

# Airbnb Data Analysis Project Report

**Divyansh Verma**Data Analyst Intern
iNeuron Al

# **Table of Contents**

1. Project Overview	3
2. Objectives and Research Questions	4
3. Data Analysis Workflow	5
3.1. Data Import and Preparation	5
3.2. Data Transformation	5
4. Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)	6
4.1. Host Analysis	6
4.2. Neighbourhood Analysis	6
4.3. Reviews Analysis	7
4.4. Price Analysis	7
5. Visualization with PowerBl	9

# 1. Introduction

Since its inception in 2008, Airbnb has revolutionized the travel industry by providing a platform for hosts and guests to connect, facilitating unique and personalized travel experiences. This analysis focuses on the Airbnb listings in Amsterdam, for the year 2019. The objective is to explore various aspects of the data, including host earnings, neighborhood popularity, price relationships, and customer reviews, to derive meaningful insights and conclusions.

# 2. Objectives and Research Questions

# 2.1. Host Analysis

- 1. **Top Earners:** Identify the hosts who are the top earners on the platform.
- 2. **Earnings vs. Prices:** Examine the relationship between the monthly earnings of hosts and the prices they set for their listings.

## 2.2. Neighborhood Analysis

- 1. **Popular Locations:** Determine which neighborhoods receive the maximum number of bookings.
- 2. **Price Relation:** Analyze the relationship between prices and their locations within Amsterdam.

#### 2.3. Reviews Analysis

1. **Quality vs. Price:** Investigate the relationship between the quality of the listings (measured by overall satisfaction) and their prices.

## 2.4. Price Analysis

- 1. **Price vs. Amenities:** Examine the relationship between listing prices and the number of amenities offered.
- 2. **Price vs. Location:** Explore how prices vary with different geographical locations within Amsterdam.

## 3. Data Overview

The dataset includes various features such as host information, geographical availability, pricing, number of reviews, and overall satisfaction. This data allows for a comprehensive analysis to address the research questions.

#### **Overall Data Properties**

#### **Value Counts of various Categorical Variables**

```
Value counts for column 'host_id':
host id
48703385
           93
113977564
          88
1464510
           71
107745142 64
84453740 61
          1
1
41902443
8305721
9901234
23343555
29724632
Name: count, Length: 15943, dtype: int64
```

```
Value counts for column 'reviews':
reviews
0 2984
1 1510
2 1246
3 1103
4 925
...
242 1
191 1
334 1
309 1
188 1
Name: count, Length: 284, dtype: int64
```

```
Value counts for column 'neighborhood':
neighborhood
De Baarsjes / Oud West
                                           3289
De Pijp / Rivierenbuurt
                                           2378
Centrum West
                                           2225
Centrum Oost
                                           1730
Westerpark
                                           1430
Noord-West / Noord-Midden
                                           1418
                                           1169
Oud Oost
Bos en Lommer
                                            988
Oostelijk Havengebied / Indische Buurt
                                            921
Watergraafsmeer
                                            517
                                            494
Oud Noord
Ijburg / Eiland Zeeburg
                                            378
Slotervaart
                                            349
Buitenveldert / Zuidas
                                            250
Noord West
                                            241
Noord Oost
                                            221
Geuzenveld / Slotermeer
                                            195
Osdorp
                                            163
De Aker / Nieuw Sloten
                                            114
Bijlmer Centrum
                                            99
Bijlmer Oost
                                            97
Gaasperdam / Driemond
                                            42
Westpoort
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

```
Value counts for column 'accommodates':
accommodates
      10024
4
      5579
3
      1585
6
       476
5
       471
1
       367
8
        105
7
        52
16
         20
10
         16
12
         10
9
         8
14
         6
11
          2
13
         1
17
         1
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

```
Value counts for column 'overall satisfaction':
overall satisfaction
     7708
5.0
0.0
      5748
4.5
      4559
4.0
      577
3.5
      109
3.0
       19
1.5
         1
2.5
         1
1.0
         1
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

