

### [3] EM Algorithm

$$A] P_x(z|x) = \frac{P_x(x|z) P_x(z)}{P_x(x)}$$

Using this formula,

$$\begin{aligned} \underline{P(G,H)} = P_x(G|H) &= \frac{\frac{1}{2}P}{\frac{1}{2}P + \frac{1}{4}(1-P)} \\ &= \frac{\frac{1}{2}P}{\frac{1}{2}(P + \frac{1}{2}(1-P))} \\ &= \frac{P}{\frac{2P + 1 - P}{2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$P(G,H) = \frac{2P}{P+1} //$$

$$\begin{aligned} \underline{P(G,T)} = P_x(G|T) &= \frac{\frac{1}{2}P}{\frac{1}{2}P + \frac{3}{4}(1-P)} = \frac{P}{P + \frac{3}{2}(1-P)} \\ &= \frac{2P}{3-P} // \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \underline{P(S,H)} = P_x(S|H) &= \frac{\frac{1}{4}(1-P)}{\frac{1}{4}(1-P) + \frac{1}{2}P} = \frac{1-P}{1-P + 2P} \\ &= \frac{1-P}{P+1} // \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \underline{P(S,T)} = P_x(S|T) &= \frac{\frac{3}{4}(1-P)}{\frac{1}{2}P + \frac{3}{4}(1-P)} = \frac{1-P}{\frac{2}{3}P + 1-P} \\ &= \frac{1-P}{2P + 3 - 3P} \\ &= \frac{1-P}{3-P} // \end{aligned}$$

$$B] L_p(p') = \sum_{i=1}^N \sum_{(G,S)} \partial_p(z, x_i) \cdot \log p(z, x_i; \theta')$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^N \left( \partial_p(G, x_i) \cdot \log p(G, x_i; \theta') + \partial_p(S, x_i) \cdot \log p(S, x_i; \theta') \right)$$

[breaking sum  $\sum_{G,S}$ ]

Now, Total  $N$  button presses. out of which some are Head out combs some are Tail outcombs. so, breaking  $\sum_{i=1}^N$  [ $N_H + N_T = N$ ]

$$\text{And expanding term } p(z, x_i, \theta')$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^{N_H} \partial_p(G, H) \cdot \log p(H|G) \cdot p(G)$$

$$+ \sum_{i=1}^{N_H} \partial_p(S, H) \cdot \log p(H|S) \cdot p(S)$$

$$+ \sum_{i=1}^{N_T} \left( \partial_p(G, T) \log p(T|G) p(G) \right.$$

$$\left. + \partial_p(S, T) \log p(T|S) \cdot p(S) \right)$$

now, put values of  $p(G) = p'$   
 $p(S) = 1 - p'$  and

then differentiate it w.r.t.  $\theta'$  For  
 $\argmax_{\theta'} L_p(p')$ . And we can remove  $\sum_{i=1}^{N_H}$  and

$\sum_{i=1}^{N_T}$  by multiplying simply by  $N_H$  and  $N_T$  respectively



$$= N_H \left( \gamma(G, H) \cdot \frac{1}{\cancel{Pr(H|G)} \cdot S'} \cdot \cancel{Pr(H|G)} + \right.$$

$$\left. \gamma(G, H) \cdot \frac{1}{Pr(H|S) \cdot (1-S)} \cdot Pr(H|S) \right)$$

+

$$N_T \left( \gamma(G, T) \cdot \frac{1}{\cancel{Pr(H|G)} \cdot S'} \cdot Pr(T|G) + \right.$$

$$\left. \gamma(G, T) \cdot \frac{1}{\cancel{Pr(T|S)} \cdot P'} \cdot Pr(T|S) \right)$$

$$= N_H \left( \frac{2P}{P+1} \cdot \frac{1}{1/2} \cdot \frac{1}{P'} + \frac{1-P}{P+1} \cdot \frac{1}{1/4} \cdot \frac{1}{1-P'} \right) +$$

$$N_T \left( \frac{2P}{3-P} \cdot \frac{1}{1/2} \cdot \frac{1}{P'} + \frac{1-P}{3-P} \cdot \frac{1}{3/4} \cdot \frac{1}{1-P'} \right)$$

$$= N_H \left( \frac{4P}{P'(P+1)} + \frac{4(1-P)}{(P+1)(1-P')} \right) +$$

$$N_T \left( \frac{4P}{(3-P)P'} + \frac{4(1-P)}{(3-P)(1-P')} \right)$$

$$= \frac{N_H \cdot (4P)}{P'} \left( \frac{1}{1+P} + \frac{1}{3-P} \right) + \frac{N_T \cdot 4 \cdot (1-P)}{1-P'} \left[ \frac{1}{P+1} + \frac{1}{3-P} \right]$$

$$= \frac{4 \cdot N_H \cdot p}{p'} \left[ \frac{3-p+1+p}{(3-p)(1+p)} \right] + \frac{4 \cdot N_T (1-p)}{1-p'} \left[ \frac{3-p+p+1}{(p+1)(3-p)} \right]$$

$$= \frac{8 N_H \cdot p}{p' (3-p)(1+p)} + \frac{8 N_T (1-p)}{(1-p') (3-p)(1+p)}$$