# Spark Streaming

Intro - 1/16/2017

# Agenda

- Place of Spark Streaming in the ETL pipeline and rest of the spark universe
- DStreams
  - batches, microbatches, RDDs, transformations
- Windowed computations
- Streaming Context via some code

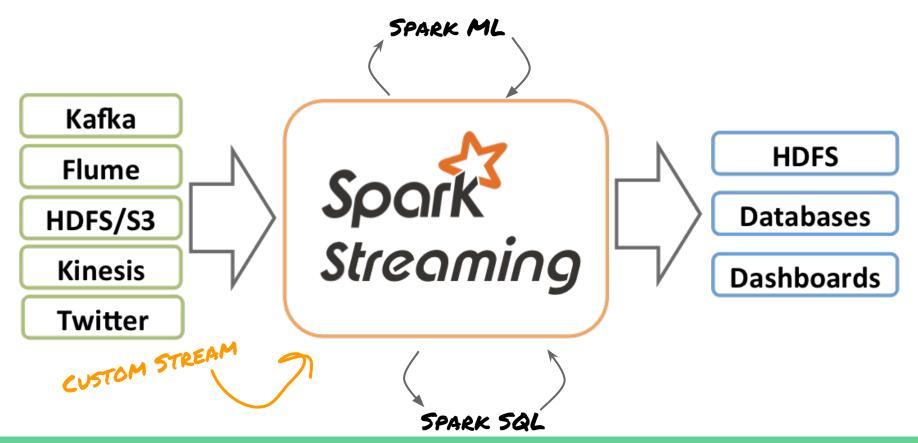
### E. Transformation. L.



### E. Transformation. L.



## E. Transformation. L.



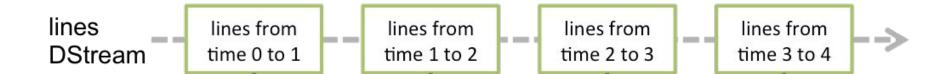
## **DStream**

Discretized Stream

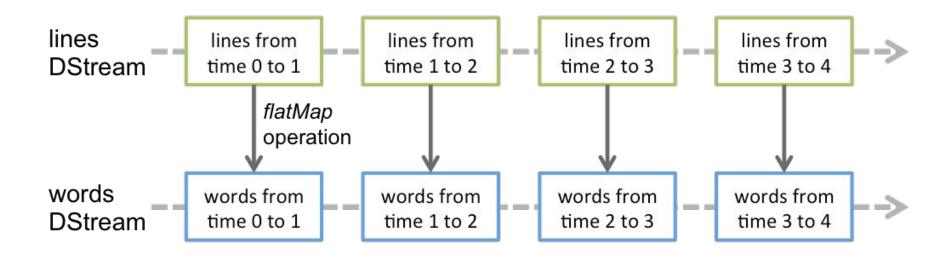
Stored as a continuing series of RDDs

Every DStream operation, triggers RDD transformation

# **DStreams**

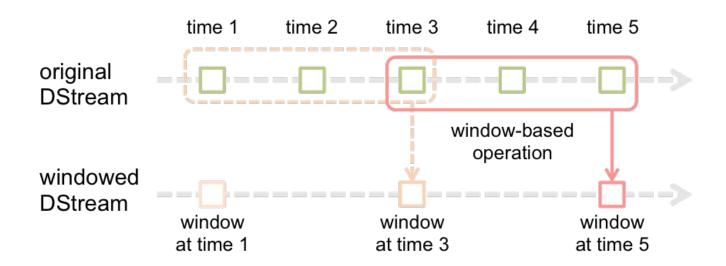


### **DStreams**



# DStrems - windowed computations

- You provide windows length, and sliding interval
- Combined RDD per window, operations on that RDD



# Summary

- Spark Streaming can use pre-defined or custom data receiver
- Streams are converted to batches of requested time interval
  - Which might further divide as microbatches
- Each batch is a DStream
- Each DStream has corresponding set of RDDs
- Each DStream operation causes a set of RDD transformations
- Utilize windowed computation given window length and sliding interval

