



High Value Roll-to-Roll Manufacturing Workshop

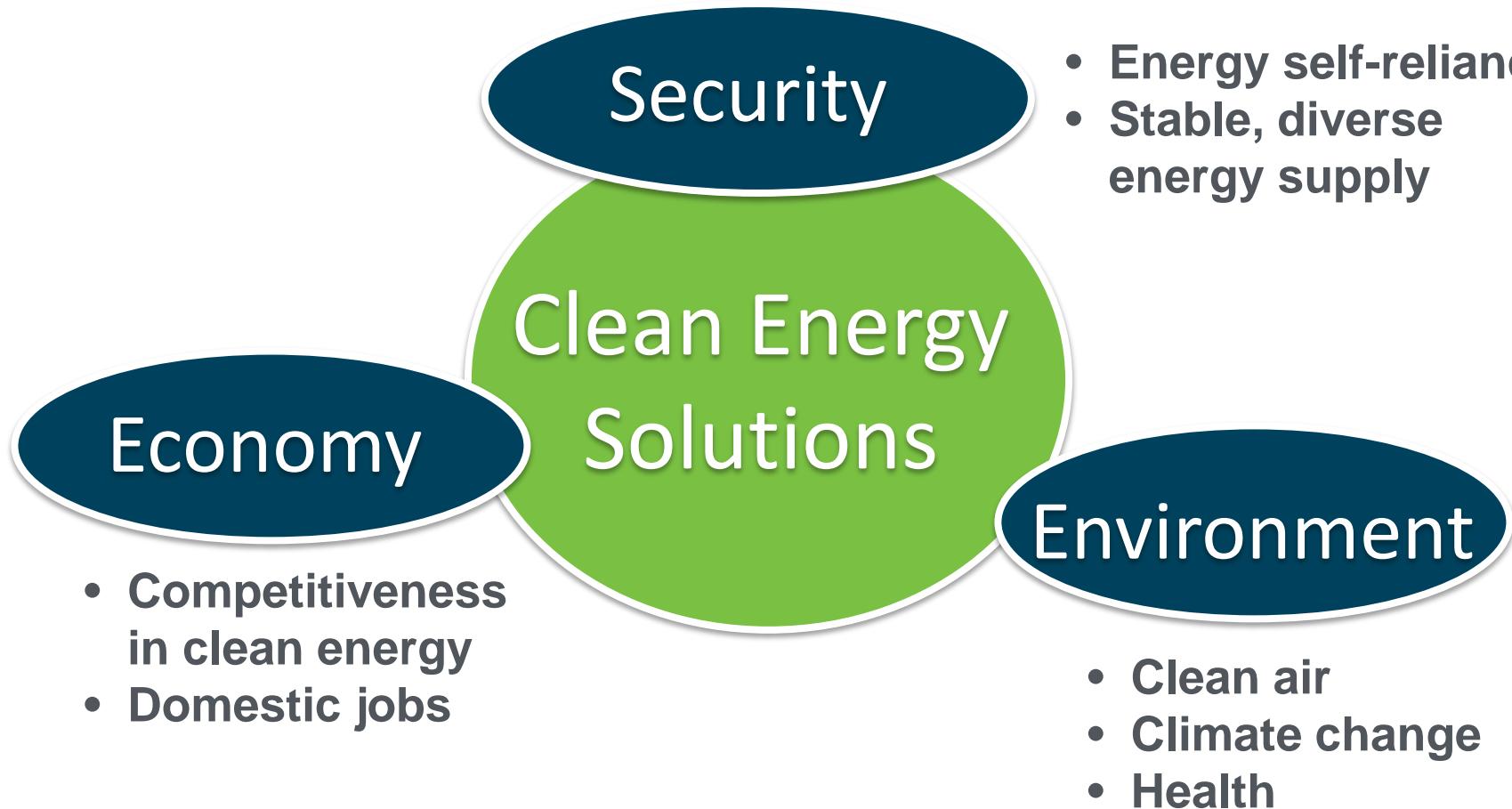
December 2, 2015

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
ENERGY

Energy Efficiency &
Renewable Energy

Mark Johnson
Director
Advanced Manufacturing Office
www.manufacturing.energy.gov

Clean Energy and Manufacturing: Nexus of Opportunities



Clean Energy Manufacturing

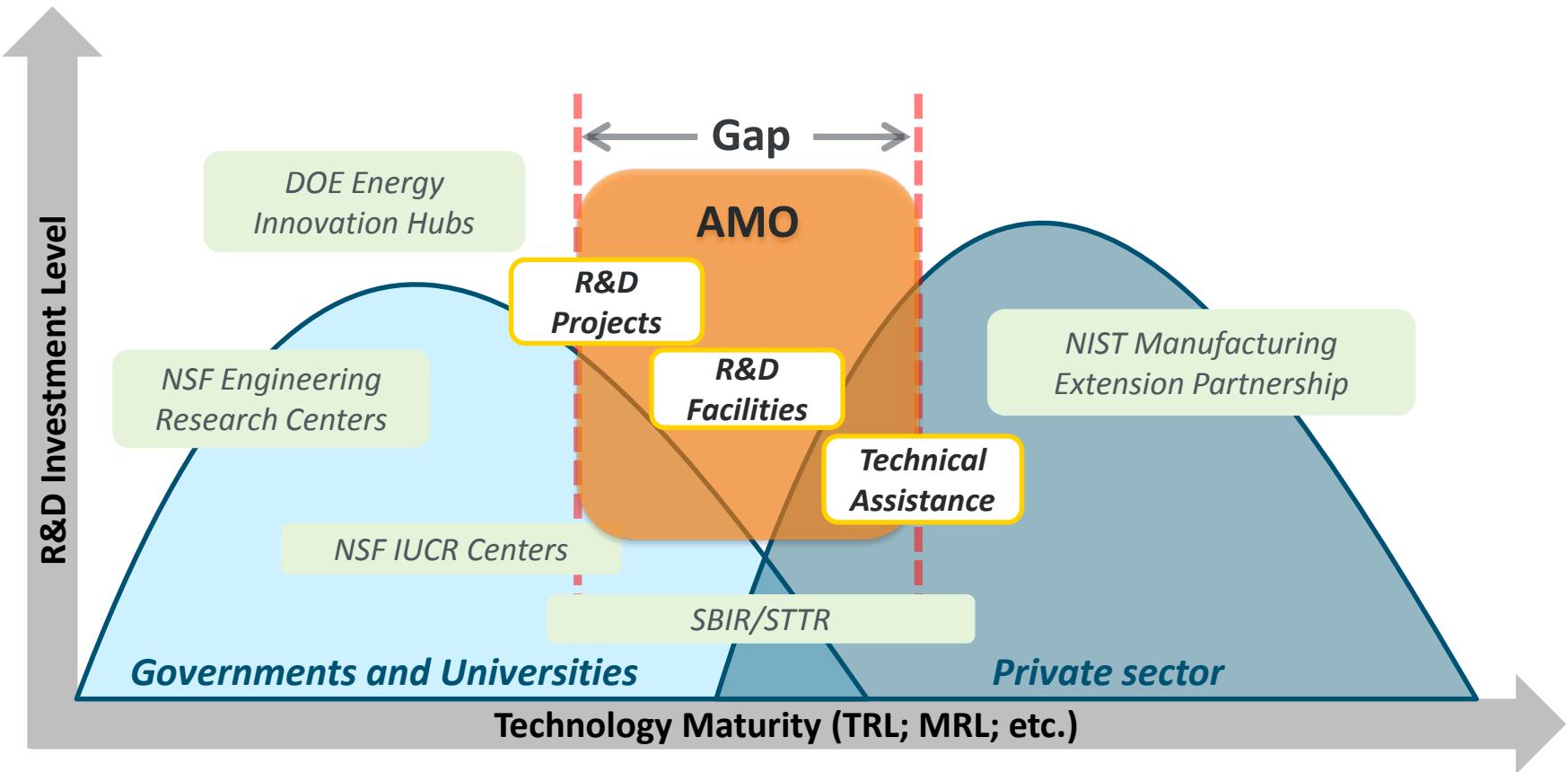
Making Products which Reduce Impact on Environment

