

### Homework Assignment 7: Due Monday April 6

**Optimal Stopping.** Consider fitted value iteration applied to optimal stopping. Consider an MDP with a finite state space  $\mathcal{S} = \{1, \dots, n\} \cup \{\tau\}$  where  $\tau$  is a costless absorbing state. In any state  $s \neq \tau$ , there are two actions, Stop and Continue. Stopping in any state  $s \in \mathcal{S}$  transitions the state to  $\tau$  but generates an immediate reward  $r(s)$ . A choice to continue accrues no immediate reward transitions the reward to a new state drawn from the transition matrix  $P$ . Assume the Markov chain corresponding to  $P$  is irreducible and aperiodic and let  $\pi = \pi P$  denote its stationary distribution.

Consider a linear approximation to the continuation value  $J_\theta = \Phi\theta \in \mathbb{R}^n$ , where  $J_\theta(s) = \phi(s)^\top \theta$  ( $\dots \phi(i)^\top$  is the ‘ith’ row of  $J_\theta$ ). We study fitted value iteration

$$J_{\theta_{k+1}} = \Pi_{2,\pi} T J_{\theta_k}$$

where  $\Pi_{2,\pi}$  is projection onto the span of the columns of  $\Phi$  in the euclidean norm  $\|\cdot\|_{2,\pi}$  and  $T$  is the operator

$$TJ(s) = \max\{r(s), \alpha \sum_{s' \in \mathcal{S}} P(s, s') J(s')\}.$$

- (a) Show that  $T$  is a contraction with respect to  $\|\cdot\|_{2,\pi}$ .
- (b) Use this to conclude that  $J_{\theta_k}$  converges to the unique fixed point of  $\Pi_{2,\pi} T$ .
- (c) State a bound on the distance between the solution to this projected fixed point equation and the optimal continuation value  $J^* = TJ^*$ . (You do not need to prove this bound)

*Hint: In part (a), the following fact about real numbers may be helpful:*

$$|\max\{x_1, y\} - \max\{x_2, y\}| \leq |x_1 - x_2|$$

**Monotonicity of projections** Many dynamic programming arguments critically use the monotonicity of the Bellman operator. But is the projected Bellman operator monotone? Construct an example showing that linear projection operators are not monotone in general. That is, For  $J \preceq J'$  element-wise, we may not have  $\Pi J \preceq \Pi J'$ .