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CHAPTER 14 : Callback functions in JS & Front Listeners

"When you pass a function inside another function as an argument, it is called a callback function"

"It is called a callback because it is used sometimes else / later in your code."

④.1 → Callback fⁿ

```
setTimeout (function () {  
  console.log ("timer");  
}, 2000)
```

• Output
x

y
timer

```
function x (y) {  
  console.log ("x"); y();  
}
```

→ Callback fⁿ

```
x (function y () {  
  console.log ("y");  
})
```



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"JS is a single-threaded language and it executes one line at a time."

"JS has only one call stack and you can call it as main thread."

(14.1) Registering of setTimeout and will store it in a separate space and attach a timer to it. Then in the setTimeout we are passing the function as a callback so that we can use it sometimes later in our code.

• Blocking Main Thread in JS: As JS has only one call stack and you can call it as main thread. So, ~~when~~ everything happens inside this call stack and if there is a heavy operation it can block our main thread. So, it's better to use some async operation like setTimeout which will execute after a certain time and won't block our code.



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• Event Listener in JS:

document.getElementById("Click Me").

```
addEventListener("click", function xyz() {  
  console.log("Button Clicked");  
});
```

xyz() is a callback function

↳ So, whenever the button is clicked (event is triggered), the callback function gets pushed into the call stack.

• Closures along with Event Listener:

• Create a function that counts no. of clicks:

```
function countClicks() {  
  var count = 0;
```

```
  document.getElementById("Click Me").
```

```
  addEventListener("click", function xyz() {  
    console.log("Button Clicked");
```

```
  });
```

```
}  
countClicks();
```



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=> So, here the function `xyz()` has formed a closure with `countClick()` and thus on every 'click' (event triggering), the count is increasing.

• Garbage collection & remove Event listener :

=> Why need to remove Event listener :

• Because event listeners are too heavy, so to free up the memory we remove Event listener.

• So, when we remove the Event listener, all the variables which are held by this, will be garbage collected.