## Let's write some code!

Supergloo / Todd McGrath's Slack streaming example with minor modifications

# Project setup

```
mkdir -p spark-streaming-example/src/main/scala/com/slacky
cd spark-streaming-example
```

#### build.sbt

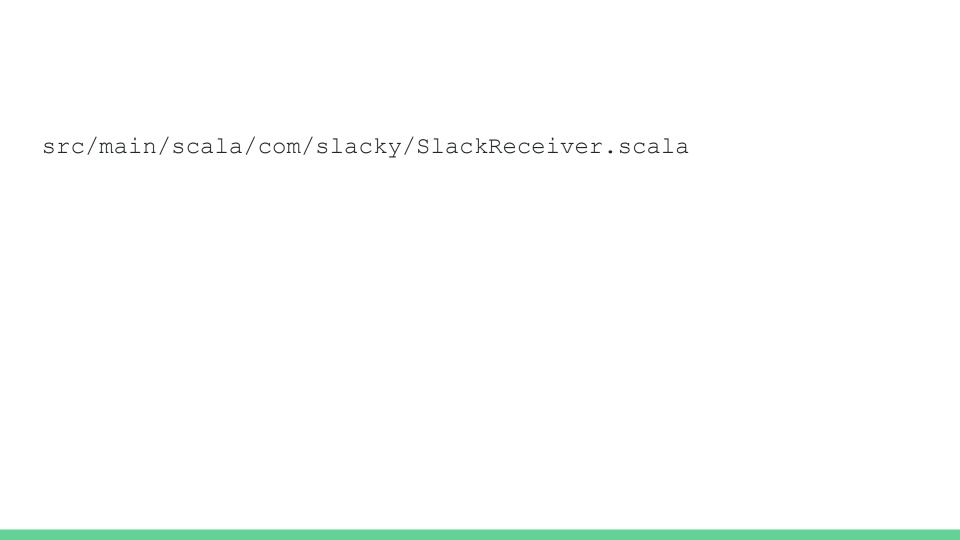
```
name := "spark-streaming-example"

version := "1.0"

scalaVersion := "2.11.8"
```

#### build.sbt

```
name := "spark-streaming-example"
      version := "1.0"
      scalaVersion := "2.11.8"
      resolvers += "jitpack" at "https://jitpack.io"
      libraryDependencies ++= Seq("org.apache.spark" %% "spark-streaming" % "2.0.2",
          "org.apache.spark" %% "spark-core" % "2.0.2",
          "org.scalaj" %% "scalaj-http" % "2.3.0",
          "org.jfarcand" % "wcs" % "1.5")
13
```



#### src/main/scala/com/slacky/SlackReceiver.scala

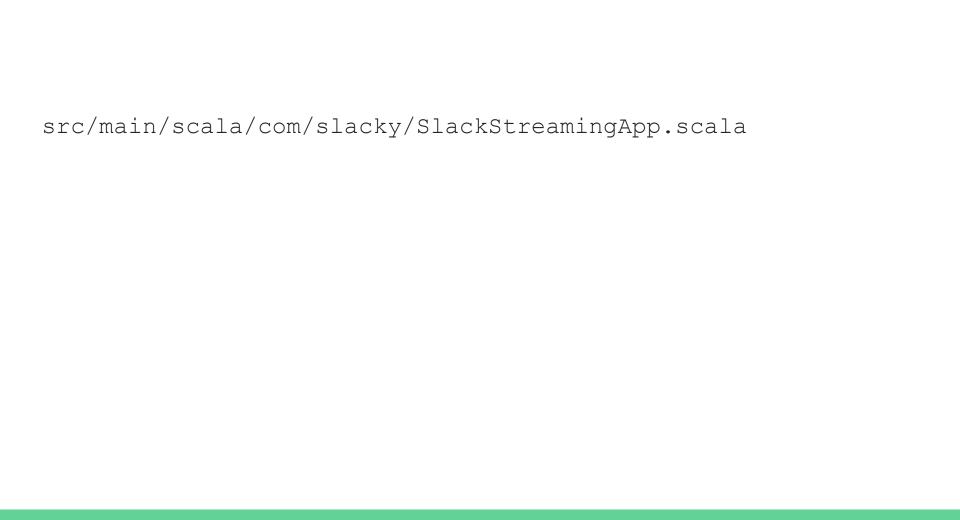
```
SlackReceiver.scala
     package com.slacky
     import org.apache.spark.storage.StorageLevel
     import org.apache.spark.streaming.receiver.Receiver
     import org.jfarcand.wcs.{TextListener, WebSocket}
     import scala.util.parsing.json.JSON
     import scalaj.http.Http
9
     class SlackReceiver(token: String) extends Receiver[String](StorageLevel.MEMORY_ONLY)
                                            with Runnable {
```

