
            System.out.println("The number of digits in " + N + " does not match the
sum of its digits.");
        }
    }
}
```

```
        }  
    }  
    scanner.close();  
}
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

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2024_28_III_OOPS Using Java Lab

2028_REC_OOPS using Java_Week 2_Q6

Attempt : 1
Total Mark : 10
Marks Obtained : 10

Section 1 : Coding

1. Problem Statement

Maya, a student in an arts and crafts class, wants to create a pattern using stars (*) in a specific format. She plans to use a program to help her construct the pattern.

Write a program that takes an integer as input and constructs the following pattern using nested for loops.

Input: 5

Output:

*
**

```
***  
*** *  
*****  
*** *  
**  
*
```

Input Format

The input consists of a number (integer) representing the number of rows.

Output Format

The output displays the required pattern.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 5

Output: *

```
**  
***  
*****  
*** *  
**  
*
```

Answer

```
// You are using Java  
import java.util.Scanner;  
  
class StarPattern {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);

// Read input: number of rows
int rows = scanner.nextInt();

// Upper half: increasing pattern
for (int i = 1; i <= rows; i++) {
    for (int j = 1; j <= i; j++) {
        System.out.print("* ");
    }
}

// Lower half: decreasing pattern
for (int i = rows - 1; i >= 1; i--) {
    for (int j = 1; j <= i; j++) {
        System.out.print("* ");
    }
}

scanner.close();
}
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

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2024_28_III_OOPS Using Java Lab

2028_REC_OOPS using Java_Week 2_Q7

Attempt : 1

Total Mark : 10

Marks Obtained : 10

Section 1 : Coding

1. Problem Statement

You are taking part in a coding challenge where your task is to design a program that conjures a mesmerizing numerical pyramid pattern. The enchanting pattern is fashioned using a for loop and is customized based on user input.

Participants are prompted to unveil the pyramid's magic by specifying its height - essentially dictating the number of rows in this spellbinding creation.

Write a program that employs to weave this captivating numerical pyramid as shown below.

Example

Input:

4

Output:

Input Format

The input consists of a positive integer n representing the number of rows in the pattern.

Output Format

The output prints the required pyramid pattern, as shown in the sample output.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 4

Output: 1

123

12345

1234567

Answer

```
// You are using Java
import java.util.Scanner;

class NumberPyramid {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);

        // Read input height of pyramid
        int n = scanner.nextInt();

        // Loop for each row
        for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
            // Print spaces for alignment (n - i)
            for (int s = 1; s <= n - i; s++) {
```

```
        System.out.print(" ");
    }

    // Print increasing numbers: 1 to (2*i - 1)
    for (int j = 1; j <= (2 * i - 1); j++) {
        System.out.print(j);
    }

    // Print a space after each row
    System.out.print(" ");
}

scanner.close();
}
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

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2024_28_III_OOPS Using Java Lab

2028_REC_OOPS using Java_Week 2_Q8

Attempt : 1
Total Mark : 10
Marks Obtained : 10

Section 1 : Coding

1. Problem Statement

A bank generates secure codes using 3-digit numbers where each digit is unique, and the code must be divisible by 3. You are tasked with generating the first N such codes based on user input, ensuring the digits are unique and the number is divisible by 3.

Note: Use nested for loops to solve.

Input Format

The first line contains an integer N representing the number of valid codes to generate.

Output Format

The output prints N lines, each line contains a valid 3-digit code.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 5

Output: 102

105

108

120

123

Answer

```
// You are using Java
import java.util.Scanner;

class BankSecureCodes {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);

        int N = scanner.nextInt(); // Number of codes to generate
        int count = 0;

        // Nested loops to generate 3-digit numbers with unique digits
        for (int i = 1; i <= 9; i++) { // Hundreds digit (cannot be 0)
            for (int j = 0; j <= 9; j++) { // Tens digit
                if (j == i) continue; // Skip if duplicate
                for (int k = 0; k <= 9; k++) { // Units digit
                    if (k == i || k == j) continue; // Skip if duplicate

                    int num = i * 100 + j * 10 + k;

                    if (num % 3 == 0) {
                        System.out.print(num + " ");
                        count++;
                    }
                }
            }
        }

        if (count == N) {
            System.out.println(); // End output after N codes
            return;
        }
    }
}
```

```
        } } }  
    } } }  
    scanner.close();  
}
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10