

AV&Co Data Scientist Demonstration Case Summary of Findings

Executive Summary

73.1% of the budget is spent on un-proven media tactics. This report identifies and ranks 7 impactful tactics where the spend has historically delivered a proven return on investment.

9.8% of sales can be attributed to structural occurrences. We identify and rank the impactful events so strategy can consider how to leverage and mitigate them as appropriate.

Agenda

1
Relative Contribution of Media Tactics to Sales

Relative Efficiency of Media Tactics

Impact of Structural Variables on Sales

Towards an Optimized Spend Plan

Contribution and Efficiency of Media Tactics

- Seven media tactics were identified as having a significant impact on sales.
 - Together, they contribute 32% of all sales.
- For the remaining thirteen tactics, there
 is no evidence to suggest that they
 impact sales outcomes.

Tactic	Contribution
9	6.1%
4	5.7%
14	4.9%
11	4.5%
8	3.8%
19	3.5%
15	3.5%

- Among the seven tactics found to be effective, efficiency* varies widely.
- The most efficient tactic has a return on investment (ROI) of 17.7 units in sales per dollar spent.
- The **least efficient** tactic has a ROI of 2.1 units in sales per dollar spent.

Tactic	Efficiency*
15	17.7
11	16.1
9	11.3
8	7.8
4	6.9
14	4.8
19	2.1

^{*}Contribution to sales units per dollar spent on tactic.

Impact of Structural Variables on Sales

- Seven structural occurrences were identified as having a significant impact on sales.
 - Together, they have a net impact amounting to 9.8% of all sales.
- The business may want to consider whether the six positively impactful occurrences can be further leveraged.
- Ways to mitigate the negative impact of occurrence number 6 is an other possible point for exploration.

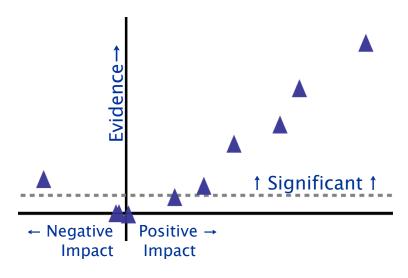


Figure 1. Impact and statistical significance of structural occurrences.

Occurrence	Contribution
1	3.3%
5	2.4%
2	1.8%
7	1.7%
10	0.9%
3	0.8%
6	-1.0%

Towards an Optimized Spend Plan

- Only 26.9% of the budget is spent on tactics which the evidence shows are effective.
- Re-allocating budget previously spent on tactics not seen to be effective has the potential to further leverage tactics with proven ROI.
- Prioritizing effective tactics with the highest efficiency (see above) would provide a good starting point.
- Business considerations may further inform the need for a diversity in tactics.
- Numerical optimization based on a simple (linear) model will not be sufficient to arrive at a diverse, practical portfolio of tactics.
- A more sophisticated model may capture not only tactic efficiency but also saturation (i.e. diminishing returns with increasing tactic spend), leading to more realistic predicted outcomes.

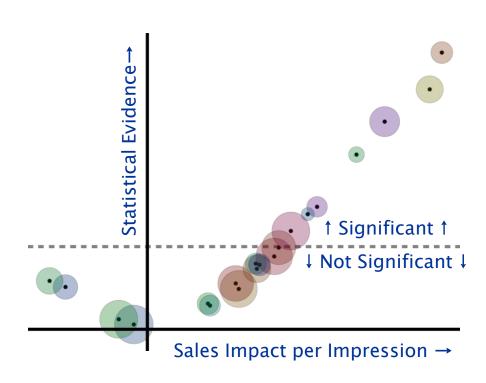


Figure 2. Impact and statistical significance of tactics. The area of disks depicts relative spend on each tactic.