

Module 06

"Dynamic Types"

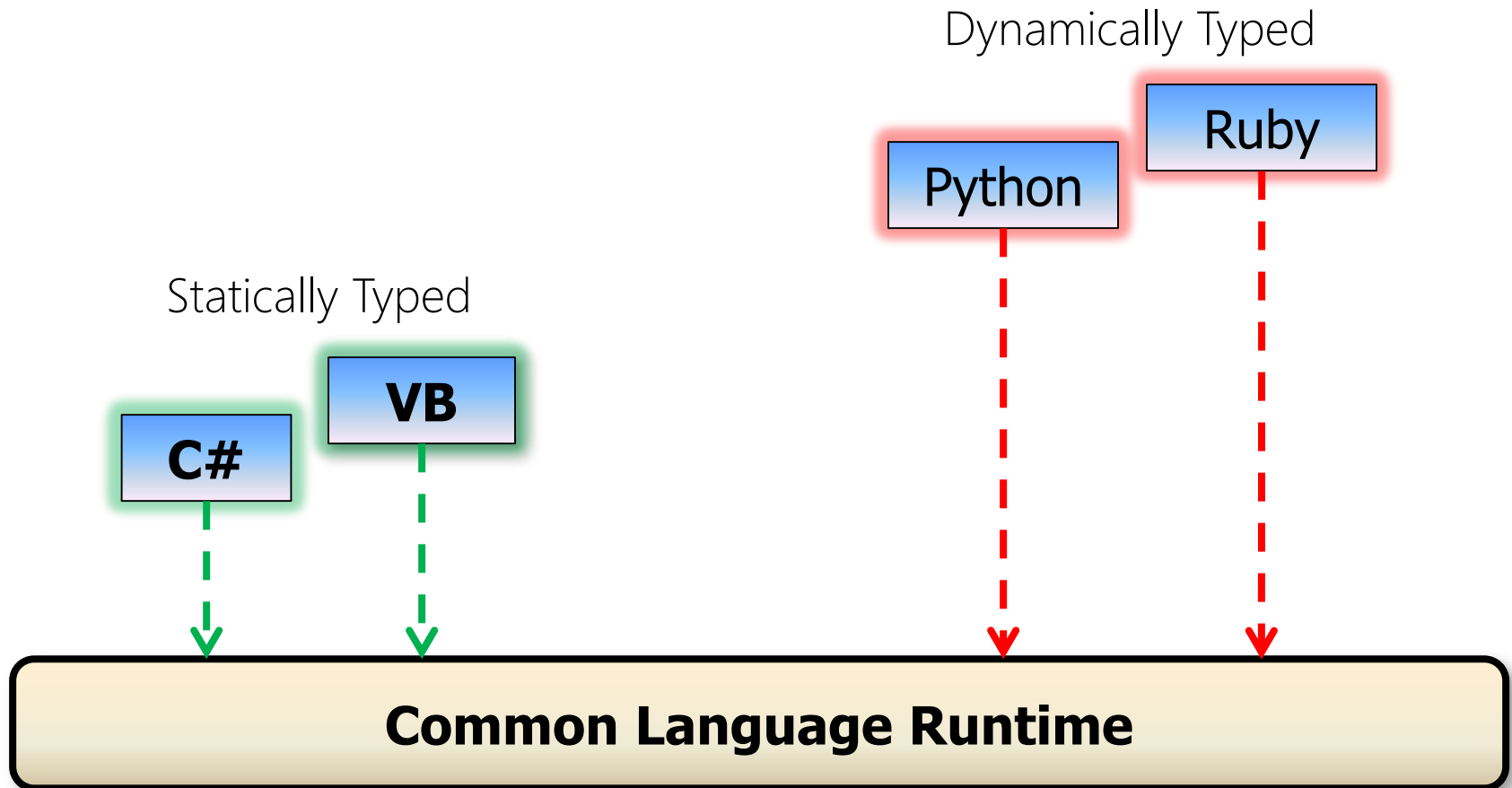


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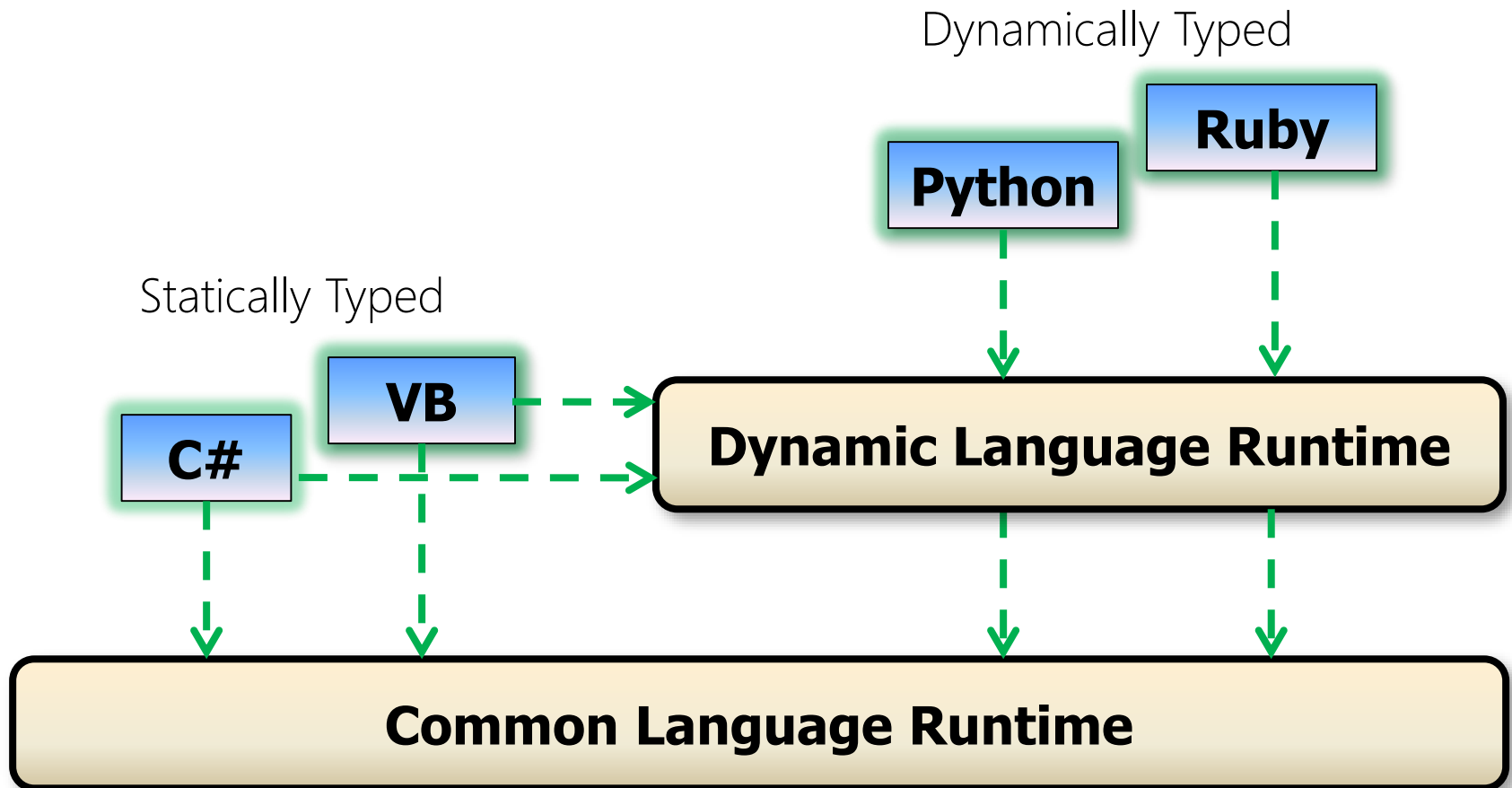
Agenda

- ▶ Introducing Dynamic Types
- ▶ The **System.Dynamic** Namespace
- ▶ Lab 6
- ▶ Discussion and Review

Dynamic Languages vs. the CLR



Dynamic Language Runtime (DLR)



.NET Dynamic Programming

C#

VB.NET

IronPython

IronRuby

...

