



Get Stetr Cedt Wield AWS



#### AWS leads the market



Gartner Magic Quadrant for Cloud Infrastructure and Platform Services

#### Strong cloud computing forecasts







All key AWS concepts & services explained from the ground up



No prior AWS or cloud computing knowledge required



Basic IT knowledge suffices





Let's succeed together!





Try the course risk-free!







### What Is AWS?

#### Amazon Web Services

A subsidiary of Amazon (amazon.com)



A Cloud Services Provider



What Is "Cloud Computing"?



# **Example Time**

Host a Website

**Without Cloud Computing** 

Build & run your own server (your own computer)

Run Web Server Software (which serves the site)

With Cloud Computing

Rent a remote server & install + run your software on that



### What Is "Cloud Computing"?



AWS-managed infrastructure & services granting access to that infrastructure

Machines & data centers are "in the cloud" because, as a customer, you don't need to worry about infrastructure at all

As an AWS customer, you only worry about your workloads, not about the management of any hardware or infrastructure

Send commands like "start a new server" or "create a new managed database"

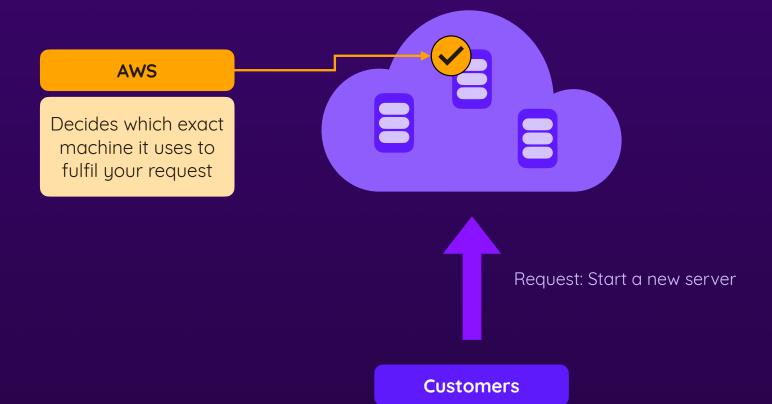
→ Use AWS' infrastructure and run your workloads on that managed infrastructure

**Customers** 

**AWS Customers** 



# **AWS Does The Heavy Lifting**





#### What Is AWS?



#### Amazon Web Services



A Cloud Services Provider



What Is "The Cloud"?

#### **Cloud Computing**

On-demand usage & delivery of IT resources

#### **Examples**

Rent a server & serve a website Rent file storage volumes

Flexible usage of compute power & data storage capabilities

No need to provision and maintain your own data center

Only pay for the resources you use, when you use them



# Without Cloud Computing



Own & operate your own data center(s) and hardware

Run your workloads on top of your own hardware

#### **On-premise Data Center**





### On-premises Advantages & Disadvantages





You have **full control** over your physical infrastructure & hardware

You **know exactly where** your computers (and data) are







You are **responsible for maintaining** the infrastructure

You are responsible for (long-term) capacity planning & upgrading

You are responsible for **securing** the infrastructure







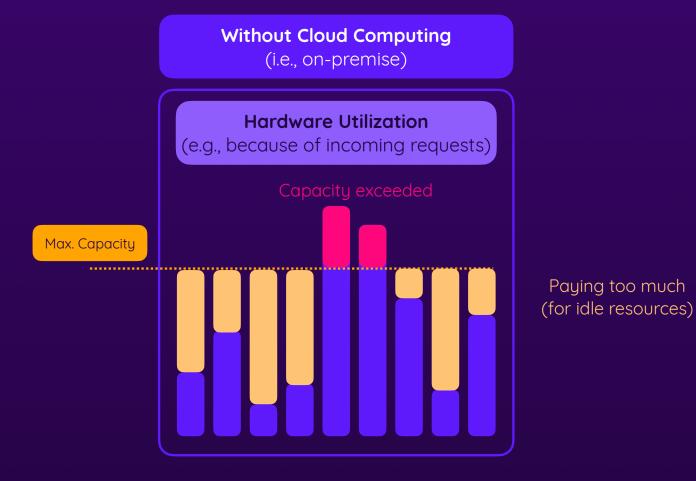
You **can't react quickly** to workload spikes (e.g., more requests)