Advanced Manufacturing

Making Products with Technology as Competitive Difference

Bridging the Gap to Manufacturing

AMO: Advanced Manufacturing Office

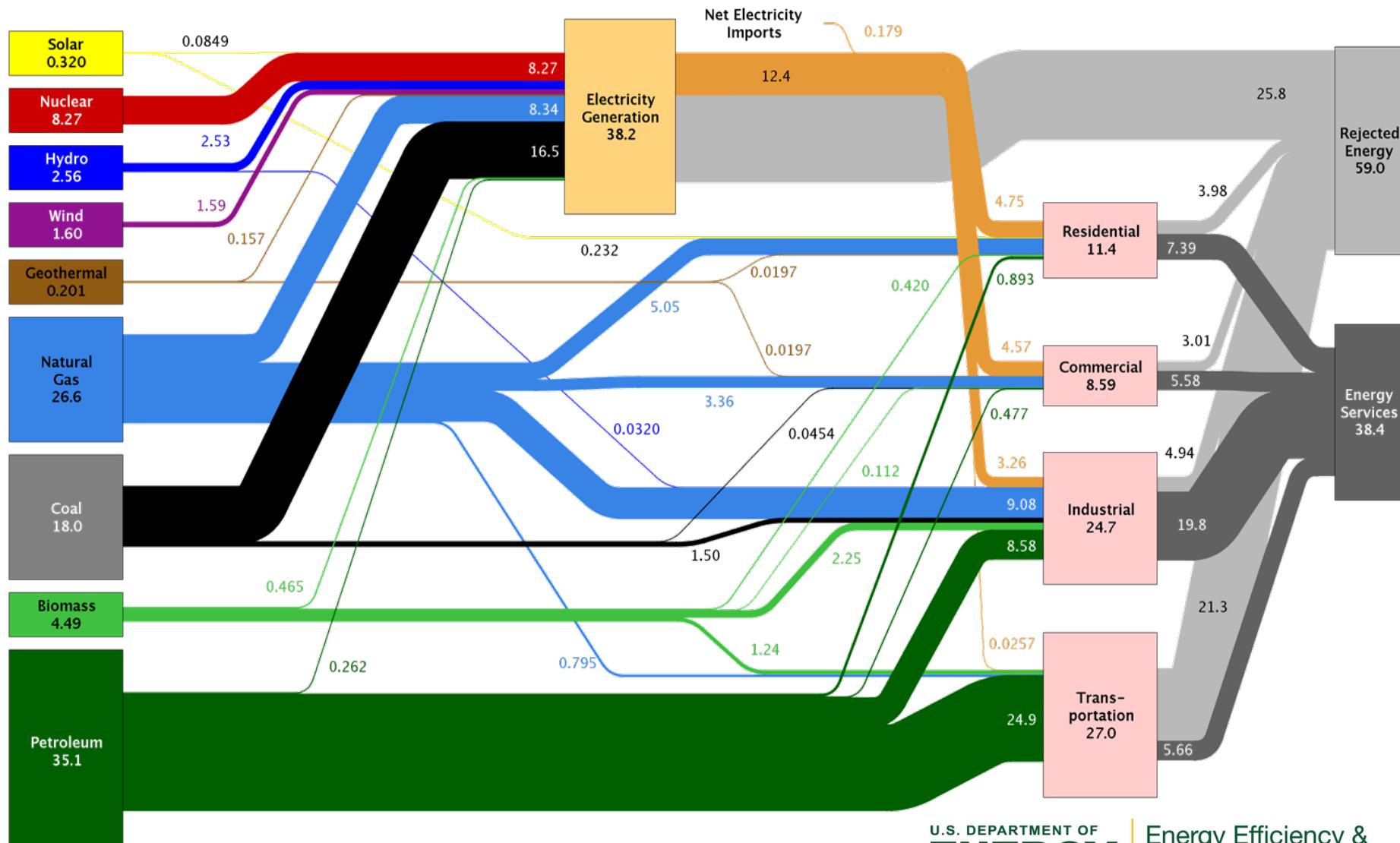


Concept → Proof of Concept → Lab scale development → Demonstration and scale-up → Product Commercialization

