MRI Data Classification using CNN

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1. Introduction

Neuro-imaging is a branch of medical imaging that focuses on the brain. In addition to diagnosing disease and assessing brain health, neuro-imaging also studies:

- How the brain works
- How various activities impact the brain

In deep learning a **convolutional neural network** (**CNN**, or **ConvNet**) is a class of deep neural networks most commonly applied to analyzing visual imagery

The name "convolutional neural network" indicates that the network employs a mathematical operation called convolution. Convolution is a specialized kind of linear operation. Convolutional networks are simply neural networks that use convolution in place of general matrix multiplication in at least one of their layers.

MRI Images have been given as Input to CNN for binary classification of images as Healthy and Patient.

Independent test dataset has been used for evaluating the model performance.

2. Code Description

Python Files

/Cnn_Mri_Classification/Data_preprocessing/preprocess_data.py

/Cnn_Mri_Classification/Data_preprocessing/preprocessing_testing.py

/Cnn_Mri_Classification/Data_preprocessing/show_image.py

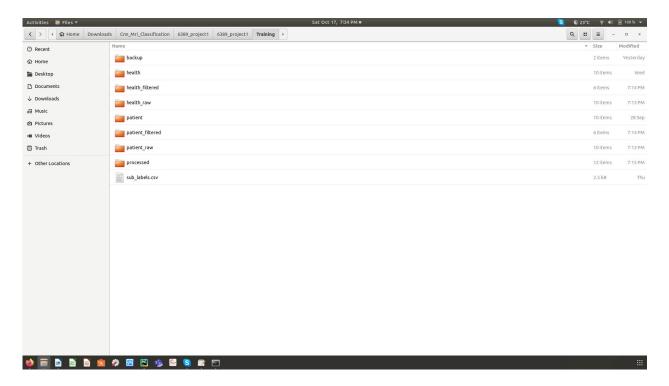
/Cnn_Mri_Classification/Model_training_testing/cnn_model.py

/Cnn_Mri_Classification/Model_training_testing/training.py

Folder Structure for dataset:

/Cnn_Mri_Classification/6389_project1/6389_project1/Training

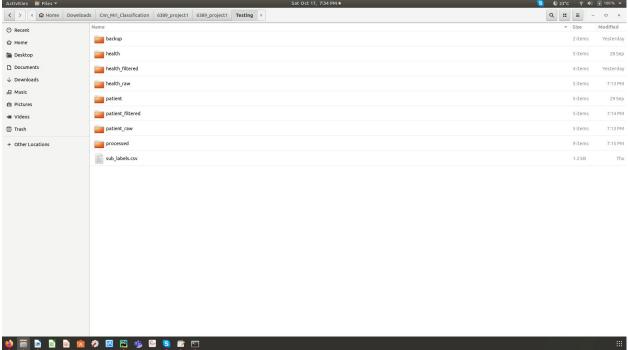
We have created some folders after each stage during pre-processing as attached below, images during each stage will get saved in new folder, so that we can easily identify the changes during each stage.



/Cnn_Mri_Classification/6389_project1/6389_project1/Testing

We have created some folders after each stage during pre-processing as attached below, images during each stage will get saved in new folder, so that we can easily identify the changes during

each stage.



After pre-processing, some files have been generated for the CNN model as attached below. These files will be used by CNN model for traing/testing/validation



3. How to run code

To Show MRI Image

python /Cnn_Mri_Classification/Data_preprocessing/show_image.py

For Pre-processing Data

python /Cnn Mri Classification/Data preprocessing/preprocessing_testing.py

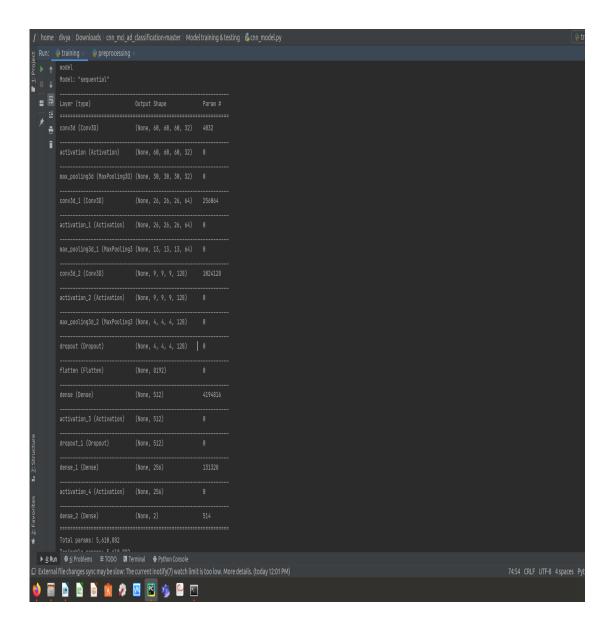
To Train Model

python /Cnn_Mri_Classification/Model_training_testing/training.py

4. Convolutional Neural Network Model Description

"sequential" model has been used to create CNN. 17 layers have used to create the model. Attaching screenshot for the same. MRI Images given are very big in size approximately 128*128*128 as we can see here .MRI Image has been resized to 64*64*64 due to limited GPU and CPU.

