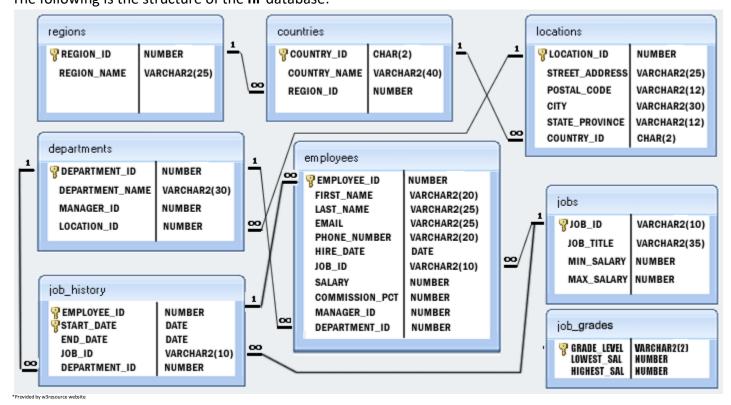
STAT 4260 – Databases Spring 2018

Assignment 6 – [55 points]

For this assignment, we will again be using the **hr** database from Assignment 3*. The following is the structure of the **hr** database:



It's good practice to make SQL keywords uppercase to distinguish them from other parts of your query. Please do this to make it easier for the grader. Also remember to include a semicolon at the end of your query. This tells SQL where the end of your query is!

FOR THIS ASSINGMENT ALL QUERIES SHOULD BE MADE USING SUBQUERIES.

[-5pts] Electronic submission

Grading standards: Questions are now all points or nothing and worth 3pts unless otherwise noted

- 1. Provide the SQL code to display the name (first_name, last_name separately) and the salary of the employees who have a higher salary than the employee whose last name is 'Bull'.
- 2. Provide the SQL code to display the name (first_name, last_name separately) of the employees who work in the IT department.
- 3. **[6pts]** Provide the SQL code to display the name (first_name, last_name separately) of the employees who have a manager and worked in a USA based department. Hint Will need to use multiple tables.
- 4. Provide the SQL code to display the name (first_name, last_name separately) of the employees who are managers using just the **employees** table
- 5. Provide the SQL code to display the name (first_name, last_name separately), and salary of the employees whose salary is greater than the average salary of all employees.
- 6. Provide the SQL code to display the name (first_name, last_name separately), and salary of the employees whose salary is equal to the minimum salary for their **job id**. Hint- You will have to use two tables.
- 7. **[6pts]** Provide the SQL code to display the name (first_name, last_name separately), and salary of the employees who earn more than the average salary of <u>all</u> employees and who work in any of the IT departments (departments starting with 'IT').
- 8. Provide the SQL code to display the name (first_name, last_name separately), and salary of the employees who the same salary as the minimum salary for all departments.
- 9. Provide the SQL code to display the name (first_name, last_name separately), and salary of the employees whose earn a salary that is higher than the salary of all the Shipping Clerks ('SH_CLERK'). Sort the results from lowest to highest salary.
- 10. Provide the SQL code to display the employee ID, first name, last name, and department names of all employees
- 11. [4pts] Provide the SQL code to display the employee_id, first name, last name, and salary of all employees whose salary is above average for their departments using a correlated subquery.
- **12. [4pts]** Provide the SQL code to display the 5th maximum salary in the employees table using a correlated subquery, e.g. if the salaries were 1200, 1200, 1100 the 2nd maximum salary would be 1100 not 1200.
- 13. [4pts] Provide the SQL code to display the last 10 records from the employees table. Hint Use an operator in the ORDER BY clause
- 14. Provide the SQL code to display a list of the department ID and name of all the departments where no employee is working **SOLUTION**

15. [4pts] Provide the SQL code to display the 3 maximum salaries using a correlated subquery.