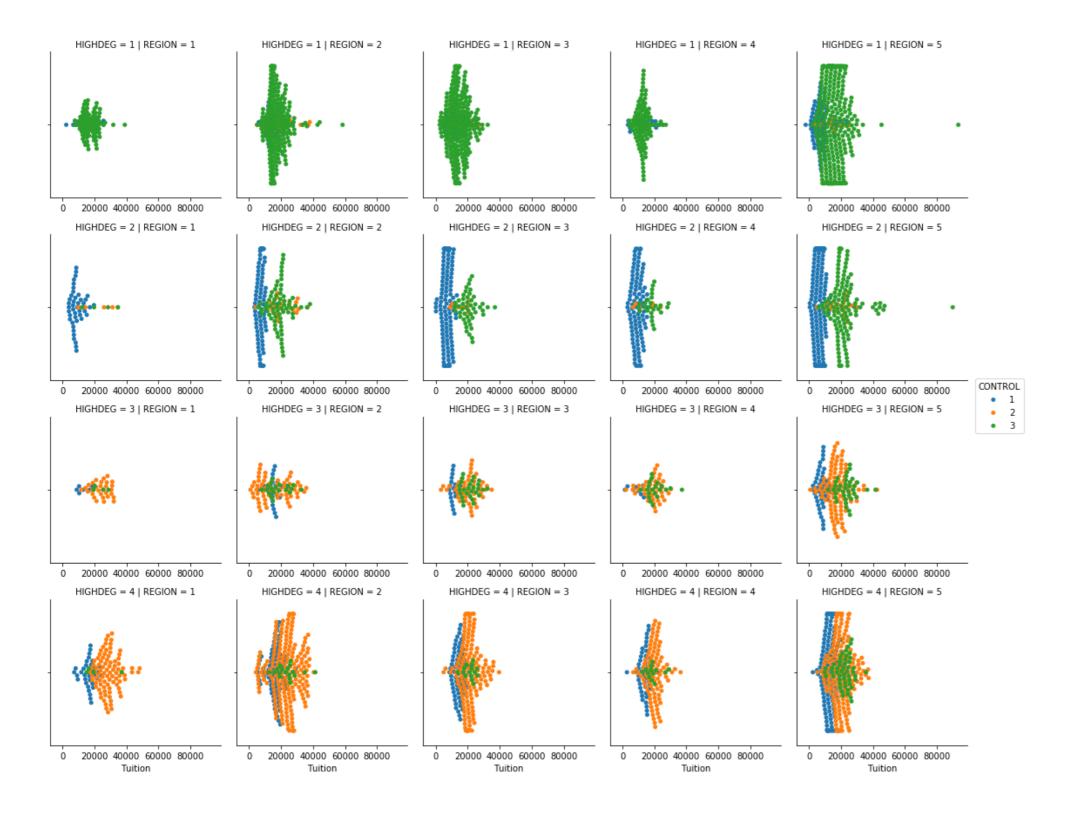
Using FacetGrid, factorplot and Implot

INTERMEDIATE DATA VISUALIZATION WITH SEABORN



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Instructor





Tidy data

- Seaborn's grid plots require data in "tidy format"
- One observation per row of data