Dynamic Language Runtime

Python
Binder

Ruby
Binder

Object
Binder

JScript
Binder

COM
Binder



The `dynamic` Keyword

- ▶ Dynamic types are facilitated through the `dynamic` keyword

```
dynamic calculator = new Calculator();  
int result = calculator.Add( 42, 87 );  
  
Console.WriteLine( result );
```

- ▶ “**dynamic**” is not a specific new type such as **object**, **string**, **int**, ...
 - It just means “dynamically typed”
 - Checks at *runtime* instead of *compile-time*
 - No IntelliSense in Visual Studio
- ▶ Dynamic data is not statically typed!



dynamic vs. var

▶ var

- Lets the compiler figure out the type
- Once determined by initialization, the type never changes
- Statically typed

```
var i = 87;  
i = 42;  
i = "Does this compile? No!";
```



▶ dynamic

- Compiler performs no type check
 - Type may change
- Lets the runtime figure out the type when invoking
- Dynamically typed

```
dynamic d = 87;  
d = "Does this compile? Yes!";  
d.DoesThisCompile();
```



Usage of Dynamic Types

- ▶ Use dynamic typing for
 - Interoperating with dynamic languages such as Python or Ruby
 - Interoperating with COM, e.g. Office, Speech, ...
- ▶ Use **dynamic** keyword to allow for the dynamic behavior

```
dynamic d = new MyDynamicClass();  
d.SomeDynamicMethod( 42, 87 );
```



```
MyDynamicClass v = new MyDynamicClass();  
v.SomeDynamicMethod();
```



- ▶ Note: Otherwise use static typing as usual...!
- ▶ The **dynamic** keyword cannot be used with
 - Lambda expressions and LINQ
 - **try-catch-finally**



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Creating Types with Dynamic Behavior

- ▶ There is no “**class dynamic**” keywords ☺
- ▶ To create a C# type with dynamic behavior you must implement the **IDynamicMetaObjectProvider** interface
 - In **System.Dynamic** namespace
 - Hard and burdensome to implement...
- ▶ Alternatively, you can derive your class from **DynamicObject**

```
public class MyDynamicClass : DynamicObject
{
    public override bool TryInvoke(
        InvokeMemberBinder binder,
        object[] args,
        out object result )
    {
        ...
    }
}
```



The ExpandoObject

- ▶ .NET ships with a built-in dynamic object in **System.Dynamic** called the **ExpandoObject**
 - Members can be added and removed at runtime


```
dynamic contact = new ExpandoObject();  
contact.FirstName = "Jesper";  
contact.LastName = "Gulmann";  
  
Console.WriteLine( contact.FirstName + " " +  
                    contact.LastName );
```

- ▶ Excellent for creating wrapper classes to e.g. XML and JavaScript etc.
- ▶ Not described in the book. See:
 - <http://blogs.msdn.com/b/csharpfaq/archive/2009/10/01/dynamic-in-c-4-0-introducing-the-expandoobject.aspx>




Quiz: Dynamic – Compile-time or Runtime?


```
var s = 87;  
s = "I see dead code";  
Console.WriteLine( s.Length );
```




```
dynamic s = 87;  
s = "I see dead code";  
Console.WriteLine( s.Length );
```



```
dynamic s = 87;  
s = new Car();  
Console.WriteLine( s.Length );
```



```
dynamic genius = new ExpandoObject();  
genius.Name = "Anders Hejlsberg";  
genius.IQ = 220;  
Console.WriteLine( genius.Name );
```



Lab 6: Using Dynamic Typing

- ▶ Lab 6.1 – 6.2



Discussion and Review

- ▶ Introducing Dynamic Types
- ▶ The **System.Dynamic** Namespace



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