

2005

Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System

Calculated Variables and Risk Factors

(Version 10 – 05/10/2006)



Calculated Variables on the 2005 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File

INTRODUCTION:

This document provides information on calculated variables and risk factors for the 2005 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System. These variables are calculated from responses to questions in the survey. There are three types of calculated variables.

The first are those variables used to stratify and weight the data, which are not inclued in this document.

The second are intermediate variables. These are variables are derived from a question response and are used to calculate some other variable or risk factor. For example: WTKG2 is derived from the WEIGHT2 variable in the survey. WTKG2 is then used to calculate the body mass index variable (_BMI4). Most of the intermediate variables end with an underscore (Example: FTJUDAY_), but not all of them do.

The third type of calculated variables are those used to categorize or classify respondents. Most of these begin with an underscore. (Example: _BMI4.) Exceptions are: _DENSTR2, _GEOSTR, and _STATE, which are determined before the interview. Some of the calculated variables group continuous variables such as weight, age, or body mass index, into categories. Other calculated variables regroup non-continuous variables to simplify analyses. The common focus of these variables is on health behaviors that are associated with a "risk" for illness or injury.

The tables in this report include a description of what the responses mean and a copy of the code used to calculate these variables in SAS[®]. The syntax of the code, as given, may or may not work in the particular statistical program that you are using.

NEW CALCULATED VARIABLES FOR 2005:

DRNKANY3 was dropped from the calculated variables for 2005 due to the addition of the variable **DRNKANY4** to the survey.

DRDXART was added for 2005.

CALCULATED VARIABLES WITH CHANGED NAMES FOR 2005:

- **_PNEUMOC** changed to **_PNEUMO2** due to PNEUVAC2 changing to PNEUVAC3.
- _FLSHOT2 changed to _FLSHOT3 due to FLUSHOT2 changing to FLUSHOT3.
- **_RFHYPE4** changed to **_RFHYPE5** due to BPHIGH3 changing to BPHIGH4.
- _SMOKER2 changed to _SMOKER3 due to SMOKEDAY changing to SMOKDAY2.
- **_RFSMOK2** changed to **_RFSMOK3** due to SMOKEDAY changing to SMOKDAY2.
- **DROCCDY**_ changed to **DROCDY2**_ due to the addition of DRNKANY4 and ALCDAY3 changing to ALCDAY4.
- **_RFBING2** changed to **_RFBING3** due to the addition of DRNKANY4 and ALCDAY3 changing to ALCDAY4.
- _DRNKDY2 changed to _DRNKDY3 due to DROCCDY_ changing to DROCDY2_ and AVEDRNK changing to AVEDRNK2.
- _DRNKMO2 changed to _DRNKMO3 due to _DRNKDY2 changing to _DRNKDY3.
- **_RFDRHV2** changed to **_RFDRHV3** due to **_**DRNKDY2 changing to **_**DRNKDY3 and ALCDAY3 changing to ALCDAY4.
- **_RFDRMN2** changed to **_RFDRMN3** due to **_DRNKDY2** changing to **_DRNKDY3** and ALCDAY3 changing to ALCDAY4.
- **_RFDRWM2** changed to **_RFDRWM3** due to **_**DRNKDY2 changing to **_**DRNKDY3 and ALCDAY3 changing to ALCDAY4.

Section 1: Health Status

_RFHLTH Health Stat		tusRFHLTH is derived from GENHLTH.
1	Good or Better	Respondents report having excellent, very good or good health
	Health	(GENHLTH = 1, 2, 3)
2	Fair or Poor	Respondents who report having fair or poor health
	Health	(GENHLTH = 4, 5)
9	Don't Know/ Not	Respondents who report they don't know their general health
	Sure/ Refused/	status, those who refused to answer the general health question, and
	Missing	those with missing responses (GENHLTH = 7, 9, Missing)
	SAS code:	IF 4 LE GENHLTH LE 5 THEN _RFHLTH=2;
		ELSE IF 1 LE GENHLTH LE 3 THEN _RFHLTH=1;
		ELSERFHLTH=9;

Section 2: Healthy Days - Health Related Quality of Life

There are no calculated variables for Section 2.

Section 3: Health Care Access

There are no calculated variables for Section 3.

Section 4: Exercise

_TOTI	or exercise	past month, did you participate in any leisure time physical activity? _TOTINDA is derived from EXERANY2. (Meets Healthy		
	People 201	0 Objective #22-1: No Leisure-Time Physical Activity)		
1	Yes	Respondents who report any level of physical activity or exercise		
		(EXERANY2=1)		
2	No	Respondents who report no physical activity or exercise		
		(EXERANY2=2)		
9	Don't Know/ Not	Respondents who report they don't know if they have participated		
	Sure/ Refused/	in any physical activity or exercise during the past 30 days, those		
	Missing	who refused to answer the physical activity/exercise question, and		
	_	those with missing responses (EXERANY2=7, 9, Missing)		
	SAS code:	<pre>if EXERANY2 in (1) THEN _TOTINDA=1;</pre>		
		ELSE IF EXERANY2 IN (2) THEN _TOTINDA=2;		
		ELSE IF EXERANY2 IN (.,7,9) THEN _TOTINDA=9;		

Section 5: Diabetes

There are no calculated variables for Section 5.

Section 6: Hypertension Awareness

_RFHY (Name change 2005.)	health project for 2010 Object	o have been told they have high blood pressure by a doctor, nurse, or other fessionalRFHYPE5 is derived from BPHIGH4. (Meets Healthy People ctive #12-9: Reduce the proportion of adults with high blood pressure.) (Note: was changed from _RFHYPE4 in 2003 due to BPHIGH3 changing to .)
1	No	Respondents who were not told their pressure is high by a health
		professional (BPHIGH4=2,3,4).
2	Yes	Respondents who were told their pressure is high by a health professional
		(BPHIGH4=1).
9	Don't Know/ Not	Respondents who report they don't know if they were told if their blood
	Sure/ Refused/	pressure is high, those who refused to answer if they were told if their blood
	Missing	pressure is high, and those with missing responses (BPHIGH4=7,9,
		Missing).
	SAS code:	IF BPHIGH4 = 1 THEN _RFHYPE5=2;
		ELSE IF BPHIGH4 = 2 THEN _RFHYPE5=1;
		ELSE IF BPHIGH4 = 3 THEN _RFHYPE5=1;
		ELSE IF BPHIGH4 = 4 THEN _RFHYPE5=1;
		ELSE IF BPHIGH4 IN (7.9) THEN RFHYPE5=9;

Section 7: Cholesterol Awareness

is derived t #12-15: Inc		from BLOODCHO and CHOLCHK. (Meets Healthy People 2010 Objective crease the proportion of adults who have had their blood cholesterol checked preceding 5 years.)
1	Checked	Respondents who report having had their cholesterol checked within the past
		five years (BLOODCHO=1 and CHOLCHK=1,2,3).
2	Not Checked	Respondents who report not having had their cholesterol checked within the
		past five years (BLOODCHO=1 and CHOLCHK=4).
3	Never Checked	Respondents who report never having had their cholesterol checked
		(BLOODCHO=2).
9	Don't Know/ Not	Respondents who report they don't know if they had their cholesterol
	Sure/ Refused/	checked by a health professional, those who refused to answer if they had
	Missing	their cholesterol checked by a health professional, and those with missing
		responses (BLOODCHO=7,9,"." and CHOLCHK=7,9,".").
	SAS code:	<pre>IF (BLOODCHO=1) AND (1 LE CHOLCHK LE 3) THEN _CHOLCHK = 1 ; ELSE IF (BLOODCHO=1) AND (CHOLCHK=4) THEN _CHOLCHK = 2 ; ELSE IF (BLOODCHO=2) AND (CHOLCHK=.) THEN _CHOLCHK = 3 ; ELSE IF BLOODCHO IN (.,7,9) OR CHOLCHK IN (.,7,9) THEN _CHOLCHK = 9 ;</pre>

Section 7: Cholesterol Awareness (continued)

_RFCF	HOL Adults who	have had their cholesterol checked and have been told by a doctor, nurse, or
	other healt	th professional that it was highRFCHOL is derived from BLOODCHO and
	TOLDHI2	. (Meets Healthy People 2010 Objective #12-14: Reduce the proportion of
	adults with	high total blood cholesterol levels.)
1	No	Respondents who had their blood cholesterol checked but had not been told
		it was high (BLOODCHO=1 and TOLDHI2=2).
2	Yes	Respondents who had their blood cholesterol checked and had been told that
		they have high blood cholesterol (BLOODCHO=1 and TOLDHI2=1).
9	Don't Know/ Not	Respondents who report they don't know if they had their blood cholesterol
	Sure/ Refused/	checked, those that report they don't know if they have been told their blood
	Missing	cholesterol was high, those who refused to answer if they had their blood
	C	cholesterol checked, those who refused to answer if they had been told that
		their blood cholesterol was high, and those with missing responses
		(BLOODCHO=7,9,"." or TOLDHI2=7,9,".").
	Missing	Respondents who report they have not had their blood cholesterol checked
	C	(BLOODCHO=2).
		IF BLOODCHO=1 AND TOLDHI2=1 THEN _RFCHOL=2;
		ELSE IF BLOODCHO=1 AND TOLDHI2=2 THEN _RFCHOL=1;
		ELSE IF BLOODCHO=1 AND TOLDHI2 IN (.,7,9) THEN _RFCHOL=9;
		ELSERFCHOL=.;

Section 8: Cardiovascular Disease Prevalence

There are no calculated variables for Section 8.

