

Solutions Engineer Interview Exercise

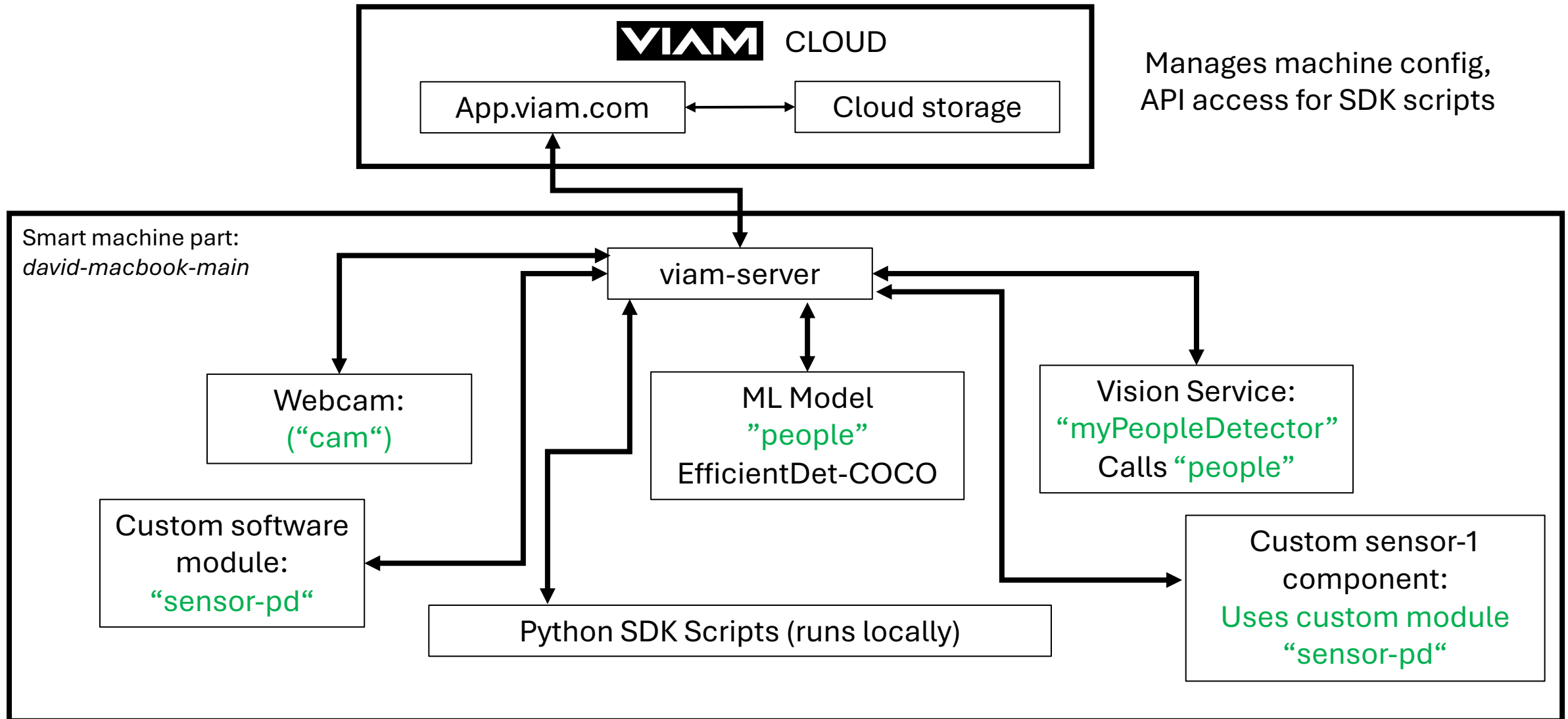
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Overview of the Project

- Task 1: Vision
 - Configure a basic camera component and use Viam's vision service to implement a simple object detector
- Task 2: Cloud Integration
 - Configure Viam's data capture service to store camera frames into the cloud
 - How could we use this data to possibly create a custom model?
- Task 3: Modular Registry
 - Create a custom sensor (calling the previously created vision service)
 - Should have a single field called "person detected"
 - Set to 1 if a person is detected, and 0 if no person is detected

Platform architecture







Overview of the Project Directory

Project Structure

```
viam-interview-project/  
├── camera_vision/      # Task 1: Vision service test script  
├── sensor-pd/          # Task 3: Custom person-detection sensor module  
├── screenshots/        # Screenshots/notes documenting steps for Tasks 1,2,3  
├── slides/             # Presentation deck for final submission  
├── README.md           # This file  
└── .gitignore          # Ignores virtual environments, cache, etc.
```

From GitHub README: <https://github.com/djlev8/viam-interview-project/tree/main>

| Location | Machine | Part | Fragments | Status ▾ | Viam server version | Viam agent version | Architecture |
|--|---|--|-----------|--|---------------------|--------------------|----------------|
|  david_home |  david-macbook |  david-macbook-main | |  Live | 0.76.0 | – | Darwin > Arm64 |

