1. Repeatable read vs read committed:
   1. Both can only read committed data, but repeatable also prevents other transactions from modifying the data being read until the current read transaction is finished
2. Set of integers where sum = 1000, none are 10, 20, or 30:
   1. Alice’s transaction can produce 1000 if hers finishes first, 1060 if Betty’s finishes first, or 1010 if both Carol and Betty’s transactions finish first. Alice’s query will never read the uncommitted data from Betty’s or Carol’s transactions, and Carol’s transaction can only work successfully if Betty’s finishes before Carol’s starts.
   2. Read uncommitted:
   3. Serializable: