Qui

(a)

(apts) (b) 200, 100, 50, 75, 150, 130, 300, 250

(2)

(2 pts)

(2.7ts)

2. 
$$200,100,300,50,150,250,75,130$$
 (5 pts)

(a)  $200 \rightarrow 200 \rightarrow 100 \rightarrow 100$ 

(5 pts)

$$\frac{150}{250} \stackrel{\cancel{300}}{\cancel{200}} \stackrel{\cancel{300}}{\cancel{300}} \stackrel{\cancel{300}}{\cancel{300}} \stackrel{\cancel{300}}{\cancel{300}} \stackrel{\cancel{300}}{\cancel{300}} \stackrel{\cancel{300}}{\cancel{300}}$$

$$\frac{250}{300} \rightarrow 300 \rightarrow \text{empty}$$

- (1) 88 is at i = 2 Children at 2(2)+1 = 5 and 2(2)+2=6 So 44,30
- (b) 30 is at index 6 so parent at (6-1)/2 = 5/2 = 250, 88

TNDEX 
$$8 \rightarrow (8-1)/2 \rightarrow 7/2 \rightarrow 3 \text{ (parent)}$$
 $58 \angle 150 \quad 50 \quad \text{SWaP}$ 
 $10 \quad 1 \quad 2 \quad 3 \quad 4 \quad 5 \quad 6 \quad 7 \quad 8$ 
 $100 \quad 72 \quad 88 \quad 150 \quad 65 \quad 44 \quad 30 \quad 23 \quad 58$ 

72 < 150 50 SWAA

INXX 1->(1-1)/2->0/2->0 (parent)

- (b) n elements and go down the tree O(n log n)
  (b) n elements and you may have to go down the tree each time in The worst case so O(nlogn).
  - (C) O(logn) Worst case: go all the way down
  - (d) O(n) breadth-first
  - (e) O(logn) go down tree to last level
  - (f) O(log n) Swap and then you may have to go all the way to the bottom.