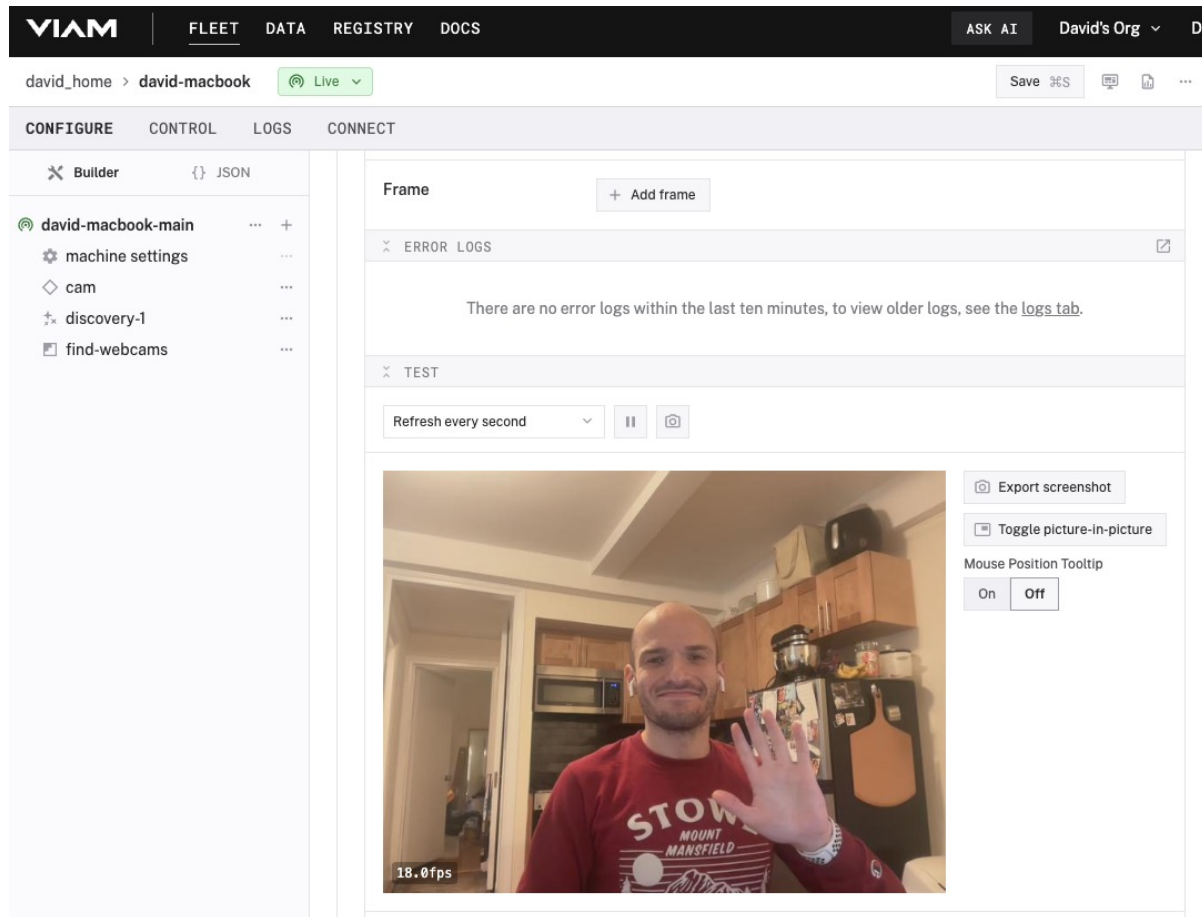
From Viam dashboard

Task 1: Vision Service and Object Detection

Following the 'Detect a Person and Send a Photo' tutorial.

Goal: **Set up a webcam** → ML model (EfficientDet-COCO) → Vision Service → SDK-based person detection

Configured webcam test



Configured webcam JSON

```
1 {
2   "components": [
3     {
4       "name": "cam",
5       "api": "rdk:component:camera",
6       "model": "rdk:builtin:webcam",
7       "attributes": {
8         "video_path": "FDF90FEB-59E5-4FCF-AABD-DA03C4E19BFB"
9       }
10    }
11  ],
12  "services": [
13    {
14      "name": "discovery-1",
15      "api": "rdk:service:discovery",
16      "model": "rand:find-webcams:webcam-discovery",
17      "attributes": {}
18    }
19  ],
20  "modules": [
21    {
22      "type": "registry",
23      "name": "rand_find-webcams",
24      "module_id": "rand:find-webcams",
25      "version": "latest"
26    }
27  ]
28 }
```

Task 1: Vision Service and Object Detection

Goal: Set up a webcam → **ML model (EfficientDet-COCO)** → **Vision Service** → SDK-based person detection

EfficientDet-COCO model deployed

▼ **people** mlmodel viam:mlmodel-tflite:tflite_cpu

✕ CONFIGURE

Deployment Deploy model on machine Path to exist

Model Upload a new model viam-labs:EfficientDet-COCO ✕

Vision Service created and linked to model

▼ **myPeopleDetector** vision mlmodel {} ...

✕ CONFIGURE

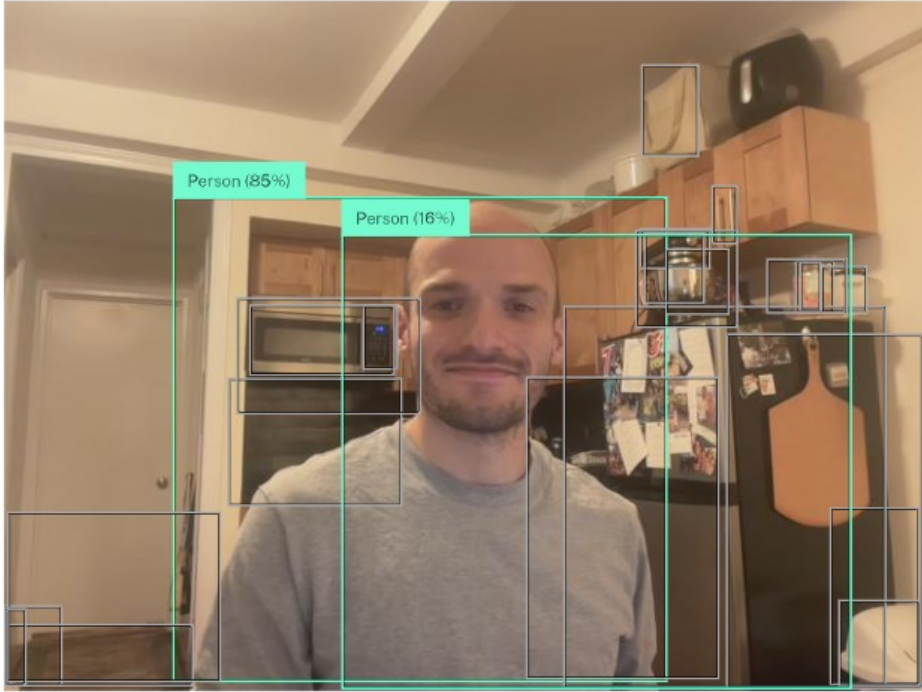
ML Model people ▼

Attributes Minimum confidence threshold ⓘ

0 0 1

Depends on Search resources ▼

Detection UI



The Detection UI displays a live video feed of a kitchen. Overlaid on the video are several bounding boxes of different colors, each representing a detected object. Two boxes are labeled 'Person (85%)' and 'Person (16%)'. To the right of the video feed is a 'Labels' table that lists the detected objects and their counts.

