CMPUT 379

Lab 06

Assignment (2.a)

- Packet generator program
- Router program

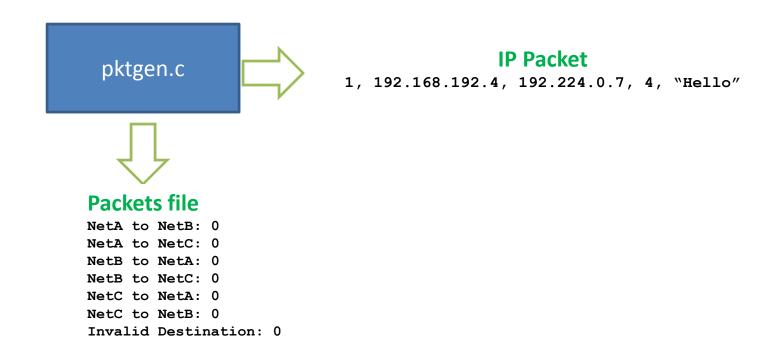
router.c

pktgen.c

Packet generator program

Command:

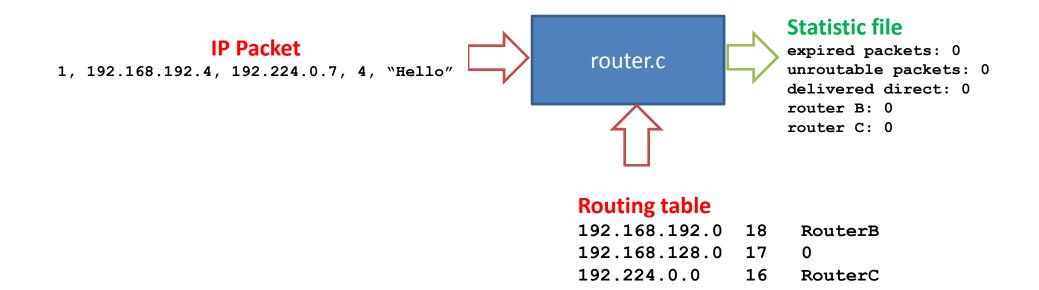
<port number to connect to router> <packets file path>



Router program

Command:

<port number to listen to> <routing table file path> <statistics file path>



Router program

- 1. Decrement the TTL field of the packet
- 2. Figure out which of the entries in the routing table (if any) match the packet
 - extract the first <net-prefix-length> number of bits from the destination address.
- 3. If the value of the nexthop field for the entry is 0:
 - Update the "delivered direct" counter
- 4. If the value of the nexthop field for the entry is RouterB or RouterC
 - update the counter corresponding to the packets forwarded to that router
- 5. Update statistic file

Assignment (2.b)

Server Command:

<UDP port> <documents directory> <log file>

Client Command:

<server IP> <server UDP port> <file to
download>

file_server.c

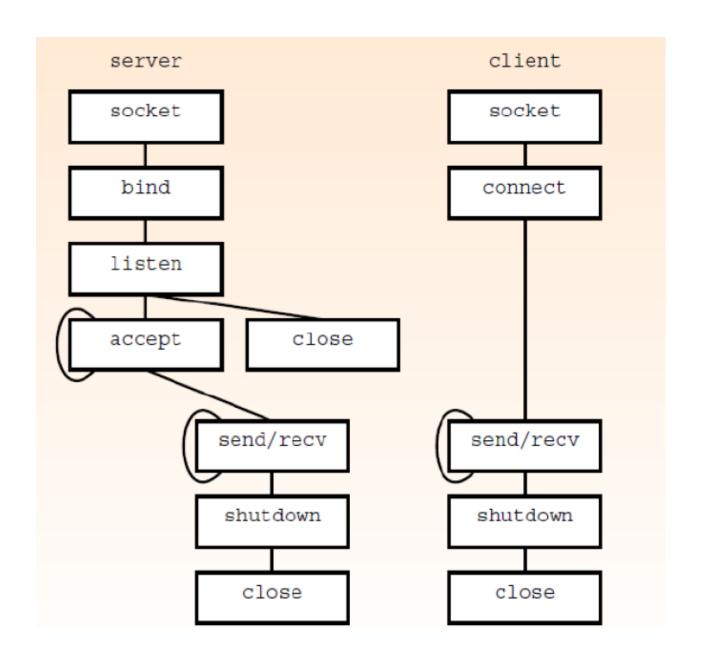
file_client.c

Server program

- The server must daemonize on startup.
- If the supplied logfile does not exist, the server should create it.
- file_server must be implemented using processes and fork().
 - The server accepts a request from a client.
 - Splits the intended file into chunks of 1KB and sends each chunk as a separate message.
 - If the file has a size that is a multiple 1KB, the server should send an additional message containing only "\$" after sending all of the chunks.

Client program

- Send request to server.
- Accepts chunks of messages from the server.
 - If a chunk contains less than 1KB of data or only the message "\$", the desired file transmission is completed.
 - If 5 seconds have been passed since the last chunk received, the client assumes that the transmission had been aborted, and the client prints the error message on the screen.



The Number Server

Unix Socket

http://goo.gl/COPqHz

INET Socket

http://bit.ly/17awYWz

Server (1)

```
int sock, snew, fromlength, number, outnum;
struct sockaddr_in master, from;
sock = socket (AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);

master.sin_family = AF_INET;
master.sin_addr.s_addr = INADDR_ANY;
master.sin_port = htons (MY_PORT);

bind (sock, (struct sockaddr*) &master, sizeof (master))

number = 0;
listen (sock, 5);
```

Server (2)

Sample code with Fork

http://tinyurl.com/nwr9tbj

Fork

• The function fork() is called once (in the parent process) but it returns twice.

 waitpid() is used by the parent process to query the change state of a particular child.

Fork

```
while (1) {
       fromlength = sizeof (from);
       snew = accept (sock, (struct sockaddr*) & from,
                       & fromlength);
Fork
       outnum = htonl (number);
       write (snew, &outnum, sizeof (outnum));
Exit
       close (snew);
       number++;
```

Fork

```
while (1) {
       fromlength = sizeof (from);
       snew = accept (sock, (struct sockaddr*) & from,
                      & fromlength);
       pid = fork();
       if(pid == 0) {
               outnum = htonl (number);
               write (snew, &outnum, sizeof (outnum));
               exit(0);
       close (snew);
       number++;
```

waitpid

```
static void kidhandler(int signum) {
      waitpid(WAIT ANY, NULL, WNOHANG);
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
      struct sigaction sa;
      sa.sa handler = kidhandler;
      sigemptyset(&sa.sa mask);
      sa.sa flags = SA RESTART;
      if (sigaction(SIGCHLD, &sa, NULL) == -1)
             err(1, "sigaction failed");
```