Leading Causes of Death by Age Group, All Males-United States, 2013*

Age in Groups

Rank	1-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	65-74	75-84	85+	All Ages
1	Unintentional injuries 35.8%	Unintentional injuries 32.5%	Unintentional injuries 29.5%	Unintentional injuries 37.8%	Unintentional injuries 42.5%	Unintentional injuries 38.2%	Unintentional injuries 24.5%	Heart disease 23.0%	Cancer 30.4%	Heart disease 26.8%	Cancer 33.2%	Cancer 25.8%	Heart disease 30.6%	Heart disease 24.6%
2	Birth defects 10.0%	Cancer 17.4%	Suicide 14.5%	Suicide 20.0%	Suicide 18.1%	Suicide 16.1%	Heart disease 16.6%	Cancer 21.3%	Heart disease 24.6%	Cancer 24.3%	Heart disease 24.3%	Heart disease 25.3%	Cancer 15.2%	Cancer 23.5%
3	Homicide 7.9%	Birth defects 7.0%	Cancer 13.6%	Homicide 18.3%	Homicide 17.9%	Homicide 11.3%	Suicide 11.6%	Unintentional injuries 12.6%	Unintentional injuries 5.7%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases 6.7%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases 7.0%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases 7.6%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases 5.7%	Unintentional injuries 6.3%
4	Cancer 7.9%	Homicide 5.3%	Homicide 5.6%	Cancer 5.4%	Cancer 3.5%	Heart disease 7.0%	Cancer 11.2%	Suicide 5.9%	Chronic liver disease 4.1%	Stroke 4.8%	Stroke 3.9%	Stroke 5.1%	Stroke 5.4%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases 5.4%
5	Heart disease 4.1%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases 3.6%	Birth defects 4.7%	Heart disease 2.8%	Heart disease 3.1%	Cancer 5.9%	Homicide 4.7%	Chronic liver disease 5.4%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases 4.0%	Diabetes 3.0%	Diabetes 3.8%	Diabetes 3.2%	Alzheimer's disease 4.8%	Stroke 4.1%
6	Influenza & pneumonia 2.3%	Influenza & pneumonia 2.7%	Heart disease 3.4%	Birth defects 1.4%	Birth defects 0.9%	HIV disease 1.5%	Chronic liver disease 3.8%	Diabetes 3.4%	Diabetes 3.8%	Alzheimer's disease 2.9%	Unintentional injuries 2.7%	Alzheimer's disease 2.8%	Influenza & pneumonia 3.4%	Diabetes 3.1%
7	Chronic lower respiratory diseases 1.6%	Heart disease 2.6%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases 3.0%	Influenza & pneumonia 0.6%	Diabetes 0.6%	Chronic liver disease 1.4%	Diabetes 2.8%	Stroke 2.8%	Stroke 3.2%	Unintentional injuries 2.6%	Chronic liver disease 1.8%	Unintentional injuries 2.5%	Unintentional injuries 2.7%	Suicide 2.5%
8	Septicemia 1.4%	Benign neoplasms 1.7%	Influenza & pneumonia 1.9%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases 0.6%	HIV disease 0.6%	Diabetes 1.3%	Stroke 2.2%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases 2.0%	Suicide 2.6%	Influenza & pneumonia 2.5%	Kidney disease 1.7%	Influenza & pneumonia 2.3%	Kidney disease 2.5%	Influenza & pneumonia 2.1%
9	Perinatal conditions 1.2%	Septicemia 1.5%	Stroke 1.5%	Diabetes 0.5%	Legal intervention 0.5%	Stroke 0.9%	HIV disease 2.0%	HIV disease 1.6%	Septicemia 1.4%	Kidney disease 2.2%	Influenza & pneumonia 1.6%	Kidney disease 2.2%	Diabetes 2.2%	Alzheimer's disease 2.0%
10	Stroke 0.9%	Stroke 1.4%	Benign neoplasms 0.9%	Stroke 0.4%	Influenza & pneumonia 0.5%	Influenza & pneumonia 0.8%	Influenza & pneumonia 1.1%	Homicide 1.4%	Kidney disease 1.4%	Parkinson's disease 1.7%	Septicemia 1.6%	Parkinson's disease 2.1%	Parkinson's disease 1.9%	Chronic liver disease 1.8%

^{*}Percentages represent total deaths in the age group due to the cause indicated. Numbers in parentheses indicate tied rankings. The white, black, American Indian/Alaska Native, and Asian/Pacific Islander race groups include persons of Hispanic and non-Hispanic origin may be of any race. Some terms have been shortened from those used in the National Vital Statistics Report. See the next page for a listing of the shortened terms in the table and their full unabridged equivalents used in the report. To learn more, visit *Mortality Tables* at http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nvss/mortality_tables.htm or http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nvss/mortality_tables.htm (HHS, CDC, NCHS).

Short and Full Terms for Leading Causes of Death (Males)

Some terms in the leading causes of death table have been shortened from those used in the National Vital Statistics Report. Below is a listing of the shortened terms used in the table and their full, unabridged equivalents used in the report.

SHORT TERMS FULL TERMS

Aortic aneurism Aortic aneurism and dissection

Benign neoplasms In situ neoplasms and neoplasms of uncertain or unknown behavior
Birth defects Congenital malformations, deformations and chromosomal abnormalities

Bronchitis Acute bronchitis and bronchiolitis

Cancer Malignant neoplasms

C. difficile infectionChronic liver diseaseEnter colitis due to clostridiumChronic liver disease and cirrhosis

Chronic lower respiratory diseases Includes bronchitis, emphysema, asthma, bronchiectasis, and other chronic

obstructive pulmonary disease

Diabetes Diabetes mellitus

Gallbladder disorders Cholethiasis and other disorders of gallbladder

Heart disease Diseases of the heart

HIV disease Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) disease

Homicide Assault (homicide)

Hypertension Essential (primary) hypertension and hypertensive renal disease

Kidney disease Nephritis, nephrotic syndrome and nephrosis

Kidney infection Infections of kidney

Legal Intervention* Physical or other force used by police or other law-enforcing agents, including military on duty, in the

course of arresting or attempting to arrest lawbreakers, suppressing disturbances, maintaining order,

and other legal action. Includes legal execution and excludes citizen arrest.

Medical & surgical care complications Complications of medical and surgical care

Perinatal conditions

Stroke

Suicide

Operations of War Operations of War and their sequelae

Certain conditions originating in the perinatal period

Pneumonitis Pneumonitis due to solids and liquids

Cerebrovascular diseases

Intentional self-harm

Unintentional injuries Accidents (unintentional injuries)

*World Health Organization. International statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, Tenth Revision (ICD-10). Geneva: World Health Organization, 1992. Available at http://www.who.int/classifications/icd/en/. Accessed April 15, 2010.