```
Value counts for column 'bedrooms':
bedrooms
      11101
1.0
2.0
       4456
3.0
       1444
0.0
      1154
4.0
       473
5.0
        62
6.0
        19
10.0
          5
7.0
           1
8.0
           3
9.0
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

```
Value counts for column 'room_type':
room_type
Entire home/apt 14978
Private room 3682
Shared room 63
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

# **Data Description (Quantitative Variables)**

	reviews	satisfaction	accommodates	bedrooms	price	total_earnings
count	18723	18723	18723	18723	18723	18723
mean	16.74	3.30	2.92	1.43	166.59	2480.49
std	33.52	2.21	1.32	0.87	108.94	4838.25
min	0	0	1	0	12	0
25%	2	0	2	1	108	236
50%	6	4.5	2	1	144	936
75%	17	5	4	2	192	2640
max	532	5	17	10	6000	107280

# 4. Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)

# 4.1. Data Summary

- **Hosts:** The dataset includes multiple host-related variables such as host ID, price per night, and number of reviews.
- **Neighborhoods:** Information on different neighborhoods and their respective booking counts and average prices.
- Reviews: Data on the number of reviews and overall satisfaction ratings.
- Prices: Detailed price data along with related amenities, number of bedrooms, and geographical coordinates.

## 4.2. Unique Values and Data Statistics

- **Unique Values:** Various columns in the dataset were examined to identify the number of unique values, helping to understand the diversity within the data.
- **Summary Statistics:** Basic statistical measures such as mean, median, and standard deviation were computed for key numerical columns.

# 4.3. Data Cleaning and Preparation

• **Derived Metrics:** New columns were created, such as total\_customers (calculated as reviews \* accommodates) and total\_earnings (calculated as price \* reviews), to aid in deeper analysis.

# 5. Detailed Analysis

# 5.1. Host Analysis

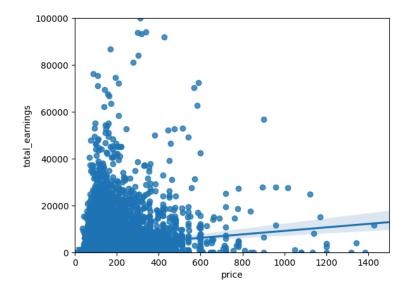
#### **Top Earners**

The total earnings for each host were calculated and the top 10 earners were identified. These top earners were visualized to highlight the distribution of earnings among the leading hosts.

	host_id	total_earnings		
<b>1292</b> 2674028		162837.0		
146	336950	144483.0		
<b>646</b> 1464510		121562.0		
<b>4651</b> 8558897		118175.0		
57	187580	117066.0		
<b>1250</b> 2586026		107280.0		
415	935723	105712.0		
<b>80</b> 225987		101956.0		
<b>1047</b> 2234051		100152.0		
572	1347048	94064.0		

### Earnings vs. Prices

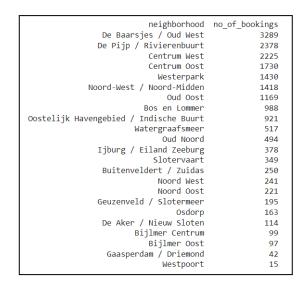
A correlation analysis was conducted to examine the relationship between the average price set by hosts and their total earnings. The results showed a positive correlation, indicating that higher prices generally lead to higher total earnings. This relationship was further visualized using a regression plot.

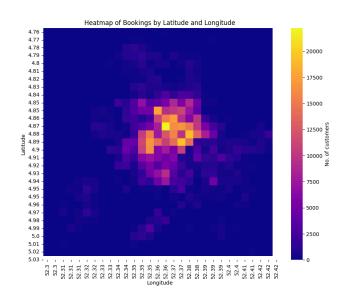


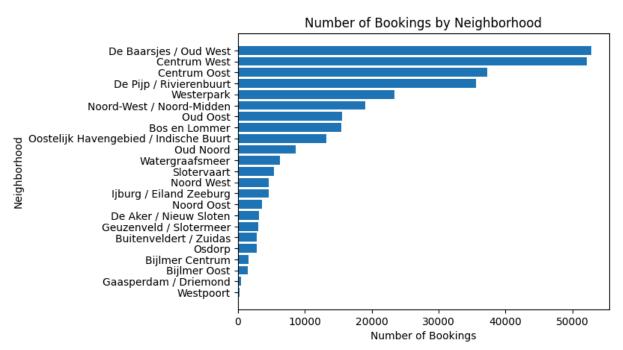
## 5.2. Neighborhood Analysis

#### **Popular Locations**

The number of bookings for each neighborhood was calculated based on the review count. The neighborhoods with the highest number of bookings were identified and visualized.

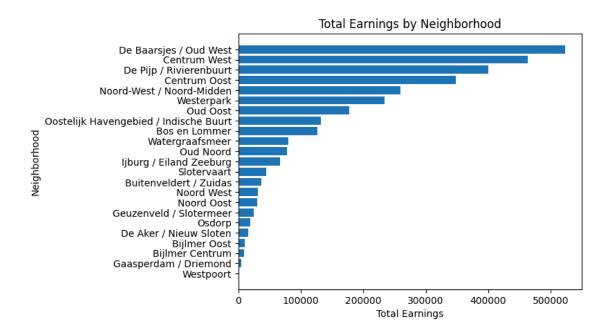






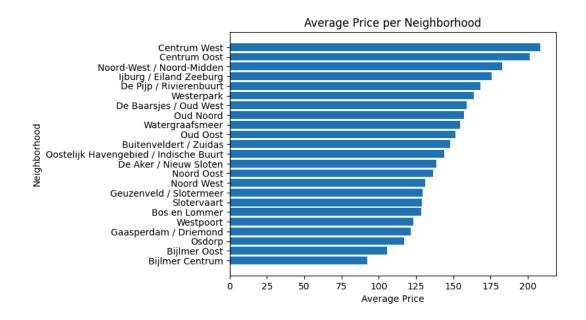
