

Pinnacle MYGA® A Multi-Year Guaranteed Annuity

New Business Instructions

Issued by Delaware Life Insurance Company

Please use the following checklist as a guide to ensure business	is submitted properly.
All cross-outs or alterations made to any form submitted must	be initialed by the applicant(s).
 Application A Guarantee Period must be selected Must be signed by all owners The Death Benefit is payable upon the death of any Owner. If you wish to have the death benefit paid to the surviving spouse, "Surviving Spouse" should be listed as Sole Primary Beneficiary. 	Notice Regarding Standards for Medi-Cal Eligibility (CA Only) Must be signed by all owners Must be signed by selling agent Comparison of Annuity Contracts (CA Only)
Must be signed by selling agent	Make check payable to: Delaware Life Insurance Company
 Delivery of Buyer's Guide, if applicable Must be delivered at or before time of application 	 Please ensure that the owner's name is referenced on the check
Replacement Form Complete the necessary Form A or state-specific replacement form, based on the requirements of the state in which the application is signed.	Mail application and forms, together with the check or transfer form to: Regular Mail: Delaware Life P.O. Box 758580 Topeka, KS 66675-8580
 Transfer Forms If the owner is transferring funds from another company to purchase this annuity, please complete the Qualified Transfer/1035 Exchange Form. 	Overnight address: Delaware Life Mail Zone 581 5801 SW 6th Avenue Topeka, KS 66636
Note: To complete a transfer/1035 exchange, the Owner(s)/Annuitant(s) on the existing contract must be identical to the new contract.	Certain account registrations may require additional forms to be completed by your client. Please contact our customer service center at 877-253-2323 with any questions.
Disclosure Statement • Must be signed by all owners	Keep a copy of the documents for your files.

Delaware Life Insurance Company is authorized to transact business in all states (except New York), the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands and is a member of Group One Thousand One.

· Must be signed by selling agent



Application – Pinnacle MYGA®

A Multi-Year Guaranteed Annuity Individual Single Premium Deferred Annuity (SPDA)

Issued by Delaware Life Insurance Company, P.O. Box 758581, Topeka, KS 66675-8581 (the "Company")

A Product Selection (select one)					
Product Choi	ces					
Pinnacle MYGA®	3-Year	5-Year 7-	-Year 10-Year			
B Owner						
Owner Information (If trust, include Trust Certific	cation Form)		Joint Owner Informat (Not available for Ind		etirement Aı	nnuities)
Complete Name (First-Middle-Last)			Complete Name (First-Middle	e-Last)		
Residential Address (No PO Box)			Residential Address (No PO B	ox)		
City	State	Zip Code	City	S	State	Zip Code
Social Security Number or TIN	Gender Male	Female Entity	Social Security Number or TIN	Gender Male	[Female	Date of Birth (mm/dd/year)
Date of Birth or Trust Date (mm/dd/year)	Phone Number		Phone Number		Relationship to C	Owner
C Annuitant						
Annuitant Information (Complete only if Annuitant i	s different fron	n Owner)	Joint Annuitant Infor (Not available for Ind		etirement Ar	nnuities)
Complete Name (First-Middle-Last)			Complete Name (First-Middle	e-Last)		
Residential Address (No PO Box)			Residential Address (No PO B	ox)		
City	State	Zip Code	City	S	State	Zip Code
Social Security Number	Gender Male	Female	Social Security Number		Gender Male	Female
Date of Birth (mm/dd/year)	Phone Number		Date of Birth (mm/dd/year)		Phone Number	r

lan Type (check one)	Г		_	ete if applicable		
	Traditional IRA	Roth IRA		A Contribution – T		
SEP IRA			If Roth IRA Cor	ntribution – Tax Yea	ar	
			If Roth IRA – Inc	ception Date		
E Premium Amoun	t					
Source			Amount			
Check with Application			\$			
Estimated 1035 Exchange /	Amount		\$			
Estimated Qualified Transf	fer / Rollover Amou	nt	\$			
Estimated Non-Qualified A)	\$			
F Beneficiaries (If S	pousal Joint Owne	ership, "survivi	ng spouse" is no	rmally listed as pr	imary beneficia	ry)
D.:						
Primary Beneficiary	Address	Telephone	Date of Birth	Social Security	Relationship	Percentag
Full Name	Address	Telephone Number	Date of Birth	Social Security Number or TIN	Relationship to Owner	Percenta
	Address		Date of Birth			Percenta
	Address		Date of Birth			Percenta
	Address		Date of Birth			Percenta
	Address		Date of Birth			Percenta
	Address		Date of Birth			Percenta
	Address		Date of Birth			Percenta
Full Name Contingent Beneficiary		Number		Number or TIN Social Security	to Owner Relationship	
Full Name	Address	Number	Date of Birth Date of Birth	Number or TIN	to Owner	
Full Name Contingent Beneficiary		Number		Number or TIN Social Security	to Owner Relationship	
Full Name Contingent Beneficiary		Number		Number or TIN Social Security	to Owner Relationship	Percenta
Full Name Contingent Beneficiary		Number		Number or TIN Social Security	to Owner Relationship	
Full Name Contingent Beneficiary		Number		Number or TIN Social Security	to Owner Relationship	
Full Name Contingent Beneficiary		Number		Number or TIN Social Security	to Owner Relationship	
Full Name Contingent Beneficiary		Number		Number or TIN Social Security	to Owner Relationship	

G Existing Coverages/Replacement	
Please answer the following questions:	
a. Do you have any other life insurance policies or annuity contracts with the company or any other companies?	Yes No
b. Is the Contract applied for replacing or intended to replace or change any existing life insurance or annuity contracts with the company or any other companies?	Yes No
H Certification Required by the Internal Revenue Service and Signature Section	
The assets in your contract are subject to state unclaimed property laws which provide that if no activity contract within the time period specified by the particular state law after the contract's maturity date or benefit is due and payable, your assets must be transferred to the appropriate state. We are required by that your assets may be transferred to an appropriate state in compliance with these state laws.	date that the death
Under penalty of perjury, I certify that (1) the Social Security or taxpayer identification number shown on correct Social Security or taxpayer identification number, and (2) I am not subject to backup withholding being exempt from backup withholding, not being notified by the IRS of a failure to report all interest or chas notified me that I am no longer subject to backup withholding, (3) I am a U.S. person (including a U.S. r (4) I am exempt from FATCA reporting. (Cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that subject to backup withholding due to a failure to report all interest and dividends.)	as a result of either lividends, or the IRS esident alien), and
The IRS does not require your consent to any provision of this document other than the certifications backup withholding.	required to avoid
I agree to all terms and conditions as shown, and have read and understand all the statements made above all statements made in this application are true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. I understand that under the Contract may be subject to a Market Value Adjustment.	
I believe this to be a suitable purchase for my financial status. Any applicable Surrender Charge and Mark Adjustment provisions have been explained to me.	et Value
Signed at: City, State, Zip	
Signature of Owner	Date (mm/dd/year)
X	
Signature of Joint Owner (if applicable)	Date (mm/dd/year)
_ ^	

1	Agent Signature(s)							
1. a. l	Yes No							
	b. To the best of your knowledge, is the contract being applied for replacing or intending to replace or change any existing life insurance or annuity contracts?							
c.	For any replacement, indicate the type of co	overage propose	d to be replaced:					
	Term Life Whole Life Varia	ble Life Fix	ced Annuity Variable Annuit	У				
	Other							
2. Ad	vertising materials:							
	I certify that I used only insurer-approved sa material was left with the proposed owner.	les material with	this Application and that an origina	al or a copy of all sales				
	I certify that a printed copy of any electronic owner no later than the date the Contract is		ales material was/will be presente	d to the proposed				
	ertify that this Application is in accordance opect to the acceptability of replacements.	with the Delawar	e Life Insurance Company's Busine	ess Guidelines with				
ba s If you l	justment provisions contained in this Consed upon the proposed owner's disclosure haven't received your Agent number please).		tne proposed owner,				
Office F	Phone Number	Agent Number		Split %				
Agent N	Name (Print Legibly)		Email Address					
Office F	Phone Number	Agent Number		Split				
				%				
Signatu	re of Agent			Date (mm/dd/year)				
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Signatu	re of Agent (If Joint Case)			Date (mm/dd/year)				
Χ								
	d Notice: Any person who knowingly prese inal offense and subject to penalties unde		ment in an application for insurar	ice may be guilty of a				
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Delaware Life Insurance Company (Waltham, MA) is authorized to transact business in all states (except New York), the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands and is a member of Group One Thousand One, LLC ("Group1001").

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Prepared by the

NAIC

National Association of Insurance Commissioners

The National Association of Insurance Commissioners is an association of state insurance regulatory officials. This association helps the various insurance departments to coordinate insurance laws for the benefit of all consumers.

This guide does not endorse any company or policy.

Reprinted by Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada (U.S.)

NAIC Buyer's Guide for Deferred Annuities

It's important that you understand how annuities can be different from each other so you can choose the type of annuity that's best for you. The purpose of this Buyer's Guide is to help you do that. This Buyer's Guide isn't meant to offer legal, financial, or tax advice. You may want to consult independent advisors that specialize in these areas.

This Buyer's Guide is about deferred annuities in general and some of their most common features. It's not about any particular annuity product. The annuity you select may have unique features this Guide doesn't describe. It's important for you to carefully read the material you're given or ask your annuity salesperson, especially if you're interested in a particular annuity or specific annuity features.

This Buyer's Guide includes questions you should ask the insurance company or the annuity salesperson (the agent, producer, broker, or advisor). Be sure you're satisfied with the answers before you buy an annuity.

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What Is an Annuity?

An annuity is a contract with an insurance company. All annuities have one feature in common, and it makes annuities different from other financial products. With an annuity, the insurance company promises to pay you income on a regular basis for a period of time you choose - including the rest of your life.

When Annuities Start to Make Income Payments

Some annuities begin paying income to you soon after you buy it (an **immediate** annuity). Others begin some later date you choose (a **deferred** annuity).

How Deferred Annuities Are Alike

There are ways that *most* deferred annuities are alike:

- They have an **accumulation** period and a **payout** period. During the accumulation period, the value of your annuity changes based on the type of annuity. During the payout period the annuity makes income payments to you.
- They offer a basic death benefit. If you die during the accumulation period, a deferred annuity with a basic death benefit pays some or all of the annuity's value to your survivors (called beneficiaries) either in one payment or multiple payments over time. The amount is usually the greater of the annuity account value or the minimum guaranteed surrender value. If you die after you begin to receive income payments (annuitize), your chosen survivors may not receive anything unless: 1) your annuity guarantees to pay out at least as much as you paid into the annuity, or 2) you chose a payout option that continues to make payments after your death. For an extra cost you may be able to choose enhanced benefits that increase the value of the basic death benefit.

Sources of Information

Contract: The legal document between you and the insurance company that binds both of you to terms of the agreement.

Disclosure: A document that describes the key features of your annuity, including what is guaranteed and what isn't, and your annuity's fees and charges. If you buy a variable annuity, you'll receive a prospectus that includes detailed information about investment objectives, risks, charges, and expenses.

Illustration: A personalized document that shows how you annuity features might work. Ask what is guaranteed and what isn't and what assumptions were made to create the illustration.

- You usually have to pay a charge (called a surrender or withdrawal charge) if you take some or all of your money out too early (usually before a set time period ends). Some annuities may not charge if you withdraw small amounts (for example, 10% or less of the account value) each year.
- Any money your annuity earns is tax deferred. That means you
 won't pay income tax on earnings until you take them out of the
 annuity.
- You can add features (called riders) to many annuities, usually at an extra cost.
- An annuity salesperson must be licensed by your state insurance department. A person selling a variable annuity also must be registered with FINRA¹ as a representative of a broker/dealer that's a FINRA member. In some states, the state securities department also must license a person selling a variable annuity.

