

# file\_handling

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## 0.0.1 How File I/O is done in most programming languages

- Open a file
- Read/Write data
- Close the file

## 0.0.2 Writing to a file

```
[24]: # case 1 - if the file is not present
f = open('sample.txt','w')
f.write('Hello world')
f.close()
# since file is close, this will not work
f.write('hello')
```

```
[32]: # write multiline strings
f = open('sample1.txt', 'w')
f.write('Hello world!!')
f.write('\nhow are you?')
f.close()
```

```
[34]: # case 2 - if the file is already present
f = open('sample.txt','w')
f.write('salman khan')
f.close()
```

```
[42]: # Problem with w mode
# introducing append mode(a)
f = open('sample1.txt', 'a')
f.write('I am fine')
f.close()
```

```
[46]: # write multiple lines in the existing directory
L=['Hey\n', 'How are you?\n', 'After a long time\n', 'It was nice meeting you!!
↵\n']
f = open('sample1.txt', 'w')
f.writelines(L)
f.close()
```

```
[5]: # reading from files
# -> using read()
f = open('sample1.txt', 'r')
s = f.read()
print(s)
f.close()
```

Hey  
How are you?  
After a long time  
It was nice meeting you!!

```
[7]: # reading upto n chars
f = open('sample1.txt', 'r')
s = f.read(10)
print(s)
```

Hey  
How ar

```
[13]: # readline() -> to read line by line
f = open('sample1.txt', 'r')
print(f.readline(), end= '')
print(f.readline(), end= '')
f.close()
```

Hey  
How are you?

```
[15]: # reading entire using readline
f = open('sample1.txt', 'r')
while True:
    data = f.readline()
    if data == '':
        break
    else:
        print(data, end= '')

f.close()
```

Hey  
How are you?  
After a long time  
It was nice meeting you!!

# 1 Using Context Manager (With)1.

It's a good idea to close a file after usage as it will free up the resources 2. If we don't close it, garbage collector would close it 3. `with` keyword closes the file as soon as the usage is over

```
[26]: # with - shortcut for above code
# 'with' function automatically closes the file without the use of f.close()
with open('sample1.txt', 'w') as f:
    f.write('India is my country')
```

```
[34]: # try f.read() now
with open('sample1.txt', 'r') as f:
    print(f.read())
```

India is my country

```
[42]: # moving within a file -> 10 char then 10 char
with open('sample1.txt', 'r') as f:
    print(f.read(10))
    print(f.read(10))
```

India is m  
y country

```
[58]: # benefit? -> to load a big file in memory
big_L = ['hello world' for i in range(1000)]

with open('big_txt', 'w') as f:
    f.writelines(big_L)
```

```
[74]: with open('big_txt', 'r') as f:
    chunk_size = 10
    while len(f.read(chunk_size)) > 0:
        print(f.read(chunk_size), end='***')
        f.read(chunk_size)
```

dhello wor\*\*\*orldhello \*\*\*o worldhel\*\*\*ello world\*\*\*ldhello wo\*\*\*worldhello\*\*\*lo  
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```

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wor***orldhello ***o worldhel***ello world***ldhello wo***worldhello***lo
worldhe***hello worl***rldhello w*** worldhell***llo worldh***dhello
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wor***orldhello ***o worldhel***ello world***

```

```

[82]: # seek and tell function
with open('sample1.txt', 'r') as f:
    print(f.read(10))
    print(f.tell())
    f.seek(0)
    print(f.read(10))
    print(f.tell())

```

```

India is m
10
India is m
10

```

```

[5]: # seek during write
with open('sample1.txt', 'w') as f:
    f.write('helloz')
    f.seek(0)
    f.write('X')

```

### Problems with working in text mode

- can't work with binary files like images
- not good for other data types like int/float/list/tuples

```

[20]: # working with binary file, rb= read binary and wb= write binary
with open("C:\\Users\\Neelesh Dixit\\Desktop\\mountain.png", 'rb') as f:
    with open("C:\\Users\\Neelesh Dixit\\Desktop\\mountain_copy.png", 'wb') as mf:
        mf.write(f.read())

```