Section 9: Asthma

_LTAS	STHM Adults who	have ever been told they have asthmaLTASTHM is derived from
1	No	Respondents that have not been told by a doctor, nurse or health
1	140	professional that they had asthma (ASTHMA2=2)
2	Yes	Respondents that have been told by a doctor, nurse or health
		professional that they had asthma (ASTHMA2=1)
9	Don't Know/ Not	Respondents who reported they did not know if they had been told
	Sure/ Refused/	by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma,
Missing		those that refused to answer if they had been told by a doctor, nurse
C		or health professional that they had asthma, or those with missing
		responses (ASTHMA2=7, 9, Missing)
SAS code:		IF ASTHMA2=1 THEN _LTASTHM=2;
	2122 00000	ELSE IF ASTHMA2=2 THEN _LTASTHM=1;
		ELSE _LTASTHM=9;

Section 9: Asthma (continued)

		have been told they currently have asthmaCASTHMA is derived HMA2 and ASTHNOW.
1	No	Respondents that have not been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma (ASTHMA2=2) or do not still have asthma (ASTHMA2=1 and ASTHNOW=2)
2	Yes	Respondents that have been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma (ASTHMA2=1) and that they still have asthma (ASTHNOW=1)
9 Don't Know/ Not Sure/ Refused/ Missing		Respondents who reported they did not know if they had been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma, those that refused to answer if they had been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma, those that did not know if they still had asthma, those that refused to answer if they still had asthma, or those with missing responses (ASTHMA2=7, 9, Missing) or (ASTHNOW=7, 9, Missing)
	SAS code:	IF ASTHMA2=2 ELSE IF ASTHMA2=1 AND ASTHNOW=1 THEN _CASTHMA=1; ELSE IF ASTHMA2=1 AND ASTHNOW=2 THEN _CASTHMA=1; ELSE
that they h		asthma status: Those currently, formerly or never having been told ad asthma ASTHMST is derived from ASTHMA2 and
1	ASTHNO' Current	W. Have been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma (ASTHMA2=1) and that they still have asthma (ASTHNOW=1)
2	Former	Have been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma (ASTHMA2=1) but do not still have asthma (ASTHNOW=2)
3	Never	Have not been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma (ASTHMA2=2)
9	Don't Know/ Not Sure/ Refused/ Missing	Respondents who reported they didn't know if they had been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma, those that refused to answer if they had been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma, those that didn't know if they still had asthma, those that refused to answer if they still had
	SAS code:	asthma, or those with missing responses (ASTHMA2=7, 9, Missing; or ASTHNOW=7, 9, Missing) IF ASTHMA2=1 AND ASTHNOW=1 THEN _ASTHMST=1; ELSE IF ASTHMA2=1 AND ASTHNOW=2 THEN _ASTHMST=2; ELSE IF ASTHMA2=2 THEN _ASTHMST=3; ELSEASTHMST=9;

Section 10: Immunization

(Name derived from the changed for derived from line 2005.) Influenza -		d 65+ who have had a flu shot with m FLUSHOT3. (Meets Healthy Peo- ne Proportion Of Adults Who Are V Non-institutionalized Adults Aged om _FLSHOT2 in 2004 due to FLU 33.)	ople 2010 Objective # 14-29: Vaccinated Annually Against 1 65+.) (Note: the name was
1	Yes	Respondents aged 65 or older who	1 0
		within the past 12 months (FLUSI	HOT3=1)
2	No	Respondents aged 65 or older who	reported not having had a flu
		shot within the past 12 months (FI	LUSHOT3=2)
9	Don't Know/ Not	Respondents who did not know th	eir age, those that refused to
	Sure/ Refused	report their age, those that didn't k	know if they had a flu shot in the
		past 12 months, those that refused	•
		in the past 12 months, or those with	
		Missing; or FLUSHOT3=7, 9, Mi	<u> </u>
	Missing	Respondents aged 18-64	
	SAS code:	IF AGE GE 65 THEN DO;	
	2120 00000	IF FLUSHOT3=1	THEN _FLSHOT3=1;
		ELSE IF FLUSHOT3=2	THEN _FLSHOT3=2;
		ELSE IF FLUSHOT3 IN (.,7,9)	THEN _FLSHOT3=9;
		END;	
		ELSE IF AGE IN (.,7,9)	THEN _FLSHOT3=9;
		ELSE	_FLSHOT3=.;

Section 10: Immunization (continued)

_PNEU	MO2 Adults aged	l 65+ who have ever had a pneumonia	vaccinationPNEUMO2 is	
(Name derived fr		om PNEUVAC3. (Meets Healthy People 2010 objective #14-29:		
change	d for Increase the	e proportion of adults who were ever va	accinated against	
2005.)	pneumococ	cal disease – non-institutionalized adul	Its aged 65+.) (Note: the	
,	-	hanged from _PNEUMO2 in 2004 due	, ·	
	PNEUVAC	•		
1	Yes	Respondents aged 65 or older who rep	ported having a pneumonia	
_		shot (PNEUVAC3=1)		
2	No	Respondents aged 65 or older who rep	ported not having had a	
_	110	pneumonia shot (PNEUVAC3=2)	order not maximg mad a	
9	Don't Know/ Not	Respondents who did not know their a	age those that refused to	
	Sure/ Refused	report their age, those that did not know	O 1	
	Sule/ Keluseu		•	
		pneumonia shot, those that refused to		
		pneumonia shot, or those with missing	= =	
		Missing; or PNEUVAC3=7, 9, Missing	ng)	
•	Missing	Respondents aged 18-64		
	SAS code:	IF AGE GE 65 THEN DO;		
		IF PNEUVAC3=1 TH	EN _PNEUMO2=1;	
		ELSE IF PNEUVAC3=2 TH	EN _PNEUMO2=2;	
		ELSE IF PNEUVAC3 IN (.,7,9) TH	EN _PNEUMO2=9;	
		ELSE _PNEUMO2=.;		
		END;		
		ELSE IF AGE IN (.,7,9) THI	EN _PNEUMO2=9;	
		ELSE	_PNEUMO2=.;	

Section 11: Tobacco Use

(Name S		SMOKDA	smoker statusSMOKER3 is derived from SMOKE100 and AY2. (Note: the name was changed from _SMOKER2 in 2004 due to AY changing to SMOKDAY2.)			
1		nt Smoker ery day)	Respondents that reported having smoked at least 100 cigarettes in their lifetime and now smoke every day (SMOKE100=1 and SMOKDAY2=1)			
2 Current Smoker (some days)			Respondents that reported having smoked at least 100 cigarettes in their lifetime and now smoke some days (SMOKE100=1 and SMOKDAY2=2)			
3	Forme	er Smoker	Respondents that reported having smoked at least 100 cigarettes in their lifetime and currently do not smoke (SMOKE100=1 and SMOKDAY2=3)			
4	Never	Smoked	Respondents that reported they had not smoked at least 100 cigarettes in their lifetime (SMOKE100=2)			
9	Don't F	Know/ Not	Respondents who reported they didn't know if they had smoked			
		Refused/	100 cigarettes in their lifetime, those that refused to answer if they			
			had smoked 100 cigarettes in their lifetime, those that didn't know			
Missing		issing	if they now smoked every day, some days or not at all, those that			
			refused to answer if they now smoked every day, some days or not			
			at all, or those with missing responses (SMOKE100=7, 9,			
	GAG	a	Missing; or SMOKDAY2=7, 9, Missing) IF SMOKE100 = 2 THEN SMOKER3 = 4;			
	SAS co	ae:	ELSE IF SMOKE100 = 1 THEN DO;			
			IF SMOKDAY2 = 1 THEN _SMOKER3 = 1;			
			ELSE IF SMOKDAY2 = 2 THEN _SMOKER3 = 2;			
			ELSE IF SMOKDAY2 = 3 THEN _SMOKER3 = 3;			
			ELSE _SMOKER3 = 9 ;			
			ELSE _SMOKER3 = 9 ;			

Section 11: Tobacco Use

_RFSN (Name change 2005.)	(Note: the changing to	Adults who are current smokersRFSMOK3 derived from _SMOKER3. (Note: the name was changed from _ RFSMOK2 in 2004 due to SMOKEDAY changing to SMOKDAY2.)		
1	No	Respondents that reported they had not smoked at least 100 cigarettes in their lifetime, those that reported having smoked 100 cigarettes in their lifetime but do not currently smoke (_SMOKER3=3, 4)		
2	Yes	Respondents that reported having smoked at least 100 cigarettes in		
		their lifetime and currently smoke (_SMOKER3=1, 2)		
9	Don't Know/ Not	Respondents who reported they did not know if they had smoked		
	Sure/ Refused/	100 cigarettes in their lifetime, those that refused to answer if they		
	Missing	had smoked 100 cigarettes in their lifetime, those that didn't know		
	_	if they now smoked every day, some days or not at all, those that		
		refused to answer if they now smoked every day, some days or not		
		at all, or those with missing responses (SMOKER2=9)		
SAS code:		IF _SMOKER3 IN (1,2) THEN _RFSMOK3 = 2;		
		ELSE IF _SMOKER3 IN (3,4) THEN _RFSMOK3 = 1;		
		ELSERFSMOK3 = 9 ;		

Section 12: Alcohol Consumption

DROCDY2_ Drink-occasions-per-day. DROCDY2_ is derived from ALCDAY4 by dividing the ALCDAY4 variable by 7 days per week or 30 days per month. (Note: DROCDY2_ gets multiplied by 100 after _RFCRDR2 is created and before the final data set is created and gets stored in the ASCII file and in the dbf data set with no decimal places, so a value of 1.23 will be 123 in the final data set.) (Note: the name was changed from DROCCDY_ in 2004 due to the addition of DRNKANY4 and ALCDAY3 changing to ALCDAY4.)

9 Don't Know/ Not Sure/ Refused/ Missing Respondents that reported they did not know how many days they had at least one drink of alcohol, those that refused to answer how many days they had at least one drink of alcohol, those with missing responses (ALCDAY4=777, 999, "." or DRNKANY4=7,9, ".").