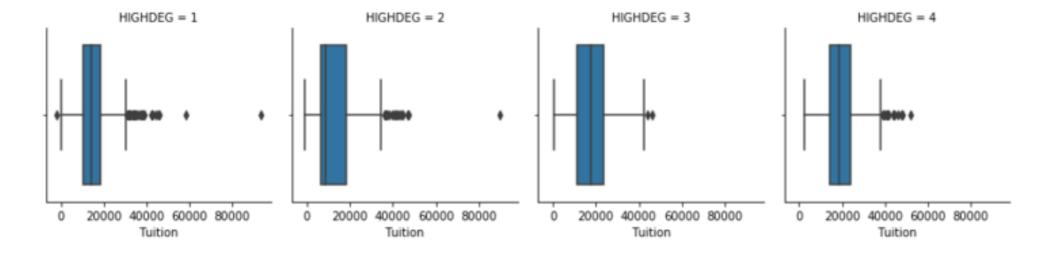
	INSTNM	OPEID	REGION	SAT_AVG_ALL	PCTPELL	PCTFLOAN	ADM_RATE_ALL	UG	AVGFACSAL	COMPL_RPY_5YR_RT	DEBT_MDN
0	Alabama A & M University	100200	5	850.0	0.7249	0.8159	0.653841	4380.0	7017.0	0.477631579	14600
1	University of Alabama at Birmingham	105200	5	1147.0	0.3505	0.5218	0.604275	10331.0	10221.0	0.673230442	14250
2	Amridge University	2503400	5	NaN	0.7455	0.8781	NaN	98.0	3217.0	0.636363636	11082
3	University of Alabama in Huntsville	105500	5	1221.0	0.3179	0.4589	0.811971	5220.0	9514.0	0.762222222	15000
4	Alabama State University	100500	5	844.0	0.7567	0.7692	0.463858	4348.0	7940.0	0.43006993	15274

FacetGrid

- The FacetGrid is foundational for many data aware grids
- It allows the user to control how data is distributed across columns, rows and hue
- Once a FacetGrid is created, the plot type must be mapped to the grid

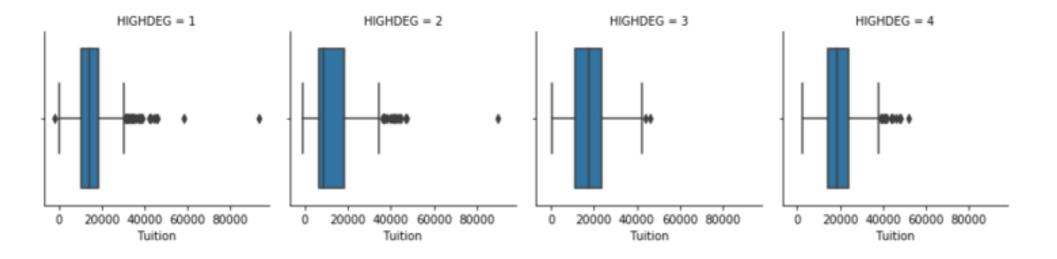
FacetGrid Categorical Example

```
g = sns.FacetGrid(df, col="HIGHDEG")
g.map(sns.boxplot, 'Tuition',
    order=['1', '2', '3', '4'])
```



factorplot()

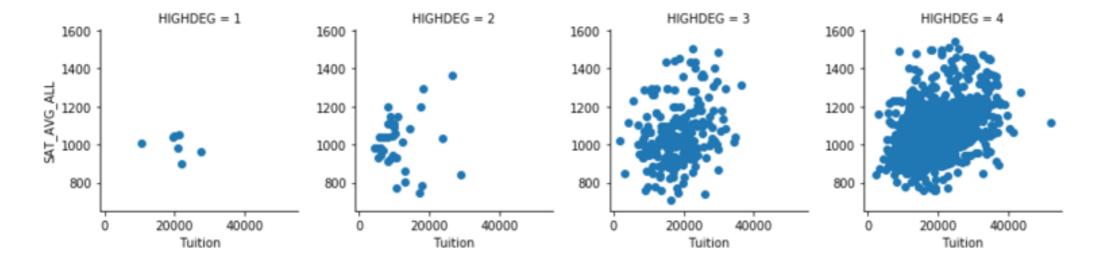
- The factorplot is a simpler way to use a FacetGrid for categorical data
- Combines the facetting and mapping process into 1 function



