

Experiment-2

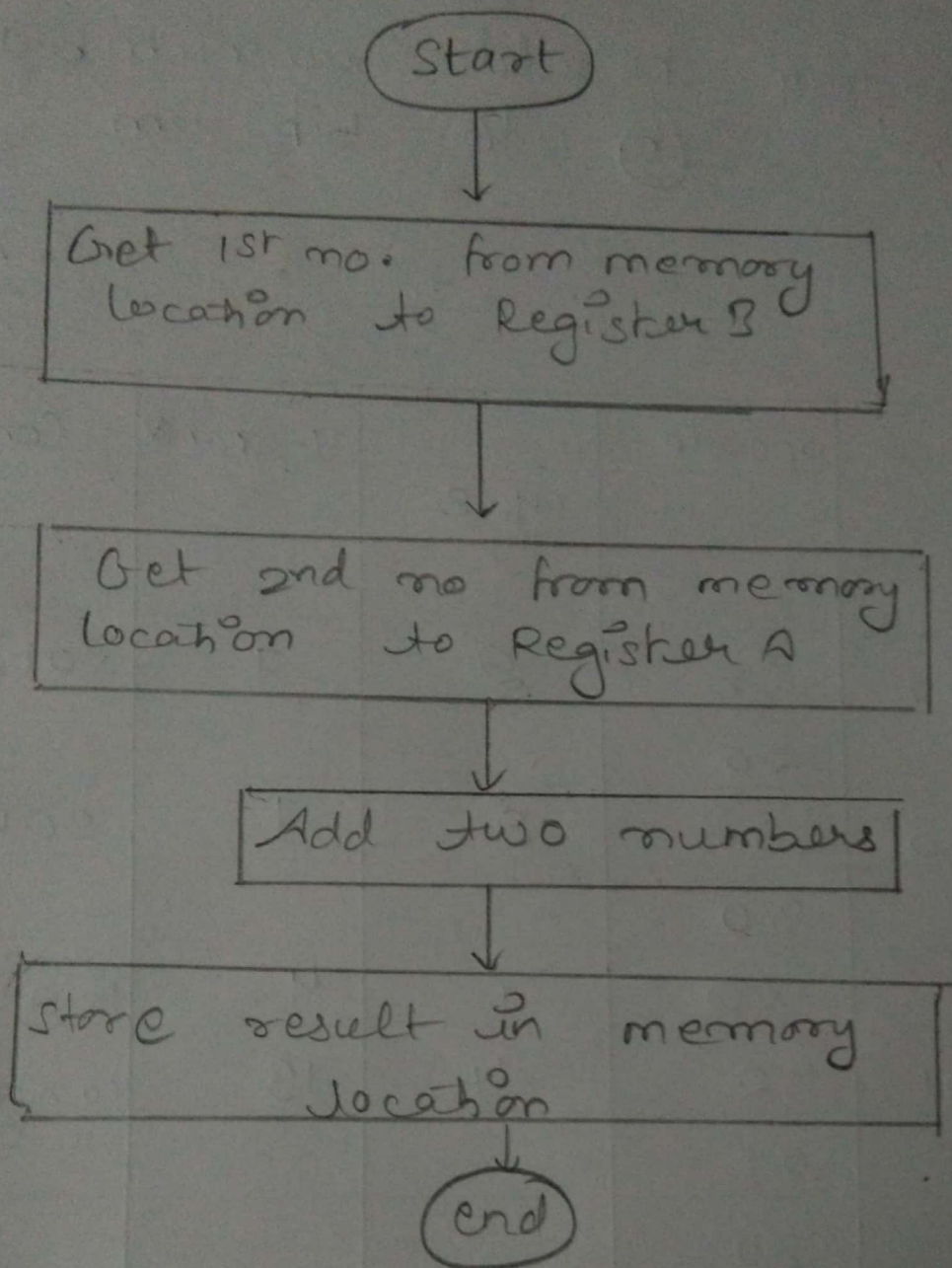
Aim 3- write a program to add two numbers to get
 (a) 8-bit sum (b) 16-bit sum

For 8-bit

Memory address	Mnemonics	operand	opcode	cycles	T-states	Comments
2000	MVI	A, 20	3E	2	7	20 is moved to A
2001			20			
2002	MVI	B, 30	06	2	7	30 is moved to B
2003			30			
2004	ADD	B	80	1	4	contents of B added to A result str in A
2005	STA	3001	32	4	13	contents of A stored in 3001
2006			01			
2007			30			
2008	HLT		76	2	5	

Result :-

Memory Address	Before Execution	After Execution
2001	20	20 H
2003	30	30 H
3001		50 H