| Labels | |
|----------------|---|
| > Person | 2 |
| > Refrigerator | 4 |
| > Microwave | 3 |
| > Toilet | 2 |
| > Bottle | 9 |
| > Chair | 4 |
| > Cup | 1 |

Task 1: Vision Service and Object Detection

Goal: Set up a webcam → ML model (EfficientDet-COCO) → Vision Service → **SDK-based person detection**

Terminal Output: Person Detected

```
● .venv(base) davidlevine@Davids-Air-3 camera_vi  
2025-05-24 13:10:50,912 INFO viam.r  
Resources:  
[<viam.proto.common.ResourceName rdk:service:d  
/myPeopleDetector at 0x10521dbc0>, <viam.proto  
urceName rdk:service:mlmodel/people at 0x10521  
detected_people: [x_min: 166  
y_min: 170  
x_max: 556  
y_max: 479  
confidence: 0.83984375  
class name: "Person"]]
```

Code snippet from detection script (vision_service.py)

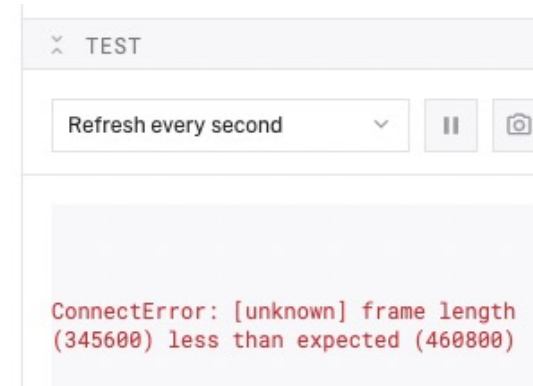
```
32 # myPeopleDetector  
33 my_people_detector = VisionClient.from_robot(machine, "myPeopleDetector")  
34 #my_people_detector_return_value = await my_people_detector.get_properties()  
35 #print(f"myPeopleDetector get_properties return value: {my_people_detector_return_value}")  
36  
37 detected_people = [  
38     person for person in (await my_people_detector.get_detections_from_camera("cam"))  
39     if person.confidence > 0.5 and person.class_name == "Person"  
40 ]  
41 print(f"detected_people: {detected_people}")  
42  
43 # Don't forget to close the machine when you're done!  
44 await machine.close()
```

Used SDK to filter for confident (> 0.5) 'Person' detections, instead of printing all detections found, regardless of class name or confidence

Task 1: Vision Service and Object Detection

Challenges & Debugging:

- Encountered webcam connection error
 - Restarted viam-server and reconnected successfully
 - CLI: `viam-server -config ~/Downloads/viam-david-macbook-main.json`
- Needed to use discovery service to retrieve valid video path for my built-in webcam
- Filtered through list of detections to find confident 'person' only detections after first obtaining all detections



Webcam connect error

```
detected_people: [x_min: 1
y_min: 43
x_max: 244
y_max: 479
confidence: 0.72265625
class_name: "Person"
x_min_normalized: 0.0015625
y_min_normalized: 0.08958333333333334
x_max_normalized: 0.38125
y_max_normalized: 0.9979166666666667
, x_min: 197
y_min: 133
x_max: 567
y_max: 479
confidence: 0.70703125
class_name: "Person"
x_min_normalized: 0.3078125
y_min_normalized: 0.27708333333333335
x_max_normalized: 0.8859375
y_max_normalized: 0.9979166666666667
, x_min: 184
y_min: 210
x_max: 272
y_max: 262
confidence: 0.6875
class_name: "Microwave"
x_min_normalized: 0.2875
y_min_normalized: 0.4375
x_max_normalized: 0.425
y_max_normalized: 0.545833333333333328
, x_min: 442
y_min: 206
x_max: 619
y_max: 472
confidence: 0.6875
class_name: "Refrigerator"
x_min_normalized: 0.690625
y_min_normalized: 0.42916666666666664
x_max_normalized: 0.9671875
y_max_normalized: 0.983333333333333328
, x_min: 450
y_min: 160
x_max: 493
y_max: 222
confidence: 0.18359375
class_name: "Bottle"
x_min_normalized: 0.703125
y_min_normalized: 0.33333333333333331
x_max_normalized: 0.7703125
```

Initial output: Detecting many objects

Task 2: Data Capture & Cloud Storage

Following the 'Capture and sync edge data' document.

