Lab Assignment 5

UCS 406 Data Structures and Algorithms

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/*
```

Roll Number:102215255 Name: Diya Goyal

Description: 1Given array A[] with sliding window of size w which is moving from the very left of the array to the very right. Assume that we can only see the w numbers in the window. Each time the sliding window moves rightwards by one position. For example: The array is [1 3 -1 -3 5 3 6 7], and w is 2

```
is 3.
Acknowledgement: GeeksforGeeks and took help from friends
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
void printKMax(int arr[], int N, int K)
  int j, max;
  for (int i = 0; i \le N - K; i++) {
    max = arr[i];
    for (j = 1; j < K; j++) {
       if (arr[i + j] > max)
         max = arr[i + j];
    cout << "Max:" << max <<endl;</pre>
  }
int main()
  int arr[] = \{1,3,-1,-3,5,3,6,7\};
  int N = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);
```

Output:

}

int K = 3;

return 0;

printKMax(arr, N, K);

```
Max:3
Max:5
Max:5
Max:6
Max:7
```

```
/*
Roll Number:102215255
Name: Diya Goyal
Description: 2. Given a Linked list, List1 = \{A \ 1, A \ 2, \dots A \ n-1; A \ n \} with data, write a program to
re-order it to {A 1, A n, A 2, A n-1 ...} without using any extra space.
Acknowledgement: GeeksforGeeks and discussion with friends
*/
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
struct Node {
  int data;
  struct Node* next;
};
Node* newNode(int key)
  Node* temp = new Node;
  temp->data = key;
  temp->next = NULL;
  return temp;
}
void reverselist(Node** head)
  Node *prev = NULL, *curr = *head, *next;
  while (curr) {
    next = curr->next;
    curr->next = prev;
    prev = curr;
    curr = next;
  }
  *head = prev;
}
void printlist(Node* head)
  while (head != NULL) {
    cout << head->data << " ";
    if (head->next)
      cout << "-> ";
    head = head->next;
  cout << endl;
}
void rearrange(Node** head)
{
  Node *slow = *head, *fast = slow->next;
```

```
while (fast && fast->next) {
    slow = slow->next;
    fast = fast->next->next;
  }
  Node* head1 = *head;
  Node* head2 = slow->next;
  slow->next = NULL;
  reverselist(&head2);
  *head = newNode(0);
  Node* curr = *head;
  while (head1 | | head2) {
    if (head1) {
      curr->next = head1;
      curr = curr->next;
      head1 = head1->next;
    if (head2) {
      curr->next = head2;
      curr = curr->next;
      head2 = head2->next;
    }
  }
  *head = (*head)->next;
}
int main()
  Node* head = newNode(11);
  head->next = newNode(12);
  head->next->next = newNode(15);
  head->next->next = newNode(19);
  head->next->next->next = newNode(23);
  printlist(head);
  rearrange(&head);
  printlist(head);
  return 0;
}
Output:
11 -> 12 -> 15 -> 19 -> 23
11 -> 23 -> 12 -> 19 -> 15
```

Process exited after 0.02513 seconds with

Press any key to continue . . .

Roll Number: 102215255

Name: Diya Goyal Description:3.

• What is the value of the following postfix expression?

• Use the conversion algorithm to change the following infix expression into postfix using stack. Show each step using a tabular approach.

$$(A * B - (C - D)) / (E + F)$$

• Also write the program to perform this conversion. Also write a program to evaluate the postfix expression.

Acknowledgement: NA

*/

• Value of the postfix expression

• Conversion from Infix to Postfix:

Symbol	Stack	Postfix
((*
A	(A	*
*	(A	- *
В	(A B	- *
)	(A B	- *
-	(A B *	-
((A B *	-
С	(A B * C	-
-	(A B * C	
D	(A B * C D	
)	(A B * C D -	-
)	(A B * C D -	-
/	(A B * C D	/
((A B * C D	/
Е	(A B * C D E	/
+	(A B * C D E	/
F	(A B * C D E F	/+
)	(A B * C D E F +	/

```
/* Acknowledgement: GeeksforGeeks*/
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int prec(char c) {
  if (c == '^')
     return 3;
  else if (c == '/' || c == '*')
     return 2;
  else if (c == '+' || c == '-')
     return 1;
  else
     return -1;
}
char associativity(char c) {
  if (c == '^')
     return 'R';
  return 'L';
}
void infixToPostfix(string s) {
  stack<char> st;
  string result;
  for (int i = 0; i < s.length(); i++) {
     char c = s[i];
     if ((c \ge 'a' \&\& c \le 'z') | | (c \ge 'A' \&\& c \le 'Z') | | (c \ge '0' \&\& c \le '9'))
       result += c;
     else if (c == '(')
       st.push('(');
     else if (c == ')') {
       while (st.top() != '(') {
         result += st.top();
         st.pop();
       st.pop();
     }
     else {
       while (!st.empty() && prec(s[i]) < prec(st.top()) ||
            !st.empty() && prec(s[i]) == prec(st.top()) &&
            associativity(s[i]) == 'L') {
          result += st.top();
         st.pop();
```

```
}
st.push(c);
}

while (!st.empty()) {
    result += st.top();
    st.pop();
}

cout << result << endl;
}

int main() {
    string exp = "(A*B-(C-D))/(E+F)";
    infixToPostfix(exp);

return 0;
}
</pre>
```

Output:

```
bool isBalanced(const std::string& expression) {
  stack<char> stack;
  for (size_t i = 0; i < expression.length(); ++i) {
  char c = expression[i];
    if (c == '(' || c == '[' || c == '{'}) {
       stack.push(c);
    } else if (c == ')' || c == ']' || c == '}') {
       if (stack.empty() || !isMatching(stack.top(), c)) {
         return false;
       }
       stack.pop();
    }
  }
  return stack.empty();
int main() {
  string expression;
  cout << "Enter the expression: ";</pre>
  getline(std::cin, expression);
  if (isBalanced(expression)) {
     cout << "Parentheses are balanced." << endl;</pre>
  } else {
    cout << "Parentheses are not balanced." << endl;</pre>
  return 0;
}
```

Output:

```
Enter the expression: (A * B - (C - D)) / (E + F)
Parentheses are balanced.

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Process exited after 18.89 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```