









### Bureau d'analyses macro-économiques Institut sénégalais de recherches agricoles

Developing the partnership on public policies and governance in Africa

#### **ISRA-BAME**

## The Bureau d'Analyses Macro-Économiques of Isra (Bureau of Macro-Economic Analysis)

■ ISRA Cross-cutting Research Unit on Economics and Social Sciences, located at Dakar

#### **Contribute to:**

- Renewal of agricultural policies in Senegal and subregion
- Generation of knowledge & tools to better help and guide agricultural strategies and policies Decision-making
- Information for decision-makers and producers

#### Areas of research

- Farm HHds management & dynamics
- Value chain analysis and market regulations
- Natural resources management and governance
- Prospective, monitoring and evaluation and impacts of policies, projects and technologies

#### Geographical coverage

National and subregional (west Africa essentially)

# Major challenges in Africa Isra-Bame is working on

#### □ Transformation of family farms: what policy options?

- What mechanisms for multi-stakeholder dialogue (farmers, research, etc.)?
- What policy options to support modernisation process (insurance, ways for adopting agricultural technologies, institutional innovations, extension)?
- What are the impacts of four decades of major national & regional agricultural development programs & projects?
- Governance of agricultural commodity chains: what mechanisms for the professionalization of commodity chains, the regulation of markets between local and imported value chains (rice, milk, onions) in the context of an ECOWAS CET?

#### Mechanisms for managing key competitive resources in the territories

- Land tenure (between family farming and agribussiness, agricultural vs. pastoral land, agricultural land and urban sprawl)
- Water (governance of irrigated water vs. hydropower, agricultural water, pastoral water)

#### New research areas: Agroecological transition

 Understand the brakes, levers, conditions for transition and at several scales (local communities, territories, national and regional policies)

## Major activities in governance and public policies in relation with these challenges

- Promoting new agricultural models and to find synergies between family farming and agro-industrial system
- Promoting integrated management of resources at the territorial level (including cross-border resources, particularly between coastal & Sahelian countries)
- Promoting multi-scale governance and multi sectoral governance
  - Implementation of regional policies
  - Territorialization of public policies
  - Articulation between different dimensions of development issues (education, health, agriculture) and the different levels of governance

#### Our strength:

- Bame, one of the components of the ECOWAS regional center of excellence on dry cereals and associated crops (Waapp)
- Bame strengthening its skills to increase its influence on national and regional agricultural policies

### Thank you for your attention