#### **Top Earning Neighborhoods**

The top neighborhoods by total earnings were determined and plotted to show which areas are the most lucrative for hosts.



#### Price Analysis per Neighborhood

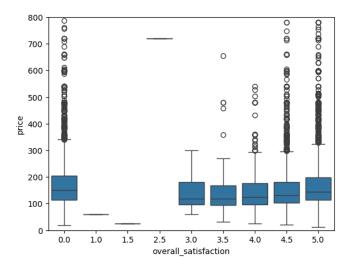
The average price per night for each neighborhood was calculated and visualized. This helped in understanding the price distribution across different neighborhoods.



## 5.3. Reviews Analysis

#### Quality vs. Price

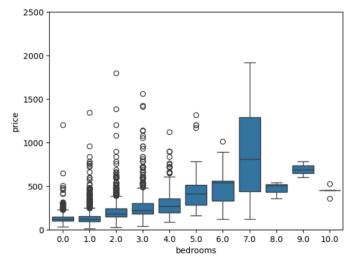
The relationship between overall satisfaction (a proxy for quality) and price was examined. The correlation analysis showed a positive but weak relationship, indicating that higher prices do not necessarily guarantee higher satisfaction. This was visualized using a box plot.



# 5.4. Price Analysis

#### Price vs. Bedrooms

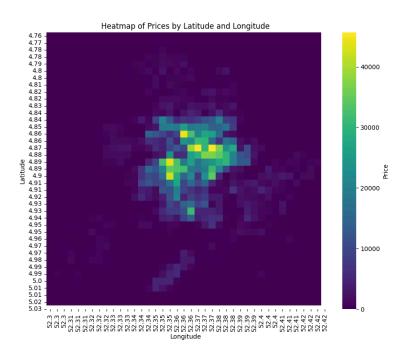
The distribution of prices with respect to the number of bedrooms was analyzed. A correlation analysis showed a positive relationship, indicating that listings with more bedrooms tend to have higher prices. This was further supported by a box plot.

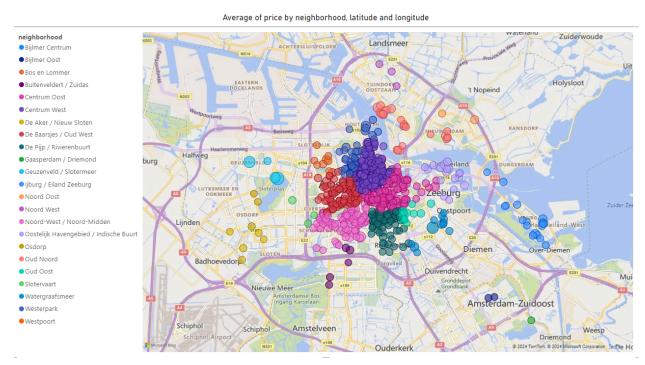


The correlation between number of bedrooms and price is 0.4461436487654141

#### Price vs. Location

A heatmap was created to visualize the distribution of prices across different geographical locations in Amsterdam. This highlighted areas with higher and lower prices.





# Insights from the analysis

#### Host Analysis

- Top Earners: The host with the ID 2674028 is the highest earner, with total earnings amounting to \$162,837.
- Earnings vs. Prices: There is a weak positive correlation (0.124) between earnings and prices. This indicates that prices have a minimal impact on the total earnings of Airbnb hosts.

#### Neighborhood Analysis

- Popular Locations: The most popular area for booking Airbnbs in Amsterdam is De Baarsjes/Oud West. This popularity is reflected in its earnings, making it the highest-earning neighborhood in the city.
- Price Relation: The correlation between the popularity of a location and its prices is moderate. This can be observed by comparing the number of bookings per neighborhood with the average prices in those neighborhoods.

#### Reviews Analysis

Quality vs. Price: When considering missing data as zeroes, it is evident from the box plot that the average price of rooms with a 5-star rating is higher than those with lower ratings.

#### Price Analysis

 Price vs. Amenities: Up to seven bedrooms, there is a trend showing that more bedrooms generally lead to higher prices.

# 6. Conclusion

In summary, the analysis reveals that the top-earning Airbnb host, with an ID of 2674028, has earned \$162,837. Despite a faint correlation (0.124) between earnings and prices, indicating minimal price impact on total earnings, neighborhood popularity significantly influences earnings, with De Baarsjes/Oud West being the highest-earning area in Amsterdam.

A moderate correlation exists between neighborhood popularity and prices. Reviews show that rooms with 5-star ratings tend to be priced higher on average. Additionally, prices generally increase with the number of bedrooms up to seven, suggesting that more amenities lead to higher rates.