

Thoracic Disease Classification and Localization

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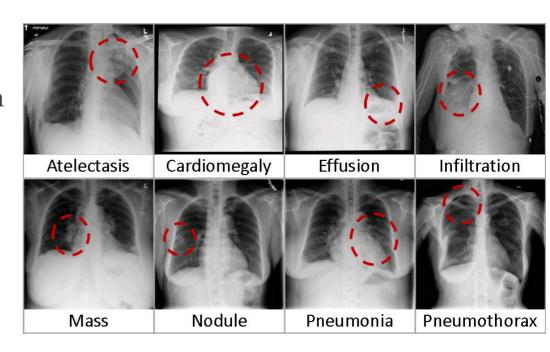




ChestX-ray dataset comprises 112,120 frontal view X-ray images of 30,805 unique patients with the text-mined fourteen disease image labels where each image can have multi-labels mined from the associated radiological reports using natural language processing

Categories

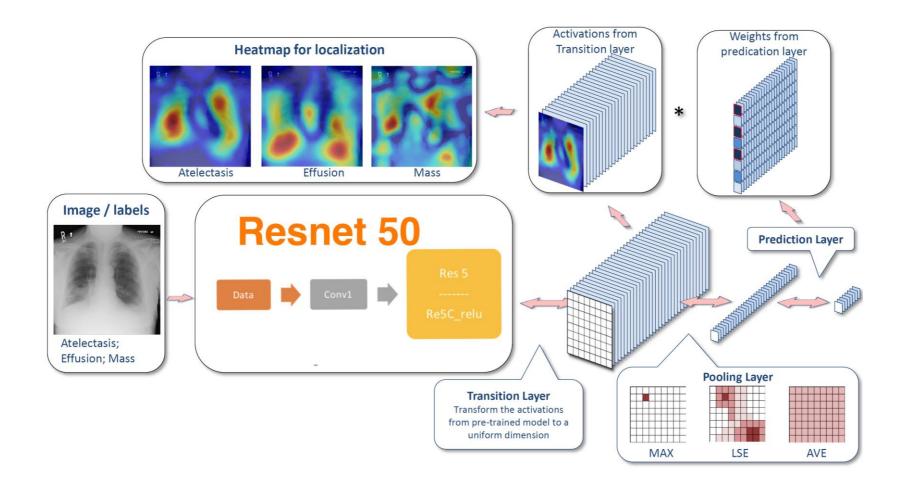
- Atelectasis
 B. Hernia
- 2. Cardiomegaly 9. Infiltration,
- 3. Consolidation 10. Mass
- 4. Edema 11. Nodule
- 5. Effusion 12. Pleural Thickening
- 6. Emphysema 13. Pneumonia
- 7. Fibrosis 14. Pneumothorax





Deep Learning- Model Used

- · We used pre trained Resnet-50 for transfer learning to do multi label multi class classification on thoracic diseases.
- We explored the possibility of using Dense CNN-150 which could have proved better results.
- Loss Function Used:
 - Multi Label Soft Margin Loss





Accuracies

Categories	Precision
'Atelectasis'	0.6511
'Cardiomegaly'	0.6977
'Edema'	0.6667
'Effusion'	0.7037
'Emphysema'	0.5335
'Infiltration'	0.5803
'Mass'	0.5886
'No Finding'	0.8107



Disease Localization

Disease Localization

Image 00000661_000-Cardiomegaly

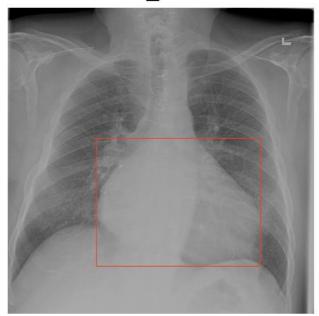


Image 00000147_001-Atelectasis



Image 00000661_000 (Heatmap)

