## **Colab**

**Problem Definition:** This project was a continuation of last weeks Kaggle Digit Recognition competition. RandomForestClassifier was previously used to generate a classification model. In contrast, the goal this week was to create a model using an Artificial Neural Network. The model was implemented using Keras, which is a high level library for deep learning that sits on top of TensorFlow.

## **Research Design/Programming:**

To begin, a Neural network without hyperparameter tuning was used to generate a baseline model. The baseline model outperformed last week's RandomForestClassifer with an accuracy score of 96.5 %.

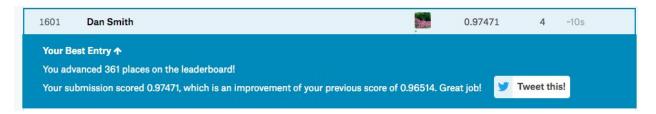


The focus moving forward was placed on achieving a higher accuracy score.

RandomizedSearchCV was used for hyperparameter tuning. The number of neurons per layer and the number of hidden layers were manipulated to improve model accuracy. The results in the table below show that the optimal hyperparameter settings are 861 Neurons/Layer and 5 Hidden Layers.

Mean Test Accuracy	#Neuron/Layer #	Hidden Layers	Mean Fit Time(s)
ı			
0.971405	861	5	63.371054
0.969619	431	9	65.512504
0.969381	776	8	75.682360
0.968048	96	8	43.516399
0.967762	467	5	50.172492
	0.971405 0.969619 0.969381 0.968048	0.971405 861 0.969619 431 0.969381 776 0.968048 96	0.971405       861       5         0.969619       431       9         0.969381       776       8         0.968048       96       8

The model was retrained using the abovementioned hyperparameter settings and predictions were made on the Kaggle out of sample data.



The accuracy improved significantly to approximately 97.5 %.

## **Recommendations for Management:**

The results show that a neural network using 861 neurons/layer with 5 hidden layers is optimal.

A neural network without hyperparameter tuning outperformed RandomForestClassifer with tuning by approximately 4 % accuracy. Based on this I recommend a neural network is used going forward.

This was merely an exploratory effort to evaluate neural networks as a viable alternative to RandomForestClassifer. We gained insight from this experiment however, there is room for model improvement. Due to processing power limitations, only 5 iterations were performed for RandomizedSearchCV. 5 iterations of RandomizedSearchCV with 3 fold cross validation and 10 epochs results in 150 model fits. This alone took 1355.63 (s). Exploring more hyperparameter combinations at this point in time with our current computational resources is not viable. Moving forward, I recommend that we invest in a cloud computing platform such as AWS to improve processing capacity. This will allow us to perform a larger and more comprehensive randomized search thus improving model accuracy.