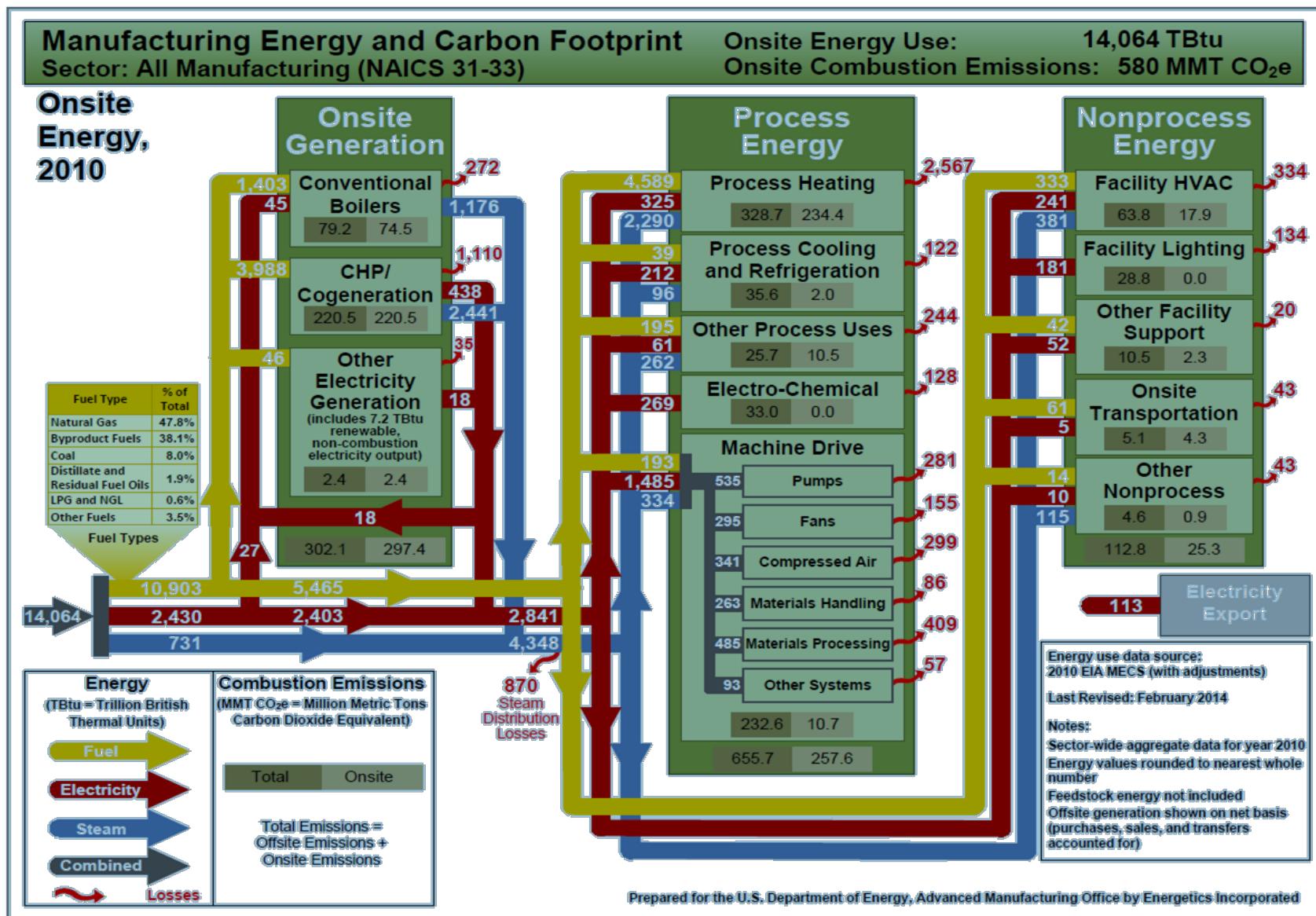
Energy Consumption by Sector

Estimated U.S. Energy Use in 2013: ~97.4 Quads

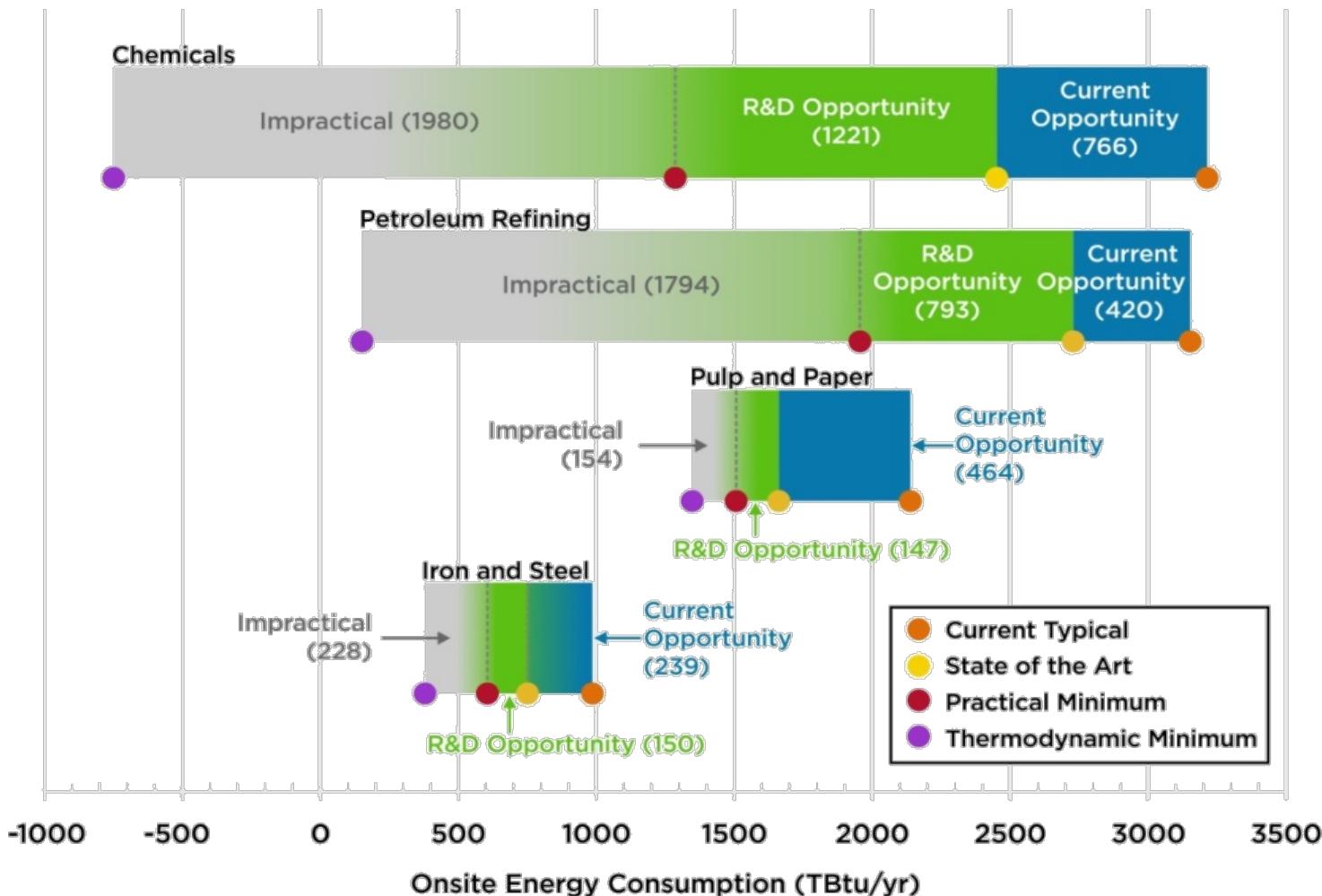
 Lawrence Livermore
National Laboratory



Deeper Look at Energy in Manufacturing



Bandwidth Studies: Energy Savings Potentials



Current opportunities represent energy savings that could be achieved by deploying the most energy-efficient commercial technologies available worldwide. R&D opportunities represent potential savings that could be attained through successful deployment of applied R&D technologies under development worldwide

Energy Intensive Industries

Primary Metals
1608 BTU



Petroleum Refining
6137 BTU



Chemicals
4995 BTU



Wood Pulp & Paper
2109 BTU



Glass & Cement
716 BTU



Food Processing
1162 BTU



Processes for Clean Energy Materials & Technologies

Energy Dependence: Energy Cost Considered in Competitive Manufacturing

Solar PV Cell



Carbon Fibers



Light Emitting Diodes



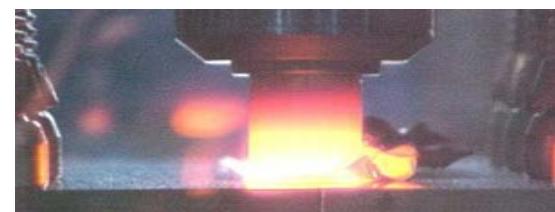
Electro-Chromic Coatings



Membranes

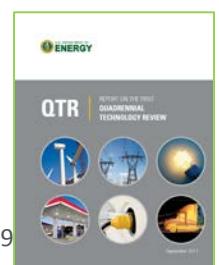
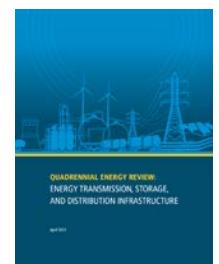


EV Batteries



Multi-Material Joining

Advanced Manufacturing – Strategic Inputs



Climate Action Plan
(EOP / CEQ / OSTP 2014)

Advanced Manufacturing
Partnership (AMP2.0)
(NEC / PCAST / OSTP 2014)

Quadrennial Energy Review
(DOE / EPSA 2015)

Quadrennial Technology Review
(DOE / Science and Technology 2015)

**1) Broadly Applicable
Efficiency Technologies for
Energy Intensive and Energy
Dependent Manufacturing**

**2) Platform Materials & Processes Technologies for
Manufacturing Clean Energy
Technologies**

DOE QTR: Manufacturing Technology

Efficiency Technologies

(4) Flow of Material thru Industry
(Sustainable Manufacturing)

(3) Combined Heat
and Power

(3) Waste Heat
Recovery

(1) Advanced Sensors,
Controls, Modeling
& Platforms

(2) Process
Heating

(2) Process
Intensification

Critical
Materials (6)

Direct Energy Conversion Materials
(Magnetocaloric, Thermoelectric, etc) (5)

Wide Bandgap Power
Electronics (10, 11)

Materials for Harsh
Service Conditions (5)

Advanced Materials &
their Manufacture (5)

Additive
Manufacturing (8)

Composite
Materials (7)

Roll-to-Roll
Processing (9)

Enabling Platform Technologies

Information & Data

Energy & Resource
Management

Processes

Advanced Manufacturing
Processes

Materials

Materials Development

Advanced Manufacturing Topical Priorities

Efficiency Technologies for Manufacturing Processes (Energy, CO₂)