SAS code:

```
IF 101 LE ALCDAY4 LE 107 THEN

DROCDY2_=(ALCDAY4-100)/7;

ELSE IF 201 LE ALCDAY4 LE 230 THEN

DROCDY2_=(ALCDAY4-200)/30;

ELSE IF ALCDAY4 EQ 888 THEN DROCDY2_=0;

ELSE IF DRNKANY4 EQ 2 THEN DROCDY2_=0;

ELSE IF DRNKANY4 IN (.,77,9) THEN DROCDY2_=9;

ELSE IF ALCDAY4 IN (.,777,999) THEN DROCDY2_=9;

DROCDY2_=round((DROCDY2_*100),1); *This is done after all of the alcohol calculations but the code is included here;
```

_RFBII (Name change 2005)	_RFBING3	kers (adults having five or more drinks on one occasion). B is derived from DRNK2GE5 and ALCDAY4. (Note: the name ed from DROCCDY_ in 2004 due to ALCDAY3 changing to 4.)
1	No	Respondents who report they did not drink in the past 30 days, or those that report that they did drink alcohol in the past 30 days but did not report having five or more drinks of alcohol on an occasion (ALCDAY4<231 and DRNK2GE5=88; or ALCDAY4=888)
2	Yes	Respondents who report they did drink in the past 30 days and had five or more drinks on one or more occasions in the past month (ALCDAY4<231 and 1<=DRNK2GE5<=76)
9	Don't Know/ Not Sure/ Refused/ Missing	Respondents who reported that they did not know if they had consumed five or more drinks of alcohol on one occasion or refused to answer if they had consumed five or more drinks of alcohol on one occasion or those with missing responses (DRNK2GE5=77, 99, Missing; or ALCDAY4=777, 999, Missing)
SAS code:		IF DRNKANY4 NOTIN (.,2,7,9) AND ALCDAY4 NOTIN (888) THEN DO; IF 1 LE DRNK2GE5 LE 76 THEN _RFBING3=2; ELSE IF DRNK2GE5 IN (.,77,99) THEN _RFBING3=9; ELSE IF DRNK2GE5 IN (88) THEN _RFBING3=1; END; ELSE IF ALCDAY4 = 888 THEN _RFBING3=1; ELSE IF DRNKANY4 = 2 THEN _RFBING3=1; ELSE IF DRNKANY4 = 2 THEN _RFBING3=9;

DRNK (Name changed 2005)	from DR0 in occasions occasion implied d (Note: the	ober of alcohol drinks consumed per dayDRNKDY3 is derived DCDY2 and AVEDRNK2 by multiplying the total number of drink per day (DROCDY2_) by the average number of drinks per (AVEDRNK2)DRNKDY3 is stored in the data set with two ecimal places. To get the actual value, divide DRNKDY2 by 100. In ame was changed from _DRNKDY2 in 2004 due to ALCDAY3 to ALCDAY4 and AVEDRNK changing to AVEDRNK2.)
0	Changing	Respondents who did not drink in the past month
Ü		(DROCDY2 =0)
99	Don't Know/ Not Sure/ Refused/ Missing	` _ /
\$	SAS code:	report the number drink occasions per day, or respondents who did not know the number of drink occasions per day, or those with missing responses (DROCDY2_=9) IF DROCDY2_ = 0 THEN _DRNKDY3=0; ELSE IF DROCDY2_ = 9 THEN _DRNKDY3=99; ELSE IF AVEDRNK2 IN (.,77,99) THEN _DRNKDY3=99; ELSEDRNKDY3=AVEDRNK2 * DROCDY2_;

included here;

_DRNKDY3=ROUND((_DRNKDY3*100),1); *This is done after

all of the alcohol calculations but the code is

```
DRNKMO3
              Total number of alcohol drinks per month. DRNKMO3 is derived by
              multiplying _DRNKDY3 by 30. (Note: the name was changed from
(Name
              DRNKMO2 in 2004 due to DRNKDY2 changing to DRNKDY3.)
changed in
2005)
 0
                         Respondents who did not consume any drinks of alcohol in the past
                         month
9999
                         Respondents who reported they did not know if they consumed any
       Don't Know/ Not
        Sure/ Refused/
                         drinks of alcohol in the past month, or those that refused to answer
           Missing
                         if they consumed any drinks of alcohol in the past month
           Missing
                         Respondents with missing responses
                         IF _DRNKDY3 NOTIN (.,99) THEN _DRNKMO3=_DRNKDY3*30;
       SAS code:
                         ELSE _DRNKMO3=9999;
                         DRNKMO3=ROUND( DRNKMO3,1); *This is done after all of
                         the alcohol calculations but the code is included
_RFDRHV3
              Heavy drinkers (adult men having more than two drinks per day and adult
              women having more than one drink per day). RFDRHV3 is derived from
(Name
changed in
              _DRNKDY3, ALCDAY4, and SEX. Heavy alcohol consumption was defined
              as men having an average of more than 2 drinks per day and women having an
2005)
              average of more than 1 drink per day. (_DRNKDY3 has two implied decimal
              places; therefore, two drinks per day are represented as DRNKDY3=200.)
              (Note: the name was changed from _RFDRHV2 in 2004 due to _DRNKDY2
              changing to _DRNKDY3 and ALCDAY3 changing to ALCDAY4.)
  1
             No
                         Male respondents who report having 2 drinks per day or less, or
                         female respondents who report having 1 drinks per day or less
                         (Sex=1 and _DRNKDY3 <= 200 or Sex=2 and _DRNKDY3 <=
                         100 or ALCDAY4=888)
 2
                         Male respondents who report having more than 2 drinks per day, or
             Yes
                         female respondents who report having more than 1 drink per day
                         (Sex=1 and DRNKDY3 > 200 or Sex=2 and DRNKDY3 > 100)
 9
                         Respondents for whom ALCDAY4=777, 999, or missing, or
       Don't Know/ Not
        Sure/ Refused/
                         _DRNKDY3=99, or missing
           Missing
       SAS code:
                         IF SEX=1 AND _DRNKDY3 NOTIN (99,.) THEN DO;
                              IF _DRNKDY3 GT 2
                                                     THEN _RFDRHV3=2;
                         ELSE IF _DRNKDY3 LE 2
                                                     THEN _RFDRHV3=1;
                         END;
                         ELSE IF SEX=2 AND DRNKDY3 NOTIN (99,.) THEN DO;
                              IF _DRNKDY3 GT 1
                                                     THEN _RFDRHV3=2;
                         ELSE IF _DRNKDY3 LE 1
                                                     THEN _RFDRHV3=1;
                         END;
                         ELSE IF ALCDAY4 EQ 888
                                                     THEN _RFDRHV3=1;
                         ELSE IF DRNKANY4 EQ 2
                                                     THEN _RFDRHV3=1;
                         ELSE
                                                           _RFDRHV3=9;
```

_RFDR	MN3 Adult Men	that are heavy drinkers (having	more than two drinks per day).	
(Name	_RFDRMN	V3 is derived from _DRNKDY3	and SEX and ALCDAY4. Heavy	
changed	d in alcohol cor	sumption was defined as men h	naving an average of more than 2	
2005)	drinks per d	day. (_DRNKDY3 has two imp	lied decimal places; therefore, two	
	drinks per o	day are represented as _DRNKI	DY3=200.) (Note: the name was	
	changed fro	om _RFDRMN2 in 2004 due to	_DRNKDY2 changing to	
	_DRNKDY	73 and ALCDAY3 changing to	ALCDAY4.)	
1	No	Male respondents who report l	having 2 drinks per day or less	
		(SEX=1 and _DRNKDY3 <=	200 or ALCDAY4=888)	
2	Yes	Male respondents who report l	having more than 2 drinks per day	
		$(SEX=1 \text{ and } _DRNKDY3 > 2)$	00)	
9	Don't Know/ Not	Male respondents (SEX=1) for whom ALCDAY4=777, 999, or		
	Sure/ Refused/	missing, or _DRNKDY3=99,	or missing	
	Missing			
•	Female	Female respondents (SEX=2).		
	SAS code:	IF SEX=1 THEN DO;		
		IF _DRNKDY3 NOTIN (99,.)	THEN DO;	
		IF _DRNKDY3 GT 2	THEN _RFDRMN3=2;	
		ELSE IF _DRNKDY3 LE 2 END;	THEN _RFDRMN3=1;	
		ELSE IF ALCDAY4 IN (888)	THEN RFDRMN3=1;	
		ELSE IF DRNKANY4 EQ 2		
		ELSE	_RFDRMN3=9;	
		END;		
		ELSE IF SEX=2	THEN _RFDRMN3=.;	

_RFDR	WM3 Adult Wom	en that are heavy drinkers (havir	ng more than one drink per day).	
(Name _RFDRM)		N3 is derived from _DRNKDY3 and SEX and ALCDAY4. Heavy		
changed	d in alcohol cor	sumption was defined as women	having an average of more than 1	
2005)	drink per d	ay. (_DRNKDY3 has two implie	ed decimal places; therefore, two	
	drinks per d	day are represented as _DRNKD	Y3=200.) (Note: the name was	
	changed fro	om _RFDRWM2 in 2004 due to	_DRNKDY2 changing to	
	_DRNKDY	73 and ALCDAY3 changing to A	ALCDAY4.)	
1	No	Female respondents who report	having 1 drink per day or less	
		(SEX=2 and _DRNKDY3 <= 2	00 or ALCDAY4=888)	
2	Yes	Female respondents who report	having more than 1 drink per day	
		(SEX=2 and DRNKDY3 > 20)	0)	
9	Don't Know/ Not	Female respondents (SEX=2) for whom ALCDAY4=777, 999, or		
	Sure/ Refused/	missing, or _DRNKDY3=99, or	r missing	
	Missing			
	Male	Male respondents (SEX=1)		
	SAS code:	IF SEX=2 THEN DO;		
		IF _DRNKDY3 NOTIN (99,.)	THEN DO;	
		IF _DRNKDY3 GT 1	THEN _RFDRWM3=2;	
		ELSE IF _DRNKDY3 LE 1	THEN _RFDRWM3=1;	
		END;		
		ELSE IF ALCDAY4 IN (888)	THEN _RFDRWM3=1;	
		ELSE IF DRNKANY4 EQ 2	THEN _RFDRWM3=1;	
		ELSE	_RFDRWM3=9;	
		END;		
		Else IF SEX=1	THEN _RFDRWM3=.;	

Section 13: Demographics Race variables

MRACEORG

Reported MRACE variable with any trailing 7,8, or 9 removed. MRACEORG is derived from MRACE in the original order in which the data were received from the state/territory. If MRACE is greater than 9 then any trailing 7,8, or 9 is removed. If MRACE is less than or equal to 9 then MRACEORG is equal to MRACE. (Example: If MRACE=3147 then MRACEORG=314.)

SAS code:

IF LENGTH(MRACE) > 1 THEN DO;

MRACEORG = PUT(COMPRESS(MRACE, '789'), 6.);

END;

ELSE DO;

MRACEORG=MRACE;

END;

MRACEASC Reported MRACE variable with any trailing 7,8, or 9 removed, in ascending order. MRACEASC is derived from MRACEORG. The values that make up MRACEORG are sorted from smallest to largest. (Example: If MRACEORG=513 then MRACEASC=135.)