Adam optimizer has been used as it is an adaptive learning rate optimization algorithm that's been designed specifically for training deep neural networks.



5. MRI Image Visualization Healthy vs Patient

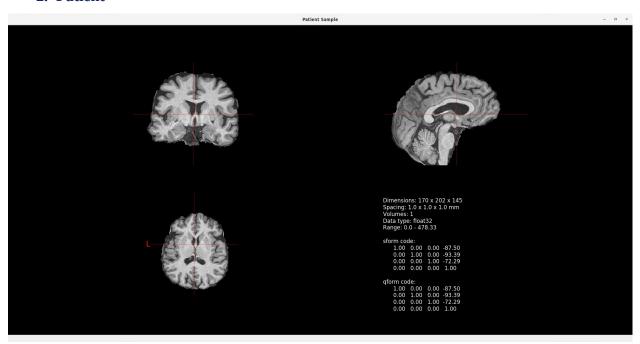
/Cnn_Mri_Classification/Data_preprocessing/show_image.py In this python file, we have tried to show the 3D-image of both Healthy and Patient Dataset. We have randomly selected one image of both dataset given.

We also calculated some details of the Images as shown in screen shots like Dimensions, Spacing, Volume, Datatype, Range etc.

1. Health



2. Patient



We can see some differences in both Health and patient images.

6. Data Preprocessing

/Cnn_Mri_Classification/Data_preprocessing/preprocess_data.py /Cnn_Mri_Classification/Data_preprocessing/preprocessing_testing.py

Below steps have been followed for both Training and Testing dataset but testing data kept separately to avoid over-fitting of the model.

Code has been implemented as below:

1.Unzip .nii in patient_raw, health_raw

nii raw MRI images will be saved in folder separately for Training and testing i.e.

(/Cnn_Mri_Classification/6389_project1/6389_project1/Training/health_raw,/

Cnn_Mri_Classification/6389_project1/6389_project1/Training/patient_raw) and

(/Cnn_Mri_Classification/6389_project1/6389_project1/Testing/health_raw,/Cnn_Mri_Classification/6389_project1/6389_project1/Testing/patient_raw)

2.Filtered .nii to .npy in folder(patient_filtered, health_ filtered)

Images pre-processed differently also have a different head orientation, so they were removed. This is done by filtering the dimensions. By checking, it is found that if the last dimension s[2] is larger than the first dimension s[0], then the head orientation in this image is different to the majority, also the image was pre-processed differently can be seen from the name of the file. (/Cnn_Mri_Classification/6389_project1/6389_project1/Training/health_filtered,/

Cnn_Mri_Classification/6389_project1/6389_project1/Training/patient_filtered) and

(/Cnn_Mri_Classification/6389_project1/6389_project1/Testing/health_filtered,/Cnn_Mri_Classification/6389_project1/6389_project1/Testing/patient_filtered)

3. Processed all healthy/patient to processed folder

Pre-processing of original images. Pre-processing include: skull-stripping, brain cropping, resizing and intensity-normalization.

MRI Image has been resized to 64*64*64 due to limited GPU and CPU.

 $(/Cnn_Mri_Classification/6389_project1/6389_project1/Training/processed) and$

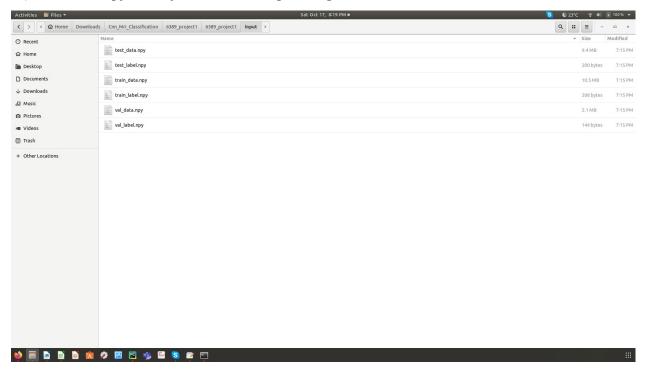
(/Cnn Mri Classification/6389 project1/6389 project1/Testing/processed)

