#### **PROGRAM 4: STUDENT FACULTY DATABASE**

Consider the following database for student enrollment for course :

STUDENT(<u>snum</u>: integer, sname:string, major: string, lvl: string, age: integer)

CLASS(<u>cname</u>: string, meetsat: time, room: string, fid: integer)

**ENROLLED**(<u>snum</u>: integer, <u>cname</u>:string)

FACULTY(<u>fid</u>: integer, fname:string, deptid: integer)

The meaning of these relations is straightforward; for example, Enrolled has one record per student-class pair such that the student is enrolled in the class. Level(IvI) is a two character code with 4 different values (example: Junior: JR etc)

Write the following queries in SQL.

No duplicates should be printed in any of the answers.

- i. Find the names of all Juniors (level = JR) who are enrolled in a class taught by
- ii. Find the names of all classes that either meet in room R128 or have five or more Students enrolled.
- iii. Find the names of all students who are enrolled in two classes that meet at the same time.
- iv. Find the names of faculty members who teach in every room in which some class is taught.
- v. Find the names of faculty members for whom the combined enrollment of the courses that they teach is less than five.
- vi. Find the names of students who are not enrolled in any class.
- vii. For each age value that appears in Students, find the level value that appears most often. For example, if there are more FR level students aged 18 than SR, JR, or SO students aged 18, you should print the pair (18, FR).

## **SQL>** select \* from student;

SNUM	SNAME	MA	LV	AGE
 1	jhon	CS	Sr	19
2	Smith	CS	Jr	20
3	Jacob	CV	Sr	20
4	Tom	CS	Jr	20
5	Rahul	CS	Jr	20
6	Rita	CS	Sr	21

# **SQL>** select \* from faculty;

DEPTID
1000
1000
1001
1002
1000

# SQL> select \* from class;

<b>CNAME</b>	METTS_A	ROOM	FID
Class1	12/11/15 10:15:16.00000	) R1	14
Class10	12/11/15 10:15:16.00000	R128	14
Class2	12/11/15 10:15:20.00000	0 R2	12
Class3	12/11/15 10:15:25.00000	0 R3	11
Class4	12/11/15 20:15:20.00000	0 R4	14
Class5	12/11/15 20:15:20.00000	0 R3	15
Class6	12/11/15 13:20:20.000000	) R2	14
Class7	12/11/15 10:10:10.000000	) R3	14

## SQL> select \* from enrolled;

SNUM CNAME

1 class1

```
create database studentfaculty2;
use studentfaculty2;
create table STUDENT(
snum int,
sname varchar(60),
major varchar(50),
lvl varchar(50),
age int,
primary key(snum)
);
create table CLASS(
cname varchar(60),
meetsat timestamp,
room varchar(60),
fid int,
primary key (cname)
);
create table enrolled(
snum int,
cname varchar(60),
primary key(snum,cname),
foreign key(snum) references STUDENT(snum)
on update cascade on delete cascade,
foreign key(cname) references CLASS(cname)
on update cascade on delete cascade
);
create table FACULTY(
fid int.
fname varchar(60),
deptid int,
primary key(fid)
);
```

2 class1
3 class3
4 class3
5 class4

insert into STUDENT values (1,'Jhon','CS','Sr',19), (2,'Smith','CS','Jr',20), (3,'Jacob','CV','Sr',20), (4,'Tom','CS','Jr',20), (5,'Rahul','CS','Jr',20), (6,'Rita','CS','Sr',21);

insert into CLASS values ('Class1',"15/11/12 10:15:16.00000",'R1',14); select \* from CLASS;

insert into CLASS values ('Class10',"15/11/12 10:15:16.00000",'R128',14), ('Class2',"15/11/12 10:15:20.00000",'R2',12),

('Class3',"15/11/12 10:15:25.00000",'R3',11), ('Class4',"15/11/12 10:15:20.00000",'R4',14), ('Class5',"15/11/12 10:15:20.00000",'R3',15),

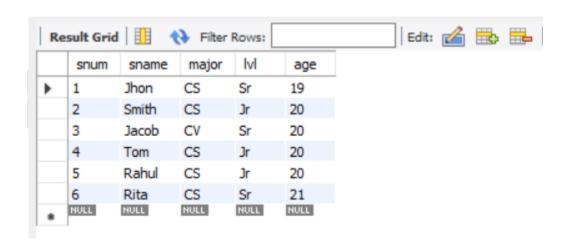
('Class6',"15/11/12 13:20:20.00000",'R2',14), ('Class7',"15/11/12 10:10:10.00000",'R3',14);

insert into ENROLLED values (1,'Class1'),(2,'Class1'),(3,'Class3'),(4,'Class3'),(5,'Class4');

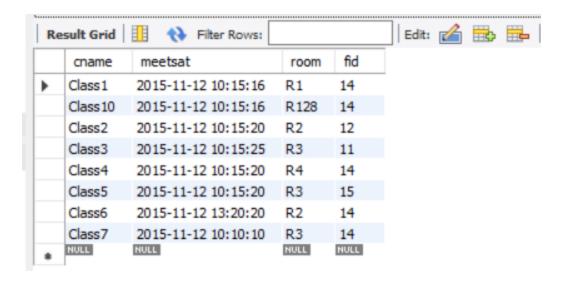
insert into FACULTY values

(11, 'Harish', 1000), (12, 'MV', 1000), (13, 'Mira', 1001), (14, 'Shiva', 1002), (15, 'Nupur', 1000);

select \* from STUDENT;



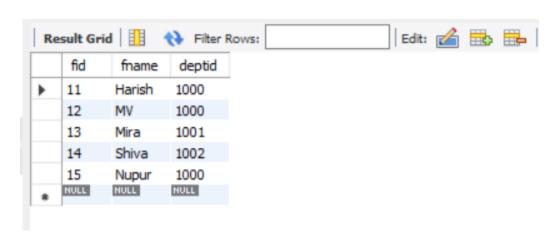
select \* from CLASS;



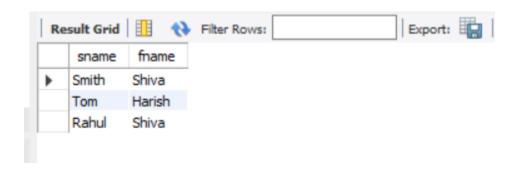
### select \* from ENROLLED;



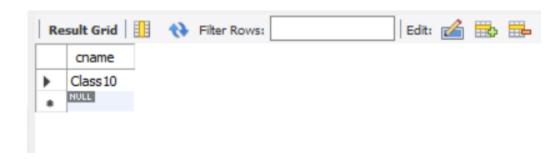
#### select \* from FACULTY;



select s.sname, f.fname from STUDENT s, CLASS c, FACULTY f,ENROLLED e where s.snum=e.snum and s.lvl='Jr' and e.cname=c.cname and f.fid=c.fid;



select c.cname from class c where c.room = 'R128' or c.cname in (select e.cname from enrolled e group by e.cname having count(e.snum)>5);



select distinct s.sname from student s where s.snum in (select e1.snum from enrolled e1, enrolled e2, class c1, class c2 where e1.snum = e2.snum and e1.cname != e2.cname and e1.cname = c1.cname and e2.cname = c2.cname and c1.meetsat = c2.meetsat);



select distinct f.fname from faculty f where 5>(select COUNT(e.snum) from Class c, enrolled e where c.cname = e.cname and c.fid = f.fid);



select distinct s.sname from student s where s.snum not in(select e.snum from enrolled e);