- (1) Advanced Sensors, Controls, Modeling and Platforms (HPC, Smart Manf.)
- (2) Advanced Process Intensification
- (3) Grid Integration of Manufacturing (CHP and DR)
- (4) Sustainable Manufacturing (Water-Energy, New Fuels & Feedstocks)

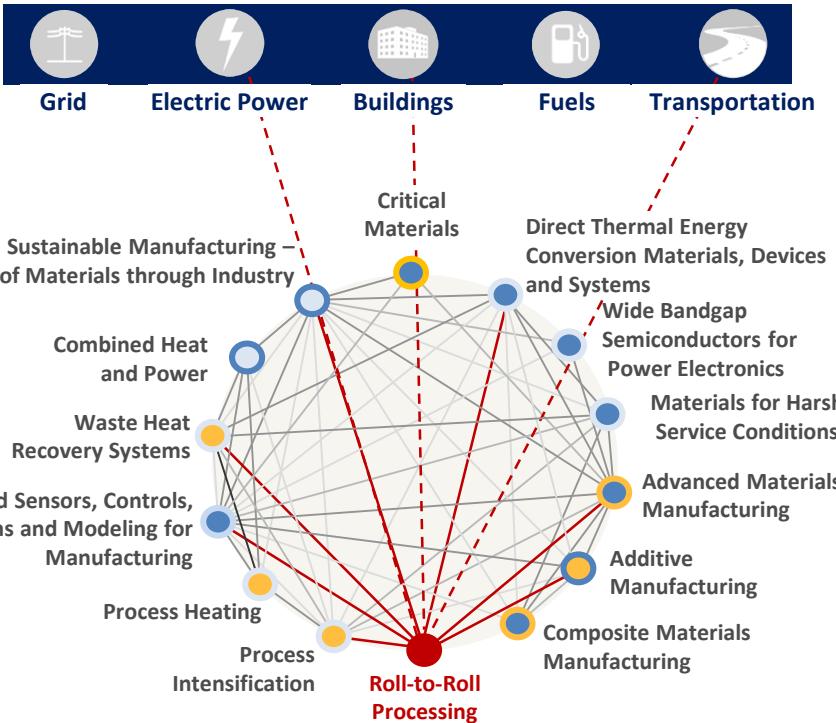
Platform Materials & Technologies for Clean Energy Applications

- (5) Advanced Materials Manufacturing
(incl: Extreme Mat'l., Conversion Mat'l, etc.)
- (6) Critical Materials
- (7) Advanced Composites & Lightweight Materials
- (8) 3D Printing / Additive Manufacturing
- (9) 2D Manufacturing / Roll-to-Roll Processes 
- (10) Wide Bandgap Power Electronics
- (11) Next Generation Electric Machines (NGEM)

QTR Manufacturing Focus Areas Mapped to Advanced Manufacturing
Topical Areas for Technology Development

Roll-to-Roll Processing

Connections to other QTR Chapters and Technology Assessments



Key Extra-Chapter Connections

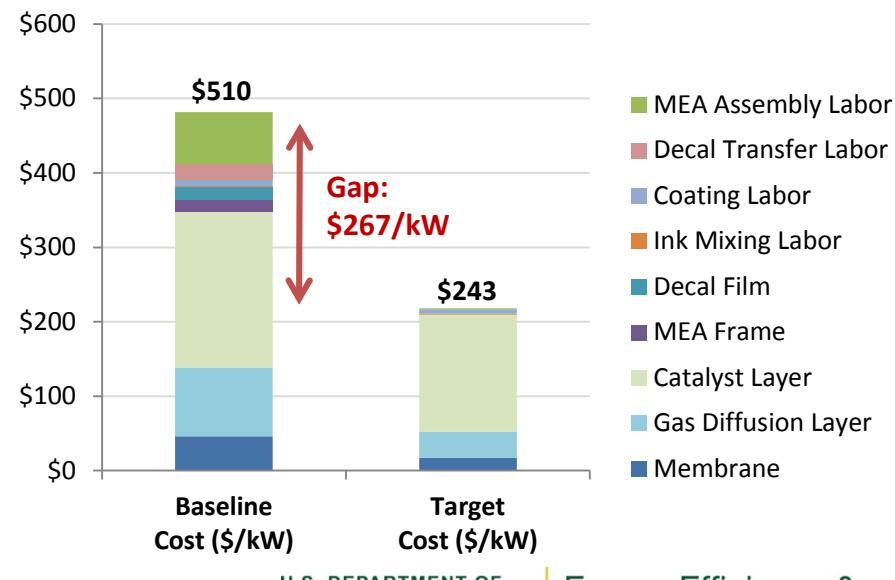
- Electric Power: *flexible solar panels*
- Buildings: *window insulation films*
- Transportation: *battery electrodes*

Ch. 6 – Roll-to-Roll Processing Technology Assessment

Scope

- Roll-to-roll (R2R) applications such as flexible solar panels, printed electronics, thin film batteries, and membranes
- Deposition processes such as evaporation, sputtering, chemical vapor deposition, and atomic layer deposition
- Metrology for inspection and quality control

Strategy for meeting cost targets for automotive fuel cell membrane electrode assembly using roll-to-roll processing techniques*



*Source: Manufacturing Fuel Cell Manhattan Project, presented by the Benchmarking and Best Practices Center of Excellence, Office of Naval Research, ACI Technologies, 2012.

Modalities of Support

Technology Assistance: (Dissemination of Knowledge)

Better Plants, ISO-50001 / SEP, Industrial Assessment Centers, Combined Heat and Power Tech Assistance Centers, Energy Management Tools & Training

Technology Development Facilities: (Innovation Consortia)

Critical Materials Hub, Manufacturing Demonstration Facility (Additive), Power America NNMI, IACMI NNMI, CyclotronRoad, HPC4Manufacturing

Technology Development Projects: (Individual R&D Projects)

Individual Projects Spanning AMO R&D Space - University, Small Business, Large Business and National Labs. Each a Project Partnership (Cooperative Agreement).

Shared R&D Facilities & Consortia

Address market disaggregation to rebuild the industrial commons

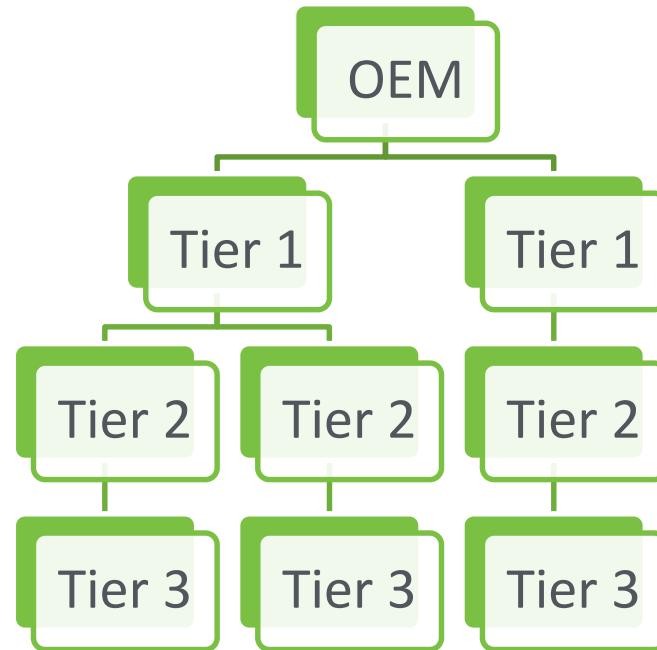
Then



Ford River Rouge Complex, 1920s

Photo: Library of Congress, Prints & Photographs Division,
Detroit Publishing Company Collection, det 4a25915.