Goal: **Create data-manager service** → **Set capture rate & ReadImage method** → Store frames to cloud

Data management service enabled

The screenshot shows the configuration page for the 'data_manager' service. It has a 'CONFIGURE' tab. Under 'Data capture', the 'Capturing' toggle is turned on, and there are fields for 'Directory' and 'Tags'. Under 'Cloud sync', the 'Syncing' toggle is turned on, and there are fields for 'Additional paths' and 'Interval (min)' set to 0.1. A 'Depends on' dropdown is at the bottom.

data_manager data_manager

CONFIGURE

Data capture

Capturing ☒

Directory

Tags

Cloud sync

Syncing ☒

Additional paths

Interval (min) 0.1

Depends on

Data capture settings specified (capture rate = 1 Hz, MIME type = JPG)

The screenshot shows the configuration page for the 'cam' service. It has a 'CONFIGURE' tab. Under 'Attributes', there is a 'video_path' field. Under 'Data capture', the 'Method' is set to 'ReadImage', 'Frequency (hz)' is set to 1, and the 'MIME type' is set to 'image/jpeg'. There is also an 'On' toggle and an 'Add method' button. A 'Frame' section with an 'Add frame' button is at the bottom.

cam camera webcam

CONFIGURE

Attributes

video_path *

FD90FEB-59E5-4FCF-A

Depends on

Data capture

Method ReadImage

Frequency (hz) 1

Additional parameters

MIME type image/jpeg

On ☒

+ Add method

Frame

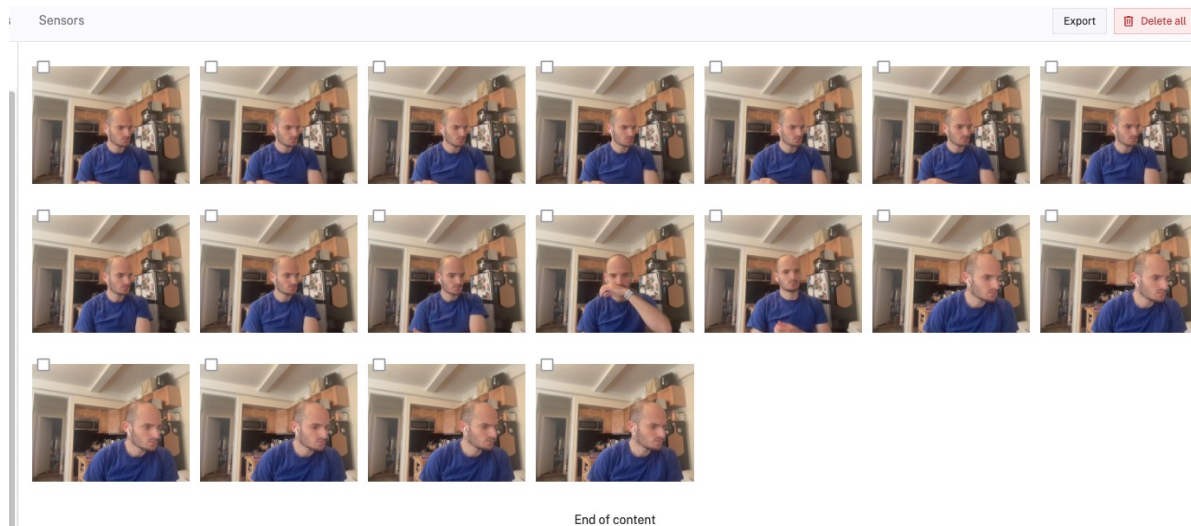
+ Add frame

Note: Needed to create data management service prior to configuring data capture with configured camera.

Task 2: Data Capture & Cloud Storage

Goal: Create data-manager service → Set capture rate & ReadImage method → **Store frames to cloud**

Images stored to the cloud



Installed viam CLI to run image export

```
(base) davidlevine@Davids-Air-3 ~ % brew tap viamrobotics/brews
brew install viam
==> Auto-updating Homebrew...
Adjust how often this is run with HOMEBREW_AUTO_UPDATE_SECS or disable with
HOMEBREW_NO_AUTO_UPDATE. Hide these hints with HOMEBREW_NO_ENV_HINTS (see 'man brew').
==> Downloading https://ghcr.io/v2/homebrew/portable-ruby/portable-ruby/blobs/sha256:fd162df7a6c190ee80a9e6afd28f4466d33548821a480ba043cd927b44d60f7
##### 100.0%
==> Pouring portable-ruby-3.4.4.arm64_big_sur.bottle.tar.gz
==> Auto-updated Homebrew!
Updated 2 taps (homebrew/core and homebrew/cask).
==> New Formulae
addons-linter      erlang@27      miniprot       style-dictionary
alejandra          fastoa         oxen           syloh
autocycler         gcc@14         qnm            webdav
boa               gccli          readsb
concurrentqueue    goshs          rna-star
cram              hyper-mcp      shamrock
==> New Casks
font-formudpgothic font-matangi    lobehub        zoo-design-studio

You have 2 outdated formulae installed.

==> Downloading https://ghcr.io/v2/viamrobotics/brews/viam/manifests/0.76.0-3
##### 100.0%
==> Fetching viamrobotics/brews/viam
==> Downloading https://ghcr.io/v2/viamrobotics/brews/viam/blobs/sha256:0977a828
##### 100.0%
==> Installing viam from viamrobotics/brews
==> Pouring viam--0.76.0.arm64_sonoma.bottle.3.tar.gz
📦 /opt/homebrew/Cellar/viam/0.76.0: 6 files, 42.7MB
==> Running 'brew cleanup viam'...
Disable this behaviour by setting HOMEBREW_NO_INSTALL_CLEANUP.
Hide these hints with HOMEBREW_NO_ENV_HINTS (see 'man brew').
(base) davidlevine@Davids-Air-3 ~ % viam login
Info: You can log into Viam through the opened browser window or by following the URL below.
Ensure the code in the URL matches the one shown in your browser.
https://auth.viam.com/oauth2/device?user_code=LDJ5LX

@@@0..  "%000%00< .lj. lB@B$V'. 'nBSS$!
.*@S$! fSS$X %SS+ &@S$ 1SSSS@Q^ "BSSSS@!
(@S$0'M@S@: BSS- ~BSS@S@01 lSSBQ@@@q.0@S$0@S$!
'WBS$B@p BSS- qB$~-l@000. lS@B..B@S$0$; @S@!
.uSS$! BSS- ;@0@& ... oB$@~l!S$. zSS$z'. $$$!
:h' BSS-L%$| | -@S$b!S@B 'M' $$$!

Logged in as "david.j.levine8@gmail.com", expires Tue May 27 09:44:10 EDT 2025
(base) davidlevine@Davids-Air-3 ~ % viam data export binary --mime-types=image/jpeg,image/png --org-ids=649e1748-312e-4cb7-830c-cf4c3c5ded08 --destination=.
Downloaded 100 files
Downloaded 200 files
Downloaded 246 files
(base) davidlevine@Davids-Air-3 ~ %
```

```
viam data export --robot-id <robot-id> --component-name cam --method
ReadImage --output ./exported_data
```