1

¹ FINRA (Financial Industry Regulatory Authority) regulates the companies and salespeople who sell variable annuities

- Insurance companies sell annuities. You want to buy from an insurance company that's financially sound. There are various ways you can research an insurance company's financial strength. You can visit the insurance company's website or ask your annuity salesperson for more information. You also can review an insurance company's rating from an independent rating agency. Four main firms currently rate insurance companies. They are A.M. Best Company, Standard and Poor's Corporation, Moody's Investors Service, and Fitch Ratings. Your insurance department may have more information about insurance companies. An easy way to find contact information for your insurance department is to visit www.naic.org and click on "States and Jurisdictions Map".
- Insurance companies usually pay the annuity salesperson after the sale, but the payment doesn't reduce the amount
 you pay into the annuity. You can ask your salesperson how they earn from the sale.

How Deferred Annuities Are Different

There are differences among deferred annuities. Some of the differences are:

- Whether you pay for the annuity with one or more than one payment (called a **premium**).
- The types and amounts of the fees, charges, and adjustments. While almost all annuities have some fees and charges that could reduce your account value, the types, and amounts can be different among annuities. Read the Fees, Charges, and Adjustments section in the Buyer's Guide for more information.
- Whether the annuity is fixed annuity or variable annuity. How the value of an annuity changes is different depending on whether the annuity is fixed or variable.

Fixed annuities guarantee your money will earn at least a minimum interest rate. Fixed annuities may earn interest at a rate higher than the minimum but only the minimum rate is guaranteed. The insurance company sets the rates.

Fixed indexed annuities are a type of fixed annuity that earns interest based on changes in a market index, which measures how the market or part of the market performs. The interest rate guaranteed to never be less than zero, even if the market goes down.

Variable annuities earn investment returns based on the performance of the investment portfolios, known as "subaccounts", where you choose to put your money. The return earned in a variable annuity isn't guaranteed. The value of the subaccounts you choose could go up or down. If they go up, you could make money. But, if the value of these subaccounts goes down, you could lose money. Also, income payments to you could be less than you expected.

Some annuities offer a premium bonus, which usually is a lump sum amount the insurance company adds to your annuity when you buy it or when you add money. It's usually a set percentage of the amount you put into the annuity. Other annuities offer an interest bonus, which is an amount the insurance company adds to your annuity when you earn interest. It's usually a set percentage of the interest earned. You may not be able to withdraw some or all of your premium bonus for a set period of time. Also, you could lose the bonus if you take some or all of the money of your annuity within a set period of time.

How Does the Value of a Deferred Annuity Change?

Fixed Annuities

Money in a fixed deferred annuity earns interest at a rate the insurer sets. The rate is **fixed** (won't change) for some period, usually a year. After that rate period ends, the insurance company will set another fixed interest rate for the next rate period. That rate could be higher or lower than the earlier rates.

Fixed deferred annuities *do* have a guaranteed minimum interest rate-the lowest rate the annuity can earn. It's stated in your contract and disclosure and can't change as long as you own the annuity. Ask about:

- The *initial interest* rate What is the rate? How long until it will change?
- The *renewal interest* rate When will it be announce? How will the insurance company tell you what the new rate will be?

Fixed Indexed Annuities

Money in a fixed annuity earns interest based on changes in an index. Some indexes are measures of how the overall financial markets perform (such as the S&P 500 Index or Dow Jones Industrial Average) during a set period of time (called the **index term**). Others measure how a specific financial market performs (such as the Nasdaq) during the term. The insurance company uses a formula to determine how a change in the index affects the amount of interest to add to your annuity at the *end of each index term*. Once interest is added to your annuity for an index term, those earnings usually are locked in and changes in the index in the next index term don't affect them. If you take money from an indexed annuity before an index term ends, the annuity may not add all of the index-linked interest for that term to your contact.

Insurance companies use different formulas to calculate the interest to add to your annuity. They look at changes in the index over a period of time. See the box "Fixed Deferred Indexed Formulas" that describes how changes in an index are used to calculate interest.

The formulas insurance companies use often mean that interest added to your annuity is based on only part of a change in an index over a set period of time. Participation rates, cap rates, and spread rates (sometimes called margin or asset fees) all are terms that describe ways the amount of interest added to your annuity may not reflect the full change in the index. But if the index goes down over that period, zero interest is added to your annuity. Then your annuity value won't go down as long as you don't withdraw the money.

When you buy an index annuity, you aren't investing directly in the market or the index. Some indexed annuities offer you more than one index choice. Many indexed annuities also offer the choice to put part of your money in a fixed interest rate account, with a rate that won't change for a set period

Fixed Deferred Indexed Formulas

Annual Point-to-Point – Change in index calculated using two dates one year apart.

Multi-Year Point-to-Point – Change in index calculated using two dates more than one year apart.

Monthly or Daily Averaging – Change in index calculated using multiple dates (one day of every month for monthly averaging, every day the market is open for daily averaging). The average of these values is compared with the index value at the start of the term.

Monthly Point-to-Point – Change in index calculated for each month during the index term. Each monthly change is limited to the "cap rate" for positive changes, but not when the change is negative. At the end of the index term, all monthly changes (positive and negative) are added. If the result is positive, interest is added to the annuity. If the result is negative or zero, no interest (0%) is added.

Variable Annuities

Money in a variable annuity earns a return based on the performance of the investment portfolio, known as "subaccounts", where you choose to put your money. Your investment choices likely will include subaccounts with different types and levels of risk. Your choices will affect the return you earn on your annuity. Subaccounts usually have no guaranteed return, but you may have a choice to put some money in a fixed interest rate account, with a rate that won't change for a set period.

The value of your annuity can change every day as the subaccounts' values change. If the subaccounts' values increase, your annuity earns money. But there's no guarantee that the values of the subaccounts will increase. If the subaccounts' values go down, you may end up with less money in your annuity than you paid into it.

An insurer may offer several variations of a variable deferred annuity product. The different versions usually are identified as **share classes**. The key differences between the versions are the fees you'll pay every year you own the annuity. The rules that apply if you take money out of the annuity also may be different. Read the prospectus carefully. Ask the annuity salesperson to explain the differences among the versions.

What Other Information Should You Consider?

How Insurers Determine Indexed Interest

Participation Rate – Determines how much of the increase in the index is used to calculate index-linked interest. A participation rate usually is for a set period. The period can be from one year to the entire term. Some companies guarantee the rate can never be lower (higher) than a set minimum (maximum). Participation rates are often less than 100%, particularly when there's no cap rate.