SAS code:
 If LENGTH(TRIM(LEFT(MRACEORG))) > 1 THEN DO;
 LEN=LENGTH(RIGHT(MRACEORG));
 DO I = 1 TO LEN-1;
 DO J = 1 TO LEN-1 WHILE (SUBSTR(MRACEORG,J+1,1)
 NE ' ');
 If SUBSTR(MRACEORG,J,1) > SUBSTR(MRACEORG,J+1,1) THEN
 SUBSTR(MRACEORG,J,2) = REVERSE(SUBSTR(MRACEORG,J,2));
 END;

MRACEASC = INPUT(MRACEORG, 6.);

END;

_PRAC	ORACE2. MRACEA	race categoryPRACE is derived from MRACEASC and If MRACEASC has only one response, then _PRACE= SC. If MRACEASC has more than one response then ORACE2. Hispanic or Latino information is not used to derive this
1	White	Respondents who report their race as white (MRACE=1 or MRACEASC>11 and ORACE2=1)
2	Black	Respondents who report their race as black (MRACE=2 or MRACEASC>11 and ORACE2=2)
3	Asian	Respondents who report they are Asian (MRACE=3 or MRACEASC>11 and ORACE2=3)
4	Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	Respondents who report their race as Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander (MRACE=4 or MRACEASC>11 and ORACE2=4)
5	American Indian, Alaska Native	Respondents who report their race as American Indian or Alaska Native (MRACE=5 or MRACEASC>11 and ORACE2=5)
6	Other Race	Respondents who report they are of some other race group not listed in the question responses (MRACE=6 or MRACEASC>11 and ORACE2=6)
7	No Preferred Race	Respondents who report they are of more than one race group but do not report a preference or preferred race is missing (MRACEASC>11 and ORACE2=7 or 9)
8	Multiracial (Preferred Race Not Asked)	Respondents who report they are of more than one race group but did not answer the question about which race best represents them NOTE: This is a data collection error. (MRACEASC >11 and ORACE2=8) or (MRACEASC >11 and ORACE2=.)
77	Don't Know	Respondents who report they did not know their race and did not answer the question about which race best represents them. (MRACEASC =7)
99	Refused	Respondents who refused to give their race and did not answer the question about which race best represents them (MRACEASC =9)
	SAS code:	IF 1 LE MRACEASC LE 6 THEN _PRACE=MRACEASC; ELSE IF MRACEASC EQ 7 THEN _PRACE=77; ELSE IF MRACEASC EQ 9 THEN _PRACE=99; ELSE IF MRACEASC GE 12 AND ORACE2 IN (7,9) THEN _PRACE=7; ELSE IF MRACEASC GE 12 AND ORACE2 EQ . THEN _PRACE=8; ELSE IF MRACEASC GE 12 AND ORACE2 EQ 8 THEN _PRACE=8; ELSE IF 1 LE ORACE2 LE 6 THEN _PRACE=ORACE2;

_MRA	CE Multiracia	l race categorizationMRACE is derived from MRACEASC. If
	respondent	s report more than one race they are assigned to the multiracial
	category. C	Otherwise _MRACE=MRACEASC. Hispanic or Latino information
	not used in	defining this variable.
01	White only	Respondents who report they are white (MRACEASC=1)
02	Black only	Respondents who report they are black (MRACEASC=2)
03	Asian only	Respondents who report they are Asian (MRACEASC=3)
04	Native Hawaiian	Respondents who report they are Native Hawaiian or Pacific
	or Pacific Islander	Islander (MRACEASC=4)
	only	
05	American Indian,	Respondents who report they are American Indian or Alaska
	Alaska Native	Native (MRACEASC=5)
	only	
06	Other Race only	Respondents who report they are of some other race group not
		listed in the question responses (MRACEASC=6)
07	Multiracial	Respondents who report they are of more than one race group but
		do not specify a preferred race (MRACEASC>11)
77	Don't Know/ Not	Respondents who report they did not know their race
	Sure	(MRACEASC=7)
99	Refused	Respondents who refused to give their race information
		(MRACEASC=9)
	SAS code:	IF MRACEASC GE 12 THEN _MRACE = 7;
		ELSE IF MRACEASC EQ 9 THEN _MRACE = 99;
		ELSE IF MRACEASC EQ 7 THEN _MRACE = 77;
		ELSE IF 1 LE MRACEASC LE 6 THEN _MRACE = MRACEASC;

RACE2	Race/ethnicity categories. RACE2 is derived from _MRACE and HISPANC2 All respondents who report they are of Hispanic or Latino origin are coded as			
	Hispanic.			
1	White only, Non- Hispanic	Respondents who report they are white and not of Hispanic origin (_MRACE=01 and HISPANC2=2)		
2	Black only, Non- Hispanic	Respondents who report they are black and not of Hispanic origin (_MRACE=02 and HISPANC2=2)		
3	Asian only, Non- Hispanic	Respondents who report they are Asian and not of Hispanic origin (_MRACE=03 and HISPANC2=2)		
4	Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander only, Non- Hispanic	Respondents who report they are Native Hawaiian or Islander and not of Hispanic origin (_MRACE=04 and HISPANC2=2)		
5	American Indian, Alaska Native only, Non- Hispanic	Respondents who report they are American Indian or Alaska Native and not of Hispanic origin (_MRACE=05 and HISPANC2=2)		
6	Other Race only, Non-Hispanic	Respondents who report they are of some other race group not listed in the question responses and are not of Hispanic origin (_MRACE=06 and HISPANC2=2)		
7	Multiracial, Non- Hispanic	Respondents who report they are of more than one race group and are not of Hispanic origin (_MRACE=07 and HISPANC2=2)		
8	Hispanic	Respondents who report they are of Hispanic origin (HISPANC2=1)		
9	Don't Know/ Not Sure/ Refused/ Missing	Respondents who did not know their race or refused to give their race and are not of Hispanic origin or did not know if they are of Hispanic origin or refused to answer if they are of Hispanic origin (_MRACE =77,99 and HISPANC2=2, or HISPANC2=7,9)		
	SAS code:	<pre>IF HISPANC2 IN (.,7,9) OR (_MRACE IN(.,77,99) AND HISPANC2 EQ 2) THEN DO; RACE2 = 9; END; ELSE IF HISPANC2 = 2 THEN DO;</pre>		

```
_RACEG2
                White/Hispanic race group. RACEG2 is derived from RACE2.
 1
        White only, Non-
                            Respondents who report they are white and not of Hispanic origin
            Hispanic
                            (RACE2=1)
 2
          Non-White,
                            All other respondents with valid RACE2 responses (RACE2=2, 3,
          Multiracial or
                           4, 5, 6, 7, 8)
            Hispanic
 9
        Don't Know/ Not
                           Respondents for whom RACE2=9
         Sure/ Refused/
            Missing
                                                                   THEN _RACEG2 = 1;
                                  IF RACE2 = 1
       SAS code:
                            ELSE IF RACE2 IN (2,3,4,5,6,7,8) THEN _RACEG2 = 2;
                            ELSE IF RACE2 = 9
                                                                   THEN RACEG2 = 9;
RACEGR2
                Five-level race/ethnicity category. RACEGR2 is derived from RACE2.
                            Respondents who report they are white and not of Hispanic origin
        White only, Non-
            Hispanic
                            (RACE2=1)
 2
        Black only, Non-
                            Respondents who report they are black and not of Hispanic origin
            Hispanic
                            (RACE2=2)
 3
        Other Race only,
                            All other respondents with valid race responses except for those
         Non-Hispanic
                            reporting multiracial or Hispanic origins (RACE2=3,4,5,6)
        Multiracial, Non-
                            All other respondents reporting multiracial but non-Hispanic origin
 4
            Hispanic
                            (RACE2=7)
 5
            Hispanic
                            Respondents who report that they are of Hispanic origin
                            (RACE2=8)
 9
        Don't Know/ Not
                           Respondents for whom RACE2=9
         Sure/ Refused
                                  IF RACE2 = 1
                                                        THEN _RACEGR2 = 1 ;
       SAS code:
                           IF RACE2 = 1
ELSE IF RACE2 = 2
                                                        THEN _RACEGR2 = 2 ;
                            ELSE IF 3 LE RACE2 LE 6 THEN _RACEGR2 = 3 ;
                           ELSE IF RACE2 EQ 7

ELSE IF RACE2 EQ 8

ELSE IF RACE2 = 9

THEN _RACEGR2 = 4;

THEN _RACEGR2 = 5;

THEN _RACEGR2 = 9;
```

```
RACE G
              Five-level race/ethnicity category. RACE G is derived from RACEGR2.
              _RACE_G is used to create the data for the web tables.
 1
       White only, Non-
                         Respondents who report they are white and not of Hispanic origin
           Hispanic
                         (_RACEGR2=1)
 2
       Black only, Non-
                         Respondents who report they are black and not of Hispanic origin
           Hispanic
                         ( RACEGR2=2)
 3
           Hispanic
                         Respondents who report that they are of Hispanic origin
                         ( RACEGR2=5)
       Other Race only,
                         All other respondents with valid race responses except for those
 4
                         reporting multiracial or Hispanic origins (RACEGR2=3)
        Non-Hispanic
       Multiracial, Non-
                         All other respondents reporting multiracial but non-Hispanic origin
 5
           Hispanic
                         (_RACEGR2=4)
       Don't Know/ Not
                         Respondents for whom RACEGR2=9 or RACEGR2="."
        Sure/ Refused/
           Missing
                              IF _RACEGR2 = 1 THEN _RACE_G = 1;
      SAS code:
                         ELSE IF _RACEGR2 = 2 THEN _RACE_G = 2;
                         ELSE IF RACEGR2 = 3 THEN RACE G = 4;
                         ELSE IF _RACEGR2 = 4 THEN _RACE_G = 5;
                         ELSE IF _RACEGR2 = 5 THEN _RACE_G = 3;
CNRACE
              Number of census race categories chosen. _CNRACE is derived from
              MRACEASC and is equal to the number of "census" race categories chosen:
              (White, Black, Asian, Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander, American
              Indian/Alaska Native).
1-5
                         MRACEASC is between 1 and 5
 0
                         MRACEASC is between 6 and 9
                         *******
      SAS code:
                         * REMOVES EXTRA CHARACTERS *
                         *******************
                         MRACE = COMPRESS (MRACEASC, '679');
                         *******
                         * REMOVES BLANK SPACES *
                         ****************
                         IF MRACEASC NOTIN (6,7,9) THEN DO;
                           _CNRACE=LENGTH(COMPRESS(MRACE_));
                         END;
                         ELSE DO;
                           CNRACE=0;
                         END;
```

CNRACEC Number of census race categories chosen, collapsed. _CNRACEC is derived from _CNRACE. 1 One census race category chosen by the respondent (_CNRACE=1) One category Two or more census race categories chosen by the respondent 2 More than one category (CNRACE > 1)Don't Know/ Not Respondents for whom _CNRACE=0 Sure/ Refused/ Missing IF _CNRACE EQ 0 THEN _CNRACEC=. ; **SAS** code: ELSE IF _CNRACE EQ 1 THEN _CNRACEC=1 ; ELSE _CNRACEC=2 ;

Section 13: Demographics Age variables

_AGE	G5YR Fourteen-l	level age categoryAGEG5YR is derived from AGE.
01	18-24	Respondents with reported age including 18–24 years
02	25-29	Respondents with reported age including 25–29 years
03	30-34	Respondents with reported age including 30–34 years
04	35-39	Respondents with reported age including 35–39 years
05	40-44	Respondents with reported age including 40–44 years
06	45-49	Respondents with reported age including 45–49 years
07	50-54	Respondents with reported age including 50–54 years
08	55-59	Respondents with reported age including 55–59 years
09	60-64	Respondents with reported age including 60–64 years
10	65-69	Respondents with reported age including 65–69 years
11	70-74	Respondents with reported age including 70–74 years
12	75-7 9	Respondents with reported age including 75–74 years Respondents with reported age including 75–79 years
13	80-99	Respondents with reported age including 80–99 years
13	Don't Know/ Not	Respondents that reported they did not know their age, or those that
14	Sure/ Refused/	
		refused to report their age, or those with missing responses
	Missing	(AGE=7, 9, .) IF 18 LE AGE LE 24 THEN _AGEG5YR = 1;
	SAS code:	ELSE IF 25 LE AGE LE 29 THEN _AGEG5YR = 2;
		ELSE IF 30 LE AGE LE 34 THEN _AGEG5YR = 3;
		ELSE IF 35 LE AGE LE 39 THEN _AGEG5YR = 4;
		ELSE IF 40 LE AGE LE 44 THEN _AGEG5YR = 5;
		ELSE IF 45 LE AGE LE 49 THEN _AGEG5YR = 6;
		ELSE IF 50 LE AGE LE 54 THEN _AGEG5YR = 7;
		ELSE IF 55 LE AGE LE 59 THEN _AGEG5YR = 8;
		ELSE IF 60 LE AGE LE 64 THEN _AGEG5YR = 9; ELSE IF 65 LE AGE LE 69 THEN _AGEG5YR = 10;
		ELSE IF 70 LE AGE LE 74 THEN AGEG5YR = 11;
		ELSE IF 70 HE AGE HE 74 THEN _AGEGSTR = 117 ELSE IF 75 LE AGE LE 79 THEN _AGEGSYR = 12;
		ELSE IF 80 LE AGE LE 99 THEN _AGEG5YR = 13;
		ELSE _AGEG5YR = 14;

```
AGE65YR
               Two-level age category. AGE65YR is derived from AGE.
 1
             18-64
                         Respondents with reported ages 18-64 (AGE <=64)
 2
            65-99
                         Respondents with reported ages 64-99 (AGE > 64)
 3
       Don't Know/ Not
                         Respondents for whom AGE=7, 9, or .
        Sure/ Refused/
           Missing
                               IF 18 LE AGE LE 64 THEN AGE65YR = 1;
       SAS code:
                         ELSE IF 65 LE AGE LE 99 THEN _AGE65YR = 2;
                         ELSE
                                                          AGE65YR = 3;
AGE G
              Six-level age category. _AGE_G is derived from _IMPAGE (imputed age).
              AGE G is used to create the data for the web tables.
 1
            18-24
                         Respondents with imputed ages 18-24 (18 <= _IMPAGE <= 24)
 2
            25-34
                         Respondents with imputed ages 25-34 (25 <= IMPAGE <= 34)
 3
            35-44
                         Respondents with imputed ages 35-44 (35 <= _IMPAGE <= 44)
 4
            45-54
                         Respondents with imputed ages 45-54 (45 <= IMPAGE <= 54)
 5
                         Respondents with imputed ages 55-64 (55 <= _IMPAGE <= 64)
            55-64
                         Respondents with imputed ages 65-99 ( IMPAGE => 65)
 6
             65+
                               IF (18<=_IMPAGE<=24) THEN _AGE_G = 1;</pre>
       SAS code:
                         ELSE IF (25 \le IMPAGE \le 34) THEN AGE G = 2;
                         ELSE IF (35 \le IMPAGE \le 44) THEN AGE G = 3;
                         ELSE IF (45 <= \_IMPAGE <= 54) THEN \_AGE\_G = 4;
                         ELSE IF (55<=_IMPAGE<=64) THEN _AGE_G = 5;
                         ELSE IF ( IMPAGE >= 65)
                                                      THEN AGE G = 6;
```

Section 13: Demographics Overweight & Obese

HTIN3

Reported height in inches. HTIN3 is derived from HEIGHT2. HTIN3 is calculated by adding the foot portion of HEIGHT2 multiplied by 12, to the inch portion. (Note: HTIN3 gets rounded after all of the BMI calculations occur to make sure that there are no decimals.)

```
SAS code:
```

```
* CREATE HEIGHT1 CHARACTER VARIABLE;
HEIGHT1=PUT(HEIGHT3,4.);
IF HEIGHT3 NOT IN (777,999,7777,9999,.) THEN DO;
    IF 0001 LE HEIGHT3 LT 9000 THEN DO;
    HTIN3=(INPUT((substr(HEIGHT1,3,2)),2.)) +
((INPUT((substr(HEIGHT1,2,1)),1.))*12);
    END;
ELSE DO;
    HTIN3=input(((HEIGHT3 - 9000)/2.54),3.0);
    END;
END;
HTIN3 = round(HTIN3,1);  *remove decimal places
IF HTIN3=. THEN HTIN3=999; *These are done after all
of the BMI calculations but the code is included here;
```

Section 13: Demographics Overweight & Obese (continued)

HTM3

Reported height in meters. HTM3 is derived from the variable HTIN3 by multiplying HTIN3 by 2.54 cm/in and dividing by 100 cm/meter. (Note: HTM3 is stored in the data set with two implied decimal places and gets rounded after all of the BMI calculations are completed; therefore all calculations include the decimals.)

SAS code:

```
IF HEIGHT3 NOT IN (777,999,7777,9999,.) THEN DO;
   IF 0001 LE HEIGHT3 LT 9000 THEN DO;
    HTM3 = (HTIN3 * 2.54) / 100;
   END;
   ELSE DO;
   HTM3 = (HEIGHT3 - 9000)/100;
   END;
END;

HTM3 = round((HTM3*100),1); *remove decimal places
IF HTM3=. THEN HTM3=999; *These are done after all
of the BMI calculations but the code is included here;
```

WTKG2

Reported weight in kilograms. WTKG2 is derived from WEIGHT2 by dividing WEIGHT2 by 2.2 kg/lb. (Note: WTKG2 is stored in the data set with two implied decimal places and gets rounded after all of the BMI calculations are completed; therefore all calculations include the decimals.)

SAS code:

```
IF WEIGHT2 NOT IN (777,999,7777,9999,.) THEN DO;
    IF 0001 LE WEIGHT2 LT 9000 THEN DO;
    WTKG2 = WEIGHT2 / 2.2;
    END;
    ELSE DO;
    WTKG2 = WEIGHT2 - 9000;
    END;
END;
END;

WTKG2 = round((WTKG2*100),1); *remove decimal places
IF WTKG2=. THEN WTKG2=99999; *These are done after
all of the BMI calculations but the code is included here;
```

BMI4

Body mass index (BMI). _BMI4 is derived from WTKG2 and HTM3. It is calculated by WTKG2 divided by HTM3². (Note: The final _BMI4 value is rounded so it is free of decimals.)

```
SAS code:
```

```
IF (WTKG2 NOTIN (.)) AND (HTM3 NOTIN (.)) THEN _BMI4=
WTKG2 / (HTM3 ** 2);
ELSE _BMI4=.;
_BMI4=ROUND(_BMI4,.01);
IF _BMI4 GT 99.98 THEN _BMI4 = 99.98;
ELSE IF _BMI4=. THEN _BMI4 = 99.99;

_BMI4 = ROUND((_BMI4*100),1); *This is done after all
of the BMI calculations but the code is included here;
```

Section 13: Demographics Overweight & Obese (continued)

```
BMI4CAT
               Body mass index (BMI) categories. Variable is derived from BMI4.
                         Respondents for whom _BMI4 < 25.00
 1
        Not Overweight
           or Obese
 2
          Overweight
                         Respondents for whom 25.00 \le BMI4 < 30.00
                         Respondents for whom 30.00 \le BMI4 < 99.99
 3
            Obese
 9
       Don't Know/ Not
                         Respondents for whom BMI4=99.99
        Sure/ Refused/
           Missing
                               IF ( 0.00 \text{ LE } \_BMI4 < 25.00) THEN \_BMI4CAT = 1;
       SAS code:
                         ELSE IF (25.00 LE _BMI4 < 30.00) THEN _BMI4CAT = 2 ;
                         ELSE IF (30.00 LE _BMI4 < 99.99) THEN _BMI4CAT = 3;
                         ELSE IF (_BMI4 = 99.99)
                                                             THEN \_BMI4CAT = 9;
RFBMI4
              Adults who have a body mass index greater than 25.00 (Overweight or Obese).
               Variable is derived from BMI4.
 1
                         Respondents for whom _BMI4 < 25.00
             No
 2
                         Respondents for whom 25.00 \le BMI4 < 99.99
             Yes
 9
       Don't Know/ Not
                         Respondents for whom _BMI4=99.99
        Sure/ Refused/
           Missing
                               IF ( 0.00 \text{ LE } \_BMI4 < 25.00) THEN \_RFBMI4 = 1;
       SAS code:
                         ELSE IF (25.00 LE _BMI4 < 99.99) THEN _RFBMI4 = 2 ;
                         ELSE IF (_BMI4 = 99.99)
                                                             THEN _{RFBMI4} = 9;
```

Section 13: Demographics (continued)

```
Number of children. CHLDCNT is derived from CHILDREN.
CHLDCNT
        No Children
                       Respondents for whom CHILDREN = 88
 1
 2
        One Children
                       Respondents for whom CHILDREN = 1
 3
        Two Children
                       Respondents for whom CHILDREN = 2
                       Respondents for whom CHILDREN = 3
 4
       Three Children
 5
        Four Children
                       Respondents for whom CHILDREN = 4
        Five or more
                       Respondents for whom 5 <= CHILDREN < 87
 6
          Children
 9
      Don't Know/ Not
                       Respondents for whom CHILDREN = 99
       Sure/ Refused/
          Missing
      SAS code:
                            IF
                                      CHILDREN = 88 THEN _CHLDCNT = 1;
                       ELSE IF
                                      CHILDREN = 01 THEN CHLDCNT = 2;
                       ELSE IF
                                      CHILDREN = 02 THEN CHLDCNT = 3;
                                     CHILDREN = 03 THEN _CHLDCNT = 4;
                       ELSE IF
                       ELSE IF
                                      CHILDREN = 04 THEN _CHLDCNT = 5;
                       ELSE IF 05 <= CHILDREN < 88 THEN _CHLDCNT = 6;
                       ELSE IF
                                     CHILDREN = 99 THEN _CHLDCNT = 9;
                       ELSE IF
                                      CHILDREN = . THEN _CHLDCNT = 9;
```