FacetGrid for regression

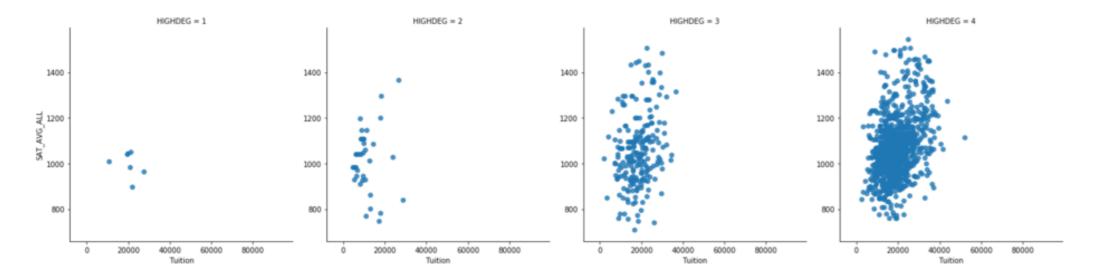
• FacetGrid() can also be used for scatter or regression plots

```
g = sns.FacetGrid(df, col="HIGHDEG")
g.map(plt.scatter, 'Tuition', 'SAT_AVG_ALL')
```

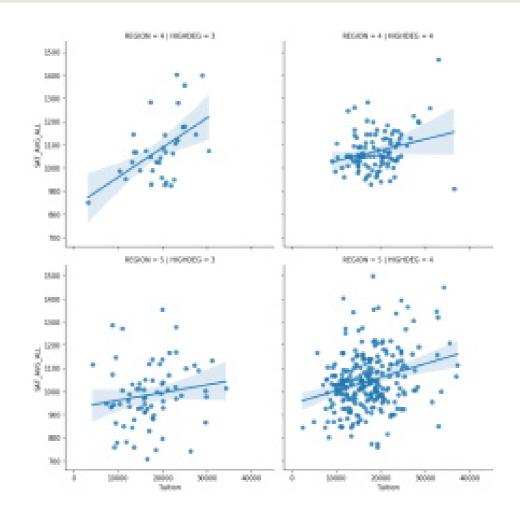


Implot

• Implot plots scatter and regression plots on a FacetGrid



Implot with regression



Let's practice!

INTERMEDIATE DATA VISUALIZATION WITH SEABORN



Using PairGrid and pairplot

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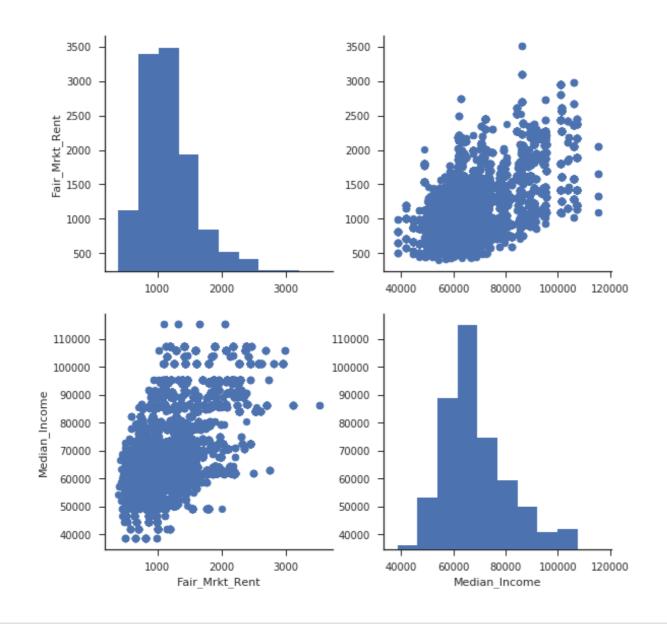


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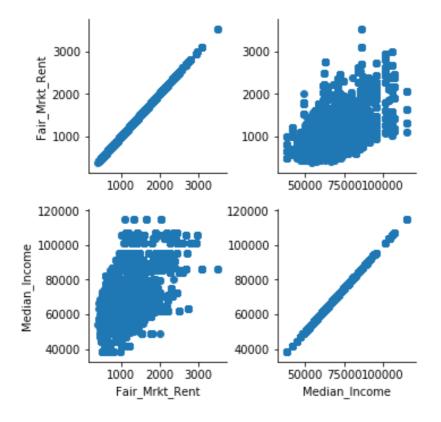
Pairwise relationships

