

Serie 28

Exercice 18

1/ Existe-t-il un circuit dans ce graphe?

- non.

2/ Ordre Topologique

$$R_0 = \{A\}, T = \{B, C, D, E, F, G\} \quad k=0$$

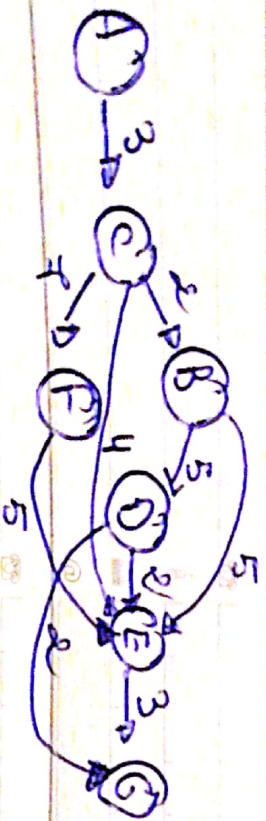
$$R_1 = \{C\}, T = \{B, D, E, F, G\} \quad k=1$$

$$R_2 = \{B, F\}, T = \{D, E, G\} \quad k=2$$

$$R_3 = \{D\}, T = \{E, G\}, k=3$$

$$R_4 = \{E\}, T = \{G\}, k=4$$

$$R_5 = \{G\}, T = \{\emptyset\}, k=5$$



Calculer PCC

$$j=A, L(A)=0$$

$$j=C, L(C)=\min\{L(A)+C_{AC}=0+3=3\}$$

$$j=B, L(B)=\min\{L(A)+C_{AB}, L(C)+C_{CB}\}=\min\{3+2, 3+5\}=5$$

$$=D, P_{rec}(B)=103$$

$$j=F, L(F)=L(C)+C_{CF}=10. P_{rec}(F)=33$$

$$j=D, L(D)=L(B)+C_{BD}=17. P_{rec}(D)=33$$

$$j=E, L(E)=\min\{L(C)+C_{CE}, L(D)+C_{DE}\}=\min\{10+2, 17+5\}=12$$

$$= \min\{3+4, 5+2, 10+5, 17+2\}=7$$

$$P_{rec}(E)=\{C, B\}$$

$$j=G, L(G)=\min\{L(D)+C_{DG}, L(E)+C_{EG}\}=\min\{17+2, 12+3\}=15$$

$$= \min\{7+2, 17+3\}=9$$

$$P_{rec}(G)=\{D\}$$

$$C=A-B-D-G$$

$$L(C^*)=9$$

Ex 3:

Le graphe présente un réseau nodal dans lequel chaque arête porte une note à double sens. Ainsi chaque arête sera étiquetée ou 2 arcs de sens opposé



2/ Iteration 0: ~~P~~ $P = \{A\}$

$$T = \{B, C, D, E, F, G, H\}$$

$$\pi(A) = 0, P_{CC}(A) = \{(A, A)\}$$

Iteration 1: $P = \{A, B\}, T = \{C, D, E, F, G, H\}$

$$j = C: \pi(B) + C_{BC} = 2 + 3 = 5 < +\infty$$

$$\Rightarrow D \pi(C) = 5 \text{ et } P_{CC}(C) = \{(A, B, C)\}$$

$$j = E: \pi(B) + C_{BE} = 2 + 4 = 6 < 7$$

$$\Rightarrow D \pi(E) = 6 \text{ et } P_{CC}(E) = \{A, B, E\}$$

Iteration 2:

$$P = \{A, B, D\}, T = \{C, E, F, G, H\}$$

$$j = E: \pi(D) + C_{DE} = 5 + 3 = 8 > 6$$

$$j = F: \pi(D) + C_{DF} = 5 + 4 = 9 < +\infty$$

$$\Rightarrow D \pi(F) = 9 \text{ et } P_{CC}(F) = \{(A, D, F)\}$$

	Iteration 0		Iteration 1		Iteration 2		3	4	5
	$\pi(j)$	$P_{CC}(j)$	$\pi(j)$	$P_{CC}(j)$	$\pi(j)$	$P_{CC}(j)$	π	P_{CC}	
B	2	(A, B)	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
C	$+\infty$	(A, C)	11	(A, B, C)	11	(A, B, C)	10	(A, B, C)	10
D	5	(A, D)	5	(A, D)	-	-	-	-	-
E	7	(A, E)	6	(A, B, E)	6	(A, B, E)	-	-	-
F	$+\infty$	(A, F)	$+\infty$	(A, F)	9	(A, D, F)	9	(A, D, F)	-
G	$+\infty$	(A, G)	$+\infty$	(A, G)	$+\infty$	(A, G)	10	(A, B, E, G)	10
H	$+\infty$	(A, H)	$+\infty$	(A, H)	$+\infty$	(A, H)	13	(A, B, E, H)	13

Iteration 38

$$P = \{A, B, D, E\}, T = \{C, F, G, H\}$$

$$J = C: \pi(E) + C_{EC} = 6 + 4 = 10 < 11$$

$$\Rightarrow \pi(C) = 10 \text{ et } P_{CC}(C) = \{(A, B, E, C)\}$$

$$J = F: \pi(E) + C_{FP} = 6 + 3 = 9$$

$$\Rightarrow P_{FC}(F) = \{(A, D, F)\}, (A, B, E, F)\}$$

$$J = G: \pi(E) + C_{EG} = 6 + 4 = 10 < 11$$

$$\Rightarrow \pi(G) = 10 \text{ et } P_{GC}(G) = \{(A, B, E, G)\}$$

$$H: \pi(E) + C_{EH} = 6 + 7 = 13 < 14$$

$$\Rightarrow \pi(H) = 13 \text{ et } P_{CH}(H) = \{(A, B, G, H)\}$$

Iteration 40

$$P = \{A, B, D, E, F\}, T = \{C, G, H\}$$

$$J = H: \pi(H) + C_{FH} = 9 + 4 = 13 = 13$$

$$\Rightarrow P_{CC}(H) = \{(A, B, E, H)\}, (A, D, F, H)\}, (A, B, E, F, H)\}$$

Iteration 50

$$P = \{A, B, D, E, F, C\}, T = \{G, H\}$$

$$J = G: \pi(C) + C_{CG} = 10 + 6 = 16 < 13$$

Exercice 38 - Algorithme Ford-Bellman

i	j	$\pi^0(j) P_{CC}^0(j) \pi^1(j) P_{CC}^1(j)$					
		A	B	C	D	E	F
j	A	(A,A)	(A,B)	(A,C)	(A,D)	(A,E)	(A,F)
	B	6					
	C	3					
	D	6					
	E	6					
	F	13					
i	A	(A,A)	(A,B)	(A,C)	(A,D)	(A,E)	(A,F)
	B	6					
	C	3					
	D	6					
	E	6					
	F	13					

$K=0$: voir la colonne.

$K=1: j = A, \pi^1(A) = 0, P_{CC}^1(A) = \{(A,A)\}$

$j = B, \pi^1(B) = \min\{\pi^0(A) + C_{AB}, \pi^0(C) + C_{CB}\} = \min\{6, 0+6, 5+5\} = 6, P_{CC}^1(B) = \{(A,B)\}$