Leading Causes of Death by Age Group, Hispanic Females-United States, 2011*

Age in Groups

Rank	1-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	65-74	75-84	85+	All Ages
1	Unintentional injuries 30.0%	Unintentional injuries 23.3%	Unintentional injuries 20.0%	Unintentional injuries 32.4%	Unintentional injuries 38.0%	Unintentional injuries 25.4%	Cancer 32.4%	Cancer 35.7%	Cancer 37.1%	Heart disease 24.9%	Cancer 32.3%	Heart disease 23.3%	Heart disease 29.5%	Cancer 22.4%
2	Birth defects 12.9%	Cancer 22.8%	Cancer 18.7%	Cancer 14.9%	Cancer 10.1%	Cancer 18.3%	Unintentional injuries 15.5%	Heart disease 12.0%	Heart disease 16.4%	Cancer 19.4%	Heart disease 18.8%	Cancer 21.8%	Cancer 10.3%	Heart disease 20.5%
3	Cancer 10.6%	Birth defects 10.5%	Birth defects 9.3%	Suicide 13.7%	Suicide (3) 9.7%	Homicide 7.4%	Heart disease 9.0%	Unintentional injuries 7.8%	Diabetes 6.4%	Stroke 6.9%	Diabetes 7.1%	Stroke 7.6%	Alzheimer's disease 8.1%	Stroke 5.9%
4	Homicide 9.0%	Heart disease 7.8%	Suicide 8.9%	Homicide 7.8%	Homicide (3) 9.7%	Suicide 6.8%	Stroke (4) 3.6%	Chronic liver disease 6.0%	Stroke 4.8%	Diabetes 5.3%	Stroke 5.5%	Diabetes 6.0%	Stroke 7.1%	Diabetes 4.9%
5	Heart disease 3.5%	Homicide 5.0%	Heart disease 4.9%	Heart disease 4.7%	Heart disease 5.7%	Heart disease 6.5%	Homicide (4) 3.6%	Stroke 5.1%	Chronic liver disease 4.4%	Alzheimer's disease 5.2%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases 3.3%	Alzheimer's disease 4.4%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases 4.2%	Unintentional injuries 4.5%
6	Influenza & pneumonia 2.5%	Influenza & pneumonia 4.1%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases (6) 3.1%	Birth defects 2.2%	Pregnancy complications 3.4%	Pregnancy complications 3.5%	Chronic liver disease 3.4%	Diabetes 4.4%	Unintentional injuries 3.5%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases 4.0%	Chronic liver disease 3.2%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases 4.1%	Diabetes 3.8%	Alzheimer's disease 3.6%
7	Septicemia 1.8%	Stroke 2.7%	Homicide (6) 3.1%	Pregnancy complications 2.0%	Stroke 2.3%	Stroke 2.4%	Suicide 3.3%	Septicemia 2.0%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases 2.2%	Influenza & pneumonia 2.9%	Kidney disease 3.1%	Influenza & pneumonia 2.7%	Influenza & pneumonia 3.6%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases 3.1%
8	Benign neoplasms 1.6%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases 1.8%	Diabetes (8) 1.8%	Benign neoplasms (8)1.3% Stroke (8) 1.3%	Influenza & pneumonia 1.7%	Diabetes 2.1%	Diabetes 2.9%	HIV disease 1.9%	Kidney disease 2.2%	Kidney disease 2.4%	Unintentional injuries 2.2%	Kidney disease 2.5%	Hypertension 2.1%	Influenza & pneumonia 2.4%
9	Stroke (9) 0.7%	Septicemia 1.4%			HIV disease (9) 1.4% Birth defects (9) 1.4%	Chronic liver disease 1.9%	HIV disease 2.2%	Suicide 1.7%	Septicemia 1.8%	Unintentional injuries 1.9%	Influenza & pneumonia 1.9%	Septicemia 1.9%	Kidney disease 1.9%	Chronic liver disease 2.2%
	Kidney disease (9) 0.7%	Benign neoplasms (10) 0.9%	Stroke (8)1.8% Influenza & spneumonia (8) 1.8%	Septicemia 0.9%		Influenza & pneumonia 1.7%	Influenza & pneumonia 1.6%	Kidney disease 1.6%	Viral hepatitis 1.7%	Hypertension 1.7%	Septicemia 1.9%	Unintentional injuries 1.8%	Unintentional injuries 1.8%	Kidney disease 2.1%
10	Medical & surgical care complications (9) 0.7%	Perinatal conditions (10) 0.9% Medical & surgical care complications (10) 0.9%												

^{*}Percentages represent total deaths in the age group due to the cause indicated. Numbers in parentheses indicate tied rankings. The white, black, American Indian/Alaska Native, and Asian/Pacific Islander race groups include persons of Hispanic and non-Hispanic origin may be of any race. Some terms have been shortened from those used in the National Vital Statistics Report. See the next page for a listing of the shortened terms in the table and their full unabridged equivalents used in the report. To learn more, visit *Mortality Tables* at http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nvss/mortality_tables.htm (HHS, CDC, NCHS).

Leading Causes of Death by Age Group, Hispanic Females-United States, 2011*

Short and Full Terms for Leading Causes of Death (Females)

Some terms in the leading causes of death table have been shortened from those used in the National Vital Statistics Report. Below is a listing of the shortened terms used in the table and their full, unabridged equivalents used in the report.

SHORT TERMS FULL TERMS

Aortic aneurism Aortic aneurism and dissection

Appendix disease Diseases of appendix

Benign neoplasms In situ neoplasms and neoplasms of uncertain or unknown behavior

Birth defects Congenital malformations, deformations and chromosomal abnormalities

Bronchitis Acute bronchitis and bronchiolitis

Cancer Malignant neoplasms

C. difficile infectionChronic liver diseaseEntercolitis due to clostridiumChronic liver disease and cirrhosis

Chronic lower respiratory diseases Includes bronchitis, emphysema, asthma, bronchiectasis,

and other chronic obstructive pulmonary disease

Diabetes Diabetes mellitus

Gallbladder disorders Cholethiasis and other disorders of gallbladder

Heart disease Diseases of the heart

HIV disease Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) disease

Homicide Assault (homicide)

Hypertension Essential (primary) hypertension and hypertensive renal disease

Kidney disease Nephritis, nephrotic syndrome and nephrosis

Kidney infection Infections of kidney

Legal intervention* Physical or other force used by police or other law-enforcing agents, including military on duty, in

the course of arresting or attempting to arrest lawbreakers, suppressing disturbances, maintaining

Pelvic Inflammatory diseases Inflammatory diseases of female pelvic organs
Perinatal conditions Certain conditions originating in the perinatal period

Pneumonitis Pneumonitis due to solids and liquids Pregnancy complications Pregnancy, childbirth and the peurperium

Stroke Cerebrovascular diseases
Suicide Intentional self-harm

Unintentional injuries Accidents (unintentional injuries)

*World Health Organization. International statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, Tenth Revision (ICD-10). Geneva: World Health Organization, 1992. Available at http://www.who.int/classifications/icd/en/.

Accessed April 15, 2010.