Tape devices overview

ONTAP 9

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Table of Contents

Tape devices overview . . . 1
Tape devices overview . . . 1
Tape device name format . . . 1
Supported number of simultaneous tape devices . . . 3

Tape devices overview

Tape devices overview

A tape device is a representation of a tape drive. It is a specific combination of rewind type and compression capability of a tape drive.

A tape device is created for each combination of rewind type and compression capability. Therefore, a tape drive or tape library can have several tape devices associated with it. You must specify a tape device to move, write, or read tapes.

When you install a tape drive or tape library on a storage system, ONTAP creates tape devices associated with the tape drive or tape library.

ONTAP detects tape drives and tape libraries and assigns logical numbers and tape devices to them. ONTAP detects the Fibre Channel, SAS, and parallel SCSI tape drives and libraries when they are connected to the interface ports. ONTAP detects these drives when their interfaces are enabled.

Tape device name format

Each tape device has an associated name that appears in a defined format. The format includes information about the type of device, rewind type, alias, and compression type.

The format of a tape device name is as follows:

`rewind_type st alias_number compression_type`

`rewind_type` is the rewind type.

The following list describes the various rewind type values:

- **r**

  ONTAP rewinds the tape after it finishes writing the tape file.

- **nr**

  ONTAP does not rewind the tape after it finishes writing the tape file. You must use this rewind type when you want to write multiple tape files on the same tape.

- **ur**

  This is the unload/reload rewind type. When you use this rewind type, the tape library unloads the tape when it reaches the end of a tape file, and then loads the next tape, if there is one.

  You must use this rewind type only under the following circumstances:

  - The tape drive associated with this device is in a tape library or is in a medium changer that is in the library mode.
  - The tape drive associated with this device is attached to a storage system.
  - Sufficient tapes for the operation that you are performing are available in the library tape sequence

defined for this tape drive.

If you record a tape using a no-rewind device, you must rewind the tape before you read it.

`st` is the standard designation for a tape drive.

`alias_number` is the alias that ONTAP assigns to the tape drive. When ONTAP detects a new tape drive, ONTAP assigns an alias to the tape drive.

`compression_type` is a drive-specific code for the density of data on the tape and the type of compression.

The following list describes the various values for `compression_type`:

- **a**

  Highest compression

- **h**

  High compression

- **m**

  Medium compression

- **l**

  Low compression

Examples

`nrst0a` specifies a no-rewind device on tape drive 0 using the highest compression.

Example of a listing of tape devices

The following example shows the tape devices associated with HP Ultrium 2-SCSI:

```
        Tape drive (fc202_6:2.126L1)  HP      Ultrium 2-SCSI
rst0l  -  rewind device,        format is: HP (200GB)
nrst0l -  no rewind device,     format is: HP (200GB)
urst0l -  unload/reload device, format is: HP (200GB)
rst0m  -  rewind device,        format is: HP (200GB)
nrst0m -  no rewind device,     format is: HP (200GB)
urst0m -  unload/reload device, format is: HP (200GB)
rst0h  -  rewind device,        format is: HP (200GB)
nrst0h -  no rewind device,     format is: HP (200GB)
urst0h -  unload/reload device, format is: HP (200GB)
rst0a  -  rewind device,        format is: HP (400GB w/comp)
nrst0a -  no rewind device,     format is: HP (400GB w/comp)
urst0a -  unload/reload device, format is: HP (400GB w/comp)
```

The following list describes the abbreviations in the preceding example:

- GB—Gigabytes; this is the capacity of the tape.
- w/comp—With compression; this shows the tape capacity with compression.

Supported number of simultaneous tape devices

ONTAP supports a maximum of 64 simultaneous tape drive connections, 16 medium changers, and 16 bridge or router devices for each storage system (per node) in any mix of Fibre Channel, SCSI, or SAS attachments.

Tape drives or medium changers can be devices in physical or virtual tape libraries or stand-alone devices.

Although a storage system can detect 64 tape drive connections, the maximum number of backup and restore sessions that can be performed simultaneously depends upon the scalability limits of the backup engine.

Related information

Scalability limits for dump backup and restore sessions

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