



# NYISO Update

For the 2012 National Electric Transmission Congestion Study

### John P. Buechler

Executive Regulatory Policy Advisor New York Independent System Operator

### **DOE Regional Workshop**

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## Outline

- DOE 2009 Congestion Study
- NYISO Updates for 2012 Study
  - Congestion Metrics
  - Decline in Load Growth
- Factors Impacting Congestion
- Current or "Conditional" Congestion
  - NYISO CARIS Study
- Consequences of Congestion
- Mitigation Options
- Eastern Interconnection Planning Collaborative
- Data Sources and Analyses



## DOE 2009 Congestion Study

- NYISO Comments (Submitted on 6/29/10)
  - NYISO expressed its general agreement with the DOE findings regarding the Mid-Atlantic region
  - The 2009 Study was primarily based on 2007 historic data
    - NYISO noted that congestion in NY had declined in 2009
  - NYISO noted that congestion in NY is <u>not</u> a reliability problem
  - NYISO noted two changes in approach from the 2006 DOE Study, and expressed its support for both:
    - DOE's recognition that all resource options should be considered, that transmission is not the only solution and that not all congestion should be "solved"; and that
    - DOE made good use of the various regional plans and studies that were available in developing the 2009 Study

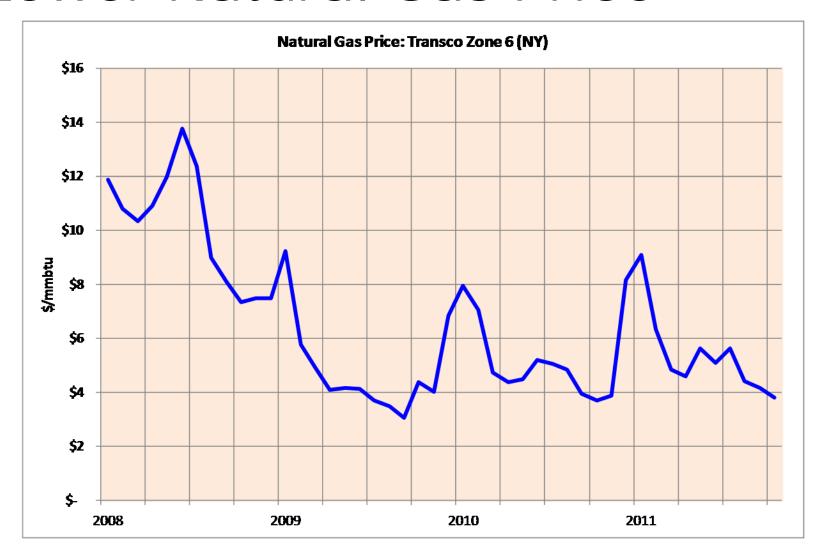


# NYISO Updates for 2012 Study

- Congestion has declined to more normal levels from the high point in 2008
- There are several reasons for this decline:
  - Fuel costs, especially natural gas, have declined significantly
  - Additional resources have been added in eastern and downstate New York
  - Load growth has declined due to the overall economic environment and implementation of statewide conservation measures

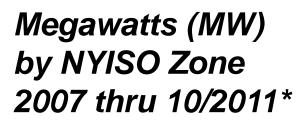


## Lower Natural Gas Price





New Generation



\* Name Plate Ratings

**TOTAL: 2,857 MW** 

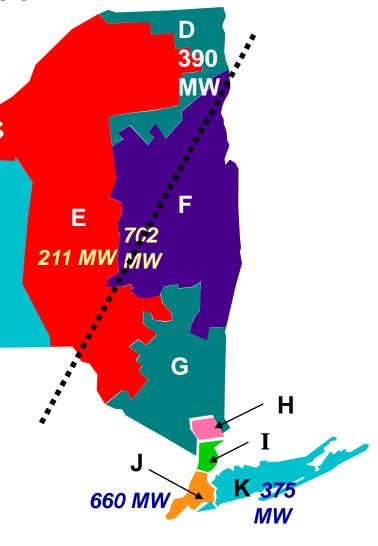
61% (1737 MW) sited below East-West Interface