Cap Rate – Typically, the maximum rate of interest the annuity will earn during the index term. Some annuities guarantee that the cap rate will never be lower (higher) that a set minimum (maximum). Companies often use a cap rate, especially if the participation rate is 100%.

Spread Rate – A set percentage the insurer subtracts from any change in the index. Also called a "margin or asset fee". Companies may use this instead of or in addition to the participation or cap rate.

Fees, Charges, and Adjustments

Fees and charges reduce the value of your annuity. They help cover the insurer's cost to sell and manage the annuity and pay benefits. The insurer may subtract these costs directly from your annuity's value. Most annuities have fees and charges but they can be different for different annuities. Read the contract and disclosure or prospectus carefully and ask the annuity salesperson to describe these costs.

A surrender or withdrawal charge is a charge if you take part or all of the money out of your annuity during a set period of time. The charge is a percentage of the amount you take out of the annuity. The percentage usually goes down each year until the surrender charge period ends. Look at the contract and the disclosure or prospectus for details about the charge. Also look for any waivers for events (such as death) or the right to take out a small amount (usually up to 10%) each year without paying the charge. If you take all of your money out of an annuity, you've surrendered it and no longer have any right to future income payments.

Some annuities have a Market Value Adjustment (MVA). An MVA could increase or decrease your annuity's account value, cash surrender value, and/or death benefit value if you withdraw money from your account. In general, if interest rates are *lower* when you withdraw money than they were when you brought the annuity, the MVA could *increase* the amount you could take from your annuity.

In general, if interest rates are *higher* when you withdraw money than they were when you brought the annuity, the MVA could *reduce* the amount you could take from your annuity. Every MVA calculation is different. Check your contract and disclosure or prospectus for detail

How Annuities Make Payments

Annuitize

At some future time, you can choose to **annuitize** your annuity and start to receive guaranteed fixed income payments for life or a period of time you choose. After payments begin, you can't take any other money out of the annuity. You also usually can't change the amount of your payments. For more information, see "*Payout Options*" in this Buyer's Guide. If you die before the payment period ends, your survivors may not receive any payments, depending on the payment option you choose.

Full Withdrawal

You can withdraw the cash surrender value of the annuity in a lump sum payment and end your annuity. You'll likely pay a charge to do this if it's during the surrender charge period. If you withdraw your annuity's cash surrender value, your annuity is cancelled. Once that happens, you can't start or continue to receive regular income payments from the annuity

Partial Withdrawal

You may be able to withdraw *some* of the money from the annuity's cash surrender value without ending the annuity. Most annuities with surrender charges let you take out a certain amount (usually up to 10%) each year without paying surrender charges on that amount. Check your contact and disclosure or prospectus. Ask your annuity salesperson about other ways you can take money from the annuity without paying charges.

Living Benefits for Fixed Annuities

Some fixed annuities, especially fixed indexed annuities, offer a guaranteed living benefits rider, usually at an extra cost. A common type is called a guaranteed lifetime withdrawal benefit the guarantees to make income payments you can't outlive. While you get payments, the money still in your annuity earns interest. You can choose to stop and restart the payments or you might be able to take extra money from your annuity. Even if the payments reduce the annuity's value to zero at some point, you'll continue to get payments for the rest of your life. If you die while receiving payments, your survivors may get some or all of the money left in your annuity.

Annuity Fees and Charges

Contract fee – A flat dollar amount or percentage charged once or annually.

Percentage of purchase payment – A front-end sales load or other charge deducted from each premium paid. The percentage may vary over time.

Premium tax – A tax some states charge on annuities. The insurer may subtract the amount of tax when you pay your premium, when you withdraw you contract value, when you start to receive income payments, or when it pays a death benefit to a beneficiary.

Transaction fee – A charge for certain transactions, such as transfers or withdrawals

* * *

Mortality and expense (M&E) risk charge – a fee charged on variable annuities. It's a percentage of the account value invested in the subaccounts

Underlying fund charges – fees and charges on a variable annuity's subaccounts; may include an investment management fee, distribution and service (12b-1) fees, and other fees.

Living Benefits for Variable Annuities

Variable annuities may offer a benefit at an extra cost that guarantees you a minimum account value, a minimum lifetime income, or minimum withdrawal amounts regardless of how your subaccounts perform. See "Variable Annuity Living Benefits Options" below. Check your contract and disclosure or prospectus or ask your annuity salesperson about these options.

How Annuities Are Taxed

Ask a tax professional about your individual situation. The information below is general and should not be considered tax advice.

Current federal law gives annuities special tax treatment. Income tax on annuities is deferred. That means you aren't taxed on any interest or investment returns while your money is in the annuity. This isn't the same as tax-free. You'll pay ordinary income tax when you take a withdrawal, receive an income stream, or receive each annuity payment. When you die, your survivors will typically owe income taxed on any other death benefit they receive from an annuity.

There are other ways to save that tax advantages, including Individual Retirement Accounts (IRAs). You can buy an annuity to fund an IRA, but you also can fund your IRA other ways and get the same tax advantages. When you take a withdrawal or receive payments, you'll pay ordinary income tax on all of the money you receive (not just the interest or the investment return). You also may have to pay a 10% tax penalty if you withdraw money before you're age 59½

Finding an Annuity That's Right for You

An annuity salesperson who suggests an annuity must choose one that they think is right for you, based on information from you. They need complete information about your life and financial situation to make a suitable recommendation. Expect a salesperson to ask about your age; financial situation (assets, debts, income, tax status, how you plan to pay for the annuity); your tolerance for risk; your financial objectives and experience; your family circumstances; and how you plan to use the annuity. If you aren't comfortable with the annuity, ask your salesperson to explain why they recommend it. Don't buy an annuity you don't understand or that doesn't seem right for you

Within each annuity, the insurer *may* guarantee some values but not others. Some guarantees may be only for a year or less while others could be longer. Ask about risks and decide if you accept them. For example, it's possible you won't get all of your money back or the return on your annuity may be lower than you expected. It's also possible you won't be able to withdraw money you need from your annuity without paying fees *or* the annuity payments may not be as much as you need to reach your goals. These risks vary with the type of annuity you buy. All product guarantees depend on the insurance company's financial strength and claims-paying ability.