```

[22]: # working with other data types
with open('sample.txt','w') as f:
    f.write(5)

```

```

-----
TypeError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
Cell In[22], line 3
      1 # working with other data types
      2 with open('sample.txt','w') as f:
----> 3     f.write(5)

```

**TypeError:** write() argument must be str, not int

```
[24]: with open('sample.txt','w') as f:
      f.write('5')
```

```
[40]: # more complex data
d = {
    'name': 'neelesh',
    'age' : 27,
    'gender' : 'Male'
}

with open('sample1.txt', 'r') as f:
    print(f.read())
    print(type(f.read()))
```

```
{'name': 'neelesh', 'age': 27, 'gender': 'Male'}
<class 'str'>
```

### 1.0.1 Serialization and Deserialization

- **Serialization** - process of converting python data types to JSON format
- **Deserialization** - process of converting JSON to python data types

#### What is JSON?

```
[18]: # serialization using json module
# list
import json

L = [1,2,3,4]

with open('demo.json', 'w') as f:
    json.dump(L,f)
```

```
[24]: # dict
d = {
    'name': 'neelesh',
    'age' : 27,
    'gender' : 'Male'
}

with open('demo.json', 'w') as f:
    json.dump(d,f,indent=4)
```

```
[28]: # deserialization
import json
```

```
with open('demo.json', 'r') as f:
    d = json.load(f)
    print(d)
    print(type(d))
```

```
{'name': 'neelesh', 'age': 27, 'gender': 'Male'}
<class 'dict'>
```

```
[42]: # serialize and deserialize tuple
import json

t = (1,2,3,4,5)
with open('demo.json', 'w') as f:
    json.dump(t, f)
```

```
[44]: # serialize and deserialize a nested dict

d = {
    'student': 'nitish',
    'marks': [23,14,34,45,56]
}

with open('demo.json', 'w') as f:
    json.dump(d, f)
```

## 1.0.2 Serializing and Deserializing custom objects

```
[53]: class Person:
    def __init__(self, fname, lname, age, gender):
        self.fname = fname
        self.lname = lname
        self.age = age
        self.gender = gender

    # format to printed in
    # -> Nitish Singh age -> 33 gender -> male
```

```
[55]: person = Person('Neelesh', 'Dixit', 33, 'male')
```

```
[57]: # As a string
import json

def show_object(person):
    if isinstance(person, Person):
        return "{} {} age -> {} gender -> {}".format(person.fname, person.lname, person.age, person.gender)
```

```
with open('demo.json', 'w') as f:
    json.dump(person, f, default=show_object)
```

```
[61]: #As a dict
import json

def show_object(person):
    if isinstance(person, Person):
        return {'name': person.fname + ' ' + person.lname, 'age': person.
↪age, 'gender': person.gender}
with open('demo.json', 'w') as f:
    json.dump(person, f, default=show_object, indent=4)
```

```
[63]: # deserializing
import json

with open('demo.json', 'r') as f:
    d = json.load(f)
    print(d)
    print(type(d))
```

```
{'name': 'NeeleshDixit', 'age': 33, 'gender': 'male'}
<class 'dict'>
```

### 1.0.3 Pickling

Pickling is the process whereby a Python object hierarchy is converted into a byte stream, and unpickling is the inverse operation, whereby a byte stream (from a binary file or bytes-like object) is converted back into an object hierarchy.

```
[84]: class Person:

    def __init__(self, name, age):
        self.name = name
        self.age = age

    def display_info(self):
        print('Hi my name is', self.name, 'and I am ', self.age, 'years old')
```

```
[86]: p = Person('Neelesh', 28)
```

```
[92]: #pickle dump
import pickle
with open('person.pkl', 'wb') as f:
    pickle.dump(p, f)
```

```
[94]: #pickle load
import pickle
```



```
with open('person.pkl', 'rb') as f:
    pickle.load(f)
p.display_info()
```

Hi my name is Neelesh and I am 28 years old

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