You also pay for idle resources

You are typically stuck to **one or a few locations** 



# Flexible Scaling Required!





# **Cloud Computing To The Rescue**

AWS is responsible for operating & maintaining the infrastructure

Maintenance

Capacity planning & upgrades

Security



#### Reliability

AWS SLAs & global reach

Tools & services for building reliable solutions



## Agility, Elasticity & Scalability

Scale up or down as needed, anytime

Instant access to services & resources



#### Pay-as-you go

Only pay for services used

Don't pay for services you're not using (anymore)



#### Global Reach & High Availability

Choose perfect location

Spread our workloads to ensure high availability



# Reliability



**Rely on AWS** 



AWS is responsible for managing the underlying infrastructure

Service Level Agreements (SLA) are available for many key services



**Build Reliable Applications** 



Various services help you build reliable applications

Your workload performs its intended function correctly & consistently



Rely on Global Reach



Fall back to other regions or go with a multi-region setup right from the start

Move your workload within minutes to hours, instead of days or weeks



## **Agility, Elasticity & Scalability**



#### **Agility**

Use cloud resources within seconds or minutes

Launch resources with a click or command



#### **Elasticity**

Start using more or less resources, just as needed

No long-term planning required



#### Scalability

Scale up or down, as required

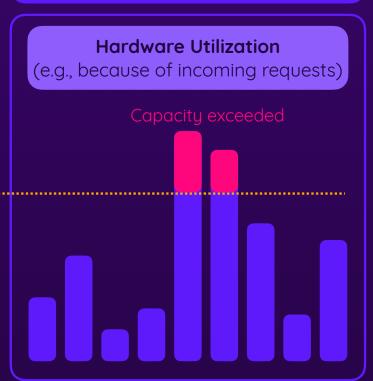
Use auto-scaling services to reduce manual workload



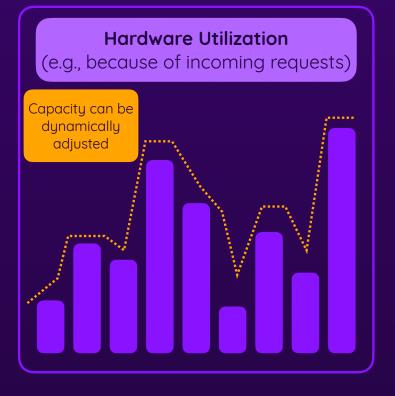
Max. Capacity

# Flexible Scaling Required!



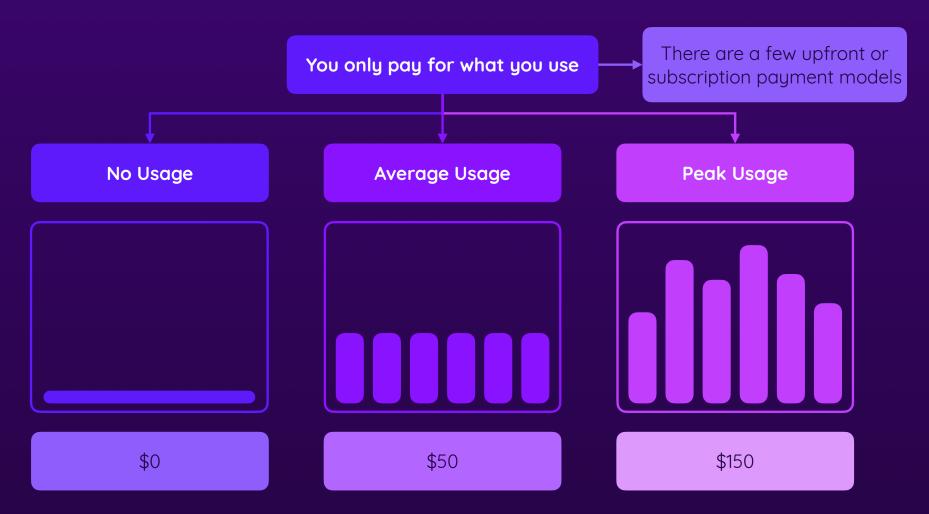


## With Cloud Computing (e.g., via AWS services)





# Pay-as-you Go





#### **Cost-Related Benefits**

You're trading fixed expense for variable expense

No **CapEx** (capital expenditure) for purchasing or operating your own hardware

Less **OpEx** (operating expenditure) since you only pay for the service usage, not for staff or power