133

**B** 11 MW

374 MW

95% of new MW above East-West Interface is Wind Generation

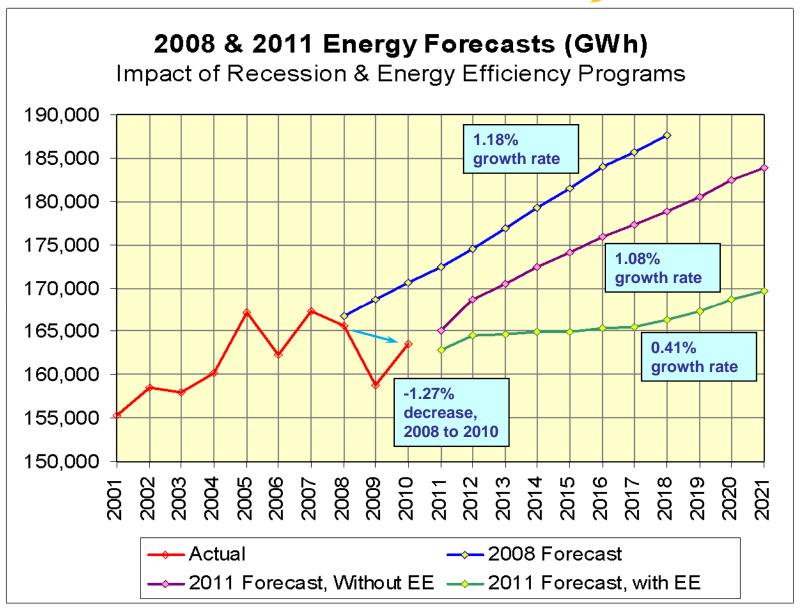




### Decline in Load Growth

- In 2008 Statewide load growth was 1.18%
  - 10-year average annual growth rate of energy
- Recent recession caused a decrease in actual usage from 2008 to 2010 of 1.27%
- NYISO's 2011 load forecast shows:
  - Statewide load growth of 1.08% (w/o EE)
  - 0.1% reduction is attributed to a decline in the economy
  - Statewide load growth of only 0.41% including EE







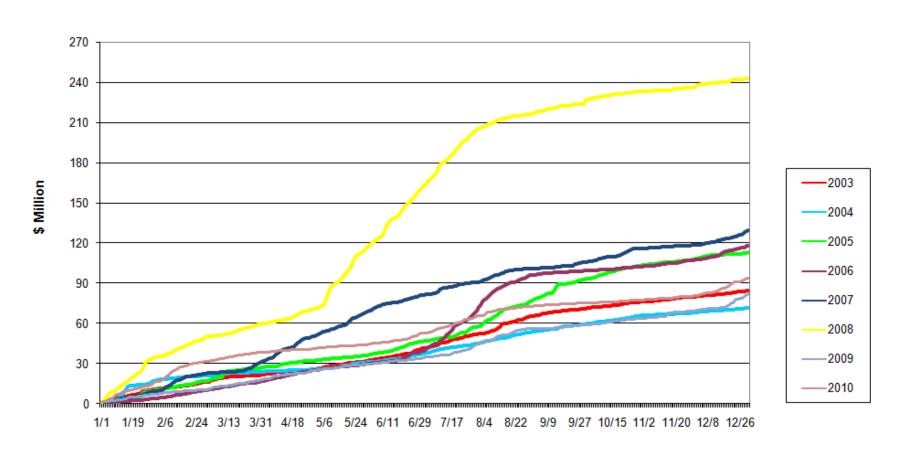
## NYISO Congestion Metrics

- In 2003, the NYISO and its stakeholders developed a methodology for analyzing historic congestion and the specific metrics to be used
- "Bid Production Cost" is the primary metric
  - Measures the "societal benefits"
- Other Metrics are also reported:
  - Unhedged Congestion
  - Generator Payments
  - Unhedged Load Payments
- Each metric is reported daily by zone
- Congestion data is posted on the NYISO website, at: <a href="https://www.nyiso.com/public/services/planning/congestion\_cost.jsp">https://www.nyiso.com/public/services/planning/congestion\_cost.jsp</a>