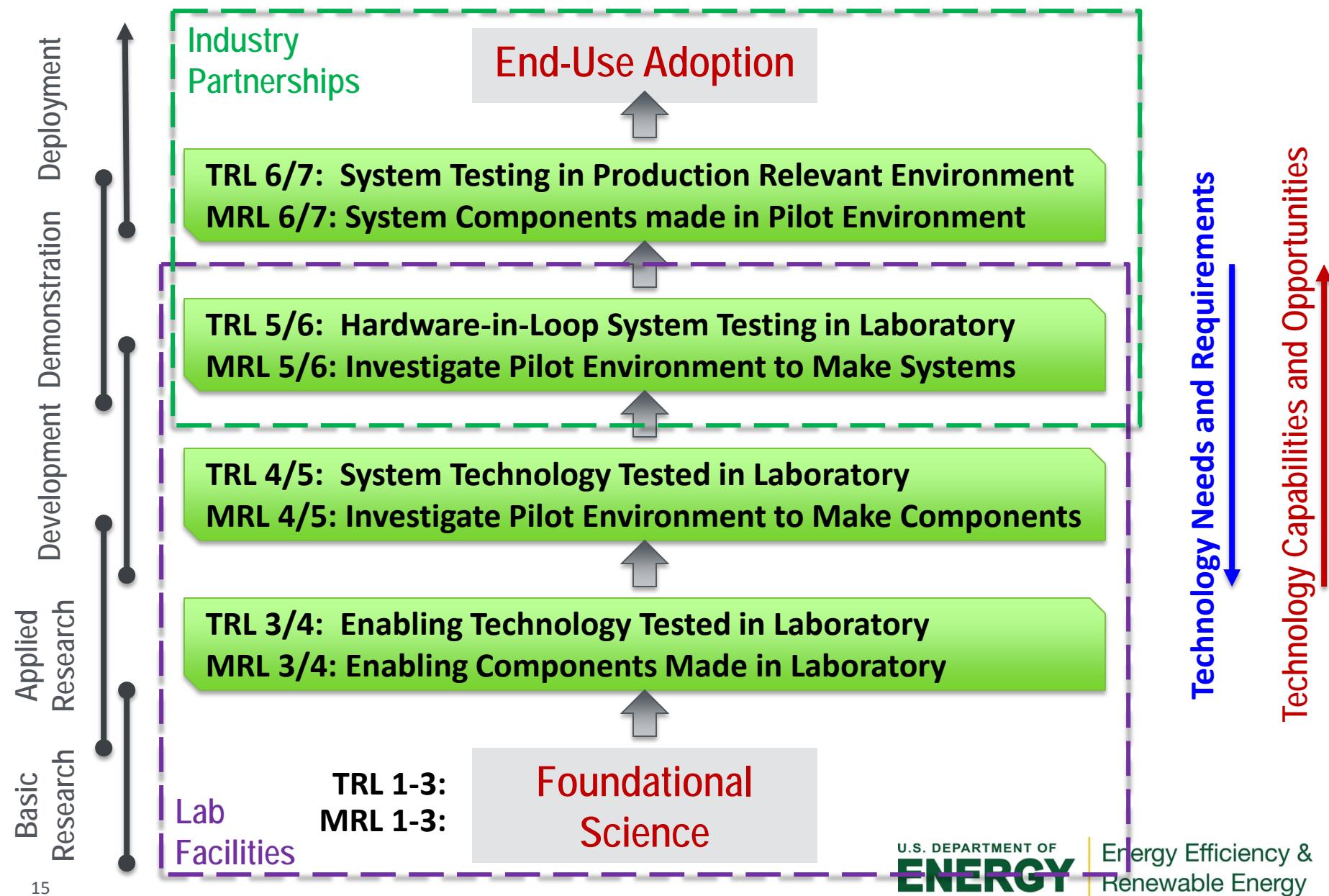
Now



How could we get innovation into manufacturing today?

- RD&D Consortia based Eco-Systems
- Public-private partnership to scale

Manufacturing Technology Maturation





Accelerating
Energy
Innovations

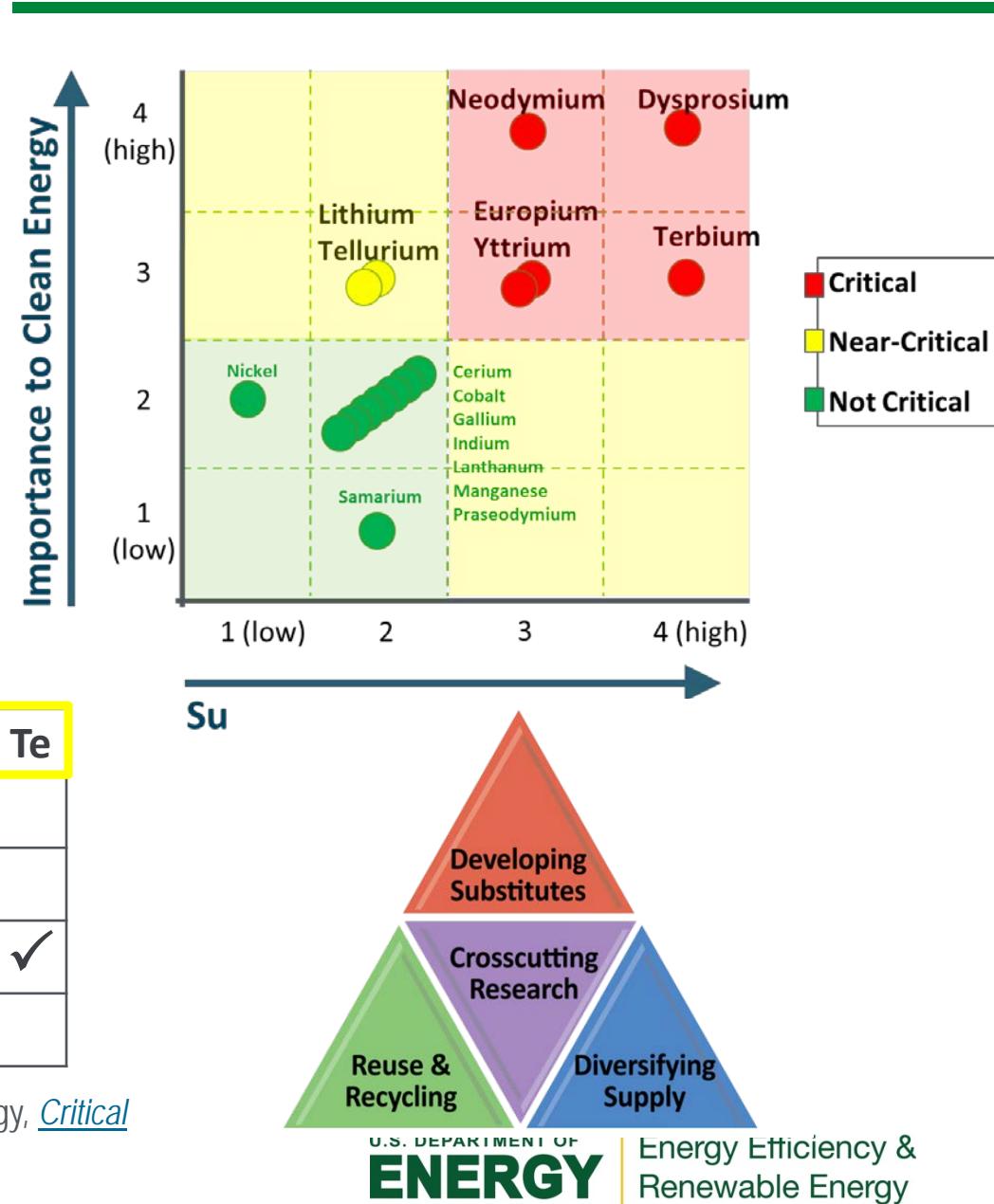
Critical Materials Institute

A DOE Energy Innovation Hub

- Consortium of 7 companies, 6 universities, and 4 national laboratories
- Led by Ames National Laboratory

	Dy	Eu	Nd	Tb	Y	Li	Te
Lighting		✓		✓	✓		
Vehicles	✓		✓			✓	
Solar PV							✓
Wind	✓		✓				

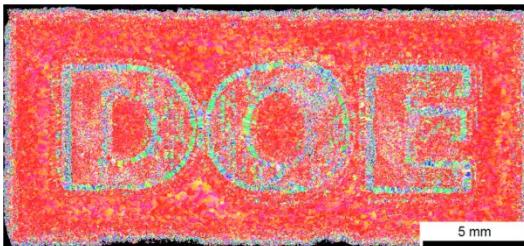
Critical Materials - as defined by U.S. Department of Energy, [Critical Materials Strategy](#), 2011.