4. Final step is after pre-processing, data has been split into 2 parts:

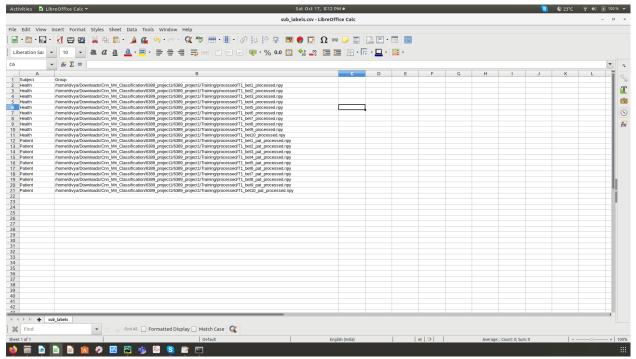
Training and Validation. All the data has been converted into single files .npy. And Testing dataset as well. All files have been created in Input folder as data and their corresponding labels

- 1) test_data.npy Array of Input images for Testing dataset
- 2) test_label.npy Array of Labels of Input images for Testing dataset
- 3) train_data.npy Array of Input images for Training dataset
- 4) train_label.npy Array of Labels of Input images for Training dataset
- 5) val_data.npy Array of Input images for Vaidation dataset

6) val_label.npy - Array of Labels of Input images for Validation dataset

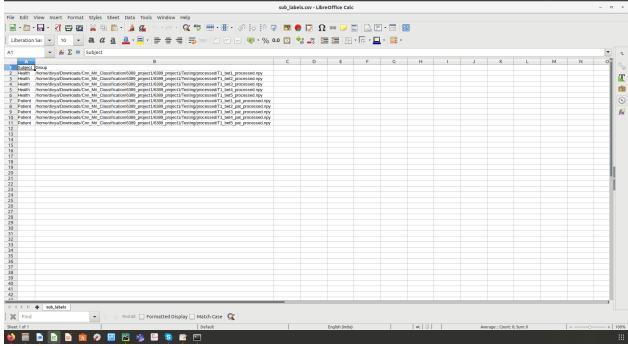


5.Some manual steps required for Training the model Created labels for Training/Validation in sub_label.csv as Subject and Group as the heading at location /Cnn_Mri_Classification/6389_project1/6389_project1/Training



Created labels for Testing in sub_label.csv as Subject and Group as the heading at location

 $/Cnn_Mri_Classification/6389_project1/6389_project1/Testing \\ {\tt Activities} \quad {\tt b} \ {\tt LibreOffice} \ {\tt Calc} {\tt 2}$

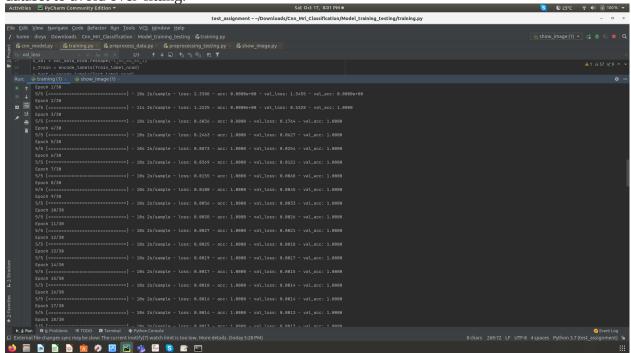


7. Training CNN Model

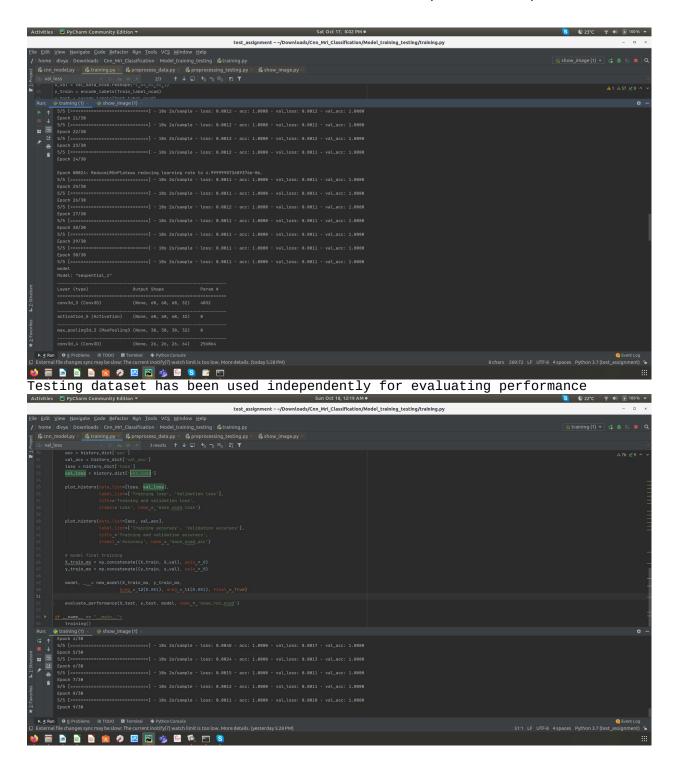
/Cnn_Mri_Classification/Model_training_testing/cnn_model.py

/Cnn_Mri_Classification/Model_training_testing/training.py

Model has been trained for 30 number of epochs as attached below using Training and validation dataset. At Epoch 00024: ReduceLROnPlateau reduced learning rate to 4.999999873689376e-06. Testing dataset has been kept aside for evaluating the model. It has been used as Independent dataset to avoid over-fitting.