# Cumulative Congestion

#### Comparative Cumulative Congestion -- BPC impact





## Annual Congestion Impact

### **Annual 2010 Total Congestion Impact - Mitigated Bids (\$ M)**

Zone	BPC mitig	Unhedged Cong	Gener pay	Unhedged load pay
CAPITL	16.42	37.90	7.74	-17.75
CENTRL	-49.72	5.75	-176.06	-70.47
DUNWOD	0.00	46.93	0.09	10.93
GENESE	-2.38	1.85	-28.95	-48.89
HQ	-40.71	-6.37	-87.84	-5.03
HUDVL	2.94	-54.02	9.43	-117.41
LONGIL	104.93	264.75	190.40	133.96
MHKVL	-8.48	-2.65	-20.94	-36.96
MILLWD	0.00	-25.24	15.59	-42.51
N.Y.C.	111.55	362.38	164.90	77.09
NORTH	-7.69	1.13	-49.12	-17.72
NPX	24.77	7.11	28.59	-19.96
OH	-38.26	-4.27	-43.68	-0.40
PJM	-2.09	1.77	11.63	-12.99
WEST	-17.35	3.17	-138.24	-60.94
Totals	93.92	640.20	-116.45	-229.06
Sched1 & Shortfall Adj				-112.61
NYCA Total	93.92	640.20	-116.45	-116.45



## Constraint Summary

### **2010 Annual Constraint Summary**

Monitored Facility	% of annual total	cumulative % of annual total
CENTRAL EAST - VC	45.2	45.2
PLSNTVLY 345 LEEDS 345 1	22.8	68.0
DUNWODIE 345 SHORE_RD 345 1	14.5	82.5
LEEDS 345 N.SCTLND 345 1	3.1	85.6
SPRNBRK 345 EGRDNCTR 345 1	1.9	87.6
GREENWD 138 VERNON 138 1	1.7	89.2
MOTTHAVN 345 DUNWODIE 345 1	1.3	90.5
RAINEY 138 VERNON 138 1	1.2	91.7
RAMAPO 345 ROCKTVRN 345 1	1.2	92.9
MOTTHAVN 345 DUNWODIE 345 2	1.1	93.9
MOTTHAVN 345 RAINEY 345 1	1.0	94.9
MOTTHAVN 345 RAINEY 345 2	0.8	95.7
GREENWD 138 KENTAVE 138 1	0.7	96.4
EGRDNCTY 345 EGRDNCTY 138 1	0.5	96.9
GOWANUSS 138 GREENWD 138 1	0.5	97.4
W49TH_ST 345 SPRNBRK 345 1	0.3	97.7
LEEDS 345 HURLYAVE 345 1	0.3	98.0
COOPERS 345 FRASER 345 1	0.3	98.3
SCH - PJ - NY	0.3	98.6
DUNWODIE 345 PLSNTVLE 345 1	0.3	98.8
EFISHKIL 345 PLSNTVLY 345 1	0.2	99.0