Task 2: Data Capture & Cloud Storage

Goal: Create data-manager service → Set capture rate & ReadImage method → **Store frames to cloud**

Images stored to the cloud with detection details from myPeopleDetector Vision service

myPeopleDetector

vision

mlmodel

CONFIGURE

ML Model

people

Attributes

Minimum confidence threshold ⓘ

001

Depends on

Search resources

Data capture

Method

CaptureAllFromCamera

Frequency (hz)12x / min

0.2

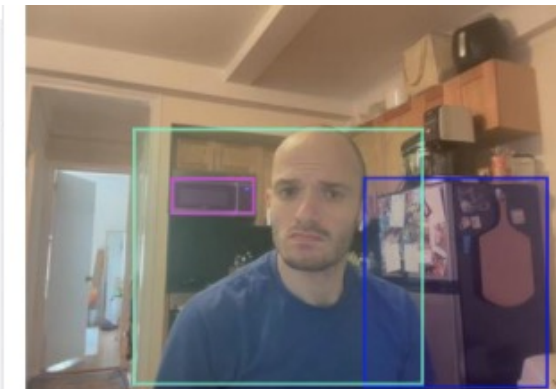
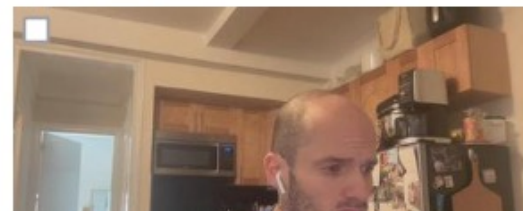
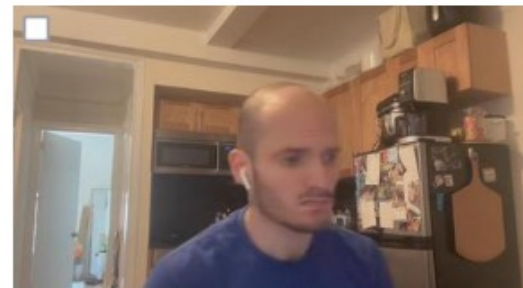
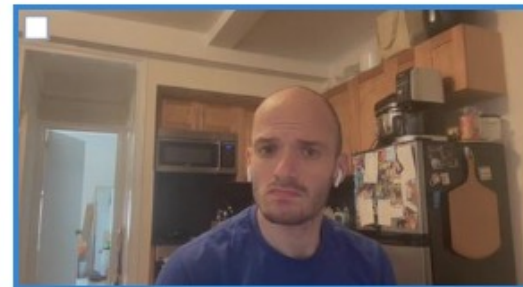
On

Additional parameters

Camera name

cam

+ Add method



ACTIONS

DETAILS

Annotate

Objects

| | |
|--------------|---|
| Microwave | 1 |
| Person | 1 |
| Refrigerator | 1 |

Task 2: Discussion – How the data enables custom models

I enabled cloud logging for the cam component, which allowed me to capture image frames from my MacBook's webcam directly to the Viam cloud.

This type of captured image data is valuable for:

- Evaluating model accuracy: comparing what the model detects vs what's actually in the frame.
- Labeling custom datasets: using stored images and metadata to label people or other objects.
- Retraining or fine-tuning models: creating a customer-specific version of EfficientDet-COCO that performs better on their environment or edge cases.

Exported image data and detection logs can be used to train or validate models in frameworks like PyTorch, TensorFlow, or AutoML pipelines.

Going forward, combining image data with detection metadata (e.g., bounding boxes + class + confidence) provides a complete training set for a custom object detector.

Task 3: Modular Registry: Overview

Following the 'Integrate other physical or virtual hardware' document.

Goal: Build a custom sensor module that uses the Vision service I previously created and returns:

{'person_detected': 1} if a person is visible to the camera,

and

{'person_detected': 0} if a person is NOT visible to the camera.

Steps:

- 1) Module Setup
- 2) Implementation of the Component API
- 3) Adding the Custom Sensor Component to my Machine
- 4) Local Testing
- 5) Error Handling & Fixes

Task 3: Modular Registry: Module Setup

Goal: Scaffold and generate the custom module, generating the necessary stub files (in the sensor-pd folder).

```
Generate a new modular resource

For more details about modular resources, view the documentation at
https://docs.viam.com/registry/

Set a module name:
The module name can contain only alphanumeric characters, dashes, and underscores.
> sensor-pd

Specify the language for the module:
> Python
Go

Visibility
Public Private

Namespace/Organization ID
> dl-org

Select a resource to be added to the module:
Arm Component
Audio Input Component
Base Component
Board Component
Camera Component
Encoder Component
Gantry Component
Generic Component
Gripper Component
Input Component
Motor Component
Movement Sensor Component
Pose Tracker Component
Power Sensor Component
> Sensor Component
Servo Component
Generic Service
MLModel Service
Motion Service
Navigation Service
SLAM Service
Vision Service

Set a model name of the resource:
This is the name of the new resource model that your module will provide.
The model name can contain only alphanumeric characters, dashes, and underscores.
> pdetect

Enable cloud build
If enabled, this will generate GitHub workflows to build your module.
Yes No

Register module
Register this module with Viam.
If selected, this will associate the module with your organization.
Otherwise, this will be a local-only module.
Yes No

</> toggle • shift+tab back • enter submit • y Yes • n No
```

Module successfully generated!

```
Module successfully generated at sensor-pd
(base) davidlevine@Davids-Air-3 ~ %
```

Prompts filled:

Name: **sensor-pd**

Language: **Python**

Visibility: **Private**

Namespace/Org-ID: **dl-org**

Resource to be added: **Sensor Component**

Model name: **pdetect**

Cloud build? **Yes**

Register module? **Yes**

From the CLI, I used `viam module generate` and followed the relevant prompts.

