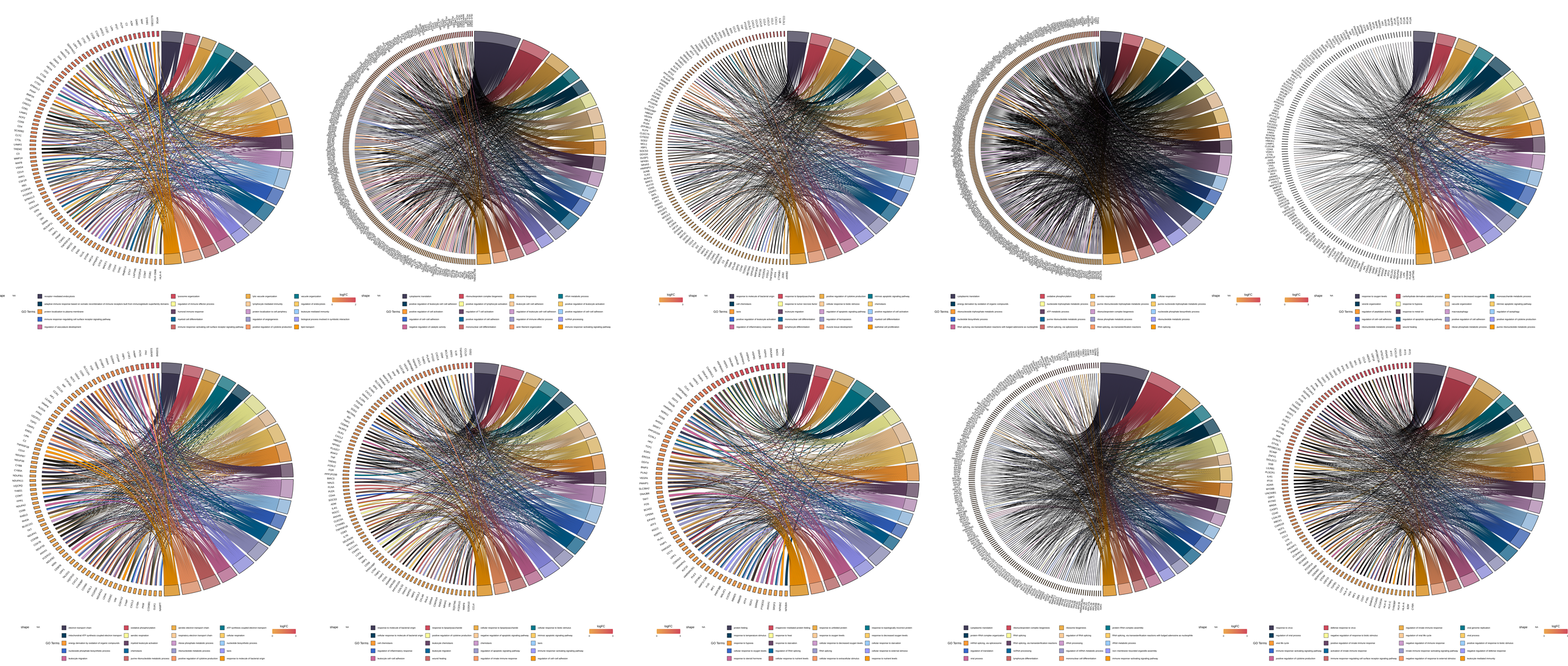
GO Terms
logFC
shape
NA
receptor-mediated endocytosis
adaptive immune response based on somatic recombination of immune receptors built from immunoglobulin superfamily domains
protein localization to plasma membrane
immune response-regulating cell surface receptor signaling pathway
regulation of vasculature development
lysosome organization
regulation of immune effector process
humoral immune response
myeloid cell differentiation
immune response-activating cell surface receptor signaling pathway
lytic vacuole organization
lymphocyte mediated immunity
protein localization to cell periphery
regulation of angiogenesis
positive regulation of cytokine production
vacuole organization
regulation of endocytosis
leukocyte mediated immunity
biological process involved in symbiotic interaction
lipid transport
cytoplasmic translation
positive regulation of leukocyte cell-cell adhesion
positive regulation of cell activation
regulation of cell-cell adhesion
negative regulation of catalytic activity
ribonucleoprotein complex biogenesis
positive regulation of lymphocyte activation
regulation of T cell activation
positive regulation of cell adhesion
ribonuclease P complex assembly
response to molecule of bacterial origin
cell chemotaxis
response to lipopolysaccharide
response to tumor necrosis factor
leukocyte migration
monocyte cell differentiation
lymphocyte differentiation
positive regulation of cytokine production
cellular response to biotic stimulus
regulation of apoptotic signaling pathway
regulation of hemopoiesis
muscle tissue development
intrinsic apoptotic signaling pathway
chemotaxis
positive regulation of cell activation
myeloid cell differentiation
epithelial cell proliferation
cytoplasmic translation
energy derivation by oxidation of organic compounds
ribonucleoside triphosphate metabolic process
nucleoside biosynthetic process
RNA splicing, via transesterification reactions with bulged adenosine as nucleophile
oxidative phosphorylation
nucleoside triphosphate metabolic process
ATP metabolic process
purine nucleotide metabolic process
mRNA splicing, via spliceosome
aerobic respiration
purine ribonucleotide triphosphate metabolic process
ribonucleoprotein complex biogenesis
ribose phosphate metabolic process
RNA splicing, via transesterification reactions
cellular respiration
purine nucleoside triphosphate metabolic process
nucleoside phosphate biosynthetic process
ribonucleotide metabolic process
RNA splicing
response to oxygen levels
carbohydrate derivative catabolic process
response to decreased oxygen levels
ribonucleoside metabolic process
nucleotide metabolic process
response to hypoxia
vacuole organization
intrinsic apoptotic signaling pathway
response to peptide hormone
response to metal ion
macroautophagy
regulation of autophagy
regulation of cell-cell adhesion
regulation of apoptotic signaling pathway
positive regulation of cell adhesion
positive regulation of cytokine production
ribonucleotide metabolic process
wound healing
ribose phosphate metabolic process
