V DATA PREPARATION

Preparing an integer sequence dataset

A model built on one-hot encoded vector sequences

Training a basic model

```
import os, pathlib, shutil, random
from tensorflow import keras
batch_size = 32
max length = 150
max tokens = 10000
num_train_samples = 100
num val samples = 10000
base_dir = pathlib.Path("aclImdb")
val dir = base dir / "val"
train_dir = base_dir / "train"
for category in ("neg", "pos"):
   os.makedirs(val_dir / category, exist_ok=True)
   files = os.listdir(train dir / category)
    random.Random(1337).shuffle(files)
   num val samples cat = int(num val samples/2)
   val_files = files[-num_val_samples_cat:]
    for fname in val files:
        shutil.move(train dir / category / fname,
                    val_dir / category / fname)
train_ds = keras.preprocessing.text_dataset_from_directory(
    "aclImdb/train",
   batch size=batch size,
   validation_split=0.2,
    subset='training',
    seed=1337)
train_ds = train_ds.take(num_train_samples)
val ds = keras.preprocessing.text dataset from directory(
    "aclImdb/train",
   batch size=batch size,
   validation_split=0.2,
    subset='validation',
    seed=1337)
val_ds = val_ds.take(num_val_samples)
test_ds = keras.preprocessing.text_dataset_from_directory(
    "aclImdb/test", batch_size=batch_size)
text only train ds = train ds.map(lambda x, y: x)
from tensorflow.keras import layers
text_vectorization = layers.TextVectorization(
    max_tokens=max_tokens,
    output_mode="int",
```

```
output_sequence_length=max_length,
)
text_vectorization.adapt(text_only_train_ds)
int_train_ds = train_ds.map(lambda x, y: (text_vectorization(x), y),
                            num_parallel_calls=4)
int_val_ds = val_ds.map(lambda x, y: (text_vectorization(x), y),
                        num_parallel_calls=4)
int_test_ds = test_ds.map(lambda x, y: (text_vectorization(x), y),
                          num_parallel_calls=4)
import tensorflow as tf
inputs = keras.Input(shape=(None,), dtype="int64")
embedded = tf.one_hot(inputs, depth=max_tokens)
x = layers.Bidirectional(layers.LSTM(32))(embedded)
x = layers.Dropout(0.5)(x)
outputs = layers.Dense(1, activation="sigmoid")(x)
model = keras.Model(inputs, outputs)
model.compile(
   optimizer="rmsprop",
    loss="binary_crossentropy",
   metrics=["accuracy"]
)
model.summary()
callbacks = [
    keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint("one_hot_bidir_lstm.keras", save_best_only=True)
]
history = model.fit(
    int train ds,
   validation_data=int_val_ds,
   epochs=10,
    callbacks=callbacks
)
model = keras.models.load model("one hot bidir lstm.keras")
print(f"Test acc: {model.evaluate(int_test_ds)[1]:.3f}")
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Plot training & validation accuracy values
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'])
plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'])
plt.title('Model accuracy')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
```

```
plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.legend(['Train', 'Validation'], loc='upper left')
plt.show()

# Plot training & validation loss values
plt.plot(history.history['loss'])
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'])
plt.title('Model loss')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.legend(['Train', 'Validation'], loc='upper left')
plt.show()
```

```
Found 15000 files belonging to 2 classes. Using 12000 files for training. Found 15000 files belonging to 2 classes. Using 3000 files for validation. Found 25000 files belonging to 2 classes. Model: "model"
```

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
input_1 (InputLayer)	[(None, None)]	0
tf.one_hot (TFOpLambda)	(None, None, 10000)	0
<pre>bidirectional (Bidirection al)</pre>	(None, 64)	2568448
dropout (Dropout)	(None, 64)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 1)	65
	,	

Total params: 2568513 (9.80 MB)
Trainable params: 2568513 (9.80 MB)
Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 Byte)

```
Epoch 1/10
Epoch 2/10
Epoch 3/10
Epoch 4/10
100/100 [========================== ] - 5s 52ms/step - loss: 0.4056 - accuracy: 0.
Epoch 5/10
Epoch 6/10
Epoch 7/10
Epoch 8/10
100/100 [=================== ] - 5s 53ms/step - loss: 0.1891 - accuracy: 0.9
Epoch 9/10
Epoch 10/10
Test acc: 0.814
```