Task 3: Modular Registry: Module Setup

Goal: Scaffold and generate the custom module, generating the necessary stub files (in the sensor-pd folder).

Final file structure within the generated sensor-pd folder:

```
sensor-pd/  
├── build.sh  
├── meta.json  
├── module.tar.gz  
├── reload.sh  
├── requirements.txt  
├── run.sh  
├── setup.sh  
├── src/  
│   ├── main.py  
│   └── models/  
│       └── pdetect.py
```

I added or changed files from the auto-generated structure to implement my custom sensor logic and enable local development and testing:

- reload.sh (**I added**)
 - Script I wrote for **hot reloading** the module locally.
- meta.json (**I modified**)
- src/models/pdetect.py (**I modified**)
- src/main.py (**I modified**)

Module Architecture: How main.py Registers and Runs the Custom Sensor

- main.py is launched by reload.sh.
 - It loads the module via `Module.from_args()`.
 - Registers my sensor model (`dl-org:sensor-pd:pdetect`) into Viam's resource registry.
- The model points to the `Pdetect` class in `pdetect.py`.
 - When a resource is created (e.g., `sensor-1` in the Viam UI), Viam uses the model triplet to instantiate this model.
- `pdetect.py`:
 - Queries the Vision Service (like `myPeopleDetector`) to detect people via camera feed.
 - Returns `person_detected = 1` or `0`.
- The Viam App shows live logs and values via the UI, helping me debug and monitor sensor results.

Task 3: Modular Registry: Module Implementation

Goal: Add custom logic to Pdetect class (**pdetect.py**) to execute the goals of Task 3. Following the docs & looking at the 'simple-module' example in the Viam Python SDK, I had to make sure I edited the following within Pdetect:

new()

validate_config()

get_readings()

reconfigure()

do_command()

Task 3: Modular Registry: Implement the Component API

`new()`:

- This method is responsible for creating and returning a new instance of the Pdetect sensor class.
 - It receives the config and dependencies from the Viam system.
 - It initializes the sensor (`sensor = cls(config.name)`) and then immediately calls `reconfigure()` to apply the configuration and wire up dependencies.
 - It returns the fully ready-to-use sensor instance.

```
@classmethod
def new(
    cls, config: ComponentConfig, dependencies: Mapping[ResourceName, ResourceBase]
) -> Self:
    """
    Instantiate a new Pdetect sensor instance and configure it with the given settings.

    Args:
        config (ComponentConfig): The configuration for this sensor
        dependencies (Mapping[ResourceName, ResourceBase]): The dependencies (both implicit and explicit)

    Returns:
        Self: A fully initialized instance of the Pdetect sensor.
    """
    sensor = cls(config.name)
    sensor.reconfigure(config, dependencies)
    return sensor
```

Task 3: Modular Registry: Implement the Component API

reconfigure():

- Triggered when the component's configuration is updated in the Viam app
 - Reads the latest `camera_name` value from the incoming `config` object
 - Validates that the required `camera_name` attribute exists
 - Retrieves the required dependency `myPeopleDetector` from the dependency map (throws error if not available)
 - Casts that dependency as a `VisionClient` for person detection
 - Stores both `camera_name` and vision client internally for use in detection logic
 - Calls the base class implementation (`super().reconfigure(...)`) to ensure any built-in updates are applied

```
def reconfigure(
    self, config: ComponentConfig, dependencies: Mapping[ResourceName, ResourceBase]
):
    """This method allows you to dynamically update your service when it receives a new `config` object.

    Args:
        config (ComponentConfig): The new configuration
        dependencies (Mapping[ResourceName, ResourceBase]): Any dependencies (both implicit and explicit)
    """
    if not config.attributes or "camera_name" not in config.attributes.fields:
        raise ValueError("Missing required attribute: camera_name")

    self.camera_name = str(config.attributes.fields["camera_name"].string_value)

    vision_resource = dependencies.get(Vision.get_resource_name("myPeopleDetector"))
    if not vision_resource:
        raise ValueError("Required dependency 'myPeopleDetector' not found")

    self.vision = vision_resource
    return super().reconfigure(config, dependencies)
```

Task 3: Modular Registry: Implement the Component API

validate_config():

- Ensures that the user-supplied configuration is valid before the module is started.
 - Checks if the required "camera_name" attribute is present.
 - If it's missing, it raises an error so the module doesn't run with invalid settings.
- Declares required and optional dependencies for the module.
 - Dependencies returned: required: "myPeopleDetector"
 - This tells Viam to pass in the Vision service resource with this name at runtime.

```
def validate_config(
    cls, config: ComponentConfig
) -> Tuple[Sequence[str], Sequence[str]]:
    """
    This method allows you to validate the configuration object received from the machine,
    as well as to return any required dependencies or optional dependencies based on that `config`.

    Args:
        config (ComponentConfig): The configuration for this resource

    Returns:
        Tuple[Sequence[str], Sequence[str]]: A tuple where the
            first element is a list of required dependencies (myPeopleDetector) and the
            second element is a list of optional dependencies (empty in this case)
    """
    if "camera_name" not in config.attributes.fields:
        raise Exception("Missing required attribute: camera_name")
    return ["myPeopleDetector"], []
```

Task 3: Modular Registry: Implement the Component API

do_command():

