

# Additive Manufacturing: Technology and Applications

Natural Gas Infrastructure R&D  
and Methane Emissions Mitigation  
Workshop

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# ORNL has an extraordinary set of assets for delivering on national priorities

## Science to solutions

World-leading neutron science capability

World's most powerful scientific computing complex

Nation's largest advanced materials research program

Focused resources for systems biology and environmental sustainability

Nation's largest and most diverse energy R&D portfolio

Unique capabilities in nuclear science and technology



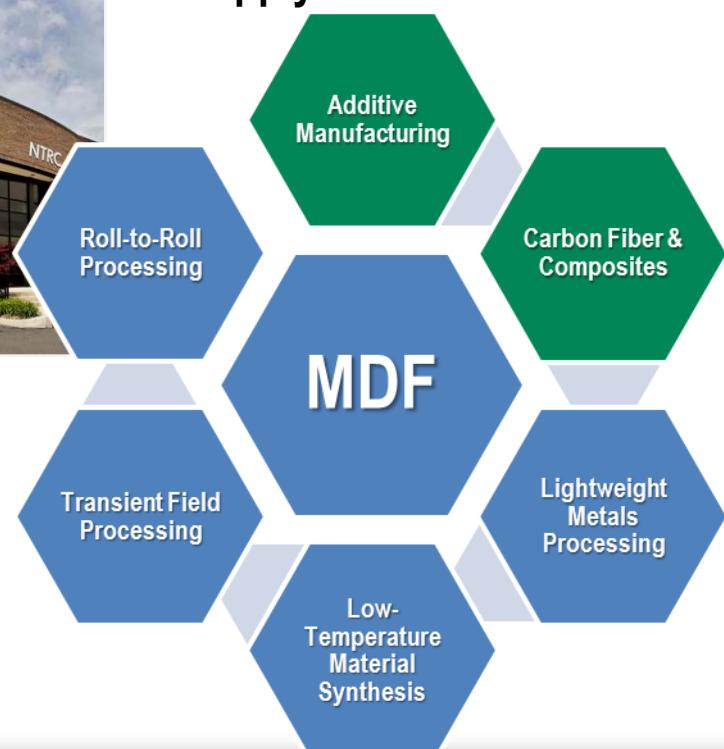
# Manufacturing Demonstration Facility

*Providing leading edge technology and business solutions for industry*



**Reduce risk, accelerate  
commercialization of advanced  
technologies while reducing  
lifecycle energy**

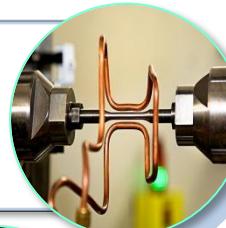
- Public-Private Partnership
- 50+ active projects
- Addressing technical challenges across complete supply chain



# Leveraging DOE assets at ORNL

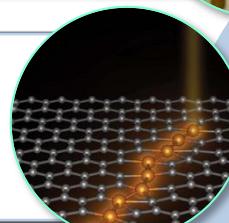
## Neutron scattering: SNS and HFIR

- World's most intense pulsed neutron beams
- World's highest flux reactor-based neutron source



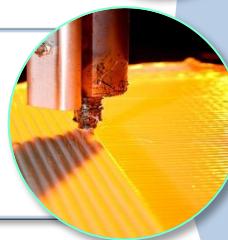
## Leadership-class computing: Titan

- Nation's most powerful open science supercomputer



## Advanced materials

- DOE lead lab for basic to applied materials R&D
- Technology transfer: Billion dollar impacts

