



# Defects

# Some Basic Definitions

- ▶ Mistake/Bug: The mistake during the coding is referred to as a bug. (human action)
- ▶ Fault: The result of a mistake is a fault. A fault is a representation of an mistake. (represented in the program)
- ▶ Failure: The result of the execution of a fault is a failure. Therefore:
  - ▶ Failure only occurs in an executable representation
  - ▶ Reviews before execution prevent failure
- ▶ Defect: The amount/deviation by which the result is incorrect



# Defects are costly

- ▶ Maintenance is 65-85% of system cost
- ▶ Maintenance is mainly completion and/or correction of development
- ▶ 2/3 of finished system errors are requirements and design errors

# Defect Categories

- ▶ Computational
- ▶ Logical
- ▶ Input/Output
- ▶ Interface
- ▶ Data
  - ▶ Data Handling
  - ▶ Data Definition



# Computational

- ▶ Incorrect algorithm
- ▶ Missing computation
- ▶ Incorrect Operand
- ▶ Incorrect Operation
- ▶ Parenthesis error
- ▶ Round-off Truncation
- ▶ Wrong built in function

# Logical

- ▶ Missing case
- ▶ Duplicate case
- ▶ Missing condition
- ▶ Misinterpretation
- ▶ Wrong variable tested
- ▶ Wrong operator used (<, for >)
- ▶ Incorrect loop iterations



# Input / Output

- ▶ Correct input not accepted
- ▶ Incorrect input accepted
- ▶ Wrong output format
- ▶ Wrong result
- ▶ Correct result at wrong time
- ▶ Incomplete or missing result
- ▶ Spelling / grammar
- ▶ Cosmetic

# Interface

- ▶ Call to wrong Procedure
- ▶ Call to non existing procedure
- ▶ Parameter mismatch
- ▶ Incompatible data type
- ▶ Incorrect interrupt handling
- ▶ Input/output timing



# Data

- ▶ Incorrect initialization
- ▶ Incorrect Storage / access
- ▶ Wrong variable used
- ▶ Wrong data reference
- ▶ Incorrect data type
- ▶ Incorrect data scope
- ▶ Inconsistent data
- ▶ Incorrect data structure

# Defects Severity

- ▶ Mild
- ▶ Moderate
- ▶ Annoying
- ▶ Disturbing
- ▶ Serious
- ▶ Very serious
- ▶ Extreme
- ▶ Intolerable
- ▶ Catastrophic

## Medical Domain

- ▶ Misspelled word
- ▶ Redundant information
- ▶ Truncated names
- ▶ Wrong address (delivery)
- ▶ Bill round off
- ▶ Missing medical diagnosis
- ▶ Wrong medical dosage
- ▶ Monitoring system failure
- ▶ Therac-25



# Classification of Defects

- ▶ Defects in requirements & Specification
- ▶ Defects in design
- ▶ Defects in Implementation
- ▶ Defects in testing
- ▶ Defects in operations & Maintenance

# Major Causes of Defects in Requirement & Specification

- ▶ Failure to address the right issues
- ▶ Lack of sufficient user involvement
- ▶ Ambiguity
- ▶ Omission
- ▶ Lack of detail
- ▶ Un-stated or buried assumption
- ▶ Unrealistic risk, budget or resource assumption
- ▶ Technical feasibility
- ▶ Volatility
- ▶ Factual errors



# Major Causes of Defects in Design

- ▶ Creeping expansion of scope
- ▶ Not modular and top-down
- ▶ High fan in and fan out
- ▶ Lack of fit to functional specification
- ▶ Insufficient detail on which to build
- ▶ Software design is not flexible
- ▶ Methods to prevent, detect or recover from defect is not integrated in the SDLC

# Major Causes of Defects in Implementation

- ▶ Unstructured, highly coupled code
- ▶ High complexity
- ▶ Use of obscure & tricky language features
- ▶ Poor documentation
- ▶ Hard coded data values
- ▶ Insufficient change and version control
- ▶ Global values
- ▶ incorrect interface assumptions
- ▶ inflexibility
- ▶ Value overflow possibility



