

GA-SEA-DAT2

Course Project Initial Presentation
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Starting Point

Context:

Professional sports have seen a rise in analytics to support coaching and scouting decisions. The National Hockey League lags behind other sports leagues in the adoption of these techniques.

Project Question(s):

1. Can players be segmented into typologies based on individual season performance statistics
2. If a team's mix of player typologies predicts a team's success

Data Sources

Two sources

1. <http://www.nicetimeonice.com/api> - independently run NHL statistic sites.
 - API provides easy reference for IDs used by NHL.com API
2. <http://statsapi.web.nhl.com/api> - Official API used by NHL.
 - No documentation is available to the public.
 - Provides game level data in JSON format.

The Data Collection

1. Collected game level data for the 2012-2013 season
 - Excluded postseason games
 - $(30 \text{ teams} * 82 \text{ game season}) / 2 \text{ teams per game} = 1,230 \text{ API calls}$
2. For each game, extract player level summary details
 - Excluded goalies
 - Desired details were buried deep in the JSON
 - `game['liveData']['boxscore']['teams']['home']['players']['playerID']['stats']['skaterStats']`
 - $18 \text{ players per team} * 30 \text{ teams} * 82 \text{ games} \approx 44,280 \text{ player/game entries}$
3. For each player, create season summary statistics
 - Season summary statistics serves as basis for analysis
 - $\sim 880 \text{ player records for the season}$
 - 16 features per player

Getting a Feel for the Data

- Used KNN to attempt to predict known positions
- 4 Positions: Defense, Left Wing, Right Wing, Center
- Tested $n_neighbor = 1$
- Scaled data. Time based features have much larger scales than others
- Results vary widely based on if/how positions are grouped
 - No Grouping - 0.568
 - Group Wing positions - 0.653
 - Group Wing and Center - 0.959

Digging Deeper

- Used Cross Validation to determine the optimal set of features and number of neighbors
- Using Group Wing positions as outcome
 - Not enough room for improvement when grouping Wing and Center Positions
- Lesson learned - estimate the number of iterations first
 - 1-25 Neighbors, 1-16 features = 1.64 million models, i.e. never finished
 - Ran for ~16 hours. 35% Complete
- Best fit:
 - Features: ('assists', 'blocked', 'evenTimeOnIce_s', 'giveaways', 'goals', 'penaltyMinutes_s', 'plusMinus', 'powerPlayAssists', 'shortHandedTimeOnIce_s', 'shots', 'takeaways')
 - Neighbors = 9
 - Cross Validation Accuracy Mean: 0.741054510623

Next Steps

1. Use clustering to determine player typologies beyond position
 - a. K-means
2. Estimate effectiveness of combinations of clusters for team makeup
 - a. Use Plus/Minus as outcome metric.
 - b. Precise method TBD; likely linear regression