Section 13: Demographics (continued)

```
EDUCAG
               Highest grade of education completed. EDUCAG is derived from EDUCA.
       Did not graduate
 1
                          Respondents for whom EDUCA = 1,2,3
         High School
 2
         High School
                          Respondents for whom EDUCA = 4
           graduate
 3
       Attended College
                          Respondents for whom EDUCA = 5
         or Technical
            School
 4
          College or
                          Respondents for whom EDUCA = 6
       Technical School
           graduate
 9
       Don't Know/ Not
                          Respondents for whom EDUCA = 9 or missing
        Sure/ Refused/
            Missing
                               IF EDUCA IN (1,2,3) THEN _EDUCAG = 1;
       SAS code:
                          ELSE IF EDUCA IN (4) THEN _EDUCAG = 2;
                          ELSE IF EDUCA IN (5)
ELSE IF EDUCA IN (6)
                                                     THEN \_EDUCAG = 3;
                                                     THEN EDUCAG = 4;
                                                     THEN EDUCAG = 9;
                          ELSE IF EDUCA IN (.,9)
INCOMG
               Annual Household Income. _INCOMG is derived from INCOME2.
       Less than $15,000
                          Respondents for whom INCOME2 = 1 or 2
 1
                          Respondents for whom INCOME2 = 3 or 4
 2
        $15,000 to less
         than $25,000
 3
        $25,000 to less
                          Respondents for whom INCOME2 = 5
         than $35,000
 4
        $35,000 to less
                          Respondents for whom INCOME2 = 6
         than $50,000
 5
                          Respondents for whom INCOME2 = 7 or 8
        $50,000 or more
                          Respondents for whom INCOME2 = 77 or 99 or missing
 9
       Don't Know/ Not
        Sure/ Refused/
           Missing
       SAS code:
                               IF INCOME2 IN (1,2)
                                                          THEN _{\rm INCOMG} = 1;
                          ELSE IF INCOME2 IN (3,4)
                                                          THEN _INCOMG = 2;
                          ELSE IF INCOME2 IN (5)
                                                          THEN _{\rm INCOMG} = 3;
                          ELSE IF INCOME2 IN (6)
ELSE IF INCOME2 IN (7,8)
                                                         THEN _{\rm INCOMG} = 4;
                                                          THEN _{\rm INCOMG} = 5;
                          ELSE IF INCOME2 IN (77,99,.) THEN _INCOMG = 9;
```

Section 14: Veterans Status

There are no calculated variables for Section 14.

Section 15: Disability

There are no calculated variables for Section 15.

Section 16: Arthritis Burden

```
1
     Have been told by
                         Respondents for whom HAVARTH2 = 1
        a doctor had
          arthritis
2
      Has not been told
                         Respondents for whom HAVARTH2 = 2
       by a doctor had
          arthritis
      Don't Know/ Not
                         Respondents for whom HAVARTH2 = 7, 9 or missing
       Sure/ Refused/
          Missing
                         IF HAVARTH2 = 1
ELSE IF HAVARTH2 = 2
                                                       THEN _DRDXART=1;
THEN _DRDXART=2;
     SAS code:
                         ELSE IF HAVARTH2 IN (7,9,.) THEN DRDXART=.;
```

Section 17: Fruits And Vegetables

FTJUDAY_ Fruit juice servings per day. FTJUDAY_ converts the FRUITJUI variable to a "per day" response. (Note: FTJUDAY_ gets multiplied by 10 after _FTRINDX is created and before the final data set is created and gets stored in the ASCII file and in the dbf data set with no decimal places, so a value of 99 will be 990 in the final data set.)

99 Don't Know/ Not Sure/ Refused/ Missing

SAS code:

Respondents who report they don't know the quantity of fruit juice servings consumed per day, those who refused to answer, and those with missing responses (FRUITJUI=777,999,".").

```
IF 100 < FRUITJUI < 200 THEN FTJUDAY_=(FRUITJUI-
100);
ELSE IF 200 < FRUITJUI < 300 THEN FTJUDAY_=(FRUITJUI-
200)/7;
ELSE IF 300 < FRUITJUI < 400 THEN FTJUDAY_=(FRUITJUI-
300)/30;
ELSE IF 400 < FRUITJUI < 500 THEN FTJUDAY_=(FRUITJUI-
400)/365;
ELSE IF FRUITJUI = 555 THEN FTJUDAY_=0;
ELSE IF FRUITJUI IN (.,777,999) THEN FTJUDAY_=99;
FTJUDAY_=round((FTJUDAY_*10),1); *This is done after
all of the fruits and vegetable calculations but the
code is included here;</pre>
```

FRUTDAY_ Fruit Servings per day. FRUTDAY_ converts the FRUIT variable to a per day response. (Note: FRUTDAY_ gets multiplied by 10 after _FTRINDX is created and before the final data set is created and gets stored in the ASCII file and in the dbf data set with no decimal places, so a value of 99 will be 990 in the final data set.)

99 Don't Know/ Not Sure/ Refused/ Missing

SAS code:

Respondents who report they don't know the quantity of fruit servings consumed per day, those who refused to answer, and those with missing responses (FRUIT=777,999,".").

```
IF 100 < FRUIT < 200 THEN FRUTDAY_=(FRUIT-100);
ELSE IF 200 < FRUIT < 300 THEN FRUTDAY_=(FRUIT-200)/7;
ELSE IF 300 < FRUIT < 400 THEN FRUTDAY_=(FRUIT-300)/30;
ELSE IF 400 < FRUIT < 500 THEN FRUTDAY_=(FRUIT-400)/365;
ELSE IF FRUIT = 555 THEN FRUTDAY_=0;
ELSE IF FRUIT IN (.,777,999) THEN FRUTDAY_=99;
FRUTDAY_=round((FRUTDAY_*10),1); *This is done after all of the fruits and vegetable calculations but the code is included here;</pre>
```

GNSLDAY_ Green salad servings per day. GNSLDAY_ converts the GREENSAL variable to a per day response. (Note: GNSLDAY_ gets multiplied by 10 after _FTRINDX is created and before the final data set is created and gets stored in the ASCII file and in the dbf data set with no decimal places, so a value of 99 will be 990 in the final data set.)

99 Don't Know/ Not Sure/ Refused/ Missing

SAS code:

Respondents who report they don't know the quantity of green salad servings consumed per day, those who refused to answer, and those with missing responses (GREENSAL=777,999,".").

```
IF 100 < GREENSAL < 200 THEN GNSLDAY_=(GREENSAL-
100);
ELSE IF 200 < GREENSAL < 300 THEN GNSLDAY_=(GREENSAL-
200)/7;
ELSE IF 300 < GREENSAL < 400 THEN GNSLDAY_=(GREENSAL-
300)/30;
ELSE IF 400 < GREENSAL < 500 THEN GNSLDAY_=(GREENSAL-
400)/365;
ELSE IF GREENSAL = 555 THEN GNSLDAY_=0;
ELSE IF GREENSAL IN (.,777,999) THEN GNSLDAY_=99;
GNSLDAY_=round((GNSLDAY_*10),1); *This is done after
all of the fruits and vegetable calculations but the
code is included here;</pre>
```

Potato servings per day. POTADAY converts the POTATOES variable to a per POTADAY day response. (Note: POTADAY_ gets multiplied by 10 after _FTRINDX is created and before the final data set is created and gets stored in the ASCII file and in the dbf data set with no decimal places, so a value of 99 will be 990 in the final data set.)

99 Don't Know/ Not Sure/ Refused/ Missing

SAS code:

Respondents who report they don't know the quantity of potato servings consumed per day, those who refused to answer, and those with missing responses (POTATOES=777.999.".").

```
IF 100 < POTATOES < 200 THEN POTADAY_=(POTATOES-
100);
ELSE IF 200 < POTATOES < 300 THEN POTADAY_=(POTATOES-
200)/7;
ELSE IF 300 < POTATOES < 400 THEN POTADAY_=(POTATOES-
300)/30;
ELSE IF 400 < POTATOES < 500 THEN POTADAY = (POTATOES-
400)/365;
ELSE IF POTATOES = 555
                             THEN POTADAY =0;
ELSE IF POTATOES IN (.,777,999) THEN POTADAY =99;
POTADAY_=round((POTADAY_*10),1); *This is done after
all of the fruits and vegetable calculations but the
code is included here;
```

Carrot servings per day. CRTSDAY_ converts the CARROTS variable to a per CRTSDAY day response. (Note: CRTSDAY gets multiplied by 10 after FTRINDX is created and before the final data set is created and gets stored in the ASCII file and in the dbf data set with no decimal places, so a value of 99 will be 990 in the final data set.)

99 Don't Know/ Not Sure/ Refused/ Missing

SAS code:

Respondents who report they don't know the quantity of carrot servings consumed per day, those who refused to answer, and those with missing responses (CARROTS=777,999,".").

```
IF 100 < CARROTS < 200
                              THEN CRTSDAY_=(CARROTS-
100);
ELSE IF 200 < CARROTS < 300
                              THEN CRTSDAY = (CARROTS-
200)/7;
ELSE IF 300 < CARROTS < 400
                              THEN CRTSDAY = (CARROTS-
300)/30;
ELSE IF 400 < CARROTS < 555
                              THEN CRTSDAY_= (CARROTS-
400)/365;
ELSE IF CARROTS = 555
                             THEN CRTSDAY =0;
ELSE IF CARROTS IN (.,777,999) THEN CRTSDAY_=99;
CRTSDAY_=round((CRTSDAY_*10),1); *This is done after
all of the fruits and vegetable calculations but the
code is included here;
```

VEGEDAY_ Vegetable Servings per day. VEGEDAY_ converts the VEGETABL variable to a per day response. (Note: VEGEDAY_ gets multiplied by 10 after _FTRINDX is created and before the final data set is created and gets stored in the ASCII file and in the dbf data set with no decimal places, so a value of 99 will be 990 in the final data set.)