Benefit from AWS' **economies of scale**: AWS can realize discounts & savings on hardware procurements (+ other advantages) which you couldn't



# Global Reach & High Availability

AWS own & operates a world-wide network of data centers





If one data center or group of data centers would go down, you can run your workloads in one of the many other regions



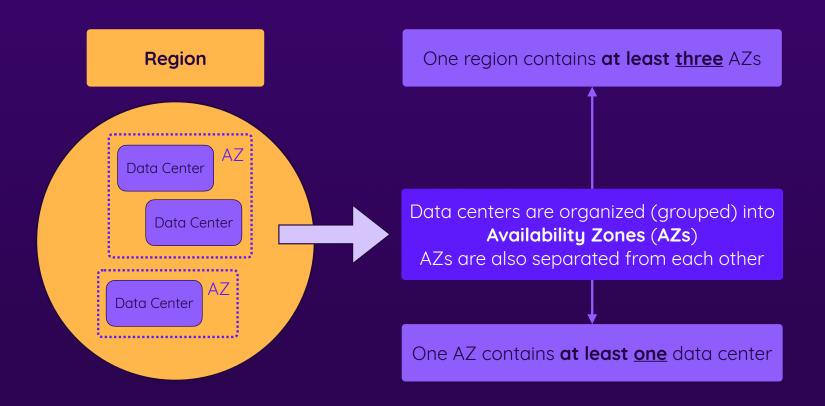


### **AWS' World-Wide Infrastructure**





## Regions & Availability Zones (AZs)



There also are "Local Zones", "Edge Locations", "Wavelength Zones" & "AWS Outposts"



### Reasons For Picking A Certain Region

**Different Pricing** 

**Service Availability** 

**Legal Reasons** 

**Availability & Latency** 

AWS faces different costs for operating its infrastructure in different places of the world

Not all services can be used in all Regions

Companies might be legally required to use certain services in certain Regions only

Workloads can be executed in multiple Regions to increase availability & reliability

As a result, service prices can differ between Regions

Some services are only available in certain Regions

Example: A company must store user data in the EU

Applications can be run close to end users / customers to reduce latency

You can use the service pricing pages or the "Pricing Calculator" to learn about pricing differences

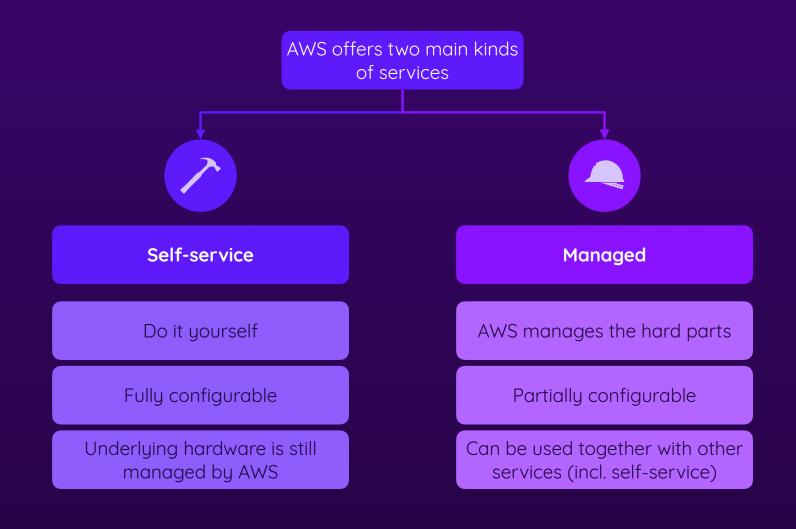


### **AWS' World-Wide Infrastructure**





## Self-Service & Managed Services





### Which Services Does AWS Offer?









Compute

Data Storage

Database

Networking & Content

Delivery









**Application Integration** 

Security

Cloud Management

Migration & Edge Computing









Analytics & Data Ingestion

Machine Learning & Artificial Intelligence

Developer Tools

**Business Applications** 



### **Which Services Does AWS Offer?**









Compute

Data Storage

Database

Networking & Content

Delivery









**Application Integration** 

Security

Cloud Management

Migration & Edge Computing









Analytics & Data Ingestion

Machine Learning & Artificial Intelligence

Developer Tools

Business Applications



### **About This Course & The Exam**