purine ribonucleotide metabolic process
aerobic electron transport chain
oxidative phosphorylation
mitochondrial ATP synthesis coupled electron transport
aerobic respiration
energy derivation by oxidation of organic compounds
myeloid leukocyte activation
nucleoside phosphate biosynthetic process
chemotaxis
leukocyte migration
respiratory electron transport chain
cellular respiration
ribose phosphate metabolic process
ribonucleotide metabolic process
purine ribonucleotide metabolic process
positive regulation of cytokine production
ATP synthesis coupled electron transport
nucleoside biosynthetic process
lipid
response to molecule of bacterial origin
response to lipopolysaccharide
cellular response to lipopolysaccharide
cellular response to biotic stimulus
cellular response to molecule of bacterial origin
positive regulation of cytokine production
negative regulation of apoptotic signaling pathway
intrinsic apoptotic signaling pathway
cell chemotaxis
leukocyte chemotaxis
chemotaxis
regulation of apoptotic signaling pathway
immune response-activating signaling pathway
leukocyte cell-cell adhesion
wound healing
regulation of innate immune response
regulation of cell-cell adhesion
protein folding
response to temperature stimulus
response to hypoxia
cellular response to oxygen levels
response to steroid hormone
chaperone-mediated protein folding
response to heat
response to starvation
regulation of RNA splicing
cellular response to nutrient levels
response to unfolded protein
response to oxygen levels
cellular response to decreased oxygen levels
RNA splicing
cellular response to extracellular stimulus
response to topologically incorrect protein
response to decreased oxygen levels
cellular response to starvation
cellular response to external stimulus
response to nutrient levels
cytoplasmic translation
protein-RNA complex organization
mRNA splicing, via spliceosome
regulation of translation
viral process
ribonucleoprotein complex biogenesis
RNA splicing
regulation of RNA splicing
mRNA processing
lymphocyte differentiation
ribosome biogenesis
regulation of mRNA metabolic process
monocyte cell differentiation
protein–RNA complex assembly
RNA splicing, via transesterification reactions with bulged adenosine as nucleophile
mRNA metabolic process
non-membrane-bounded organelle assembly
immune response-activating signaling pathway
response to virus
regulation of viral process
cell cycle
immune response-activating signaling pathway
positive regulation of cytokine production
regulation of viral life cycle
positive regulation of immune response
activation of innate immune response
immune response-regulating cell surface receptor signaling pathway
regulation of innate immune response
negative regulation of response to biotic stimulus
positive regulation of immune response
innate immune response-activating signaling pathway
negative regulation of response to external stimulus
viral genome replication
viral process
positive regulation of response to biotic stimulus
negative regulation of defense response
leukocyte mediated immunity