Model accuracy



Instantiating an layer

Model that uses an Embedding layer trained from scratch

```
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            | / /
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
inputs = keras.Input(shape=(None,), dtype="int64")
embedded = layers.Embedding(input_dim=max_tokens, output_dim=256)(inputs)
x = layers.Bidirectional(layers.LSTM(32))(embedded)
x = layers.Dropout(0.5)(x)
outputs = layers.Dense(1, activation="sigmoid")(x)
model = keras.Model(inputs, outputs)
model.compile(optimizer="rmsprop",
              loss="binary_crossentropy",
              metrics=["accuracy"])
model.summary()
callbacks = [
    keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint("embeddings_bidir_gru.keras",
                                    save best only=True)
]
history = model.fit(int_train_ds, validation_data=int_val_ds, epochs=10, callbacks=callbacks
model = keras.models.load model("embeddings bidir gru.keras")
print(f"Test acc: {model.evaluate(int_test_ds)[1]:.3f}")
# Plot the training and validation accuracy
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'])
plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'])
plt.title('Model Accuracy')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.legend(['train', 'val'], loc='upper left')
plt.show()
# Plot the training and validation loss
plt.plot(history.history['loss'])
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'])
plt.title('Model Loss')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.legend(['train', 'val'], loc='upper left')
plt.show()
```

Model: "model 1"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
input_2 (InputLayer)	[(None, None)]	0
embedding (Embedding)	(None, None, 256)	2560000
<pre>bidirectional_1 (Bidirectional)</pre>	(None, 64)	73984
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None, 64)	0
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 1)	65

Total params: 2634049 (10.05 MB)
Trainable params: 2634049 (10.05 MB)
Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 Byte)

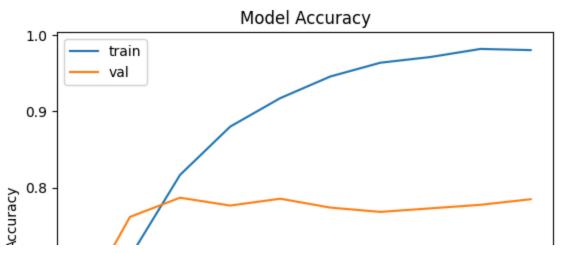
Epoch 7/10

Epoch 8/10

Epoch 9/10

Epoch 10/10

Test acc: 0.782



0.7

Model 3 - An Embedding Layer with Masking enabled

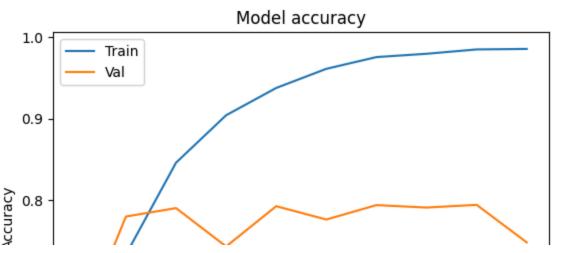
```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Define the model architecture
inputs = keras.Input(shape=(None,), dtype="int64")
embedded = layers.Embedding(
    input_dim=max_tokens, output_dim=256, mask_zero=True)(inputs)
x = layers.Bidirectional(layers.LSTM(32))(embedded)
x = layers.Dropout(0.5)(x)
outputs = layers.Dense(1, activation="sigmoid")(x)
model = keras.Model(inputs, outputs)
# Compile the model
model.compile(optimizer="rmsprop",
              loss="binary_crossentropy",
              metrics=["accuracy"])
model.summary()
# Define the callbacks
callbacks = [
    keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint("embeddings_bidir_gru_with_masking.keras",
                                    save best only=True),
    keras.callbacks.History()
1
# Train the model
history = model.fit(int_train_ds, validation_data=int_val_ds, epochs=10, callbacks=callbacks
# Load the best model
model = keras.models.load_model("embeddings_bidir_gru_with_masking.keras")
print(f"Test acc: {model.evaluate(int_test_ds)[1]:.3f}")
# Plot the training and validation accuracy and loss
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'])
plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'])
plt.title('Model accuracy')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.legend(['Train', 'Val'], loc='upper left')
plt.show()
plt.plot(history.history['loss'])
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'])
plt.title('Model loss')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.legend(['Train', 'Val'], loc='upper left')
plt.show()
```