Variable Annuity Living Benefit Options

Guaranteed Minimum Accumulation Benefit (GMAB) – Guarantees your account value will equal come percentage (typically 100%) of premiums less withdrawals, at a set future date (for example, at maturity). If your annuity is worth less than the guaranteed amount at that date, your insurance company will add the difference.

Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit (GMIB) – Guarantees a minimum lifetime income. You usually must choose this benefit when you buy the annuity and must annuitize to use the benefit. There may be a waiting period before you can annuitize using this benefit.

Guaranteed Lifetime Withdrawal Benefit (GLWB) – Guarantees you can make withdrawals for the rest of your life, up to a set maximum percentage each year.

Payout Options

You'll have a choice about how to receive income payments. These choices usually include:

- For your lifetime
- For the longer of your lifetime or your spouse's lifetime
- For a set time period

For the longer of your lifetime or a set time period

Questions You Should Ask

- Do I understand the risks of an annuity? Am I comfortable with them?
- How will this annuity help me meet my overall financial objectives and time horizon?
- Will I use the annuity for a long-term goal such as retirement? If so, how could I achieve that goal if the income isn't as much as I expected it to be?
- What features and benefits in the annuity, other than tax deferral, make it appropriate for me?
- Does my annuity offer a guaranteed minimum interest rate? If so, what is it?
- If the annuity includes rider, do I understand how they work?
- Am I taking full advantage of all of my other tax-deferred opportunities, such as 401(k)s, 403(b)s, and IRAs?
- Do I understand all of the annuity's fees, charges, and adjustments?
- Is there a limit on how much I can take out of my annuity each year without paying a surrender charge? Is there a limit on the *total* amount I can withdraw during the surrender charge period?
- Do I intend to keep my money in the annuity long enough to avoid paying any surrender charges?
- Have I consulted a tax advisor and/or considered how buying an annuity will affect my tax liability?
- How do I make sure my chosen survivors (beneficiaries) will receive any payments from my annuity if I die?

If you don't know the answers or have other questions, ask your annuity salesperson for help.

When You Receive Your Annuity Contract

When you receive your annuity contract, carefully review it. Be sure it matches your understanding. Also, read the disclosure or prospectus and other materials from the insurance company. Ask your annuity salesperson to explain anything you don't understand. In many states, a law gives you a set number of days (usually 10 to 30 days) to change your mind about buying an annuity after you receive it. This often is called a **free look** or **right to return** period. Your contract and disclosure or prospectus should prominently state your free look period. If you decide during that time period that you don't want the annuity, you can contact the insurance company and return the contract. Depending on the state, you'll either get back all of the money or you current account value.



Pinnacle MYGA® A Multi-Year Guaranteed Annuity

Disclosure Statement

Delaware Life Insurance Company, Waltham, MA (the "Company")

This document reviews important points to think about before you purchase a Pinnacle MYGA® fixed annuity with a Market Value Adjustment (MVA) feature. Pinnacle MYGA® is a single-premium, deferred fixed annuity, which means you buy it with an initial single premium (payment). It is a fixed annuity, which means it earns a specified interest rate during the guaranteed interest rate period. This annuity is tax deferred, which means you don't pay taxes on the interest earnings until the money is paid to you.

You can use an annuity to save money for retirement and to receive retirement income for life. It is not meant to be used to meet short-term financial goals.

If you decide to purchase this annuity, please read the following information carefully, sign, and return the Signature Page of this Disclosure Statement. If you have questions about this annuity, ask your agent, broker or advisor or contact Us at **877-253-2323**.

Note: References to financial advisors, producers, representatives, and agents will all be noted as "financial advisor" in this Disclosure Statement.

■ The Annuity Contract

How will the value of my annuity grow?

Your annuity earns tax-deferred interest at a guaranteed rate for the period you select, subject to availability. The guaranteed rate depends on the period you choose and on current interest rates. Interest is credited daily. The interest rate is the effective annual interest rate that will be credited when daily interest credits have been compounded for a full year. After your selected period ends, a new interest rate will be declared for each succeeding guaranteed interest rate period. The new interest rate will be greater than or equal to a minimum guaranteed interest rate, which is set at contract issue and effective for the life of your policy. Note that for contracts issued in Delaware and Florida, the guaranteed interest rate period does not automatically renew at the end of the selected term. Please review with your financial advisor to see how this may affect you.

Who are the parties of the Annuity Contract?

Parties of the Contract are Owner(s), Annuitant(s), and Beneficiary(ies). Contract owner(s) designate the annuitant(s) and beneficiary(ies).

Is it important to choose carefully when selecting the parties in my Contract?

Yes. Carefully consider who you select as Owner(s), Annuitant(s), and Beneficiary(ies). These parties are critical in the operation of your annuity and they impact when and to whom death benefits are paid out.

Benefits

How can I access money from my annuity?

You may take withdrawals or fully surrender your contract. Additionally, you can receive income (payouts) by electing a Settlement Option. You should consider the effect of surrender charges and MVA when accessing money.

How do I get income (payouts) from my annuity?

Your contract contains several Settlement Options that can be utilized after the first contract year. The Settlement Option payout amount during the first 5 contract years is equal to your contract's Surrender Value at the time of your election; therefore, Surrender Charges and any applicable MVA may be applied when calculating your payout. If one of the Settlement Options below is elected following the fifth contract year, surrender charges and MVA will not be assessed.

Your choices include the following:

- Life Annuity: Guarantees income for as long as you live.
- Life Annuity with Period Certain: Guarantees income for as long as you live. If you die within the "period certain", it pays income to your beneficiary for the rest of the period.
- Joint and Last Survivor Annuity: Guarantees income for as long as you or your joint annuitant (usually a spouse) lives.

What happens when I die?

If you die before we start to pay you income from your annuity, we pay the full Account Value to your beneficiary. If you die after we start paying you income from your annuity, we pay the remaining value in the annuity, if any, to your beneficiary, depending on the type of payout you choose.

In the case of joint owners, the death benefit is paid on the death of the first owner.

Fees, Expenses, and Other Charges

What happens if I take out some or all of the money from my annuity?

