

3. Given $\omega_c = \omega_p = 2 \times \pi \times 1000 = 2000\pi \text{ rad/sec}$

$$\alpha_p = 3 \text{ dB} \quad \alpha_s = 10 \text{ dB}$$

$$\omega_s = 2 \times \pi \times 350 = 700\pi \text{ rad/sec}$$

$$T = \frac{1}{f} = \frac{1}{5000} = 2 \times 10^{-4} \text{ sec}$$

$$\omega_p = \frac{2}{T} \tan \frac{\omega_p T}{2} = \frac{2}{2 \times 10^{-4}} \tan \left(\frac{2000\pi \times 2 \times 10^{-4}}{2} \right) = 10^4 \tan(0.2\pi)$$

$$\omega_s = \frac{2}{T} \tan \frac{\omega_s T}{2} = \frac{2}{2 \times 10^{-4}} \tan \left(\frac{700\pi \times 2 \times 10^{-4}}{2} \right) = 2235 \text{ rad/sec}$$

The order of the filter

$$N = \frac{\log \sqrt{\frac{10^{0.1 \alpha_s} - 1}{10^{0.1 \alpha_p} - 1}}}{\frac{\log \omega_s}{\omega_p}} = \frac{\log 3}{\log 3.25} = 0.932,$$

$$N = 1 //$$

1st order Butterworth filter.

$$\omega_c = 1 \text{ rad/sec is } H(s) = \frac{1}{1+s}$$

$$\omega_c = \omega_p = 7265 \quad \& \quad s = \frac{\omega_c}{s} = \frac{7265}{s}$$

$$H(s) = \frac{1}{s+1} \Big|_{s=\frac{7265}{s}} = \frac{s}{s+7265}$$

Using bilinear transformation

$$H(z) = H(s) \Big|_{s = \frac{2}{T} \left(\frac{1-z^{-1}}{1+z^{-1}} \right)}$$

$$= \frac{s}{s+7265} \Big|_{s = \frac{2}{2 \times 10^{-4}} \left(\frac{1-z^{-1}}{1+z^{-1}} \right)}$$

$$= \frac{0.5792 - 0.5792z^{-1}}{1 - 0.01584z^{-1}}$$

