A Note on Parameters

One thing to watch for with parameters: they can only be used inside their method!

```
static void YourMethodName(string message)
{
   Console WriteLine(message);
}
Console WriteLine(message); // causes an error!
```

You'll see an error like...

error CS0103: The name 'message' does not exist in the current context

When talking to other developers about this type of issue, you might hear the term *scope*. While the entire concept of scope won't be covered in this lesson, you should know how it applies here: a parameter's scope is within its method, which means that the name (message in this case) is only valid within its method. If the parameter name is used outside the method, it has no meaning, so it throws an error.

✓ Instructions

1.

Try causing an error by using the parameter in <code>VisitPlanets()</code> outside of the method body.

For example, if your parameter is named numberOfPlanets, you could try to print numberOfPlanets in Main().

Hint

You can cause an error by referencing a variable name that is only defined in the VisitPlanets() method.

numberOfPlanets is only defined in VisitPlanets(). You can reference it in Main() by trying to change its value or trying to print it to the console.