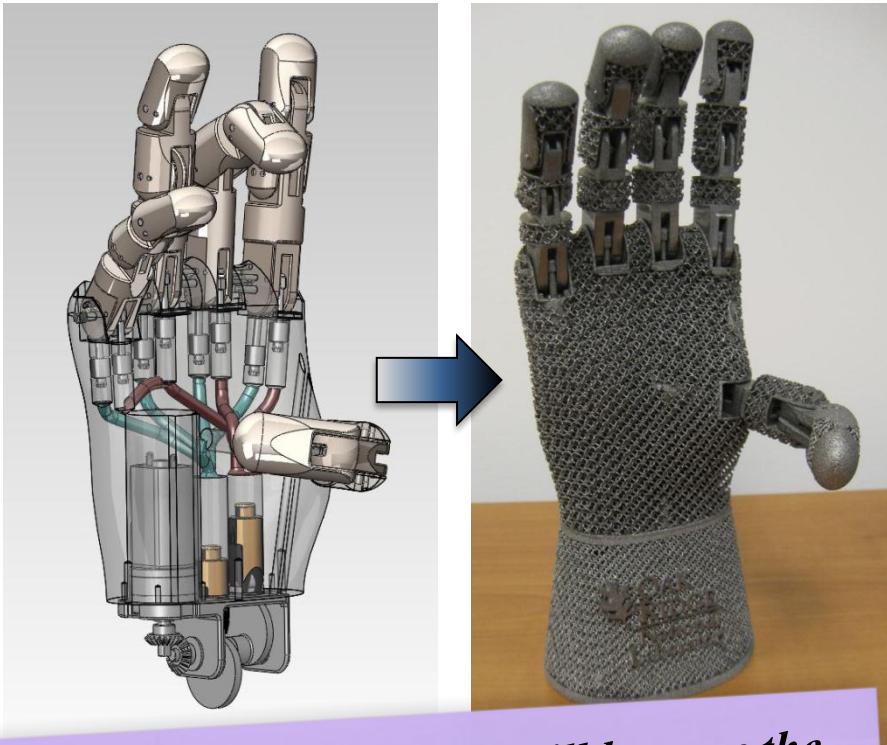


## Demonstrated ability to work with and transition technologies to industry

- More than 800 on-going relationships with industry
- Leading DOE Laboratory for R&D 100 Awards (180)
- Mechanisms in place to rapidly implement working agreements allowing R&D to be initiated on industry's timeline
- Success in development and integration of multidisciplinary teams

# Additive manufacturing

## CAD Model to Physical Part



*“Additive Manufacturing will become the most important, most strategic, and most used manufacturing technology ever.”*

Wohlers 2012



- Increased Complexity
- Topology Optimization
- Less Material Scrap
- Shorter Design Cycle
- Reduced Part Count
- Polymers, Metals, Ceramics, Multi material integration
- Tailored Microstructures and properties

# Objectives in additive manufacturing



- **Developing advanced materials, evolving the supply chain**
  - Titanium alloys, Ni superalloys, advanced steels
  - High-strength, carbon-reinforced polymers
- **Implementing advanced controls**
  - In-situ feedback and control for rapid certification and quality control
- **Understanding material properties and geometric accuracy**
- **Developing new design concepts**
- **Exploring next-generation systems to overcome technology barriers for manufacturing**
  - Bigger, Faster, Cheaper
  - Integrating materials, equipment and component suppliers with end users to develop and evolve the supply chain
- **Training next-generation engineers & scientists**



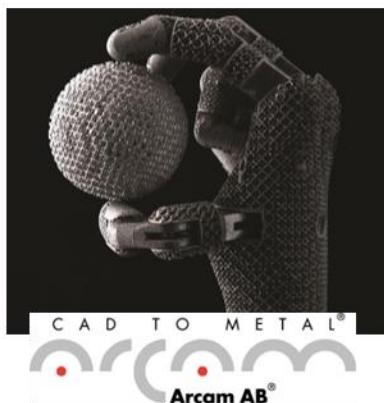
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Advanced  
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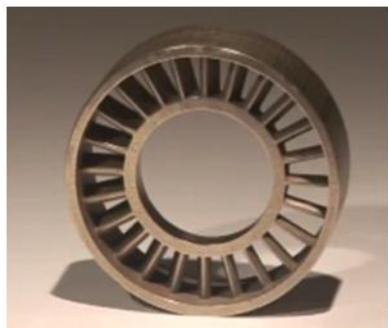
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# ORNL Additive Manufacturing Capabilities:

## Electron Beam Melting



## Binder Jetting



**ExOne™**  
DIGITAL PART MATERIALIZATION

## Laser Sintering



**RENISHAW**

## Fused Deposition Modeling



**Stratasys**  
FOR A 3D WORLD™

**M**  
MakerBot

**Solidoodle**  
Cubify™

## Laser Blown Powder Deposition



**POM**

**DM3D**

## Multi-head Photopolymer



**OBJET**

**Stratasys**  
FOR A 3D WORLD™

## Ultrasonic Consolidation



**SOLIDICA**

**FABRISONIC**

## Large-Scale Polymer Deposition



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# Working with AM supply chain

## Materials Suppliers



## Equipment Suppliers



## End Users



# Additive manufacturing for robotic systems

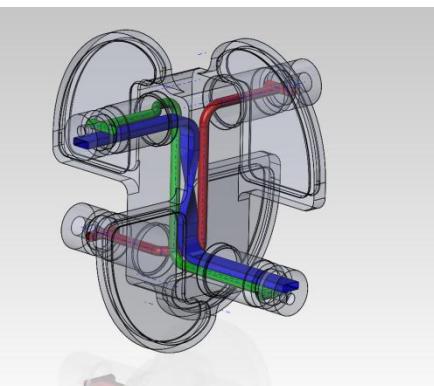


Robotic arm provided as backdrop in the White House as President Obama announced new two manufacturing innovation institutes.



All components produced by additive manufacturing

- 25-lbs total weight, 60" long arm
- Neutrally buoyant without floatation
- Fluid passages integrated into structure
- 7 degrees of freedom with 180 degree rotation at each joint
- Custom thermal valves for energy efficiency



# Example of AM Stator



## ExOne Metal Printing Method:

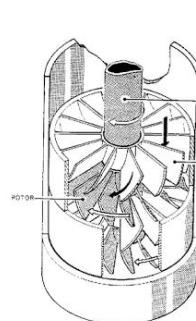
Cost: \$75-\$150 each

## Traditional Method:

Method: Conventional machining  
Cost: \$400-\$500 each

## Specifications:

Customer: Ulterra  
Part Name: Stator  
Batch Size: 10  
Part Size: 3-5 inch



Per ExOne ...

S4 abrasion resistance dramatically exceeds wear of conventional 4145 steel

Traditional Method:  
Wear after 200-300 hrs



ExOne Method: After 600 hrs  
no measurable wear



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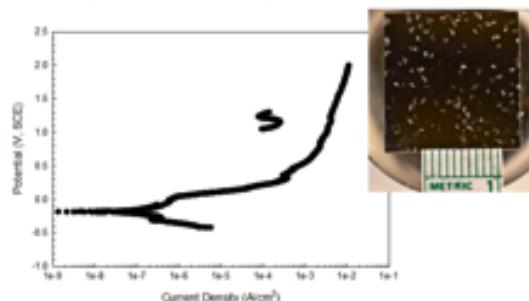
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# Nano-Composite Wear-Resistant Coatings

- Laser Fused Nanocrystalline Coatings
  - Surface Hardness 800 - 1500 kg/mm<sup>2</sup> (VHN), 2-5 X Harder Than Tool Steels
  - Order of Magnitude Improvement in Wear Compared to Steel Substrates
- Consolidation of Powder Into Bulk Components
  - Fracture Toughness and Strength of WC-Co
  - Half the Price
- New Stainless Compositions