Model: "model 2"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
input_3 (InputLayer)	[(None, None)]	0
<pre>embedding_1 (Embedding)</pre>	(None, None, 256)	2560000
<pre>bidirectional_2 (Bidirecti onal)</pre>	(None, 64)	73984
dropout_2 (Dropout)	(None, 64)	0
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 1)	65

Total params: 2634049 (10.05 MB)
Trainable params: 2634049 (10.05 MB)
Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 Byte)

Epoch 1/10 100/100 [==================] - 19s 115ms/step - loss: 0.6767 - accuracy: (Epoch 2/10 Epoch 3/10 Epoch 4/10 Epoch 5/10 Epoch 6/10 Epoch 7/10 Epoch 8/10 Epoch 9/10 100/100 [===============] - 4s 36ms/step - loss: 0.0456 - accuracy: 0.9 Epoch 10/10 100/100 [============] - 3s 30ms/step - loss: 0.0445 - accuracy: 0.9 782/782 [==============] - 12s 9ms/step - loss: 0.4510 - accuracy: 0.7 Test acc: 0.789



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Model 4 - Using Pretrained Word Embedding

```
!wget http://nlp.stanford.edu/data/glove.6B.zip
!unzip -q glove.6B.zip
import numpy as np
path_to_glove_file = "glove.6B.100d.txt"
embeddings_index = {}
with open(path_to_glove_file) as f:
    for line in f:
        word, coefs = line.split(maxsplit=1)
        coefs = np.fromstring(coefs, "f", sep=" ")
        embeddings_index[word] = coefs
print(f"Found {len(embeddings_index)} word vectors.")
embedding dim = 100
max\_tokens = 10000
max len = 150
num_samples = 100
validation samples = 10000
vocabulary = text_vectorization.get_vocabulary()
word_index = dict(zip(vocabulary, range(len(vocabulary))))
word_index = {k: v for k, v in word_index.items() if v < max_tokens}</pre>
embedding matrix = np.zeros((max tokens, embedding dim))
for word, i in word_index.items():
    if i < max tokens:</pre>
        embedding_vector = embeddings_index.get(word)
    if embedding vector is not None:
        embedding_matrix[i] = embedding_vector
embedding layer = layers.Embedding(
    max_tokens,
    embedding dim,
    embeddings_initializer=keras.initializers.Constant(embedding_matrix),
    trainable=False,
    mask zero=True,
)
inputs = keras.Input(shape=(None,), dtype="int64")
embedded = embedding layer(inputs)
x = layers.Bidirectional(layers.LSTM(32))(embedded)
x = layers.Dropout(0.5)(x)
outputs = layers.Dense(1, activation="sigmoid")(x)
model = keras.Model(inputs, outputs)
model.compile(optimizer="rmsprop",
              loss="binary_crossentropy",
              metrics=["accuracy"])
model.summary()
```

```
callbacks = [
    keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint("glove embeddings sequence model.keras",
                                    save best only=True)
]
history = model.fit(int train ds.take(num samples).cache(),
          validation_data=int_val_ds.take(validation_samples).cache(),
          epochs=10, callbacks=callbacks)
model = keras.models.load model("glove embeddings sequence model.keras")
_, test_acc = model.evaluate(int_test_ds.take(validation samples))
print(f"Test acc: {test_acc:.3f}")
# Plot training and validation accuracy
acc = history.history['accuracy']
val acc = history.history['val accuracy']
epochs = range(1, len(acc) + 1)
plt.plot(epochs, acc, 'bo', label='Training accuracy')
plt.plot(epochs, val_acc, 'b', label='Validation accuracy')
plt.title('Training and validation accuracy')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
# Plot training and validation loss
loss = history.history['loss']
val loss = history.history['val loss']
plt.plot(epochs, loss, 'bo', label='Training loss')
plt.plot(epochs, val_loss, 'b', label='Validation loss')
plt.title('Training and validation loss')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```