You may withdraw a portion of your money from your annuity without incurring a surrender charge or MVA starting after the first contract anniversary. The free withdrawal amount is the greater of (a) 10% of the contract value as of the most recent contract anniversary, or (b) any annual IRS required minimum distribution applicable to the annuity. Any withdrawals in excess of the free withdrawal amount will be subject to a withdrawal charge.

Refer to the table below for withdrawal and surrender charges by guarantee periods, subject to availability. The charges for your Contract correspond to each contract year, beginning with year one and continuing until the end of the Contract's guarantee period. For example, the charges for a 3-year guarantee period are 7% in year one, 6% in year two, and 5% in year three.

Withdrawal and Surrender Charges by Guarantee Period Year*										
Guaranteed Period Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Withdrawal Charge	7%	6%	5%	4%	3%	2%	1%	1%	1%	0.75%

^{*}Subject to availability



Fees, Expenses, and Other Charges (continued)

Withdrawals made in excess of the free withdrawal amount may also be subject to a positive or negative MVA based on changes to interest rates. The MVA is equal to the amount withdrawn, less any available Free Withdrawal Amount, times the Market Value Adjustment Factor. An example has also been provided below.

The Market Value Adjustment Factor is: (I - (J+.25%)) x N). Where:

- I = The Guaranteed Interest Rate being credited to the Account Value;
- J = The renewal Guaranteed Interest Rate currently offered for a duration equal to Your Guaranteed Interest Rate Period;
- N= The number of complete months from the date of surrender or withdrawal to the end of Guaranteed Interest Rate Period divided by 12.

Examples of how Withdrawal and Surrender Charges and MVA are calculated:

These examples use the following assumptions:

Contract issue date: June 1, 2014

Guaranteed Interest Rate Period: 5 Year

Guaranteed Interest Rate: 4%

Withdrawal Date: August 25, 2015

Withdrawal and Surrender Charges

For the examples, we assume the amount withdrawn of \$16,000 is greater than the available free withdrawal amount of \$15,000. Surrender charge will be applied to the excess above the free amount (\$16,000 - \$15,000 = \$1,000). This charge is \$60, which is the \$1,000 in excess of the free amount multiplied by 6% (Withdrawal and Surrender Charge for year two that can be found on the chart above). In addition, the \$1,000 that is subject to surrender charges may also be assessed a positive or negative MVA depending on changes to interest rates. Several examples of that calculation assuming interest rates increase or decrease can be found below.

Market Value Adjustment (MVA)

Example 1: Decreasing Interest Rates

Renewal Guaranteed Interest Rate for a 5 Year Period = 3.1% or 0.031

N (number of months remaining in the term) = 45

MVA Factor = $(.04 - (0.031 + 0.0025)) \times (45 / 12) = 0.024375 = 2.4375\%$

\$1,000 x 2.4375% = \$24.38

\$24.38 would be added to the amount withdrawn.

Example 2: Increasing Interest Rates

Renewal Guaranteed Interest Rate for a 5 Year Period = 5.0% or 0.05

N (number of months remaining in the term) = 45

MVA Factor = $(.04 - (0.05 + 0.0025)) \times (45 / 12) = -0.04688 = -4.688\%$

\$1.000 x -.4.688% = \$-46.88

\$46.88 would be deducted from the amount withdrawn.



How will payouts and withdrawals from my annuity be taxed?

This annuity is tax deferred, which means you don't pay taxes on the interest earnings until the money is paid to you. When you take payouts or make a withdrawal, you pay ordinary income taxes on the taxable amount, including any interest earned. You may also incur a 10% federal income tax penalty on earnings you withdraw before age 59½. If your state imposes a premium tax, it will be deducted from the money you receive.

You can exchange one tax-deferred annuity for another without paying taxes on the earnings when you make the exchange. Before you do, compare the benefits, features, and costs of the two annuities. You may pay a surrender charge if you make the exchange during the surrender charge period. Also, you may pay a surrender charge if you take withdrawals from the new annuity during the first years you own it.

Does buying an annuity in a retirement plan provide extra tax benefits?

Buying an annuity within an IRA, or other tax-deferred retirement plan doesn't give you any extra tax benefits. Choose your annuity based on its features and benefits as well as its risks and costs, not its tax benefits.

Other Information

What else do I need to know?

- This is a summary of the provisions of your annuity contract, but it is not a part of your contract. Please review
 your annuity contract for complete details and defined terms.
- The sale or liquidation of any stock, bond, IRA, certificate of deposit, mutual fund, annuity, or other asset to
 fund the purchase of this product may have tax consequences, early withdrawal penalties, or other cost or
 penalties as a result of the sale or liquidation. You may wish to consult independent legal or financial advice
 before selling or liquidating any asset and prior to the purchase of any life insurance or annuity products being
 solicited, offered for sale, or sold (Notice to Elders is a requirement in CA).
- We may change your annuity contract from time to time to conform to federal or state laws and regulations. If we do, we'll inform you about the changes in writing.
- We may pay the financial advisor or firm for selling the annuity to you.
- Many states have laws that give you a set number of days to review an annuity contract after you buy it. If
 you decide during that time that you don't want it, you can return the annuity contract and receive all of your
 money back. Please refer to page 1 of your contract to learn about your "free look" period.
- Any illustrated values shown to you, other than guaranteed minimum values, are not guarantees, promises or warranties.

All contractual guarantees are backed by the claims-paying ability of Delaware Life Insurance Company, located at 1601 Trapelo Road, Suite 30, Waltham, MA 02451.

What should I know about the insurance company?

This annuity is issued by Delaware Life Insurance Company, a member of Group One Thousand One.

Contact Information

You can contact Delaware Life by phone at **877-253-2323**, by mail at Delaware Life Insurance Company, P.O. Box 758581, Topeka, KS 66675-8581, or on the web at <u>delawarelife.com</u>.

■ Pinnacle MYGA® Disclosure Statement Signatures

By signing below, I acknowledge that I have read, or have been read, this document and I understand that I am applying for a single-premium, deferred annuity. I also acknowledge that this annuity meets my financial objectives. I have received a copy of the entire Disclosure Statement, as well as any advertisement that was used in connection with the sale of this annuity. I understand that other than the Minimum Guaranteed Contract Values, there are no guarantees, promises or warranties.