99 Don't Know/ Not Sure/ Refused/ Missing

SAS code:

Respondents who report they don't know the quantity of vegetable servings consumed per day, those who refused to answer, and those with missing responses (VEGETABL=777,999,".").

```
IF 100 < VEGETABL < 200 THEN VEGEDAY_=(VEGETABL-
100);
ELSE IF 200 < VEGETABL < 300 THEN VEGEDAY_=(VEGETABL-
200)/7;
ELSE IF 300 < VEGETABL < 400 THEN VEGEDAY_=(VEGETABL-
300)/30;
ELSE IF 400 < VEGETABL < 500 THEN VEGEDAY_=(VEGETABL-
400)/365;
ELSE IF VEGETABL = 555 THEN VEGEDAY_=0;
ELSE IF VEGETABL IN (.,777,999) THEN VEGEDAY_=99;
VEGEDAY_=round((VEGEDAY_*10),1); *This is done after
all of the fruits and vegetable calculations but the
code is included here;</pre>
```

FRTSERV

Fruit & vegetable servings per day. _ FRTSERV is derived from the servings per day variables (FTJUDAY_, FRUTDAY_, GNSLDAY_, POTADAY_, CRTSDAY, and VEGEDAY). Values for "Don't know/Refused/Missing" (99) are excluded from the sum. (Note: _FRTSERV gets multiplied by 100 after FTRINDX is created and before the final data set is created and gets stored in the ASCII file and in the dbf data set with no decimal places, so a value of 999.99 will be 99999 in the final data set.)

Sure/ Refused/

999.99 Don't Know/ Not Respondents with a 99 values for all six fruits and vegetable per day variables.

Missing

SAS code:

```
IF FTJUDAY_ NOTIN (99) THEN FTJUDAY=FTJUDAY_;
 ELSE FTJUDAY=.;
IF FRUTDAY_ NOTIN (99) THEN FRUTDAY=FRUTDAY_;
 ELSE FRUTDAY=.;
IF GNSLDAY_ NOTIN (99) THEN GNSLDAY=GNSLDAY_;
 ELSE GNSLDAY=.;
IF POTADAY_ NOTIN (99) THEN POTADAY=POTADAY_;
 ELSE POTADAY=.;
IF CRTSDAY_ NOTIN (99) THEN CRTSDAY=CRTSDAY_;
 ELSE CRTSDAY=.;
IF VEGEDAY NOTIN (99) THEN VEGEDAY=VEGEDAY;
  ELSE VEGEDAY=.;
IF FTJUDAY_=99 AND FRUTDAY_=99 AND GNSLDAY_=99 AND
POTADAY_=99 AND CRTSDAY_=99 AND VEGEDAY_=99 THEN
_FRTSERV =999.99;
  ELSE _FRTSERV=SUM(FTJUDAY, FRUTDAY, GNSLDAY, POTADAY,
      CRTSDAY, VEGEDAY);
FRTSERV=round(( FRTSERV *100),1); *This is done after
      all of the fruits and vegetable calculations but
      the code is included here;
```

_FRT		getable servings index FRTINDX is derived from the servings per
4		le (_FRTSERV).
1	Less than 1 per	Respondents reporting they never consume fruits and vegetables or
	day or never	consume less than 1 serving per day (_FRTSERV<1)
2	1 to less than 3	Respondents reporting they consume 1 to less than 3 servings of
	times per day	fruits and vegetables per day (1<=_FRTSERV<3)
3	3 to less than 5	Respondents reporting they consume 3 to less than 5 servings of
	times per day	fruits and vegetables per day (3<=_FRTSERV<5)
4	5 or more times	Respondents reporting they consume 5 or more servings of fruits and
•	per day	vegetables per day (5<=_FRTSERV<999.99)
9	Don't Know/ Not	Respondents with _FRTSERV=999.99
	Sure/ Refused/	Respondents with _1 R15ER (= >>>.>>
	Missing	<pre>IF 0 LE _FRTSERV LT 1 THEN _FRTINDX=1;</pre>
	SAS code:	ELSE IF 1 LE FRTSERV LT 3 THEN FRTINDX=2;
		ELSE IF 3 LE _FRTSERV LT 5 THEN _FRTINDX=3;
		ELSE IF 5 LE _FRTSERV LT 999.99 THEN _FRTINDX=4;
		ELSE IF _FRTSERV = 999.99 THEN _FRTINDX=9;
_ FV5	SRV Five Fruit	& vegetable servings per day index FV5SRV is derived from the
	servings pe	er day variable (_FRTSERV).
1	Less than 5 per	Respondents reporting they never consume fruits and vegetables or
	day or never	consume less than 5 servings per day (_FRTSERV<5)
2	5 or more times	Respondents reporting they consume 5 or more servings of fruits and
	per day	vegetables per day (5<=_FRTSERV<999.99)
9	Don't Know/ Not	Respondents with _FRTSERV=999.99
	Sure/ Refused/	Trospondento with _ITTODIC (),,,,,,
	Missing	
		<pre>IF 0 LE _FRTSERV LT 5 THEN _FV5SRV=1;</pre>
	SAS code:	ELSE IF 5 LE FRTSERV LT 999.99 THEN FV5SRV=2;
		ELSE IF _FRTSERV = 999.99 THEN _FV5SRV=9;

Section 18: Physical Activity

MODPAMN Minutes of Moderate Physical Activity. MODPAMN is derived from MODPATIM and MODPADAY by multiplying the hours portion of MODPATIM by 60 and adding it to the minutes portion. Respondents for whom MODPATIM is not equal to 777, 999, or . and 0-Minutes 599 MODPADAY is not equal to 77, 99, or . Don't Know/ Respondents for whom MODPATIM=777, 999, or . or MODPADAY =77,99 or .Not Sure/ Refused/ Missing SAS code: FORMAT NEWPACT \$CHAR4.; IF MODPATIM > 959 THEN MODPATIM = 999; IF MODPATIM notin (.,777,999) and MODPADAY notin (.,0,77,88,99) THEN DO; NEWPACT=MODPATIM; NEWPACT=TRANSLATE(NEWPACT, '0', ''); ********* * Create temporary variables (MODHRS_, * * MODMIN_) from the NEWPACT variable *************************** MODHRS_=SUBSTR(NEWPACT, 2, 1) + 0; MODMIN = SUBSTR(NEWPACT, 3, 2) + 0; *********** * Create _MODPAMN by converting MODHRS_ into * * minutes and adding it to MODMIN_ _MODPAMN=sum(MODHRS_*60,MODMIN_); Else if MODPADAY in(0,88) or MODPACT=2 then _MODPAMN = 0; Else if MODPACT=1 and MODPADAY in (.,77,99) then $_MODPAMN =$

MODPAMN=ROUND(MODPAMN, 1); * eliminate decimal places;

VIGPAMN Minutes of Vigorous Physical Activity. VIGPAMN is derived from VIGPATIM and VIGPADAY by multiplying the hours portion of VIGPATIM by 60 and adding it to the minutes portion. Respondents for whom VIGPATIM is not equal to 777, 999, or . and 0-Minutes 599 VIGPADAY is not equal to 77, 99, or . Don't Know/ Respondents for whom VIGPATIM=777, 999, or . or VIGPADAY =77, 99 or. Not Sure/ Refused/ Missing SAS code: FORMAT NEWPACT \$CHAR4.; IF VIGPATIM > 959 THEN VIGPATIM = 999; IF VIGPATIM notin (.,777,999) and VIGPADAY notin (.,0,77,88,99) THEN DO; NEWPACT=VIGPATIM; NEWPACT=TRANSLATE(NEWPACT, '0', ''); * Create temporary variables (VIGHRS_, * * VIGMIN_) from the NEWPACT variable ************************** VIGHRS_=SUBSTR(NEWPACT, 2, 1) +0; VIGMIN = SUBSTR(NEWPACT, 3, 2) + 0; ************ * Create _VIGPAMN by converting VIGHRS_ into * * minutes and adding it to VIGMIN _VIGPAMN=sum(VIGHRS_*60,VIGMIN_); Else if VIGPADAY in(0,88) or VIGPACT=2 then _VIGPAMN = 0; Else if VIGPACT=1 and VIGPADAY in(.,77,99) then _VIGPAMN =

VIGPAMN=ROUND(VIGPAMN, 1); * eliminate decimal places;

MODC	M	espondents that meet recommendations for moderate physical activity. ODCAT_ is derived from MODPACT, _MODPAMN, MODPADAY, and ODPATIM.
1	Meet	Respondents who report doing 30 or more minutes per day of moderate
	Objective	physical activity and for five or more days per week of moderate physical activity (MODPACT=1 and MODPADAY=5,6,7 and 30 <= _MODPAMN <= 599)
2	Insufficient Activity	Respondents who report doing less than 30 minutes per day of moderate physical activity, or less than five days per week of moderate physical activity (MODPACT=1 and MODPADAY not equal to .,777,999 and MODPATIM not equal to .,777,999)
3	No Activity	Respondents who report doing no moderate physical activity (MODPACT=2 OR _MODPAMN=0)
9	Don't Know Not Sure/ Refused/ Missing	1
	SAS code:	<pre>IF MODPACT=2 or _MODPAMN=0 then MODCAT_=3; ELSE IF (5 <= MODPADAY <= 7 & 30 <= _MODPAMN <= 599) THEN MODCAT_=1; ELSE IF MODPACT=1 and MODPADAY NOTIN (.,77,99) AND MODPATIM notin (.,777,999) then MODCAT_=2; ELSE MODCAT_=9;</pre>