# Major Causes of Defects in Testing

- ▶ Incomplete or insufficient specification
- ▶ Unknown test coverage
- ▶ Ad Hoc, inspirational testing
- ▶ Last minute, reactive testing
- ▶ Lack of tractability
- ▶ Disorganized, insufficient test processes
- ▶ Unrealistic deadlines

# Major Causes of Defects in Operation & Maintenance

- ▶ Poor documentation
- ▶ Inadequate understanding of the product
- ▶ Heavy prior patching
- ▶ Last minute changes
- ▶ Unrealistic deadlines for modification
- ▶ “Spaghetti” code
- ▶ No regression or volume testing
- ▶ Lack of version control



# Fixing a Defect

## Finding Defects in:

- ▶ Requirement
- ▶ Program
- ▶ After Release

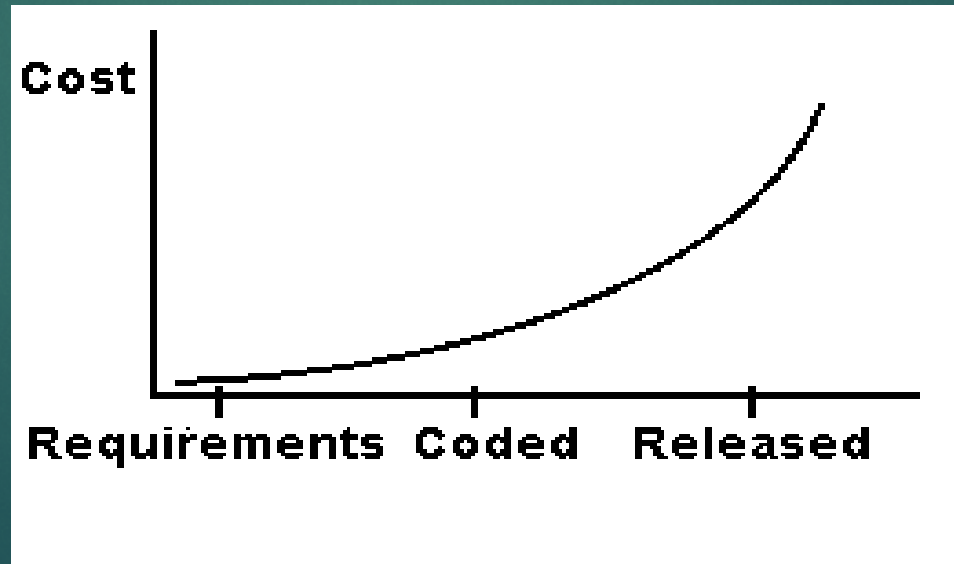
## To Fix it

- ▶ Word Processor, eraser
- ▶ Debugging, Code rewrite
- ▶ Debugging, Code rewrite, Training (for old software), Reengineering,

# Cost of Error

## Detection Correction Cost

- |                        |                       |
|------------------------|-----------------------|
| ▶ Requirement          | ▶ \$100 - \$1,000     |
| ▶ Acceptance Testing   | ▶ \$1,000 - \$100,000 |
| ▶ After Implementation | ▶ Up to Millions      |





# Industry software bug fixing cost

▶ Prototyping	1 hr
▶ Requirement review	1 hr
▶ Design inspection	1.5 hrs
▶ Code inspection	1.5 hrs
▶ Unit test	2.5 hrs
▶ Function test	5 hrs
▶ System test	10 hrs
▶ Field test	10+ hrs

Source: Caper Jones

# Defect Injection per Phase

Correct Portion

Incorrect Portion

- ▶ Requirements



- ▶ Design



- ▶ Implementation



- ▶ Every defect undiscovered in requirement phase created 3 to 15 defects in design phase
- ▶ Every defect undiscovered in design phase creates 2 to 10 defects in code phase



# How to Find Defects?

- ▶ Defect prevention
  - ▶ Inspection and walk through
  - ▶ Test execution
  - ▶ Test design and development
  - ▶ Informal reviews
- ▶ Defect Prediction
  - ▶ Using size and complexity metrics
  - ▶ Using testing metrics
  - ▶ Using process quality data
  - ▶ Using multivariate approach