Proposed Owner Name (please print)	Signed at (City, State)	
Proposed Owner Signature		Date
1 Toposed Owner dignature		Date
X		
Proposed Joint Owner Name (please print)	Signed at (City, State)	
rioposed doint Owner Name (piease print)	oigned at (oity, otate)	
Proposed Joint Owner Signature		Date
Froposed Joint Owner Signature		Date
X		

Note: If this form is not completed and signed, we cannot consider Your application.

Financial Advisor's Certification: I certify that I have given the Proposed Owner(s) a signed copy of this Disclosure Statement. I have made no statements to the Proposed Owner(s) that differ in any significant manner from this Disclosure Statement, nor did I make any changes to the Disclosure Statement itself. I have not made any promises or guarantees about the future value of any nonguaranteed elements of the annuity contract.

I also certify that I have only used Company approved marketing materials, and that I have provided a Buyer's Guide (if required by the state).

Financial Advisor Signature	Date
X	

Delaware Life Insurance Company (Waltham, MA) is authorized to transact business in all states (except New York), the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands and is a member of Group One Thousand One.

Delaware Life policies and contracts are issued by Delaware Life Insurance Company (Waltham, MA) in all states except New York. Certain product features may vary or not be available in all states. This summary is provided for clarification of the benefits which may be included in the contract when it is issued. It is for informational purposes only. In the event of any ambiguity or conflict of terms between this summary and the annuity contract, the terms of the annuity contract shall be controlling.

This communication is for informational purposes only. It is not intended to provide, and should not be interpreted as individualized investment, legal or tax advice. To obtain such advice, please consult with your investment, legal or tax professional.

NOT FDIC INSURED | MAY LOSE VALUE | NO BANK OR CREDIT UNION GUARANTEE NOT A DEPOSIT | NOT INSURED BY ANY FEDERAL GOVERNMENT AGENCY OR NCUA/NCUSIF

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Transfer In/1035 Exchange Form

Throughout this form, "the Company" refers to Delaware Life Insurance Company.1

1 Registration Information				
Owner(s) and Annuitants(s) must be exact Surrendering Company.	rly the same as the Owner(s) and Annu	uitant(s) on the existing co	ntract with the
Owner			Social Security Nu	mber
Co-Owner (if applicable)			Social Security Nu	mber
Annuitant			Social Security Nu	mber
Co-Annuitant (if applicable)			Social Security Nu	mber
2 Registration Information				
Existing Account Provider				
Provider Street Address (required)				
City		State		Zip Code
Existing Account Number	Provider Phone		Provider Fax (if available)	
Send paperwork: By mail E	By fax Agent pursuing funds; of	do not	mail form	
If no selection is made, the transfer will be	e initiated immediately.			
Initiate transfer/rollover/exchange:	Immediately upon receipt OR After this date:		(must be within 30 c	days)
Apply proceeds to: A new contract	t/certificate OR			
An existing cor	tract/certificate* (No) (write contract n	umber here)



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2 Registration Information (continued)

- Fixed Indexed contracts: Payments to an existing contract/certificate will be placed into the Fixed Account until the Contract Anniversary. At that point the funds will be exchanged into the Investment Strategy selected by the contract owner.
- Variable contracts: Payments to an existing contract will be invested according to the future allocation instructions we have on file unless otherwise specified. If you have an optional living benefit rider or optional death benefit rider the funds must be invested according to future allocations.

3 Required Minimum	Distribution (Qua	lified Contract Only)	
If you currently own a qualifie Distribution amounts.	d contract and are age	d 70½ this year, you may not trans	fer or rollover Required Minimum
No RMD is required for the	he current year.		
I have already taken my f	ull RMD for the current	year.	
I direct the provider of m	y existing account to c	listribute the RMD to me before th	ne exchange/rollover/transfer.
4 Surrendered Acco	unt Type		
Variable Annuity*	Fixed Annuity* F	ixed Index Annuity* Life Ins	urance*
Brokerage Account/Muto			ırrendering Company listed above
* Additional state-specific re	placement form or NA	IC Model Regulation (Form A) repl	acement form may be required.
5 Source of Transfer	/Exchange		
Type of transfer/exchange		fer/exchange \$	(estimated amount)
	I have enclo	sed the contract. OR	
	I certify tha	t the contract has been lost or des	stroyed.
		ansfer/exchange \$,
Plan type	FROM:		TO:
,,	Non-qualified	Simple IRA	Non-qualified
	IRA	401(k)	IRA
	Roth IRA	403(b) to IRA	Roth IRA

Acceptance by Contract Owner/Participant

If you are signing this form as a fiduciary (power of attorney, trustee, guardian, custodian, etc.) for the contract owner, please sign in your fiduciary capacity. We will need your authorizing documents to process this request. If we do not have them on file, please attach them to this form.

For transfers/rollovers of qualified funds: I intend that this transfer be accomplished as a trustee-to-trustee transfer in a nontaxable manner in accordance with IRS rulings and not constitute actual or constructive receipt by me for federal income tax purposes. I hereby request and direct the transfer of the net proceeds of the account listed on the previous page.

I understand that I am purchasing this annuity in an Individual Retirement Account or other tax-qualified plan as identified in Section 3 of this form. Since Individual Retirement Accounts and other tax-qualified plans are already afforded tax-deferred status, there is no additional tax deferral benefit in this annuity. I am purchasing this annuity because I value other features, such as lifetime income payments, principal protection, or death benefit protection, and I am willing to pay any additional cost associated with such features.

I understand that the proposed transfer may have important tax consequences and/or surrender or withdrawal penalties. I acknowledge that the Company assumes no responsibility or liability for any tax treatment on this transfer under the Internal Revenue Code or otherwise.

Transfers from 403(b) rollovers only: I acknowledge and agree that I have sole responsibility (1) for compliance with the Internal Revenue Service's Section 403(b) Regulations and my employer's or former employer's 403(b) plan, if applicable, and (2) in determining and notifying the Company as to whether the requested distribution is an eligible rollover distribution.

