# **Youth Violence**

### Facts at a Glance

### 2016

#### **Youth Violence**

- In 2014, 4,300 young people ages 10 to 24 were victims of homicide—an average of 12 each day.<sup>1</sup>
- Homicide is the 3rd leading cause of death for young people ages 10 to 24 years old.<sup>1</sup>
- Among homicide victims 10 to 24 years old in 2014, 86% (3,703) were male and 14% (597) were female.<sup>1</sup>
- Among homicide victims ages 10 to 24 years old in 2014, 86% were killed with a firearm.<sup>1</sup>
- Youth homicides and assault-related injuries result in an estimated \$18.2 billion in combined medical and work loss costs.<sup>1</sup>

#### **Violence-related Behaviors**

In a 2015 nationally-representative sample of youth in grades 9-12:

- 22.6% reported being in a physical fight in the 12 months preceding the survey; the prevalence was higher among males (28.4%) than females (16.5%).<sup>2</sup>
- 16.2% reported carrying a weapon (gun, knife or club) on one or more days in the 30 days preceding the survey; the prevalence was higher among males (24.3%) than females (7.5%).<sup>2</sup>
- 5.3% reported carrying a gun on one or more days in the 30 days preceding the survey; the prevalence was higher among males (8.7%) than females (1.6%).<sup>2</sup>

# **Health Disparities**

 Among 10 to 24 year-olds, homicide is the leading cause of death for African Americans; the second leading cause of death for Hispanics; and the third leading cause of death American Indians and Alaska Natives.<sup>1</sup> Homicide rates in 2014 among non-Hispanic, African-American males 10-24 years of age (48.2 per 100,000) exceeded those of Hispanic males (9.6 per 100,000) and non-Hispanic, White males in the same age group (2.6 per 100,000).<sup>1</sup>

### **School Violence**

In a 2015 nationally representative sample of youth in grades 9-12:

- 7.8% reported being in a physical fight on school property in the 12 months preceding the survey.<sup>2</sup>
- 10.3% of male students and 5.0% of female students reported being in a physical fight on school property in the 12 months preceding the survey.<sup>2</sup>
- 5.6% did not go to school on one or more days in the 30 days preceding the survey because they felt unsafe at school or on their way to or from school.<sup>2</sup>
- 4.1% reported carrying a weapon (gun, knife or club) on school property on one or more days in the 30 days preceding the survey.<sup>2</sup>
- 6.0% reported being threatened or injured with a weapon (gun, knife or club) on school property one or more times in the 12 months preceding the survey.<sup>2</sup>

# **Nonfatal Injuries Due to Violence**

- In 2014, 501,581 young people ages 10 to 24 were treated in emergency departments for injuries sustained from physical assaults.<sup>1</sup>
- In 2015, of a nationally-representative sample of students in grades 9-12, 2.9% reported being in a physical fight one or more times in the previous 12 months that resulted in injuries that had to be treated by a doctor or nurse.<sup>2</sup>



# **Youth Violence Facts at a Glance**

#### **Juvenile Arrests**

- Juveniles (<18 years) accounted for 10.2% of all violent crime arrests and 14.3% of all property crime arrests in 2015.<sup>3</sup>
- In 2015, 605 juveniles (< 18 years) were arrested for murder, 2,745 for forcible rape, and 21,993 for aggravated assault.<sup>3</sup>

### **Bullying**

In a 2015 nationally-representative sample of youth in grades 9-12:

- 20.2% reported being bullied on school property in the 12 months preceding the survey; the prevalence was higher among females (24.8%) than males (15.8%).<sup>2</sup>
- 15.5% reported being bullied electronically (email, chat room, instant messaging, website, texting) in the 12 months preceding the survey; the prevalence was higher among females (21.7%) than males (9.7%).<sup>2</sup>

#### **School-associated Violent Deaths**

- During the 2012-2013 school year, 31 homicides of school-age youth ages 5 to 18 years occurred at school.<sup>4</sup>
- Approximately 2.6% of all youth homicides in 2012-2013 occurred at school, and the percentage of all youth homicides occurring at school has been less than 3% since the 1992-1993 school year.<sup>4</sup>
- There was approximately one homicide or suicide of a school-age youth at school per 1.5 million students enrolled during the 2012-2013 school year.<sup>4</sup>

#### References

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