VIC	condents that meet recommendations for vigorous physical activity. GCAT_ is derived from VIGPACT, _VIGPAMN, VIGPADAY,
VIC	PATIM.
Meet	Respondents who report doing 20 or more minutes per day of vigorous
Objective	physical activity and three or more days per week of vigorous physical activity (VIGPACT=1 and VIGPADAY=3,4,5,6,7 and 20 <= _VIGPAMN <= 599)
Insufficient	Respondents who report doing less than 20 minutes per day of vigorous
Activity	physical activity, or less than three days per week of vigorous physical activity (VIGPACT=1 and VIGPADAY not equal to .,77,99 and VIGPATIM not equal to .,777,999)
No Activity	Respondents who report doing no vigorous physical activity
•	(VIGPACT=2 OR _VIGPAMN=0)
on't Know/	Respondents for whom VIGPACT=.,7,9 or VIGPACT=1 and
Not Sure/	VIGPADAY=.,7.9 or VIGPATIM=.,7,9
Refused/	
Missing	
AS code:	<pre>IF VIGPACT=2 or _VIGPAMN=0 then VIGCAT_=3;</pre>
	ELSE IF (3 <= VIGPADAY <= 7 & 20 <= _VIGPAMN <= 599) THEN
	-
Oon't Know/ Not Sure/ Refused/ Missing	Respondents for whom VIGPACT=.,7,9 or VIGPACT=1 and VIGPADAY=.,7.9 or VIGPATIM=.,7,9 IF VIGPACT=2 or _VIGPAMN=0 then VIGCAT_=3;

```
PACAT_
               Physical Activity Categories. PACAT is derived from the variables
               MODCAT_ and VIGCAT_.
 1
                    Respondents for whom MODCAT =1 and VIGCAT =1
        Meet Both
                    Respondents for whom VIGCAT_=1 and MODCAT_>1
 2
        Vigorous
          Only
 3
        Moderate
                    Respondents for whom MODCAT_=1 and VIGCAT _>1
          Only
 4
                    Respondents for whom MODCAT_=2 and VIGCAT_>1 or VIGCAT_=2
       Insufficient
       Activity for
                    and MODCAT_>1
          Either
       Moderate or
        Vigorous
 5
       No Activity
                    Respondents for whom MODCAT =3 and VIGCAT =3
                    Respondents for whom MODCAT_=9 and VIGCAT_=9
 9
       Don't Know/
        Not Sure/
        Refused/
         Missing
      SAS code:
                         IF MODCAT_ = 3 and VIGCAT_ = 3 then PACAT_ = 5;
                    ELSE IF MODCAT_ = 1 and VIGCAT_ = 1 then PACAT_ = 1;
                    ELSE IF
                                            VIGCAT_ = 1 then PACAT_ = 2;
                    ELSE IF MODCAT_ = 1
                                                         then PACAT = 3;
                    ELSE IF MODCAT_ = 2 AND VIGCAT_ = 2 then PACAT_ = 4;
                    ELSE IF MODCAT_ = 2 AND VIGCAT_ = 3 then PACAT_ = 4;
                    ELSE IF MODCAT_ = 3 AND VIGCAT_ = 2 then PACAT_ = 4;
                    ELSE
                                                              PACAT_ = 9;
```

<i>defin</i> activ deriv Incre		ults that have reported participating in either moderate physical activity fined as 30 or more minutes per day for 5 or more days per week, or vigorous ivity for 20 or more minutes per day on 3 or more daysRFPAMOD is ived from the variable PACAT (MEET HP 2010 OBJECTIVE 22-2: rease the proportion of adults who engage regularly, preferably daily, in derate physical activity for at least 30 minutes per day.)
1	Yes	Respondents that report doing enough moderate or vigorous physical activity to meet the recommendations (PACAT_=1,2,3)
2	No	Respondents that report doing insufficient moderate or vigorous physical activity to meet recommendations, or respondents that report doing no moderate or vigorous physical activity (PACAT_=4,5)
9	Don't Know/ Not Sure/ Refused/ Missing	
	SAS code:	<pre>IF PACAT_ = 1 THEN _RFPAMOD=1; ELSE IF PACAT_ = 2 THEN _RFPAMOD=1; ELSE IF PACAT_ = 3 THEN _RFPAMOD=1; ELSE IF PACAT_ = 4 THEN _RFPAMOD=2; ELSE IF PACAT_ = 5 THEN _RFPAMOD=2; ELSERFPAMOD=9;</pre>

```
RFPAVIG
                 Adults that have reported participating in vigorous activity for 20 or more
                 minutes per day on 3 or more days. _RFPAVIG is derived from the variable
                 PACAT . (MEET HP 2010 OBJECTIVE #22-3: Increase the proportion of
                 adults who engage in vigorous physical activity that promotes the development
                 and maintenance of cardio-respiratory fitness 3 or more days per week for 20 or
                 more minutes per occasion)
 1
                      Respondents that report doing enough vigorous physical activity to meet
            Yes
                      the recommendations (PACAT =1,2)
 2
                      Respondents that report doing insufficient vigorous physical activity to
            No
                      meet recommendations, or respondents that report doing no vigorous
                      physical activity (PACAT =3,4,5)
 9
       Don't Know/
                      Respondents for whom PACAT_=9
         Not Sure/
         Refused/
          Missing
                            IF VIGCAT_ = 1 THEN _RFPAVIG=1;
       SAS code:
                      ELSE IF VIGCAT_ = 2 THEN _RFPAVIG=2;
                      ELSE IF VIGCAT_ = 3 THEN _RFPAVIG=2;
                      ELSE
                                                   RFPAVIG=9;
RFPAREC
                 Adults self reported physical activity level status. This variable is derived from
                 the variable PACAT .
                      Respondents that report doing enough moderate or vigorous physical
 1
           Meet
       Recommenda
                      activity to meet the recommendations (PACAT_=1,2,3)
           tions
 2
        Insufficient
                      Respondents that report doing insufficient moderate or vigorous physical
                      activity to meet recommendations (PACAT =4)
                      Respondents that report doing no moderate or vigorous physical activity
 3
        No Activity
                      (PACAT_{=5})
 9
       Don't Know/
                      Respondents for whom PACAT_=9
         Not Sure/
         Refused/
          Missing
                            IF PACAT_ = 1 THEN _RFPAREC=1;
       SAS code:
                      ELSE IF PACAT_ = 2 THEN _RFPAREC=1;
                      ELSE IF PACAT_ = 3 THEN _RFPAREC=1;
                      ELSE IF PACAT_ = 4 THEN _RFPAREC=2;
                      ELSE IF PACAT = 5 THEN RFPAREC=3;
                      ELSE IF PACAT_ = 9 THEN _RFPAREC=9;
```

_RFN	OPA Adul	ts that have reported participating in physical activity or exercise.
	_RF	NOPA is derived from the variables _RFPAREC and _TOTINDA.
1	Yes	Respondents that report doing some physical activity or exercise
		(_RFPAREC=1,2 or _TOTINDA=1)
2	No	Respondents that report doing no moderate or vigorous physical activity
		or exercise (_RFPAREC=3 and _TOTINDA=2)
9	Don't Know/	Respondents for whom RFPAREC=3 and _TOTINDA=9 or
	Not Sure/	RFPAREC=9 and _TOTINDA=2 or RFPAREC=9 and _TOTINDA=9
	Refused/	
	Missing	
	SAS code:	<pre>IF 1 <= _RFPAREC <= 2</pre> THEN _RFNOPA=1;
		ELSE IFTOTINDA = 1 THEN _RFNOPA=1;
		ELSE IF _RFPAREC = 3 AND _TOTINDA = 2 THEN _RFNOPA=2;
		ELSERFNOPA=9;

Section 19: HIV/AIDS

_AID7	TST2 Adul	Adults aged 18-64 that have ever been tested for HIVAIDTST2 is derived			
from AGE and HIVTST5.					
1	Yes	Respondents with reported ages	between 18 and 64 that reported to have		
		been tested for HIV (18<=AGE<	<=64 and HIVTST5=1)		
2	No	Respondents with reported ages between 18 and 64 that did not report			
		having been tested for HIV (18<	=AGE<=64 and HIVTST5=2)		
9	Don't Know/	Respondents with reported ages between 18 and 64 that reported they			
	Not Sure/	did not know if they had been te	sted for HIV, or those with reported		
	Refused	ages between 18 and 64 that refus	sed to answer if they had been tested		
		for HIV (18<=AGE<=64 and HI	VTST5=7,9), or respondents that		
		reported they did not know their	age (AGE=07), or respondents that		
		refused to report their age (AGE	=9)		
	Missing	Respondents with missing respondents	nses for HIVTST5 (HIVTST5=.), or		
		respondents with reported ages of	older than 64 (AGE > 64), or		
		respondents with missing age res	sponses (AGE=.)		
SA	SAS code:	IF 18 <= AGE <= 64 THEN DO			
		IF HIVTST5=1	THEN _AIDTST2=1;		
		ELSE IF HIVTST5=2	THEN _AIDTST2=2;		
		ELSE IF HIVTST5 IN (7,9)			
		ELSE IF HIVTST5=. END;	THEN _AIDTST2=.;		
		ELSE IF AGE IN (.,7,9)	THEN _AIDTST2=9;		
		ELSE	_AIDTST2=.;		

Section 19: HIV/AIDS (continued)

_HIGHRSK A		ults aged 18-64 that have ever participated in high-risk behavior.				
	_HIGHRSK is derived from AGE and HIVRISK2.					
1	No	Respondents with reported ages be	etween18 and 64 that reported not			
		having participated in high-risk be	1			
		HIVRISK2=2)	(10 / 10 / 10 / 10 / 10 / 10 / 10 / 10 /			
2	Yes	Respondents with reported ages between 18 and 64 that reported having				
2	103		<u>-</u>			
0	D 24 1Z /	1 1	(18<=AGE<=64 and HIVRISK2=1)			
9	Don't Know/	Respondents with reported ages between 18 and 64 that reported they				
Not Sure/ Refused		did not if they had participated in high-risk behavior (18<=AGE<=64				
		and HIVRISK2=1), or respondents with reported ages between 18 and				
		64 that refused to answer if they participated in high-risk behavior				
		(18<=AGE<=64 and HIVRISK2=7,9), or respondents that reported				
		they did not know their age (AGE	=07), or respondents that refused to			
		•	pondents missing a response for age			
		(AGE=.)	sometime imaging wresponde for age			
	Missing	` '	etween 18 and 64 that were missing a			
. wiissing		Respondents with reported ages between 18 and 64 that were missing a response for HIVRISK2 (18<=AGE<=64 and HIVRISK2=.), or				
		•				
		respondents with reported ages older than 64 (AGE > 64)				
	SAS code:	IF 18 <= AGE <= 64 THEN DO; IF HIVRISK2=2	THEN HIGHRSK=1;			
		ELSE IF HIVRISK2=1	THEN HIGHRSK=2;			
		ELSE IF HIVRISK2 IN (7,9)	_			
		ELSE IF HIVRISK2=.	THEN HIGHRSK=.;			
		END;	_			
		ELSE IF AGE IN (.,7,9)	THEN _HIGHRSK=9;			
		ELSE	_HIGHRSK=.;			

Section 20: Emotional Support and Life Satisfaction

There are no calculated variables for Section 20.