For 1035 exchange of non-qualified funds: I hereby assign and transfer the specified portion of my right, title, and interest in the above Contract ("the Contract") to the Company. I irrevocably waive all rights, claims, and demands under the Contract or specified portion thereof. The purpose of this transfer is to effect a direct nontaxable exchange of contracts pursuant to Section 1035 of the Internal Revenue Code. I understand and agree that the cost basis in the contract issued by the Company shall be determined based on the cost basis information provided by the above-referenced company ("Surrendering Company"). I further understand and agree that the Company assumes no responsibility in obtaining or verifying the cost basis of the new contract issued by it. I acknowledge and agree that if the Company does not receive cost basis information acceptable to it, the cost basis will be recorded by the Company as zero.

I hereby declare that the Contract is not subject to any assignment, pledge, collateral assignment, or other lien and that no proceedings in bankruptcy or insolvency, voluntary or involuntary, have been instituted by or against me and that I am not under guardianship or any legal disability.

I understand and agree that the Company will request that the Surrendering Company totally or partially surrender the original Contract and that the Company assumes no responsibility for any delay by the Surrendering Company in paying the surrender proceeds or for any changes in the amount. I understand that the proposed transaction may have important tax consequences and/or surrender or withdrawal penalties, and I represent and agree that the Company is furnishing this form and participating in this transaction at my request. I understand and agree that the Company makes no representations concerning my tax treatment under Section 1035 of the Internal Revenue Code or otherwise and that the Company has no responsibility or liability for the validity of this assignment.

Owner's Signature	Date (mm/dd/yyyy)	Co-Owner's Signature (if applicable)	Date (mm/dd/yyyyy)
X		X	
Please Print Name Below		Please Print Name Below	
Signature Guarantee (if required by Surrendering Company)		Signature Guarantee (if required by Surren	dering Company)



By mail

Delaware Life P.O. Box 758580 Topeka, KS 66675-8580 By express mail Delaware Life Mail Zone 581 5801 SW 6th Avenue Topeka, KS 66636 **By fax** 785-286-6118

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Online

delawarelife.com

By phoneCustomer Service **877-253-2323** M-F 7:30 a.m.-5:00 p.m., CT



Important Notice: Replacement of Life Insurance or Annuities

This document must be signed by the applicant and producer, if there is one, and a copy left with the applicant.

You are contemplating the purchase of a life insurance policy or annuity contract. In some cases this purchase may involve discontinuing or changing an existing policy or contract. If so, a replacement is occurring. Financed purchases are also considered replacements.

A replacement occurs when a new policy or contract is purchased and, in connection with the sale, you discontinue making premium payments on the existing policy or contract, or an existing policy or contract is surrendered, forfeited, assigned to the replacing insurer, or otherwise terminated or used in a financed purchase.

A financed purchase occurs when the purchase of a new life insurance policy involves the use of funds obtained by the withdrawal or surrender of or by borrowing some or all of the policy values, including accumulated dividends, of an existing policy, to pay all or part of any premium or payment due on the new policy. A financed purchase is a replacement.

You should carefully consider whether a replacement is in your best interest. You will pay acquisition costs and there may be surrender costs deducted from your policy or contract. You may be able to make changes to your existing policy or contract to meet your insurance needs at less cost. A financed purchase will reduce the value of your existing policy and may reduce the amount paid upon the death of the insured.

We want you to understand the effects of replacements before you make your purchase decision and ask that you answer the following questions and consider the questions on the back of this form.

2. Are you considering using funds from your existing policies or contracts to pay premiums due on the new policy or contract?	No
replacing (include the name of the insurer, the insured, and the contract number if available) and whether each police be replaced or used as a source of financing: Contract or Insured Name Replaced (No
	y wil
Make sure you know the facts. Contact your existing company or its agent for information about the old policy or controlled the control of th	Э
The existing policy or contract is being replaced because:	

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I certify that the responses herein are, to the best of my knowledge, accurate:

Applicant's Signature	Date (mm/dd/yyyy)	Printed Name
X		
Joint Owner's Signature	Date (mm/dd/yyyy)	Printed Name
X		
Producer's Signature	Date (mm/dd/yyyy)	Printed Name
X		

I do not want this notice read aloud to me. _____ (Applicants must initial only if they do not want the notice read aloud.)

A replacement may not be in your best interest, or your decision could be a good one. You should make a careful comparison of the costs and benefits of your existing policy or contract and the proposed policy or contract. One way to do this is to ask the company or agent that sold you your existing policy or contract to provide you with information concerning your existing policy or contract. This may include an illustration of how your existing policy or contract is working now and how it would perform in the future based on certain assumptions. Illustrations should not, however, be used as a sole basis to compare policies or contracts. You should discuss the following with your agent to determine whether replacement or financing your purchase makes sense:

Premiums:

- · Are they affordable?
- · Could they change?
- You're older—are premiums higher for the proposed new policy?
- How long will you have to pay premiums on the new policy? On the old policy?

Policy Values:

- New policies usually take longer to build cash values and to pay dividends.
- Acquisition costs for the old policy may have been paid; you will incur costs for the new one.
- What surrender charges do the policies have?
- What expense and sales charges will you pay on the new policy?
- Does the new policy provide more insurance coverage?

Insurability:

- If your health has changed since you bought your old policy, the new one could cost you more, or you could be turned down.
- You may need a medical exam for a new policy.
- [Claims on most new policies for up to the first two years can be denied based on inaccurate statements. Suicide limitations may begin anew on the new coverage.]

If You Are Keeping the Old Policy as well as the New Policy:

- How are premiums for both policies being paid?
- How will the premiums on your existing policy be affected?
- Will a loan be deducted from death benefits?
- What values from the old policy are being used to pay premiums?

If You Are Surrendering an Annuity or Interest Sensitive Life Product:

- Will you pay surrender charges on your old contract?
- What are the interest rate guarantees for the new contract?
- · Have you compared the contract charges or other policy expenses?

Other Issues to Consider for All Transactions:

- What are the tax consequences of buying the new policy?
- Is this a tax-free exchange? (See your tax advisor.)
- Is there a benefit from favorable "grandfathered" treatment of the old policy under the federal tax code?
- Will the existing insurer be willing to modify the old policy?
- How does the quality and financial stability of the new company compare with your existing company?

Contact Us

By mailBy phoneOnlineDelaware Life, P.O. Box 758581, Topeka, KS 66675-0497Service Center: 1-877-253-2323delaware life.com

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