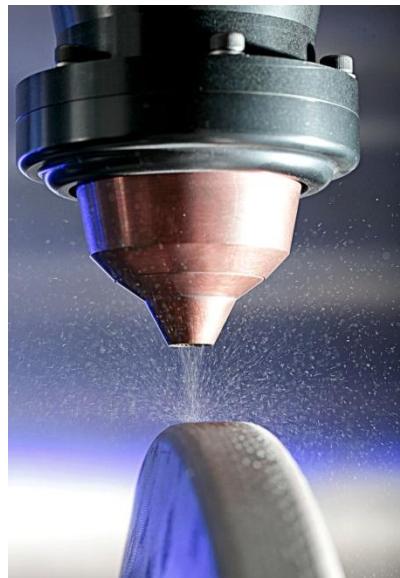
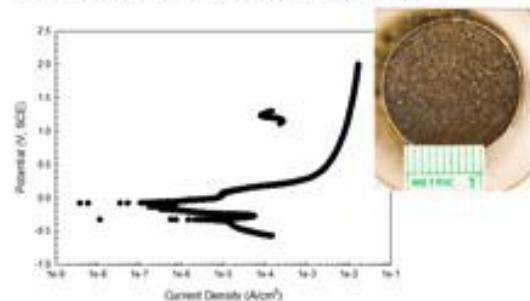
304 SS Presented Significant Pitting. Pits Are 20 to 25 mils in Width and 10 to 12 mils in Depth

304 SS in aqueous solution 5 wt% NaCl at pH 2 HCl room temperature



SSAM Presented Minor Etching With No Significant 3-D Relief

SSAM in aqueous solution 5 wt% NaCl at pH 2 HCl room temperature



OAK RIDGE NATIONAL LABORATORY

**Nano SHIELD Coatings**  
Super Hard InExpensive Laser Deposited  
Coatings Based on Nano Technology

Disc Cutter  
NanoSHIELD Coating

Only coating in over 25 years to dramatically extend  
the life of disc cutters!



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# CermaCladding Amorphous Coating on Pipe for O&G

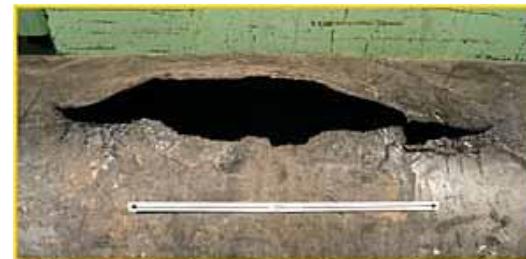
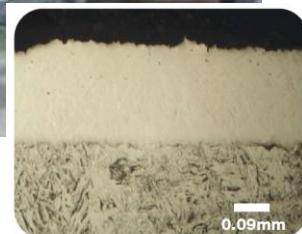
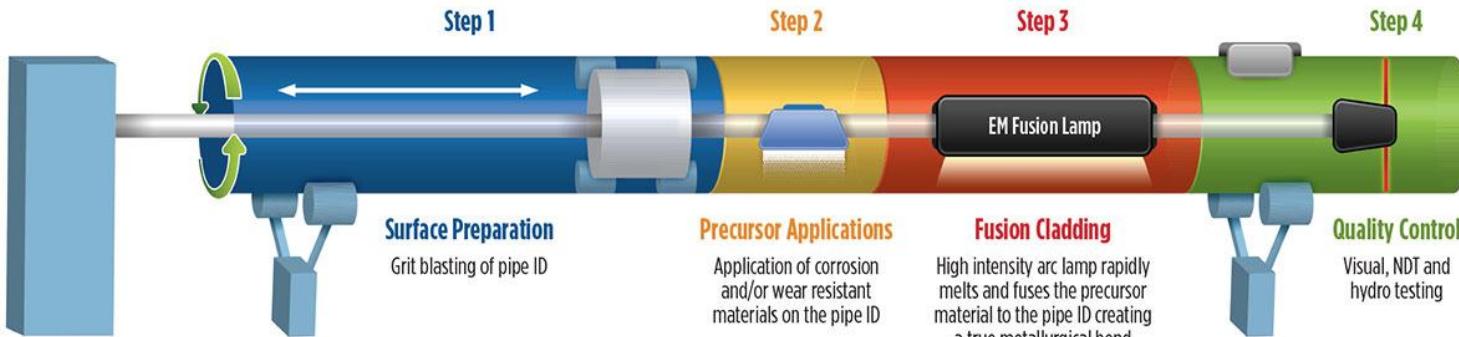
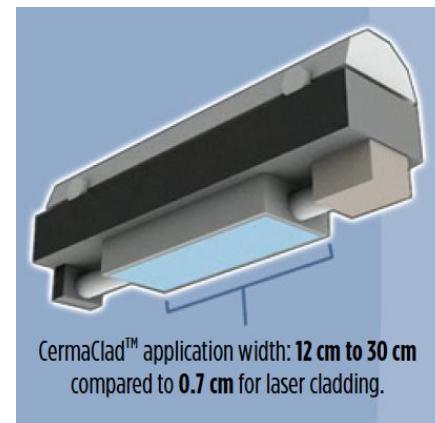


