1.The <sup> tag defines superscript text. Superscript text appears half a character above the normal line, and is sometimes rendered in a smaller font.

ex:-sup {

vertical-align: super;

font-size: smaller;

}

2.The <sub> tag defines subscript text. Subscript text appears half a character below the normal line, and is sometimes rendered in a smaller font.

ex:-sub {

vertical-align: sub;

font-size: smaller;

}

3.The <s> HTML element renders text with a strikethrough, or a line through it. Use the <s> element to represent things that are no longer relevant or no longer accurate.

ex:-<p><s>There will be a few tickets available at the box office tonight.</s></p>

<p>SOLD OUT!</p>

4.The HTML <b> element defines bold text, without any extra importance.

Example

<b>This text is bold</b>

5.To underline a text in HTML, use the <u> tag. The <u> tag deprecated in HTML, but then re-introduced in HTML5. Now it represents a text different from another text stylistically, such as a misspelled word.

To underline a text, you can also use the style attribute.

ex:-<!DOCTYPE html>

<html>

<head>

<title>HTML u tag</title>

</head>

<body>

<h1>Heading</h1>

<p><u>This text will be underlined.</u></p>

</body>

</html>