As we can see, model has been over fitted so ReduceLROnPlateau class has been tried. It can be done by reduce learning rate when a metric has stopped improving. Models often benefit from reducing the learning rate by a factor of 2-10 once learning stagnates. This callback monitors a quantity and if no improvement is seen for a 'patience' number of epochs, the learning rate is reduced. Please refer below screenshot as below:

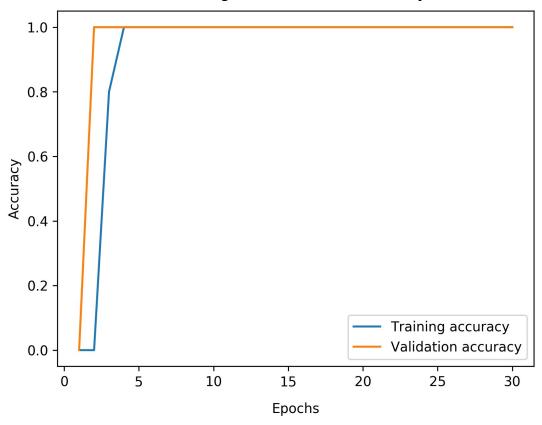


8. Graphs/Accuracy/Configuration Matrix

As we can see that due to limited dataset, the model has been over-fitted.

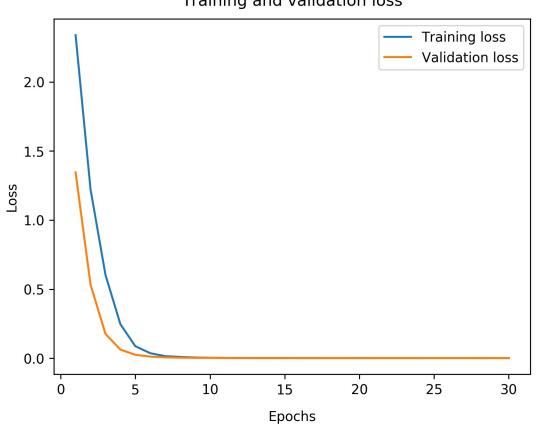
Attaching below graph for Training and validation accuracy.

Training and validation accuracy



Attaching below graph for Training and validation loss.

Training and validation loss



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Attaching screenshot for the accuracy, confusion matrix and other parameters. Accuracy has been 1, it shows that the model has been overfitted. We have tried for 30 number of epochs for CNN model. At Epoch 00024: ReduceLROnPlateau reduced learning rate to 4.99999873689376e-06. For more details on ReduceLROnPlateau, you can refer here

9. Driver script

If we want to Pre-process data again, we have to empty our folders again using Terminal

```
cd /home/divya/Downloads/Cnn_Mri_Classification/6389_project1/6389_project1/Training/health_filtered;
```

rm *.npy;

cd /home/divya/Downloads/Cnn_Mri_Classification/6389_project1/6389_project1/Training/health_raw;

rm *.nii;cd

/home/divya/Downloads/Cnn_Mri_Classification/6389_project1/6389_project1/Training/patient_filtered;

rm *.npy;

cd /home/divya/Downloads/Cnn_Mri_Classification/6389_project1/6389_project1/Training/patient_raw;

rm *.nii;

cd /home/divya/Downloads/Cnn_Mri_Classification/6389_project1/6389_project1/ Training/processed;

rm *.npy;

####Testing

cd /home/divya/Downloads/Cnn_Mri_Classification/6389_project1/6389_project1/ Testing/health_filtered;

rm *.npy;

cd /home/divya/Downloads/Cnn_Mri_Classification/6389_project1/6389_project1/ Testing/health_raw;

rm *.nii;

cd /home/divya/Downloads/Cnn_Mri_Classification/6389_project1/6389_project1/ Testing/patient_filtered;

rm *.npy;

cd /home/divya/Downloads/Cnn_Mri_Classification/6389_project1/6389_project1/ Testing/patient_raw; rm *.nii; cd /home/divya/Downloads/Cnn_Mri_Classification/6389_project1/6389_project1/ Testing/processed; rm *.npy;

10. References

https://rdrr.io/cran/kerasR/man/ReduceLROnPlateau.html https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Convolutional_neural_network https://www.vincentkoppelmans.com/neuroscience/quick-visualization-of-nifti-images/

https://www.kaggle.com/kmader/show-3d-nifti-images