Fig. 7 — Left, alloy 316 cladding on carbon steel. Right, structurally amorphous metal alloy NC8.

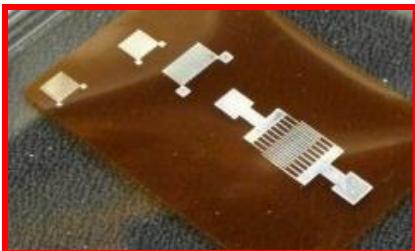
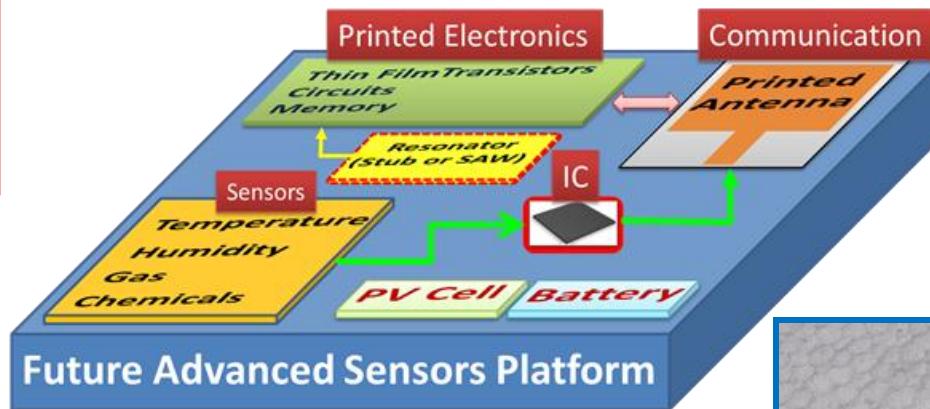
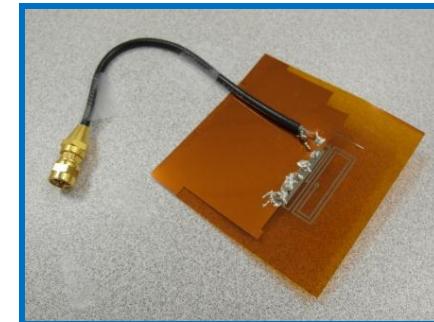
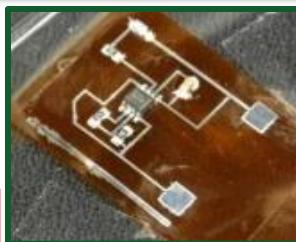
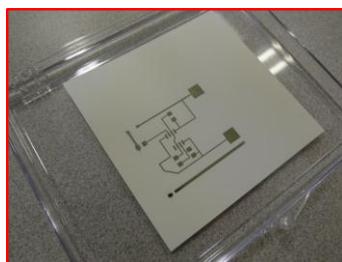
## CermaClad™ Seamless, Metallurgically Clad CRA Pipes *Application to Pipe Interior Surface*