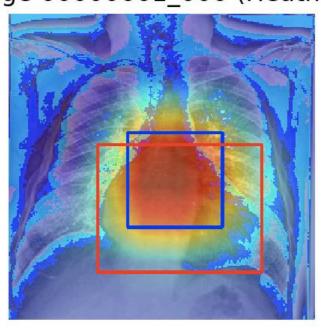
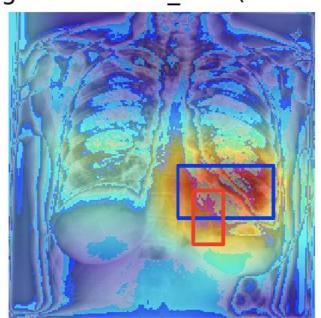
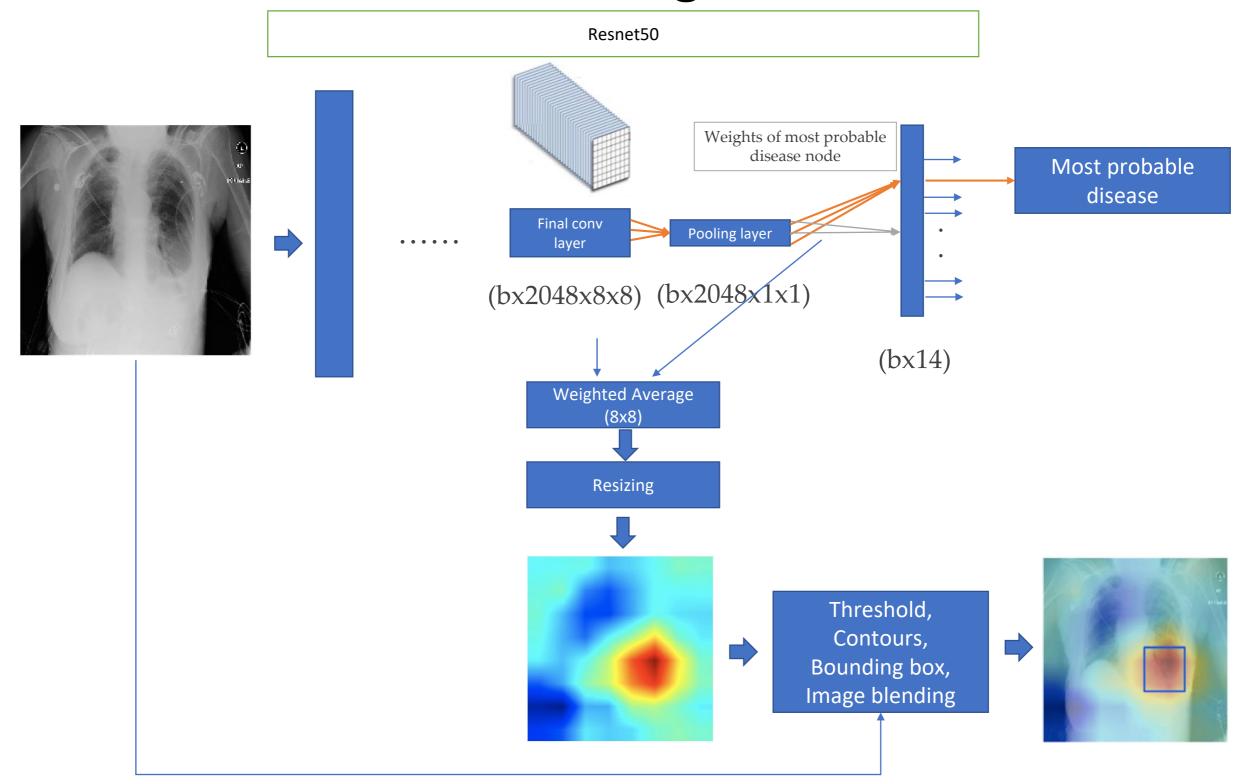


Image 00000147_001 (Heatmap)