Manufacturing Demonstration Facility

Supercomputing
Capabilities

Spallation Neutron
Source



America Makes

Additive Manufacturing

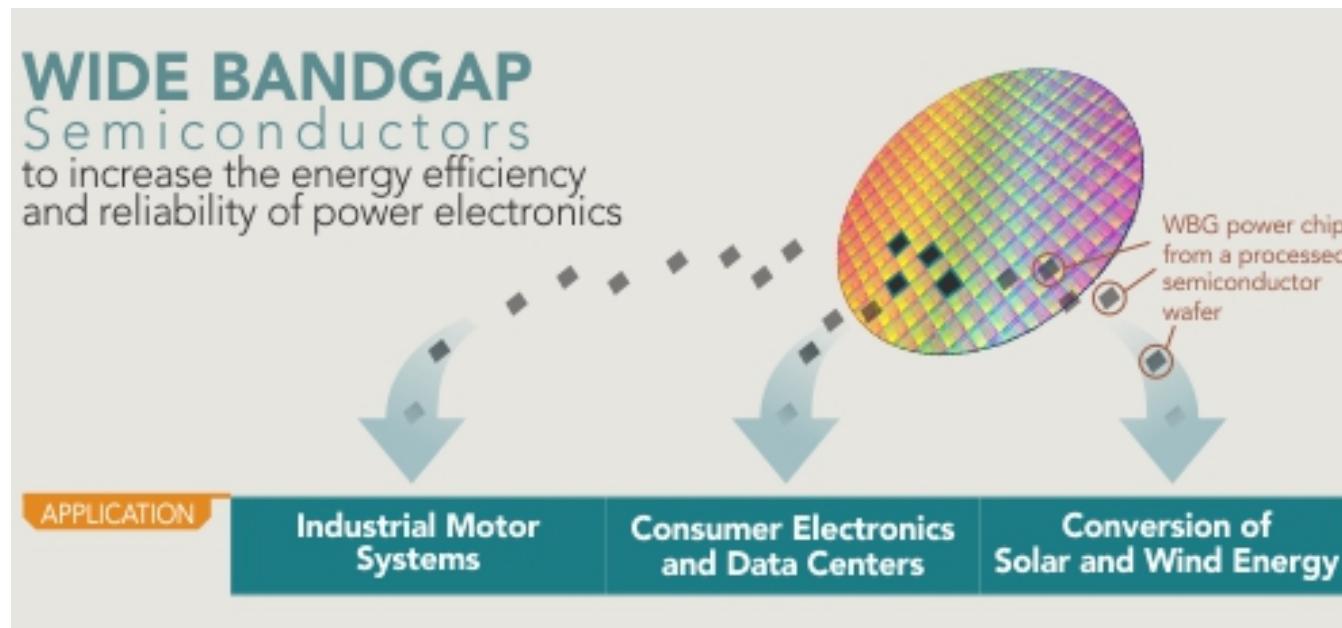


Arcam electron beam
processing AM equipment



POM laser processing AM
equipment

Program goal is to accelerate the manufacturing capability of a multitude of AM technologies utilizing various materials from metals to polymers to composites.



Institute Mission:
Develop advanced manufacturing processes that will enable large-scale production of wide bandgap semiconductors

- Higher temps, voltages, frequency, and power loads (compared to Silicon)
- Smaller, lighter, faster, and more reliable power electronic components
- \$3.3 B market opportunity by 2020.¹
- Opportunity to maintain U.S. technological lead in WBG

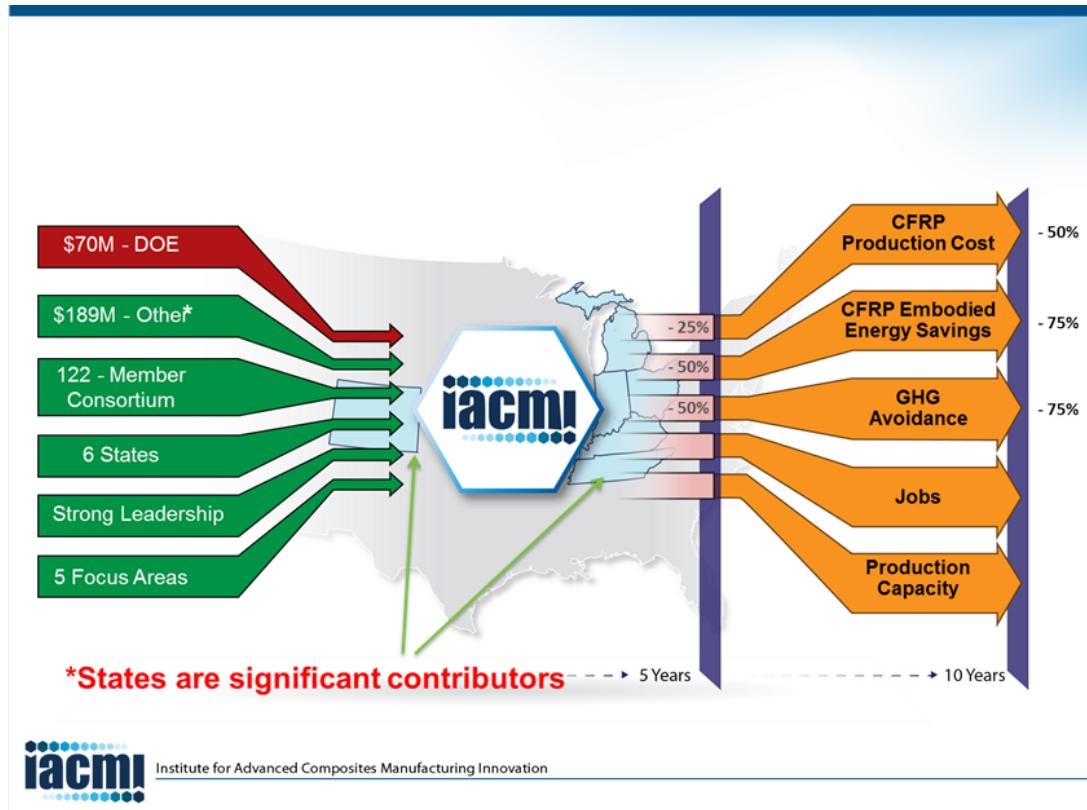
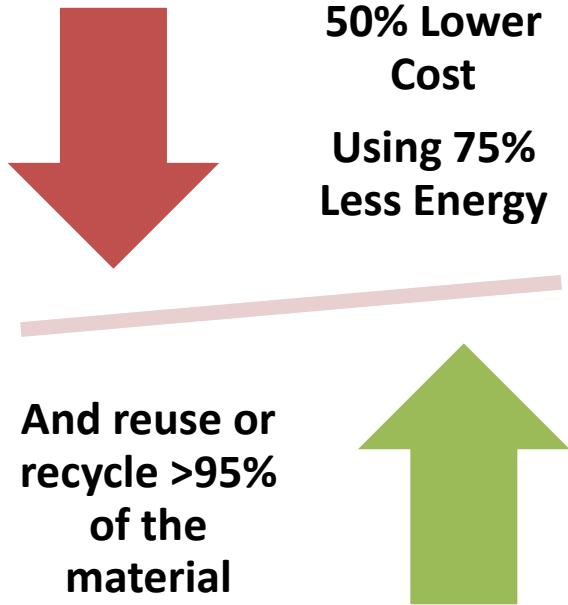
Poised to revolutionize the energy efficiency of electric power control and conversion

¹ Lux Research, 2012.