- Allows the sensor to query the `myPeopleDetector` vision service and returns `person_detected: 1` if a person is seen with >0.5 confidence, otherwise 0.

```
async def do_command(
    self,
    command: Mapping[str, ValueTypes],
    *,
    timeout: Optional[float] = None,
    **kwargs
) -> Mapping[str, ValueTypes]:
    """
    Execute a custom command to check for the presence of a person using the vision service.

    This method queries the configured vision service (`myPeopleDetector`) for object
    detections from the specified camera. If any detection is classified as a "person"
    with a confidence greater than 0.5, the method returns a result indicating a person
    was detected. Otherwise, it indicates no person was found.

    Args:
        command (Mapping[str, ValueTypes]): A dictionary of command arguments.
            This implementation does not use any input arguments.
        timeout (Optional[float]): An optional timeout in seconds for the operation.
        **kwargs: Additional optional keyword arguments.

    Returns:
        Mapping[str, ValueTypes]: A dictionary with a single key `"person_detected"`:
            - 1 if a person is detected
            - 0 if no person is detected
    """
    detections = await self.vision.get_detections_from_camera(self.camera_name)
    for d in detections:
        if d.class_name.lower() == "person" and d.confidence > 0.5:
            return {"person_detected": 1}
    return {"person_detected": 0}
```

Task 3: Modular Registry: Implement the Component API

- `get_readings()`:
 - sensor interface that Viam calls to retrieve the latest data from the sensor.
 - Invokes the internal `do_command()` method to perform the actual person detection logic.
- Wraps the result from `do_command()` in a dictionary with a consistent sensor reading key:
 - Returns: { "person_detected": 1 } if a person is detected, Returns: { "person_detected": 0 } if no person is detected.
- This method ensures compatibility with the Viam Sensor API, allowing the module to be used like any other built-in Viam sensor.

```
async def get_readings(
    self,
    *,
    extra: Optional[Mapping[str, Any]] = None,
    timeout: Optional[float] = None,
    **kwargs
) -> Mapping[str, int]:
    """
    Retrieve the latest reading from the person detection sensor.

    This method queries the associated vision service to check whether a person
    is currently detected in the video feed from the configured camera. It returns
    a dictionary containing a single reading: 1 if a person is detected, 0 otherwise.

    Args:
        extra (Optional[Mapping[str, Any]]): Additional metadata or parameters
            passed to the sensor (not used in this implementation).
        timeout (Optional[float]): Timeout in seconds for the operation, if applicable.
        **kwargs: Additional keyword arguments passed to the method (unused).

    Returns:
        Mapping[str, int]: A dictionary with the key ``person_detected``
            mapped to an integer with a value of 1 (detected) or 0 (not detected).
    """
    result = await self.do_command({})
    return {"person_detected": int(result["person_detected"])}
```

Task 3: Modular Registry: Implement the Component API

- main.py:
 - Uses Viam's registry to register the pdetect model under the Sensor API, linking the model name (dl-org:sensor-pd:pdetect) to my Pdetect implementation.
 - Includes error handling to avoid duplicate registration when hot reloading.
 - Attaches the registered model to the module so it can be discovered and used by the Viam RDK.
 - Initializes and launches the module to connect with the Viam cloud, enabling remote control and configuration.

```
sensor-pd > src > main.py > ...
1  import asyncio
2  from viam.module.module import Module
3  from viam.resource.registry import Registry, ResourceCreatorRegistration
4  from viam.components.sensor import Sensor
5  from viam.errors import DuplicateResourceError
6
7  try:
8      from models.pdetect import Pdetect
9  except ModuleNotFoundError:
10     # when running as local module with run.sh
11     from .models.pdetect import Pdetect
12
13  async def main():
14     """
15     Register the custom sensor model and start the module.
16
17     This function registers the 'Pdetect' sensor model with the Viam resource registry
18     and initializes a 'Module' instance using command-line arguments. It handles
19     duplicate registration errors, then starts the module to serve
20     the registered model.
21     """
22     try:
23         Registry.register_resource_creator(Sensor.API, Pdetect.MODEL, ResourceCreatorRegistration(Pdetect.new, Pdetect.validate_config))
24     except DuplicateResourceError:
25         pass
26
27     module = Module.from_args()
28     module.add_model_from_registry(Sensor.API, Pdetect.MODEL)
29     await module.start()
30
31  if __name__ == '__main__':
32     asyncio.run(main())
```

Task 3: Modular Registry: Local Testing

Goal: Test my custom module locally.

```
Module successfully generated at sensor-pd
[(base) davidlevine@Davids-Air-3 ~ % cd Desktop/viam-interview-project/sensor-pd
[(base) davidlevine@Davids-Air-3 sensor-pd % chmod 755 reload.sh
[(base) davidlevine@Davids-Air-3 sensor-pd % sh setup.sh
Virtualenv found/created. Installing/upgrading Python packages...
[(base) davidlevine@Davids-Air-3 sensor-pd % viam module reload --local --part-id accf7c3d-370b-4268-a869-70d878f3e61a
Info: Starting build
Info: Starting setup step: "./setup.sh"
Virtualenv found/created. Installing/upgrading Python packages...
Info: Starting build step: "rm -f module.tar.gz && tar czf module.tar.gz requirements.txt src/*.py src/models/*.py meta.json setup.sh reload.sh"
Info: Completed build
Info: Reload complete
(base) davidlevine@Davids-Air-3 sensor-pd %
```

Steps to configure my local module on my machine

Task 3: Modular Registry: Adding & Testing the Sensor Component

Goal: Add my custom sensor component in the Viam UI.

The screenshot displays the Viam UI interface for managing components. On the left, a sidebar lists the components in the 'david-macbook-main' workspace: machine settings, cam, sensor-1, discovery, people, myPeopleDetector, data_manager, find-webcams, tflite_cpu, and sensor-pd. An arrow points to 'sensor-pd'. The main area shows the configuration for a 'local component'. It includes instructions on how to define a custom model using a colon-delimited triplet (e.g., 'dl-org:sensor-pd:pdetect rdk:component:sensor'). Below this, there is a 'Name' field and a 'Create' button. On the right, the configuration details for the 'sensor-1' component are shown, including the configuration code, dependencies, data capture methods, and a test section with a 'GetReadings' button and a table showing 'person_detected' with a value of 1.

