Module 25:
"Repository"
(with Entity Framework)

Agenda

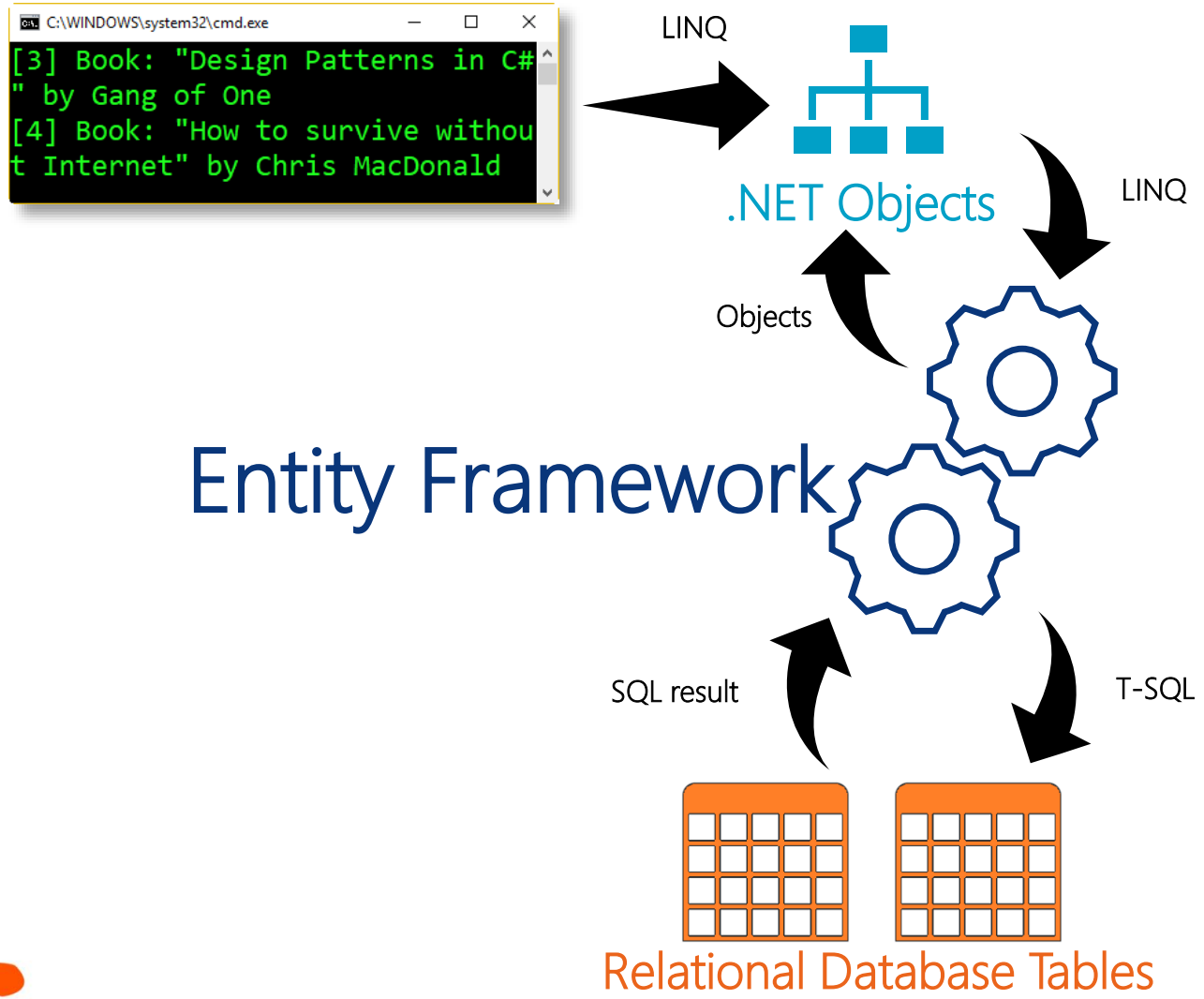
- Introductory Example: Products and Data Access
- Background: Entity Framework and `IQueryable<T>`
- Challenges
- Pattern: Repository
- 1. “Simple” Repository
- 2. Repository returning `IQueryable<T>`
- 3. Generic Repository Interface
- 4. Generic Repository Implementation
- Overview of Repository