Institute for Advanced Composite Materials Innovation (IACMI)

Objective

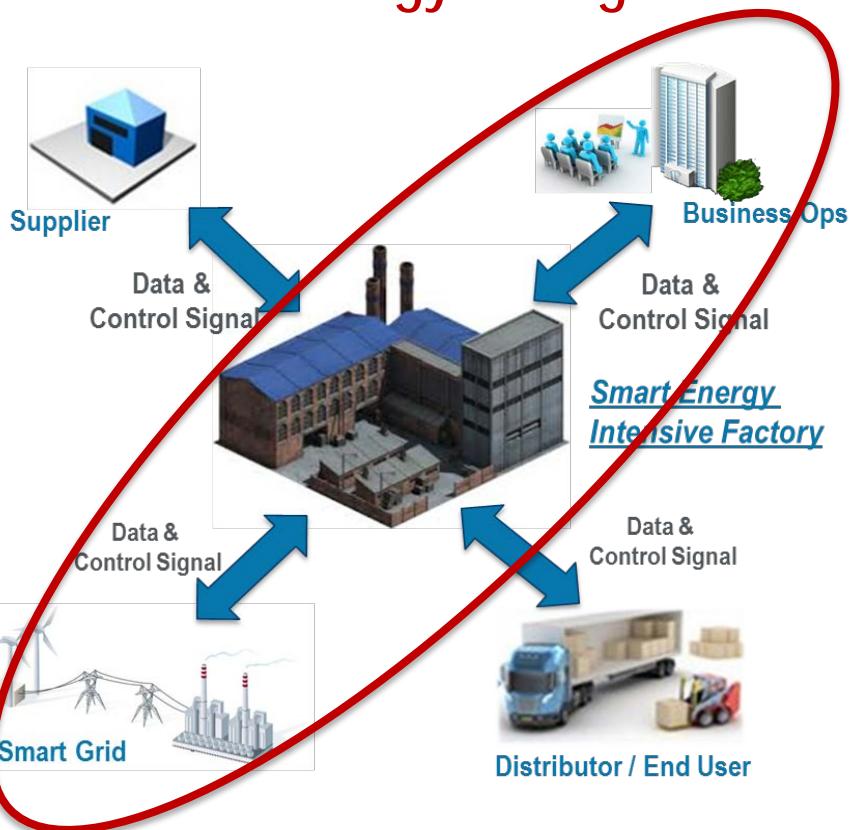
Develop and demonstrate innovative technologies that will, within 10 years, make advanced fiber-reinforced polymer composites at...



Institute for Advanced Composites Manufacturing Innovation

SMART Manufacturing: Advanced Controls, Sensors, Models & Platforms for Energy Applications

Focus on Real-Time For Energy Management

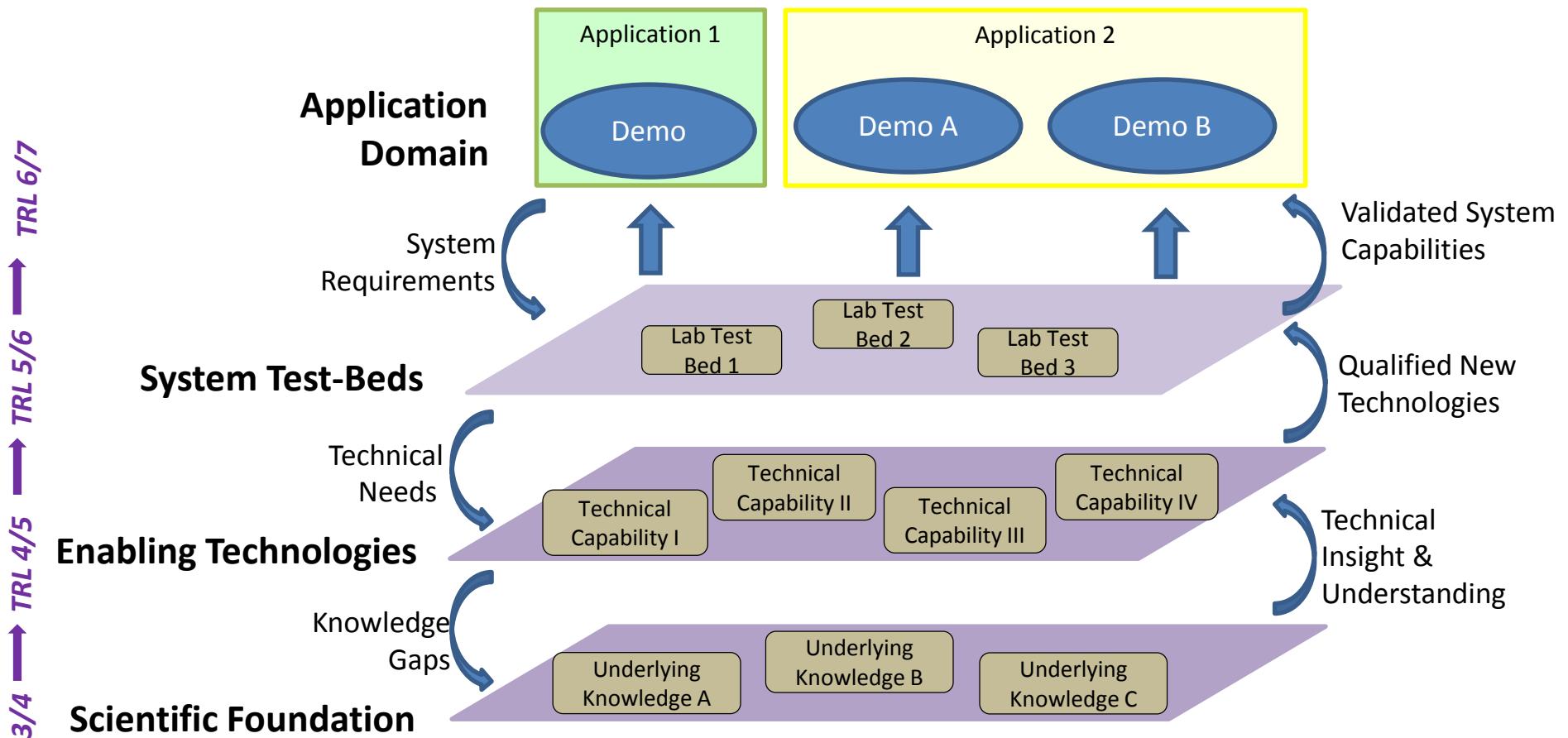


- Encompass machine-to-plant-to-enterprise real time sensing, instrumentation, monitoring, control, and optimization of energy (**>50% improvement in energy productivity**)
- Enable hardware, protocols and models for advanced industrial automation: requires a holistic view of data, information and models in manufacturing at Cost Parity (**>50% reduction in installation cost**)
- Significantly reduce energy consumption and GHG emissions & improve operating efficiency – (**15% Improvement in Energy Efficiency**)
- Increase productivity and competitiveness across all manufacturing sectors:
Special Focus on Energy Intensive & Energy Dependent Manufacturing Processes

Leverage AMP 2.0 and QTR

Technical Challenge Hierarchy

Multi-Disciplinary Technology Translation



LIKE QUANTIFICATION OF POSSIBLE REQUIREMENTS, NEEDS & GAPS

What does Success Look Like?

