STAT 432 Final Project

Detecting Volcanoes on Venus via Classification (Where are the Volcanoes?!!)

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Contents

Dataset Description:
Data Import:
Dataset Background:
Methods:
Interpretation of our model and prediction
Challenges:

Dataset Description:

The data was downloaded from Kaggle, which is originally from NASA's Magellan spacecraft database. 9734 images were captured by the spacecraft and converted to pixel (110x110, from 0 to 255), where every image is one row of 12100 columns (all the 110 rows of 110 columns). Images can contain more than one volcanoes or maybe none. The 9000+ images are separated to four datasets (file names: train_images, train_labels, test_images, and test_labels):

Image dataset (train images and test images)

Train_images: 7000 images as train data with 12100 variables;

Test_images: 2734 images as test data with 12100 variables; All the variables correspond to the pixel image, 110 pixel * 110 pixel = 12100.

Label dataset (tain_labels and test_labels)

Both train labels and test label datasets include the following labels:

- 1. Volcano?: if in the image there are volcanoes (Main target), 1 (yes) or 0 (no)
- (If Volcano? = 0, the following three categories would be "nan")
- 2. Type: 1= definitely a volcano, 2 = probably, 3= possibly, 4= only a pit is visible
- 3. Radius: is the radius of the volcano in the center of the image, in pixels
- 4. Number Volcanoes: The number of volcanoes in the image

For this project, we will focus mainly on predicting whether each image has a volcanoe or not. In addition, if the classification prediction goes well, we will also construct model to predict the number of volcanoes in the images.

Data Import:

Data downloaded from Kaggle were csv files, there are four data files in total. The four data files were imported into R: "train_images", "train_labels", "test_images", and "test_labels". Dimensions of the four data files are as follows:

train_images: 7000 observations and 12100 variables train_labels: 7000 observations and 4 variables

```
test_images: 2734 observations and 12100 variables
```

test_labels: 2734 observations and 4 variables

Initial observations of the four data files are printed as following (due to large number of variables, for the "_images" files, only first 18 variables are printed):

1. "train_images"

```
head(train.x[,1:18])
```

```
##
       V1
           ٧2
                VЗ
                    V4 V5
                            ۷6
                                 ۷7
                                     ٧8
                                          V9 V10 V11 V12 V13 V14 V15 V16 V17 V18
## 1:
       95 101
                99
                   103 95
                            86
                                 96
                                     89
                                          70 104 115
                                                       96
                                                           89
                                                               102 109 108 102 104
## 2:
                91
       91
            92
                     89 92
                             93
                                 96 101 107 104
                                                   92
                                                       81
                                                            76
                                                                83
                                                                    88
                                                                         93
                                                                             91
                                                                                  92
## 3:
       87
            70
                72
                     74 84
                            78
                                 93 104 106 106
                                                   94
                                                       79
                                                           96
                                                                88
                                                                    86
                                                                         89
                                                                             98
                                                                                  94
## 4:
        0
             0
                      0
                         0
                             0
                                  0
                                           0
                                               0
                                                    0
                                                        0
                                                             0
                                                                 0
                                                                      0
                                                                          0
                                                                              0
                                                                                   0
                                                              112 105 121 117 125
## 5: 114 118 124 119 95 118 105 116 123 112 110 113 119
                                     75
                                          82
                90
                    82 73
                            74
                                 77
                                              87
                                                   84
                                                       81
                                                           83
                                                                69
                                                                    72
                                                                         84
```

2. "train_labels"

head(train.y)

```
##
       Volcano? Type Radius Number Volcanoes
## 1:
               1
                     3
                        17.46
                                                  1
## 2:
                   NaN
               0
                           NaN
                                               NaN
## 3:
                   NaN
                                               NaN
               0
                           NaN
## 4:
               0
                  NaN
                           NaN
                                                NaN
## 5:
               0
                   NaN
                           NaN
                                               NaN
## 6:
               0
                  \mathtt{NaN}
                           NaN
                                               NaN
```

3. "test_images"

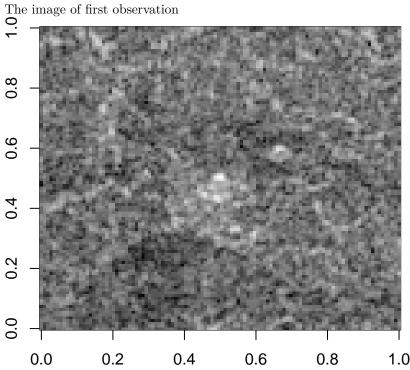
head(test.x[,1:18])

```
##
               V3 V4 V5
                           ۷6
                               ۷7
                                   V8
                                        V9 V10 V11 V12 V13 V14 V15 V16 V17 V18
## 1: 107 116 108 101 107 109 108 110 100 109 118 115 111 121 114
                                                                     94
                                                                         98 100
               98 100
                       90 100 108
                                    98
                                        90 103 107
                                                    93
                                                        90
                                                            91 104 113 104 102
               92 116 116 140 126 104 112 103 107 107 100 116
## 3: 108 108
                                                               107 118 117
                                                                            121
## 4: 165 164 156 159 151 120 103 114 114 116
                                                95
                                                    87
                                                        81
                                                            65
                                                                 70
                                                                     69
                                                                         69
                                                                             71
## 5: 105 106
               84 115 121 103
                               94 108 103
                                            91
                                                95 102
                                                        90
                                                            96 105
                                                                         86
                                                                             99
                                                                     92
## 6: 127 135 128 125 124 136 128 136 146 136 115 104 105 131 126 127 132 121
```

4. "test_labels"

head(test.y)

```
##
       Volcano? Type Radius Number Volcanoes
## 1:
              0
                  NaN
                          NaN
                                             NaN
## 2:
              0
                  NaN
                          NaN
                                             NaN
## 3:
              1
                    1
                       17.00
                                               1
## 4:
              0
                  NaN
                          NaN
                                             NaN
## 5:
                    3
                        15.13
              1
                                                1
## 6:
              0
                  NaN
                          NaN
                                             NaN
```



Dataset Background:

Finding Volcanoes On Venus.

Kaggle. https://www.kaggle.com/amantheroot/finding-volcanoes-on-venus/data

Methods:

In our project, we are interested in detecting the volcanoes on Venus by analyzing and classifying the images.

- Through our project, we are planning to apply k means clustering method to classify the images of the volcanoes into different categories.
- We will also utilize the linear discriminant analysis (LDA) and the quadratic discriminant analysis (QDA) in our project.

Our ultimate goal is to find the best method and build the best model that performs the best classification and has the minimum classification error to classify the images and match up with our label.

Interpretation of our model and prediction

This dataset is originally from NASA's Magellan spacecraft database. For this project, we aim in constructing mainly classification model to predict the valcanoes on Venus using the images dataset. If the classification model works well, we will continue to construct regression model to predict the number of volcanoes in the images.

Our target model response are "Is there Volcanoe or not" (this will be done using classification model) and "Number of Volcanoes" (this will be done using regression model). Prediction error for classification model will be calculated using classification error, whereas the prediction error for regression model will be calculated using root mean square error (RMSE).

Challenges:

- $\bullet~$ We are dealing with large datasets (roughly 400 MB in total).
- We will have data visualization by converting the pixel observations into images.
- We will learn volcano knowledge to help us facilitate the process of classifying the volcanoes on venus.
- If we have more time, we want to further identity the number of volcanoes in each image rather than simply detecting if volcano exists in an image.