Introductory Example: Products and Data Access

```
public class Product
{
    public int Id { get; set; }
    public string Name { get; set; }
    public string Manufacturer { get; set; }
    public Category? Category { get; set; }
}
```

```
using (ProductsContext context = new ProductsContext())
{
    var query = context.Products.Where(p => p.Category == Category.Book);
    foreach (var product in query)
    {
        Console.WriteLine(product);
    }
}
```

Background: Entity Framework



Challenges

- How do we separate
  - Business logic
  - Data access logic?
- How can we make the business logic testable?
- What if we decide to employ another data source?

Pattern: Repository

- *Mediates between the domain and data mapping layers using a collection-like interface for accessing domain objects*

- Outline
  - Encapsulate data access
  - Separate the actual data source from business logic code
  - Ensure testability and maintainability of data-driven code

- Origin:
  - Martin Fowler (2003)
  - Eric Evans (2004)

1. "Simple" Repository

- Implement a specialized repository for each business object or entity
- Disregard any methods not used..! (YAGNI)

```
interface IProductRepository
{
    Product GetById( int id );
    IEnumerable<Product> GetAll();
    IEnumerable<Product> GetAllBooks();
    //void Add( Product product );
    //void Remove( Product product );
}
```

- Can implement interface for other data sources, e.g. unit tests

- But... What about **`GetAllNintendoProducts()`** ?

Background: `IQueryable<T>`

- Remember the `Expression` class?

```
public interface IQueryable : IEnumerable
{
    Type ElementType { get; }
    Expression Expression { get; }
    IQueryProvider Provider { get; }
}
```

```
public interface IQueryable<out T>
   : IEnumerable<T>, IEnumerable, IQueryable
{
}
```

- `IQueryable<T>` represents an "unevaluated" `IEnumerable<T>`

2. Repository returning `IQueryable<T>`

- Incredibly flexible and elegant
- Can efficiently be further queried…!

```
interface IProductRepository
{
    Product GetById( int id );
    IQueryable<Product> GetAll();
    IQueryable<Product> GetAll( Expression<Func<Product, bool>> filter );
    void Add( Product product );
    void Remove( Product product );
}
```

- In-memory implementations can use `AsQueryable()` extension

- Beware: Data access logic might drift into business logic

3. Generic Repository Interface

- Abstract element type to be any entity with an **`Id`** property
- Ensures a high degree of consistency and reusability

```
interface IRepository<T> where T : IEntity
{
    T GetById( int id );
    IQueryable<T> GetAll();
    IQueryable<T> GetAll( Expression<Func<T, bool>> filter );
    void Add( T product );
    void Remove( T product );
}
```

```
interface IEntity
{
    int Id { get; }
}
```