# Low-Cost, Multi-Sensor Wireless Platform: Current Focus on SMART Buildings

Current wireless  
sensor Platform: \$150-  
\$300/node

Proposed Advanced  
Sensors Platform: \$1-  
\$10/node



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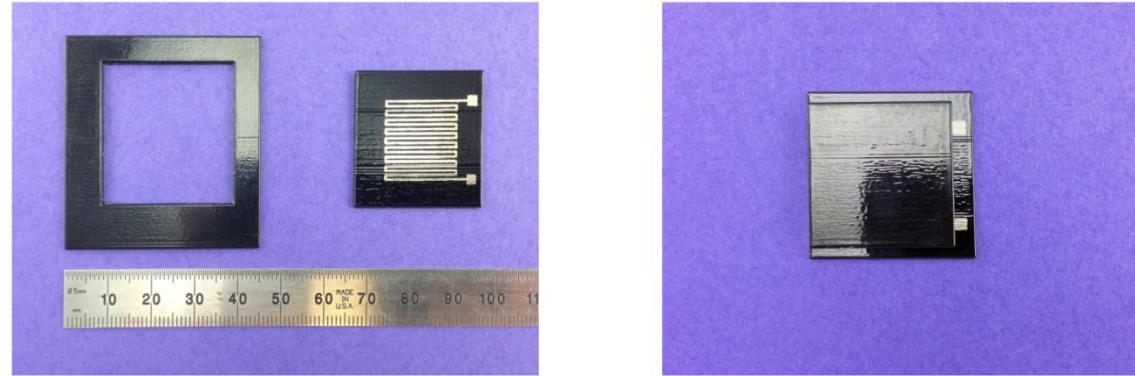
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# Multi-function Material Systems

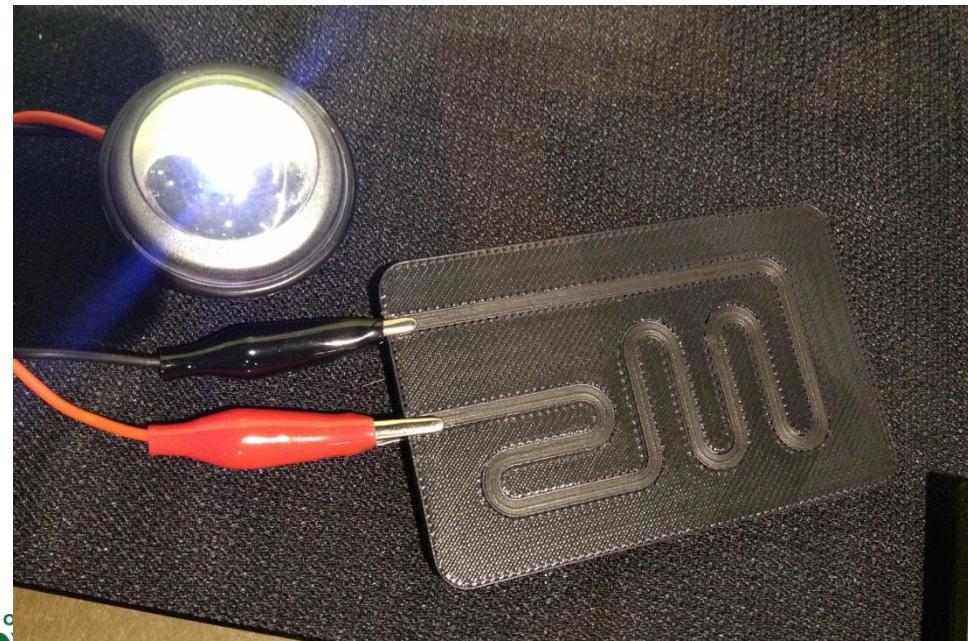
## Manufacturing Systems

Integrate Functionality into Structure

- Electrical Circuits
- Sensors
- Communication
- Energy Generation
- Energy Storage