Component List:

- david-macbook-main
 - machine settings
 - cam
 - sensor-1
 - discovery
 - people
 - myPeopleDetector
 - data_manager
 - find-webcams
 - tflite_cpu
 - sensor-pd

Local Component Configuration:

Back

local component

In your code where you initialized your module, you input three strings to define your custom model. Those strings form a colon-delimited triplet.

Enter that triplet here:

Ex: my-org:mymodulename:mynewmodel

dl-org:sensor-pd:pdetect
rdk:component:sensor

Name

Create

sensor-1 configuration:

sensor dl-org:sensor-pd:pdetect

CONFIGURE

```
1 {  
2   "camera_name": "cam"  
3 }
```

Depends on Search resources

Data capture + Add method

Frame + Add frame

ERROR LOGS

There are no error logs within the last ten minutes, to view older logs, see the [logs tab](#).

TEST

Refresh every second

GetReadings

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| person_detected | 1 |
|-----------------|---|

Task 3: Modular Registry: Adding & Testing the Sensor Component

Goal: Test my custom sensor component in the Viam UI.

The screenshot displays the Viam UI interface for a project named 'david-home' under the 'david-macbook' organization. The top navigation bar includes 'FLEET', 'DATA', 'REGISTRY', and 'DOCS'. The left sidebar shows a tree view of the project components: 'cam', 'sensor-1', 'discovery', 'myPeopleDetector', and 'people'. The main panel is divided into sections for each component.

cam component: Includes a 'TEST' button and a 'DO COMMAND' button.

sensor-1 component: Includes a 'TEST' button, a 'Refresh every second' dropdown menu, and a 'GetReadings' section showing 'person_detected' with a value of 1. It also has a 'DO COMMAND' button.

discovery component: Includes a 'TEST' button and a 'DO COMMAND' button.

myPeopleDetector component: Includes a 'TEST' button, a 'cam' dropdown menu, a 'Live' dropdown menu, and a video feed showing a person in a kitchen. To the right of the video feed is a 'Labels' table listing detected objects and their counts.

| Labels | |
|--------------|----|
| Person | 1 |
| Refrigerator | 5 |
| Microwave | 2 |
| Toilet | 2 |
| Bottle | 10 |
| Handbag | 2 |
| Toaster | 1 |
| Dining table | 1 |
| Oven | 1 |

Task 3: Modular Registry: Error Handling

Goal: Find errors and fix bugs to complete Task 3.

- **Errors:** `DuplicateResourceError`: Cannot add resource with duplicate name `"rdk:component:sensor/dl-org:sensor-pd:pdetect"` → caused registration error (below)
 - Cause:
 - The module attempted to register the same resource more than once during hot reloads.
 - Fix (**main.py**):
 - Wrapped the registration line in a try/except block to catch and suppress the `DuplicateResourceError`.

```
5/28/2025, 10:10:08 AM error
rdk.resource_manager.rdk:component:sensor/sensor-1
resource/graph_node.go:297 resource build error: unknown
resource type: API "rdk:component:sensor" with model "dl-
org:sensor-pd:pdetect" not registered resource
rdk:component:sensor/sensor-1 model dl-org:sensor-pd:pdetect
```

Registration error caused by
duplicate registration

Before fix:

```
Registry.register_resource_creator(Sensor.API, Pdetect.MODEL, ResourceCreatorRegistration(Pdetect.new, Pdetect.validate_config))
```

After fix:

```
try:
    Registry.register_resource_creator(Sensor.API, Pdetect.MODEL, ResourceCreatorRegistration(Pdetect.new, Pdetect.validate_config))
except DuplicateResourceError:
    pass
```

try/except block to catch and suppress the
`DuplicateResourceError`

Task 3: Modular Registry: Error Handling

Goal: Find errors and fix bugs to complete Task 3.

- `Error: TypeError - Cannot instantiate typing.Union`
 - Cause:
 - Attempted to wrap a basic type (`int`) inside `SensorReading`, which isn't necessary and led to incompatible typing. (`SensorReading` is a type alias)
 - Fix (`pdetect.py` → `get_readings()` method):
 - Removed the use of `SensorReading()` and returned a plain `int` instead.

GetReadings

```
ConnectError: [unknown] TypeError - Cannot instantiate typing.Union -  
file_name='/Users/davidlevine/miniconda3/lib/python3.12/typing.py'  
func_name='__call__' line_num=501
```

Type Error found in sensor_1 log

Before fix:

```
return {"person_detected":  
SensorReading(int(result["person_detected"]))}
```

After fix:

```
return {"person_detected":  
int(result["person_detected"])}
```

Removed the use of
`SensorReading()`

Next Steps: Upload Module to Viam Registry

1. Set your module to public or private visibility.

When running `viam module generate`, choose whether others can access the module.

2. Update meta.json.

Ensure the entrypoint, build, path, and supported arch values are set correctly.

This file tells Viam how to build, package, and run the module.

3. Package your module.

Run the build command (or use `build.sh`) to create a `module.tar.gz` file.

4. Login to Viam.

5. Register your module.

6. Upload your module.

Push the module to the registry.

7. Use the module in the cloud.

Opportunities for Improvement

- Customizable Configuration via Viam UI
 - Support configurable confidence thresholds, detection classes, and different camera inputs.
- Capture & Store Data with Viam
 - Extend to support other ML models beyond people detection in the Vision service.
 - Integrate with Viam's Data Capture UI to view and download results.
- Build a UI for Sensor Control
 - Develop a lightweight frontend to:
 - Display live detection results from `get_readings`.
 - Visualize logs and sensor state.
- Robust Error Handling
 - Add better exception management, validation, and user-visible error messages.
- Developer Experience & Docs
 - Publish module to Viam Registry.
 - Include links to my GitHub, Docs, and example `meta.json` in the Registry.