 PairGrid shows pairwise relationships between data elements

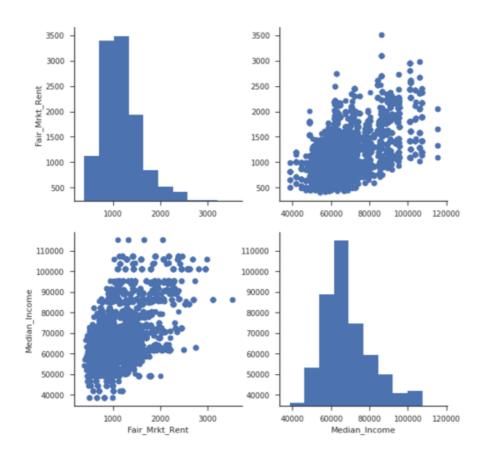


Creating a PairGrid

• The PairGrid follows similar API to FacetGrid



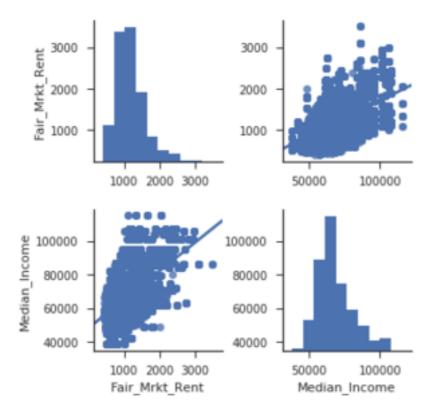
Customizing the PairGrid diagonals





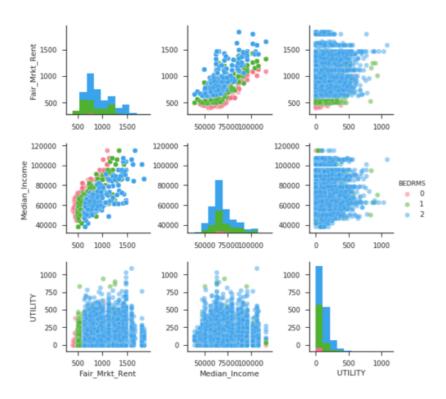
Pairplot

• pairplot is a shortcut for the PairGrid





Customizing a pairplot



Let's practice!

INTERMEDIATE DATA VISUALIZATION WITH SEABORN



Using JointGrid and jointplot

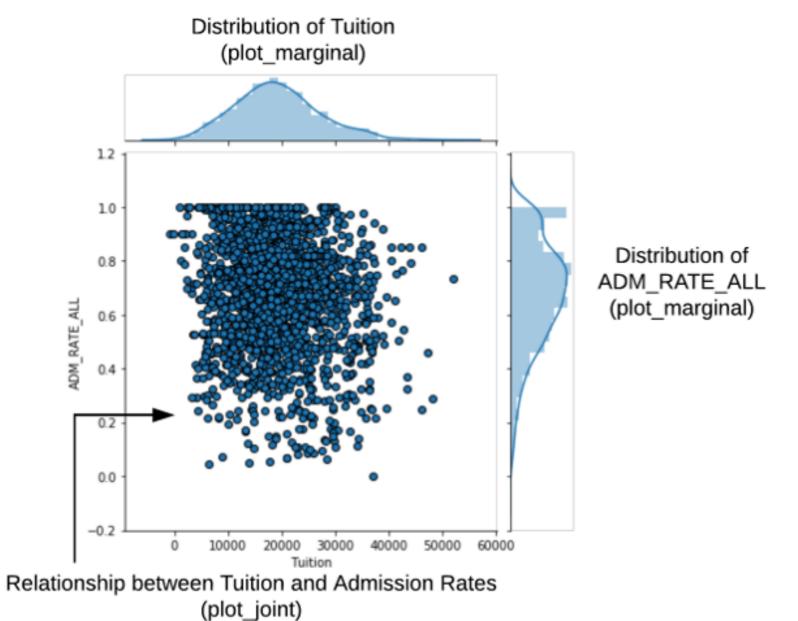
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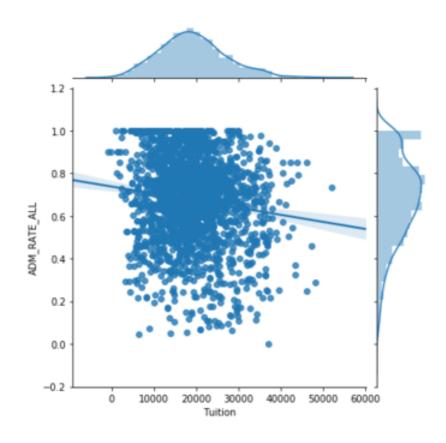