Disease Localization - Design



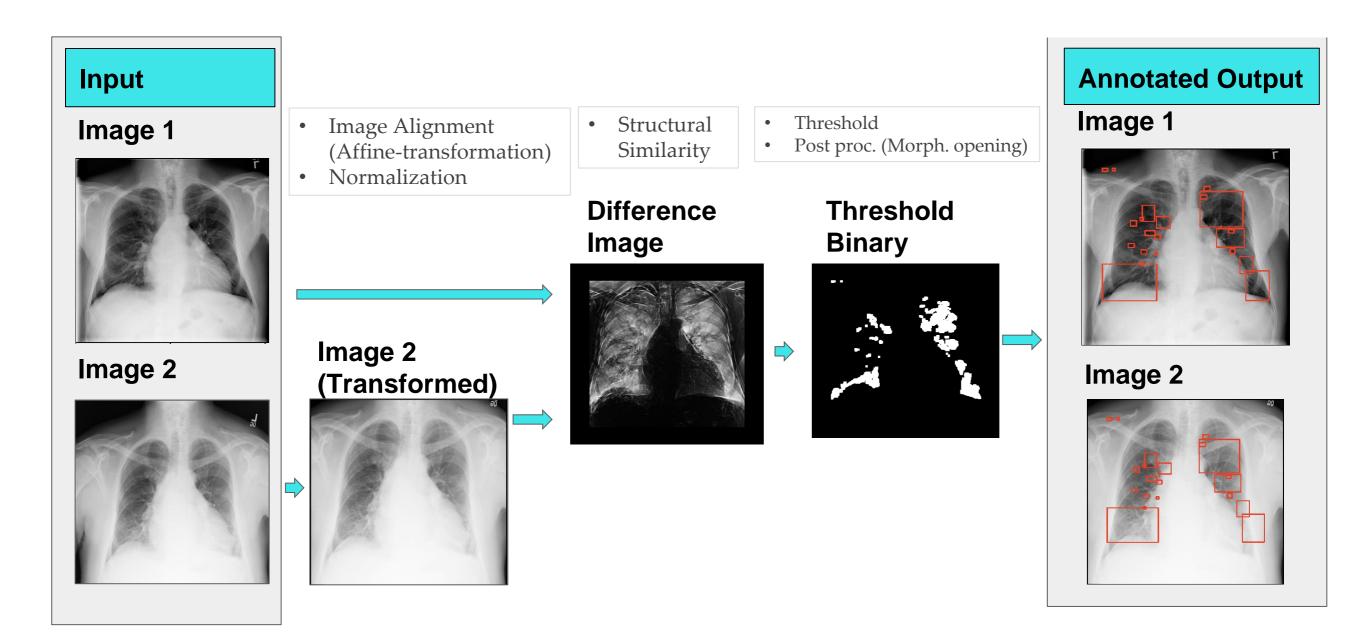


X- Ray Image Differencing

- Structural Differences
- Heat-Map Differences

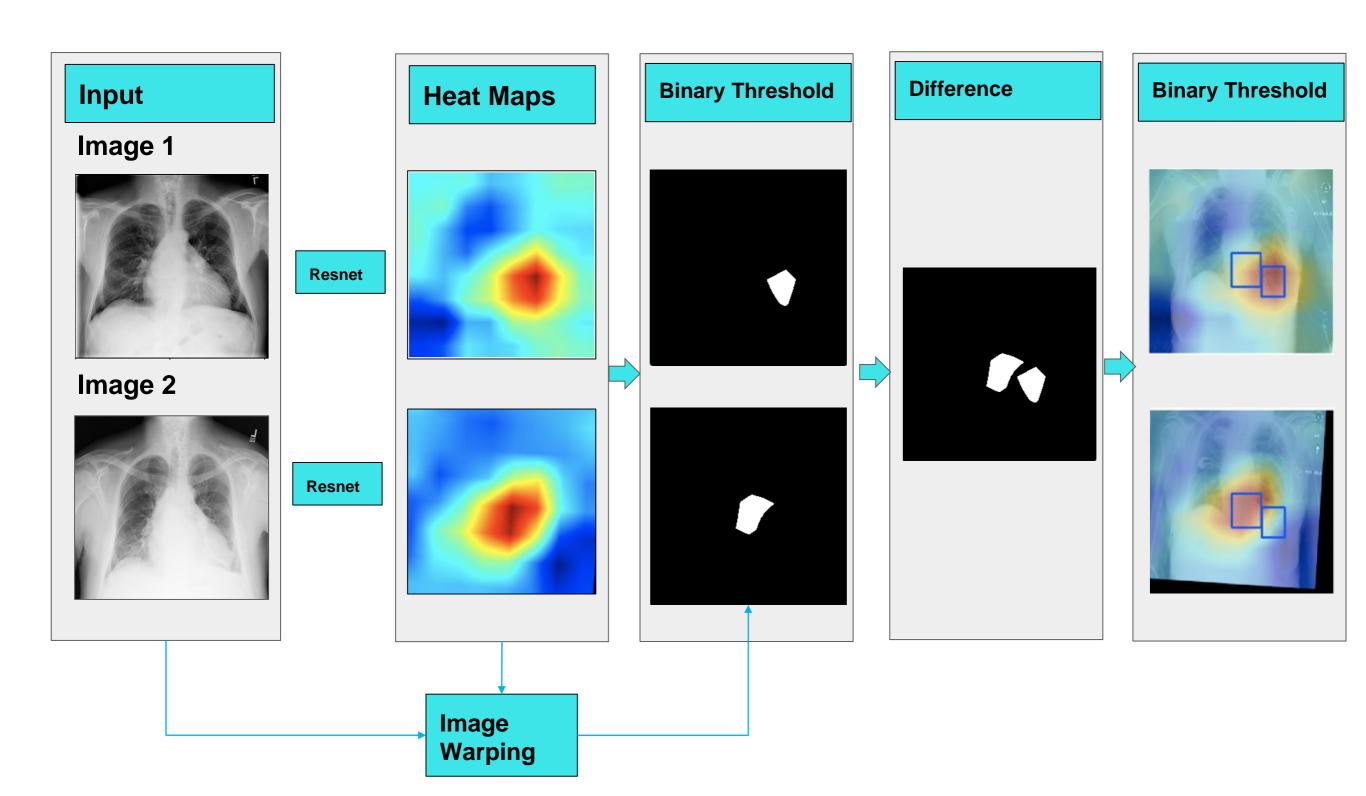
X- Ray Image Differencing - Structural





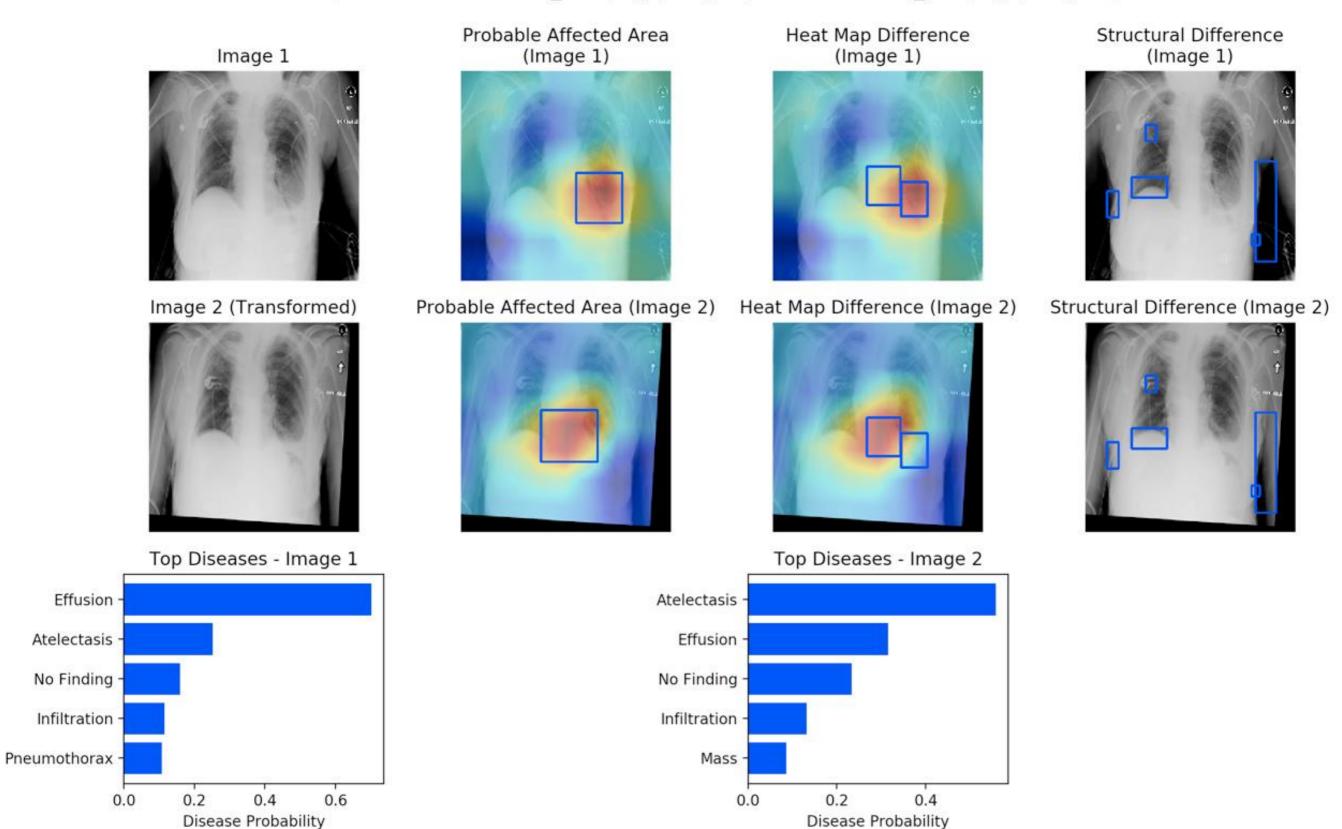






X- Ray Image Differencing - Dashboard

Comparison of 00000090_003.png (Image 1) and 00000090_004.png (Image 2)



Next Steps



- Further hyper-parameter training.
- Improve upon our heatmap localization.
- Experiment with other objectives.