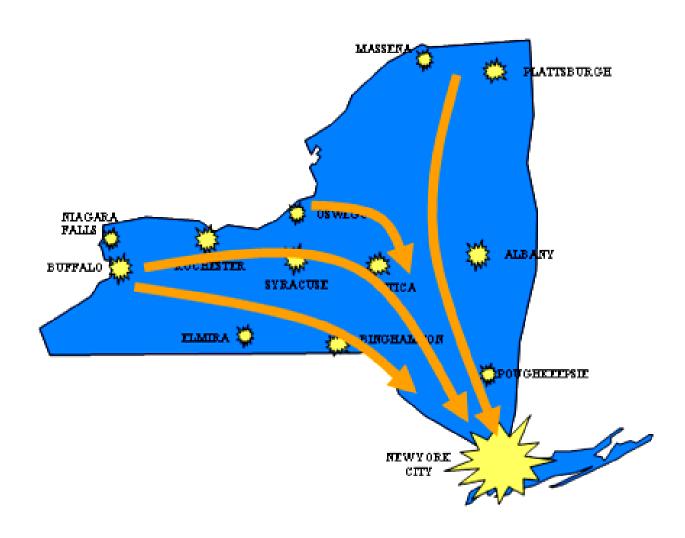


# Factors Impacting Congestion

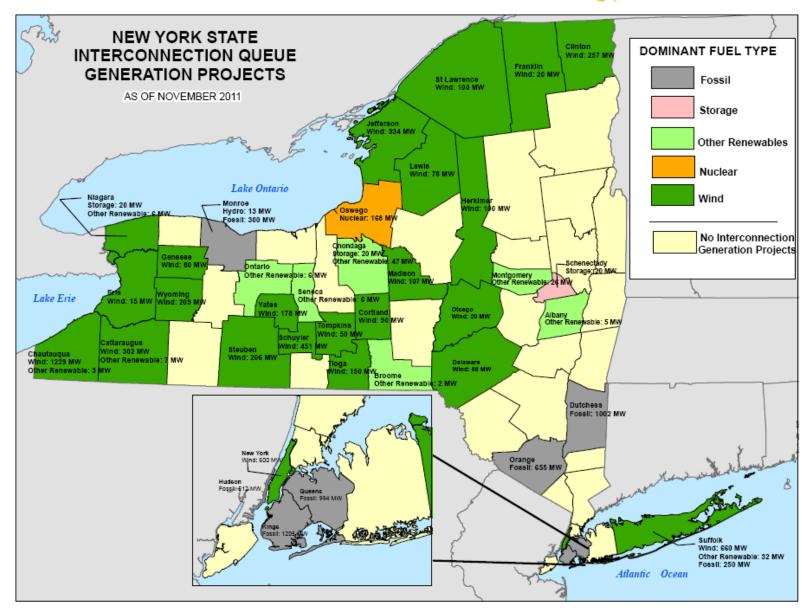
- Impact of the economic downturn and slow recovery on load growth projections
- Stable fuel price projections
  - Increase in shale gas production in the NE
- New generation additions in eastern and downstate regions
- New wind generation typically located in Northern and Western regions of the state
- Impact of statewide energy conservation programs
- Proposed transmission additions, including:
  - Hudson Transmission Partners: 660MW DC/330MW capacity
  - Champlain Hudson Power Express: 1000MW DC
  - Transmission Owners' projects (Ref: 2011 NYISO Gold Book)



## **Bulk Power Flows**









# Wind: A Future Congestion Challenge for NY

- In New York State, wind power development is primarily occurring in the North and West, while load centers are in the Southeast
  - Currently 1,348 MW of wind are interconnected
  - Another 5,755 MW of wind are in the interconnection queue





# Current or "Conditional" Congestion

- NYISO's economic planning process (CARIS) identifies the most congested interfaces in the State based upon historic & 10-year projections
- CARIS evaluates the benefits and costs of generic solutions, including generation, transmission and demand response
- Also includes scenario analysis
  - To identify "Conditional congestion"
- 2011 CARIS study is scheduled for completion in the first quarter of 2012



### Potential Risks

- There are a number of potential factors that may impact both reliability as well as the level of congestion in New York over the coming years, including:
  - Impact of pending environmental regulations which may lead to the retirement of generation in critical locations on the system
  - Possibility that the Indian Point Nuclear Plant may shut down at the expiration of its current operating license in 2015
    - This would remove over 2000 MW of supply from the downstate region



# Consequences of Congestion

- The potential risks noted above may adversely impact both reliability and congestion in NY
  - NYISO studies these risks in scenario analysis under both its reliability and economic planning processes
- Resource retirements could lead to a reduction in fuel diversity and an increased dependence on natural gas
  - NYISO is engaged in planning a regional study of the electric-gas interdependencies in the Northeast
- NYISO's wholesale market design and its continued market monitoring are adequate to deal with potential market power issues
- NYISO's reliability planning process (CRPP) considers all resources as potential solutions to Reliability Needs



# Consequences (Cont'd)

- NYISO's locational energy and capacity markets provide the appropriate price signals for locating replacement resources in areas which tend to reduce congestion
  - History has demonstrated this to be the case since the beginning of NYISO's operation
- The shut down of the Indian Point Nuclear Plant would likely have significant environmental, economic and reliability impacts for New York
  - According to a Report for the City of New York prepared by Charles River Associates (CRA) issued in August 2011



