

(Kernel) Isolation – PV, HVM, OS-V technologies in Linux

Introduction and description of the isolation differences between HM, PV and OS-level virt. technologies.

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Paravirtualization

Paravirtualization (a.k.a. PV - Xen)

- Not kernel module, uses a hypervisor(domain 0)
- Guest OS has to be aware of the fact it is being paravirtualized(Kernel 3.0+).

 Hypervisor provides ABI to communicate and Guest OS calls it

Paravirtualization (a.k.a. PV)

- "No" Performance losses (direct access to resources)
- Faster boot Can boot kernel directly (no bootloader)
- Guests uses own kernel
- Isolation on the underlying OS processes could be secured by Apparmor/Selinux

Hardware-assisted virtualization

Hardware-assisted virtualization (a.k.a. HVM)

For example: KVM or Xen

Using hypervisor - guests are "completely" isolated

- binary translation to trap and virtualize nonvirtualized instructions => emulation
- Has own bootloder
- Has own kernel
- Not modified OS.

Hardware-assisted virtualization (a.k.a. HVM)

- All resources are handled in-directly through hypervisor.
- Nowadays PVHVM can be used if OS supports it (Kernel 2.6.32+)

Needs CPU flags (Intel vmx | AMD svm)

Operating-system-level virtualization

Operating-system-level virt. (a.k.a. containers)

When we talk about containers we can think about a book in a shelf. There are multiple chapters in the book. Every chapter has a different "story" but they belong to the same piece of book.

Operating-system-level virt. (a.k.a. containers)

- Sometimes called as *"jail on steroids"*.
- Containers provide an additional layer of the security by isolating Resources
- Can be used together with apparmor/SELinux to enhance security

Operating-system-level virt. (a.k.a. containers)

- Solves issues with shared libraries(multiple versions).
- Helps with keeping OS clean
- Easily destroyed >:P

Differences between virtual machines & containers

Differences between virt. machines & containers

- VMs are "heavier" to setup/start in general
- OS boot takes up to minutes (PV/HVM difference)
- HW isolation on a hypervisor level(HVM/PV/PVHVM)
- Qemu process represents virtual machine, storage backend involved

Differences between virt. machines & containers

- Lightweight(MiB-"hundreds of MiB")
- Can be application oriented
- Isolation on an OS level process tree

- chroot *1982
- OpenVZ *2005
- lxc(lxd) *2008
- docker *2013
- systemd-nspawn *2013

chroot *1982

- partial file system isolation
- nested virtualization

OpenVZ *2005

- file system isolation
- disk quotas (ZFS)
- IO limiting
- memory limits
- cpu quotas
- network isolation
- partial nested virtualization
- live migration
- root isolation

lxc(lxd) *2008

- file system isolation
- partial disk quotas (lvm/btrfs)
- partial IO limiting (btrfs)
- memory limits
- cpu quotas
- network isolation
- partial nested virtualization
- root isolation

docker *2013

- file system isolation
- IO limiting (since 1.10)
- memory limits
- cpu quotas
- network isolation
- partial nested virtualization
- root isolation (since 1.10)

systemd-nspawn *2013

- file system isolation
- disk quotas
- partial IO limiting (systemd+Cgroups)
- memory limits (systemd+Cgroups)
- cpu quotas (systemd+Cgroups)
- network isolation
- nested virtualization
- root isolation

- PID namespace Process identifiers and capabilities
- UTS namespace Host and domain name
- MNT namespace File system access and structure

- IPC namespace -Process communication over shared memory
- NET namespace -Network access and structure
- USR namespace -User names and identifiers

Controls the location of the file system root

Cgroups

Resource protection(cpu usage, memory usage, io)

When to choose containers and when vms

When to choose containers

 testing a new application(from source or the internet) – no or minimum "user" interaction

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 fast deployments - "iso" template for the application(or for whole cycle)

When to choose vms

 wider isolation(running in the process, access to resources is filtered/emulated HVM or through api/drivers PV)

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"sendboxes" for customers



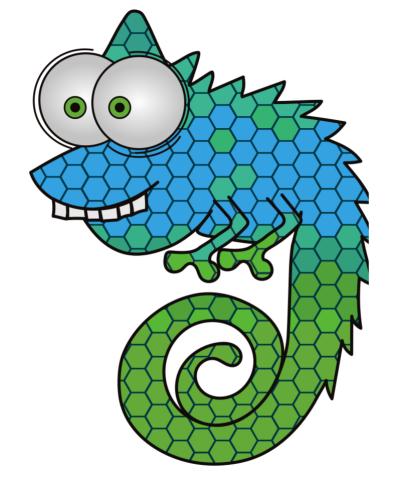
Questions?

Sources:

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hardware-assisted_virtualization https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Operating-system-level_virtualization http://www.linux-magazine.com/Issues/2016/184/systemd-nspawn

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Thank you



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