#### src/main/scala/com/slacky/SlackReceiver.scala

```
class SlackReceiver(token: String) extends Receiver[String](StorageLevel.MEMORY_ONLY)
                                      with Runnable {
    private val slackUrl = "https://slack.com/api/rtm.start"
   private def webSocketUrl(): String = {
        val response = Http(slackUrl).param("token", token).asString.body
        JSON.parseFull(response).get.asInstanceOf[Map[String, Any]].get("url").get.toString
   private def receive(): Unit = {
        val webSocket = WebSocket().open(webSocketUrl())
       webSocket.listener(new TextListener {
            override def onMessage(message: String) {
                store(message) // store the data into Spark's memory
        })
```

#### src/main/scala/com/slacky/SlackReceiver.scala

```
@transient
private var thread: Thread = _
override def onStart(): Unit = {
    thread = new Thread(this)
   thread.start()
override def onStop(): Unit = {
    thread.interrupt()
override def run(): Unit = {
    receive()
```



```
package com.slacky

import org.apache.spark.SparkConf
import org.apache.spark.streaming.{Seconds, StreamingContext}

/* App to get updates from slack and stream them to print to console */
object SlackStreamingApp {
```

```
object SlackStreamingApp {

def main(args: Array[String]) {

val conf = new SparkConf().setMaster(args(0)).setAppName("SlackStreaming")

val ssc = new StreamingContext(conf, Seconds(5))

val stream = ssc.receiverStream(new SlackReceiver(args(1)))
```

```
object SlackStreamingApp {
   def main(args: Array[String]) {
        val conf = new SparkConf().setMaster(args(0)).setAppName("SlackStreaming")
       val ssc = new StreamingContext(conf, Seconds(5))
       val stream = ssc.receiverStream(new SlackReceiver(args(1)))
        stream.print() // websocket should return a json. we print that here.
       if (args.length > 2) { // output .part and _SUCCESS files to a folder
            stream.saveAsTextFiles(args(2))
```

```
stream.print() // websocket should return a json. we print that here.
              if (args.length > 2) { // output .part and _SUCCESS files to a folder
                  stream.saveAsTextFiles(args(2))
              ssc.start()
              ssc.awaitTermination()
25
```

# Prep local spark

```
# go to your spark install directory
$ sbin/start-master.sh

# confirm master is on
$ sbin/start-slave.sh
spark://dmistry-ltm.internal.salesforce.com:7077
# confirm slave is on
```

# Stream all of the things!

```
# go to your root directory of example project
$ sbt
sbt> run local[5] <slack_token> output
# and now we wait :)
```

### Homework

Instead of printing messages to console,

- (1) Grab lines from Titanic dataset, and stream them to spark. 1 rec per 10sec.
  - (a) Directly as csv, or through slack, or kafka if you're feeling adventurous
- (2) Report running count and/or mean of surviving vs dead people, and their ages

More homework, if you can't contain your excitement!

- Remove survivorship info from input data.
- Utilize your MLlib model from earlier exercise to predict the survivorship as the records arrive.
- Report the output to a csv file.