JointGrid() Overview

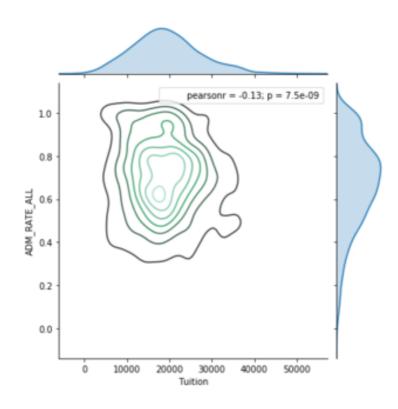




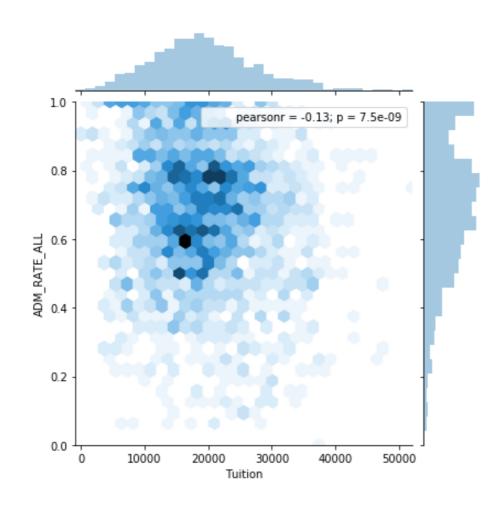
Basic JointGrid



Advanced JointGrid

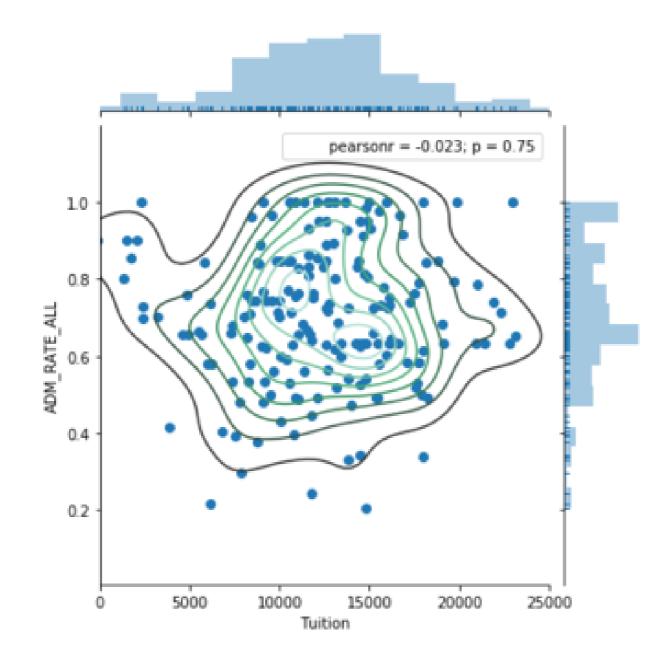


jointplot()



Customizing a jointplot

Customizing a jointplot





Let's practice!