## Mitigation Options

- Transmission facilities located between upstate and downstate regions
- Generation resources located in or near the major load centers in Southeastern New York
- Demand reduction and/or energy efficiency resources located in the major load centers
- NYISO's reliability planning process (CRPP) is a true "all resource" planning process which treats all resources on a comparable basis and has an express preference for market-based solutions to reliability needs
- NYISO's economic planning process (CARIS) identifies major congestion sources, evaluates generic "all resource" solutions to provide information for the marketplace to propose potential projects



## EIPC & DOE Project

- The NYISO is one of the founding members of the EIPC and is actively involved in the DOE EI Transmission Project
- The DOE Project is focused on the development of transmission options to support resource expansion scenarios resulting from future policy cases developed by the Stakeholder Steering Committee (SSC)
- The results of the DOE Project are expected to provide useful information for consideration in regional planning processes as well as for state and federal public policy makers
- The EIPC analysis is not a congestion study but may provide useful background for the DOE congestion study
- The DOE Project is scheduled for completion in late 2012



## Data & Analysis - NYISO

### 2009 CARIS Report

<u>http://www.nyiso.com/public/webdocs/services/planning/Caris\_Report\_Final/CARIS\_Final\_Report\_1-19-</u>
 10.pdf

#### 2010 Reliability Needs Assessment

 http://www.nyiso.com/public/webdocs/services/planning/reliability assessments/2010 Reliability Needs As sessment Final Report September 2010.pdf

### 2010 Comprehensive Reliability Plan

http://www.nyiso.com/public/webdocs/services/planning/reliability assessments/CRP 2010 FINAL REPORT
 January 11 2011.pdf

#### New York Historic Congestion Data

https://www.nyiso.com/public/services/planning/congestion\_cost.jsp

### 2011 Load & Capacity Report (the "Gold Book")

 http://www.nyiso.com/public/webdocs/services/planning/planning\_data\_reference\_documents/2011\_GoldBo ok Public Final.pdf

#### 2011 Power Trends Report

http://www.nyiso.com/public/webdocs/newsroom/power\_trends/Power\_Trends\_2011.pdf

#### 2010 Wind Generation Study

http://www.nyiso.com/public/webdocs/newsroom/press\_releases/2010/GROWING\_WIND\_ Final\_Report\_of\_the\_NYISO\_2010\_Wind\_Generation\_Study.pdf

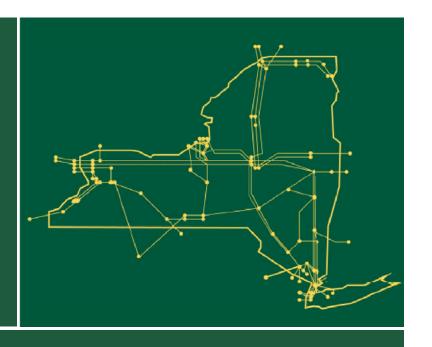


## Data & Analysis - Other

- 2009 Northeast Coordinated System Plan
  - http://www.nyiso.com/public/webdocs/services/planning/ipsac/ncsp 09\_final.pdf
  - 2011 NCSP scheduled for completion in 2<sup>nd</sup> Qtr 2012
- Indian Point Retirement Study
  - Conducted by Charles River Associates (CRA) for New York City
    Department of Environmental Protection, August 2011
    - http://www.nyc.gov/html/dep/pdf/energy/final\_report\_d16322\_2011-08-02.pdf
- New York State Transmission Assessment and Reliability Study (STARS)
  - Conducted by the NY Transmission Owners with assistance from the NYISO to investigating long-term transmission system needs
  - Phase I: Condition & reliability assessments completed January 2010
    <a href="http://www.nyiso.com/public/webdocs/services/planning/stars/Phase\_1\_Final\_Report\_1\_13\_2010.pdf">http://www.nyiso.com/public/webdocs/services/planning/stars/Phase\_1\_Final\_Report\_1\_13\_2010.pdf</a>
  - Phase II: Evaluation of economic alternatives scheduled for Q1 2012
- Eastern Interconnection Planning Collaborative (EIPC)
  - http://eipconline.com/



The New York Independent System Operator (NYISO) is a not-for-profit corporation responsible for operating the state's bulk electricity grid, administering New York's competitive wholesale electricity markets, conducting comprehensive long-term planning for the state's electric power system, and advancing the technological infrastructure of the electric system serving the Empire State.



## www.nyiso.com