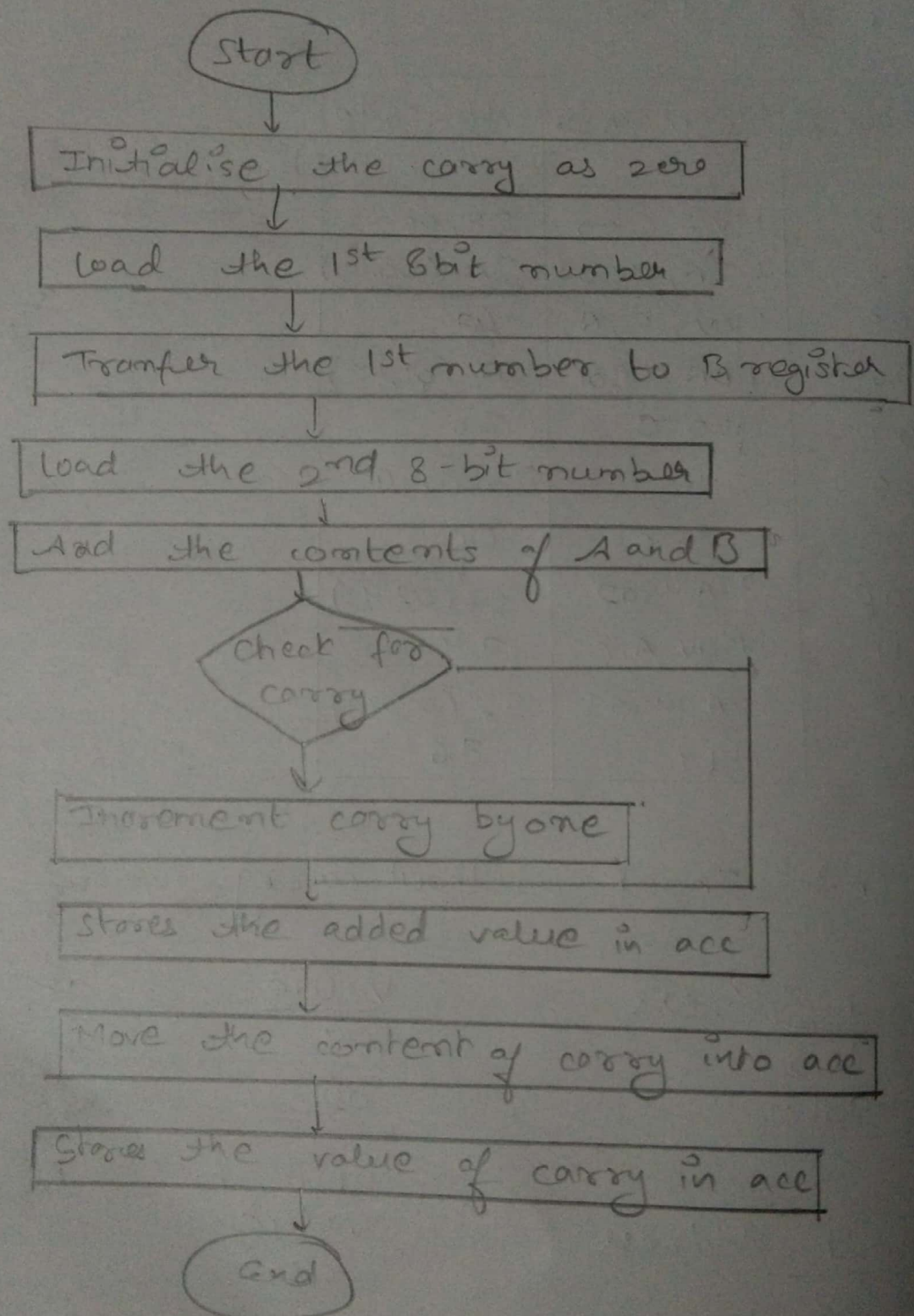
For 16-Bit:

Address	Mnemonics	Hex code
4100	MVI C, 00	DE, 00
4102	LDA, 4300	3A, (00, 43)
4105	MOV B, A	47
4106	LDA 4301	3A, (01, 43)
4109	ADD B	80
410A	JNC	D2, 0E, 41
410D	INRC	DC
410E	STA 4302	32 (02, 43)
4111	MOV A, C	79
4112	STA 4303	32 (03, 43)
4115	HLT	76

Result :- Input without carry.

<u>Input Address</u>	<u>Value</u>
4300	04
4301	02

<u>Output Address</u>	<u>value</u>
4302	06
4303	00 (carry)



with carry

Input Address

4300

4301

Value

FF

FF

Op+ Output address

4302

4303

FE

01 (carry)

Result:-

The assembly language program for 8-bit addition of ~~8~~ 2 nos. was executed successfully by using 8085 micro - processing kit.