- **`IProductRepository`** can add **`Product`**-specific methods

4 .Generic Repository Implementation

- `IRepository<T>` can be implemented generically for EF-contexts

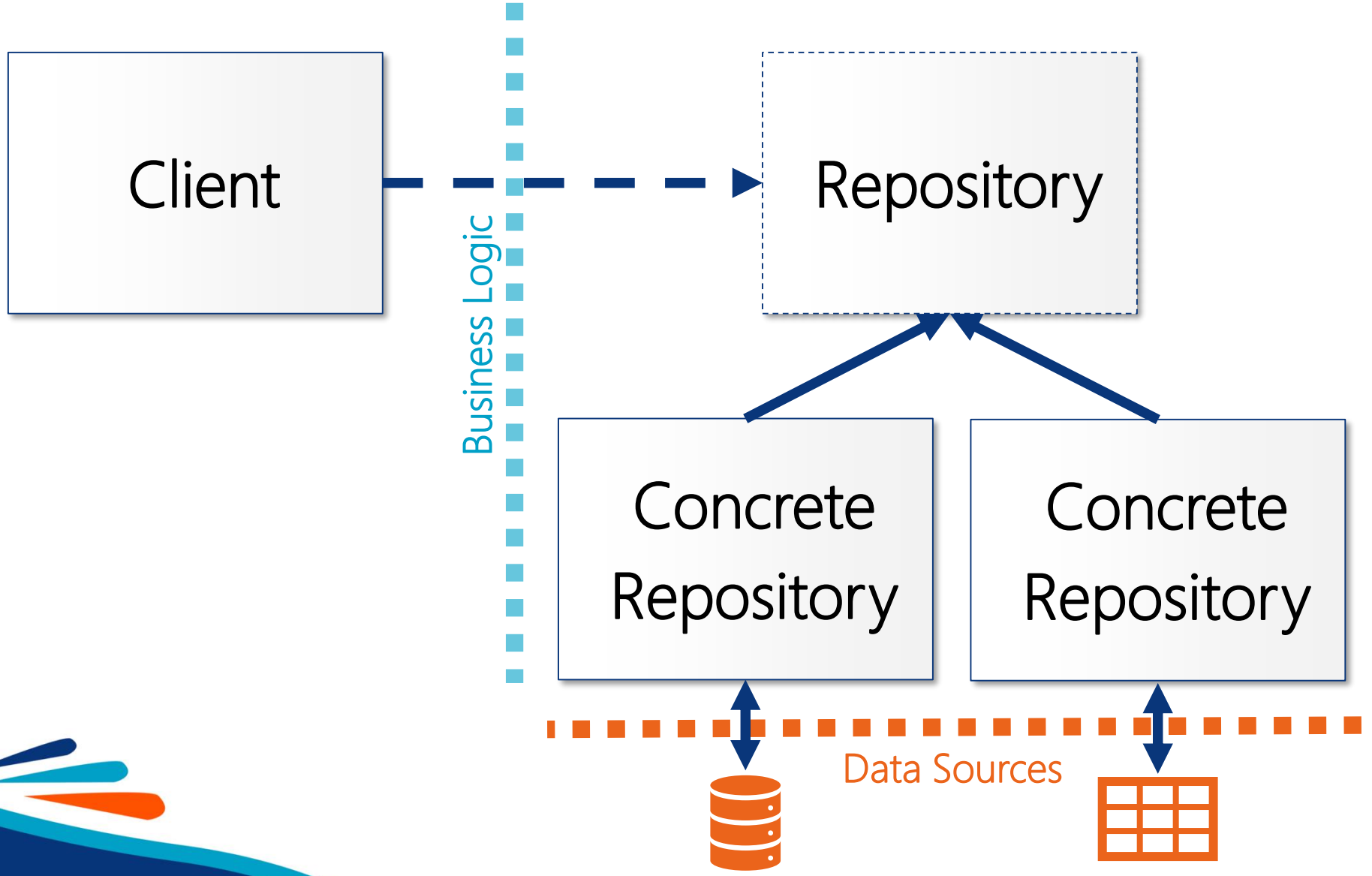
```
class Repository<T> : IRepository<T> where T : class, IEntity
{
    private readonly DbContext _context;

    public Repository( DbContext context ) { _context = context; }

    public T GetById( int id )
        => _context.Set<T>().Single(p => p.Id == id);

    public IQueryable<T> GetAll( Expression<Func<T, bool>> filter )
        => _context.Set<T>().Where(filter);
    ...
}
```

Overview of Repository Pattern



Overview of Repository Pattern

- Client
  - Queries and updates data through the Repository Interface
  - Only know the general Repository interface
- Repository
  - Interface or base class exposing data access logic in a persistence-independent description
- Concrete Repository
  - Concrete repository class implementing Repository interface
  - Implements persistence-dependent data access code for a specific concrete data source

Discussion

- Simple Repository
  - Implement a specialized repository for each business object
  - Disregard any methods not used! (YAGNI)
- `IQueryable`-based Repository
  - Flexible and efficient
  - Beware: Data access logic might drift into business logic
- Generic interfaces and implementation
  - High degree of consistency and reusability
- Note:
  - Can of course do generic interfaces and implementations based on `IEnumerable<T>` (and not `IQueryable<T>`), if preferred
- Unit of Work pattern for more complex situations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