INTERMEDIATE DATA VISUALIZATION WITH SEABORN



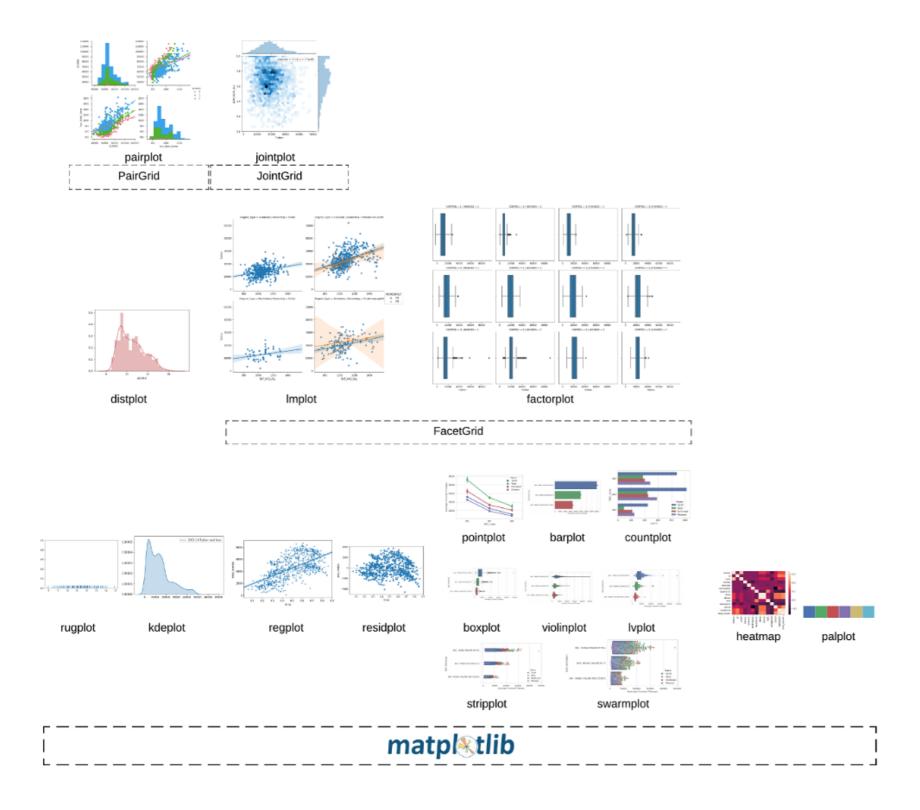
Selecting Seaborn Plots

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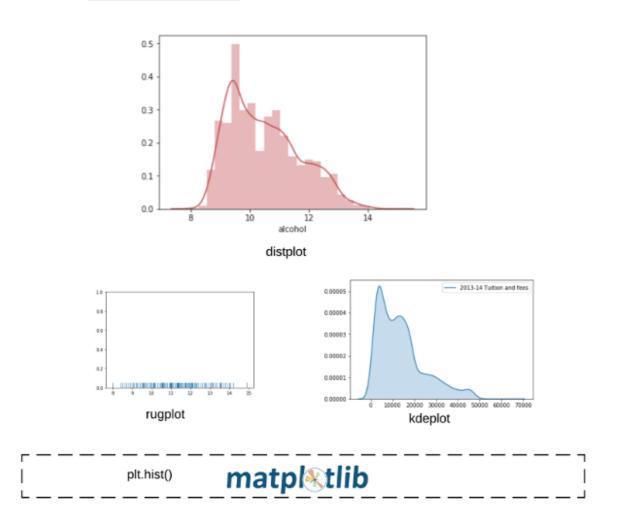
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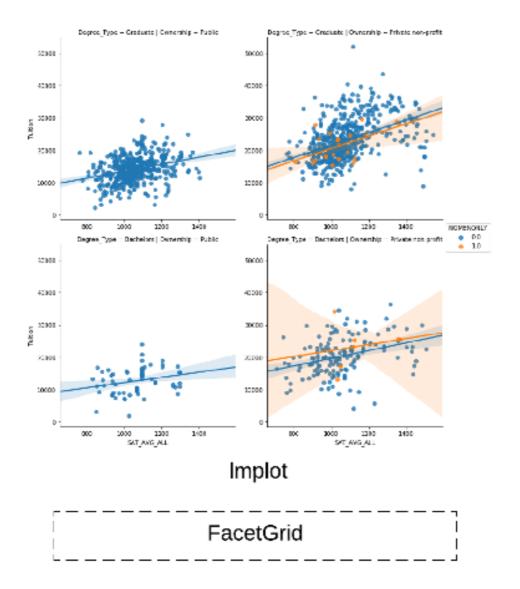
Univariate Distribution Analysis