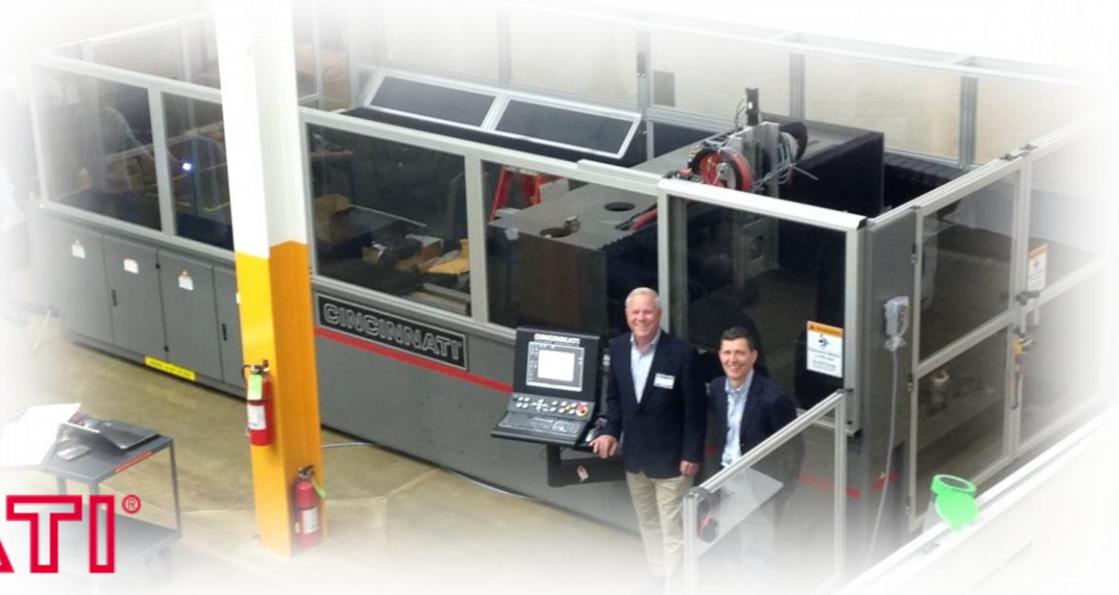


Successfully embedded printed strain gauge within an AM structure



# Big Area Additive Manufacturing

**BAAMCI**  
BIG AREA ADDITIVE MANUFACTURING

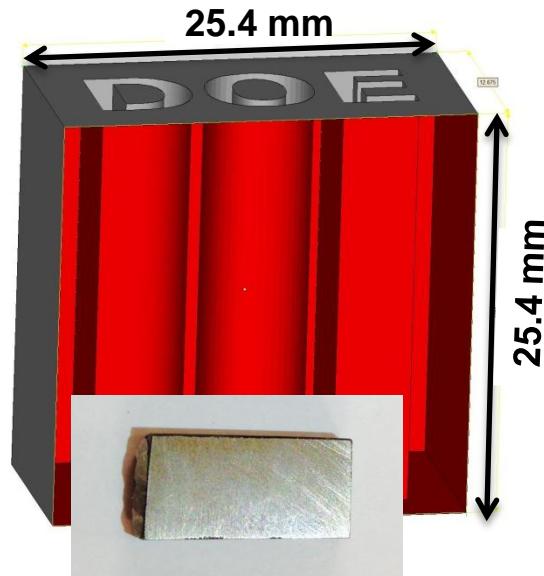


**CINCINNATI®**  
CINCINNATI INCORPORATED

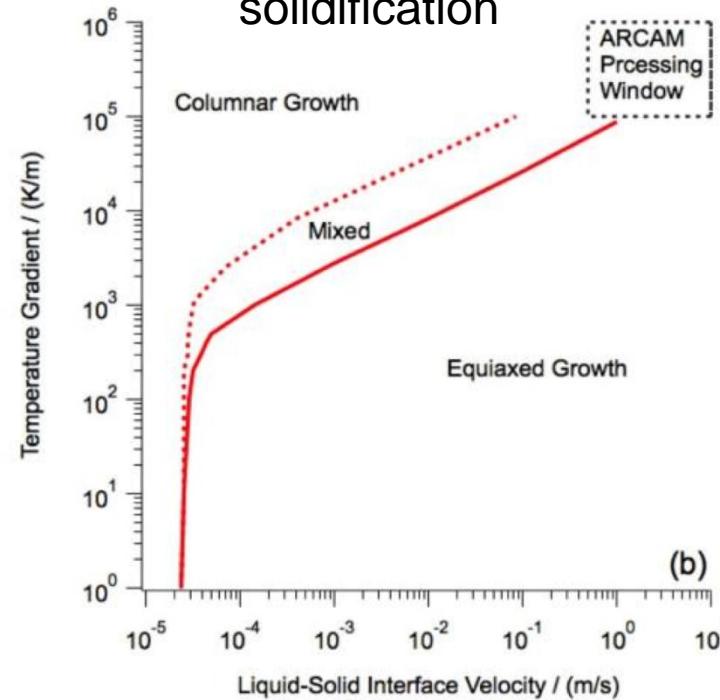


# Materials By Design: Ability to Control Local Microstructure in a Component

