Experiment 7

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Aim

To study and implement an IDS (Intrusion Detection System) using an open source tool (SNORT).

Theory

Intrusion Detection System

An Intrusion Detection System (IDS) is a device, typically another separate computer, that monitors activity to identify malicious or suspicious events.

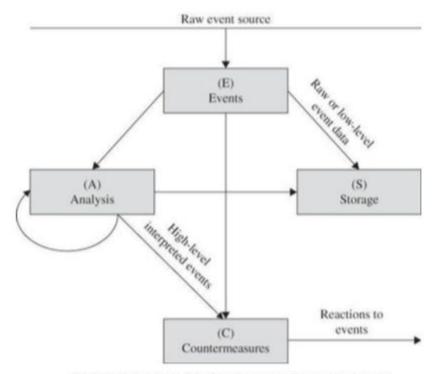


FIGURE 6-64 Model of an Intrusion Detection System

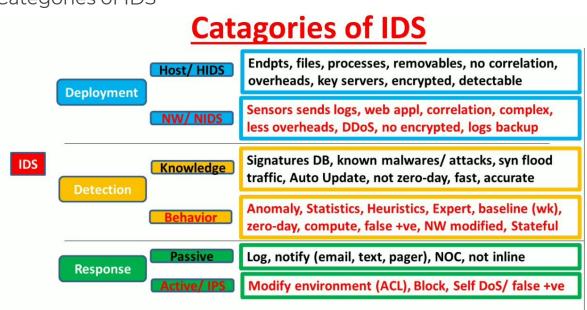
The components in the figure above are the four basic elements of an intrusion detection system, based on the Common Intrusion Detection Framework. An IDS receives raw

inputs from sensors. It saves those inputs, analyzes them, and takes some controlling action.

IDSs perform a variety of functions:

- Monitoring users and system activity
- Auditing system configuration for vulnerabilities and misconfigurations
- Assessing the integrity of critical system and data files
- Recognizing known attack patterns in system activity
- Identifying abnormal activity through statistical analysis
- Managing audit trails and highlighting user violation of policy or normal activity
- Correcting system configuration errors
- Installing and operating traps to record information about intruders

Categories of IDS



SNORT

Snort is an open source network intrusion prevention system, capable of performing real-time traffic analysis and packet logging on IP networks. It can perform protocol analysis, content searching/matching, and can be used to detect a variety of attacks and probes, such as buffer overflows, stealth port scans, CGI attacks, SMB probes, OS fingerprinting attempts, and much more.

Snort has three primary uses:

- 1. A straight packet sniffer like tcpdump
- 2. A packet logger (useful for network traffic debugging, etc)
- 3. A full blown network intrusion prevention system.

Snort Rules

Rules are a different methodology for performing detection, which bring the advantage of 0-day detection to the table. Unlike signatures, rules are based on detecting the actual vulnerability, not an exploit or a unique piece of data. Developing a rule requires an acute understanding of how the vulnerability actually works.

Community rules refer to all rules that have been submitted by members of the open source community or Snort Integrators. These rules are freely available to all Snort users and are governed by the GPLv2.

Rule Headers

The rule header follows a specific format:

Action Protocol Networks Ports Direction Operator Networks Ports

```
Examples:
     alert tcp $HOME_NET any -> $EXTERNAL_NET $HTTP_PORTS (RULE_OPTIONS)
     alert udp $EXTERNAL_NET $FILE_DATA_PORTS -> $HOME_NET any (RULE_OPTIONS)
                                                               Sticky Buffer with
alert <a href="http">http</a> $HOME_NET any -> $EXTERNAL_NET $HTTP_PORTS
                                                               Selector preceding
                                                                 content match
       msg: "Snort 3 http_uri sticky buffer Example";
                                                                                 http_header
       http_header:field user-agent;
       content: "malicious";
                                                                    New keyword
       bufferlen:=10;
                                                                  bufferlen applying
       sid:5;
                                                                   to the specified
)
```

Output

my.rules

snort.conf

Setup the network addresses you are protecting ipvar HOME_NET 10.0.2.0/24

Set up the external network addresses. Leave as "any" in most situations ipvar EXTERNAL_NET any

Path to your rules files (this can be a relative path)

Note for Windows users: You are advised to make this an absolute path,

such as: c:\snort\rules

var RULE_PATH /etc/snort/rules

var SO_RULE_PATH /etc/snort/so_rules

var PREPROC_RULE_PATH /etc/snort/preproc_rules

If you are using reputation preprocessor set these

Currently there is a bug with relative paths, they are relative to where snort is

not relative to snort.conf like the above variables

This is completely inconsistent with how other vars work, BUG 89986

Set the absolute path appropriately

var WHITE_LIST_PATH /etc/snort/rules/iplists

var BLACK_LIST_PATH /etc/snort/rules/iplists

Testing SNORT rules file my.rules

```
coldsoll@coldsoll-light:~/Desktop/IS/snort3-community-ruless smart -T -c /etc/smart/rule
Burning in Test mode
      ... Initializing Smort ---
Intitalizing Output Plugins!
Inttializing Preprocessors!
Inttializing Plug-ins!
Parsing Rules file "/etc/smort/rules/my.rules"
Tagged Packet Limit: 256
Log directory = /var/log/snort
.....
Initializing rule chains...
1 Smort rules read
  1 detection rules
  6 decoder rules
  6 preprocessor rules
1 Option Chains Linked Into 1 Chain Headers
 .....
           -----[Rule Port Counts]-----
                udp
                      tomp
                  0
    dat
                 0
                         0
                  0
                        0
                               0
     .....[detection-filter-config]------
 mmory-cap : 1648576 bytes
         -----[detection-filter-rules]-----
 nane
 -----[rate-filter-config]------
| mmory-cap : 1048576 bytes
        .....[rate-ftlter-rules]-----
  -----[event-filter-config]-----
 nemory-cap: 1848576 bytes
 -----[event-filter-global]-----
 -----[event-filter-local]------
       .....[suppresstar].....
Rule application order: pass->drop->sdrop->reject->alert->log
Vertifying Preprocessor Configurations!
[ Port Based Pattern Matching Memory ]
 cap DAQ configured to passive.
Acquiring network traffic from "emp0s1".
      -- Initialization Complete ---
        .*> Snort! <*-
 o" )- Version 2.9.14.1 GRE (Build 1993)
        By Martin Rossch & The Smort Team: http://www.smort.org/contact#team
        Copyright (C) 2014-2019 Cisco and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
        Copyright (C) 1998-2013 Sourcefire, Inc., et al.
        Deing Tibpcap version 1.8.1
        Usting PCRE version: 8.39 2016-00-14
        Uring ZLIB version: 1.2.11
mort successfully validated the configuration!
Snort extiting
          ball-light:~/Desktop/IS/snort3-community-ruless
```

Conclusion

Thus we deployed SNORT on the VM's network to listen for a simple set of SNORT rules and alert any matches on the console.