- distplot() is the best place to start for this analysis
- rugplot() and kdeplot() can be useful alternatives



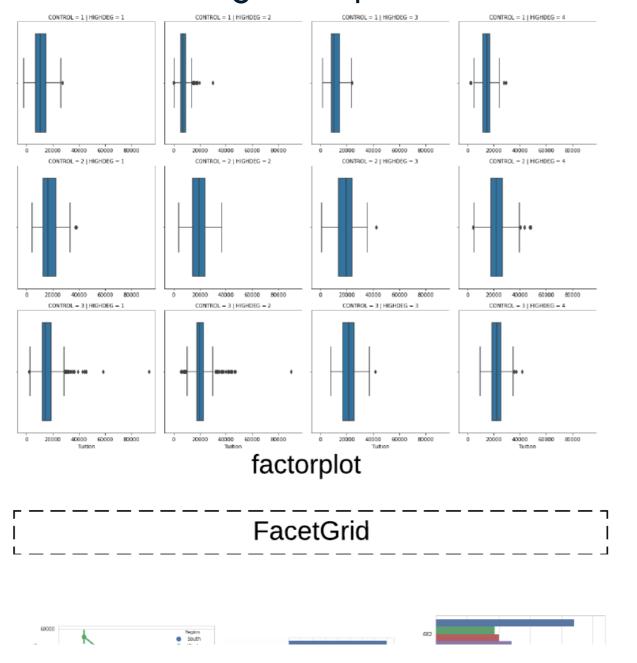
Regression Analysis

• Implot() performs regression analysis and supports facetting



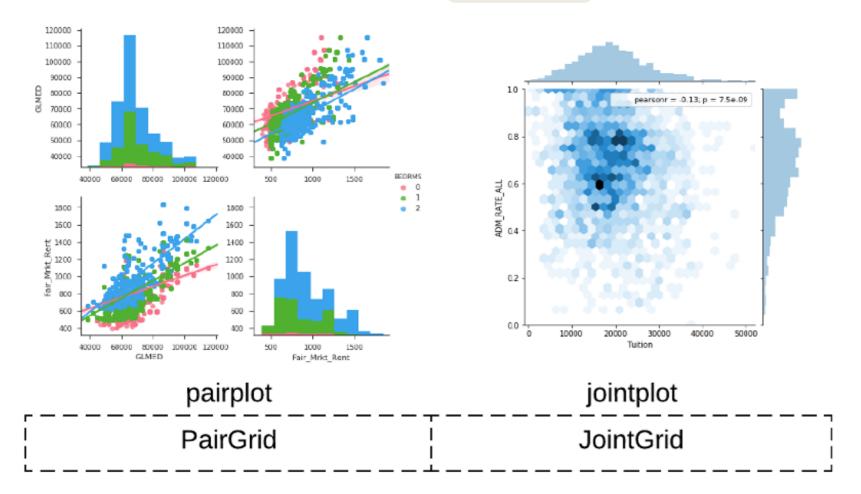
Categorical Plots

• Explore data with the categorical plots and facet with



pairplot() and jointplot()

- Perform regression analysis with lmplot
- Analyze distributions with distplot





Thank You!

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