- Utilized well understood solidification behavior to locally control microstructure, properties
- Can we extend this to full scale components for topology/ property optimization, i.e. can we control fracture path, toughness, fatigue properties locally



Modify Processing Parameters to alter solidification



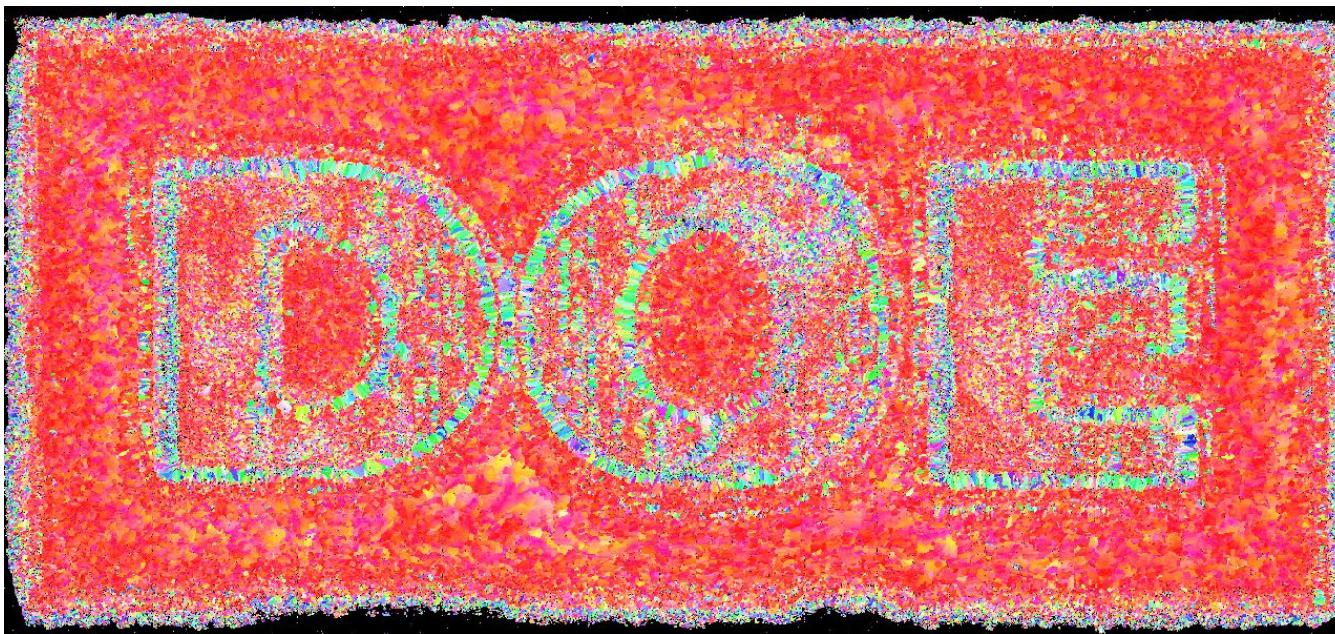
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