Energy Products
Invented Here...



...And Competitively
Made Here!

Today's Workshop

High Value Roll-to-Roll Processing

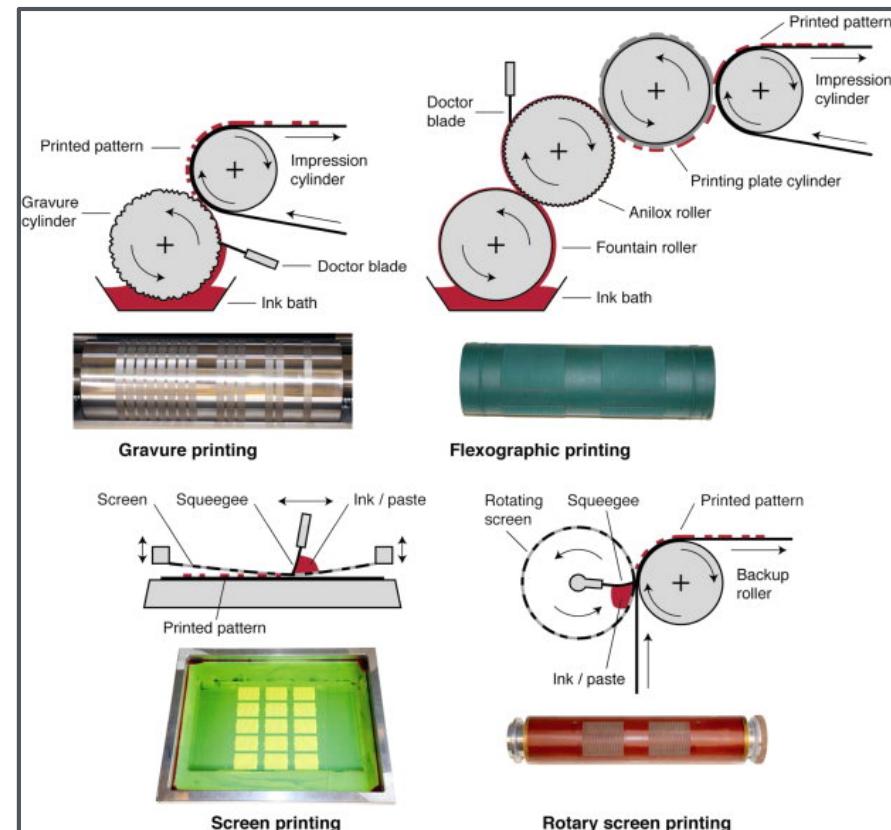
Why HV-R2R at the Department of Energy?

Motivation

Ultra-high-quality, high-throughput, energy efficient roll-to-roll manufacturing processes that are cost-competitive (High Value Roll-to-Roll) can both enable advanced clean energy applications, particularly in the nanomanufacturing sector, as well as capture significant energy savings compared to traditional manufacturing processes.

Challenge

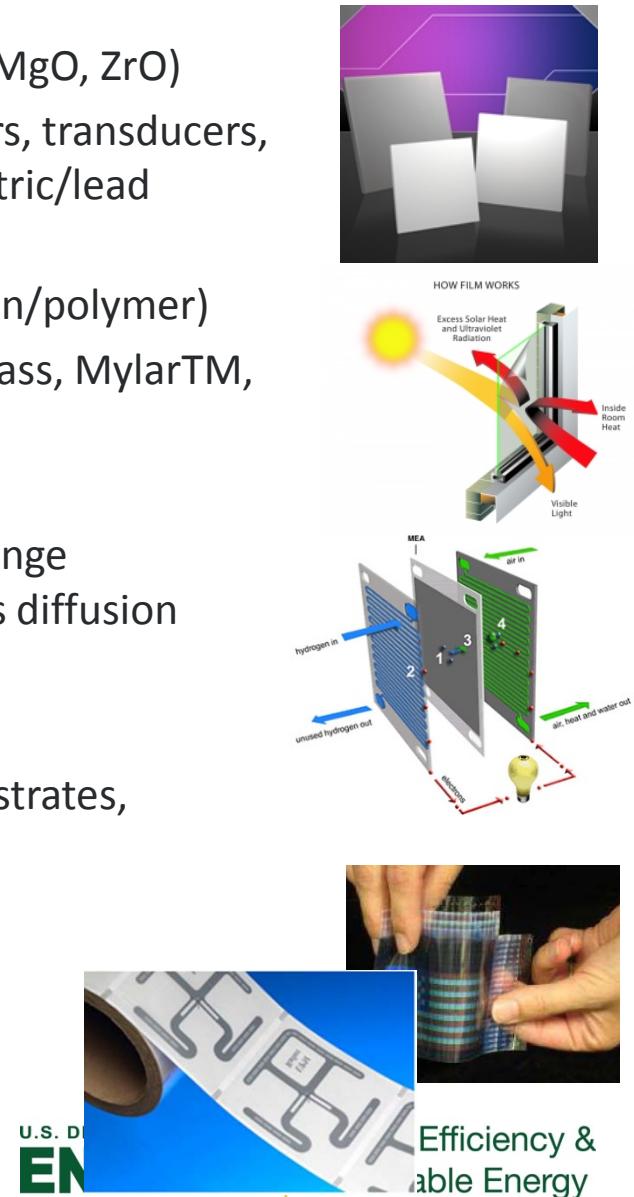
Although R2R processes have been around for more than forty years, rapid evolution of use, application and require dramatic improvements in quality, feature size, consistency, metrology and process modularity in order to maintain cost competitive. DOE is focused on identifying the key technologies and processes that will unlock high-value roll-to-roll across a number of industries.



R2R Processing diagrams for organic electronics/thin films

Traditional and “Cutting Edge” R2R Applications

- Multilayer capacitors (MLC, i.e. NPO to XR7/Relaxer/etc.)
- Thick and thin-film substrates (Al₂O₃, AlN, Si₃N₄, SiC, GaN, MgO, ZrO)
- Thick-film sensor materials (temperature sensors, positioners, transducers, e.g. negative temperature coefficient thermistors, Piezoelectric/lead zirconate titanate (PZT), active/passive, selective gas)
- Fabric (clothing textiles, fiber reinforce mat/fiberglass/carbon/polymer)
- Anti-static, release, reflective and anti-reflective coatings (glass, Mylar™, polyethylene)
- Barrier coatings (thermal and environmental)
- Fuel cells (laminar solid oxide fuel cells (SOFC), proton exchange membranes (PEM), membrane electrode assemblies and gas diffusion media)
- Batteries (laminar Li ion, etc.)
- Flexible electronics for displays, heaters, sensors, circuit substrates, consumer appliances, etc.
- Metal ribbon (transformer “coils”, etc.)
- Paper industry
- Chemical separation membranes (RO, catalyst)
- CIGS Photovoltaic (PV) and other flexible PV products



Specific Interests in R2R

- **DOE**

- FCTO – FCEVs, PEM fuel cells, fuel cell backup power, Hydrogen gas separation
- SETO – CIGS PVs, flexible PVs
- BTO – Airflow panel membranes, electrochromic window coatings, sensors
- AMO – CdTe solar cells, solar reactive coatings, battery/super-capacitor/superconducting cable/sensor technologies
- OFE - Polymeric and ceramic/metalllic membranes for CO₂ separation
- NREL – Defect diagnostics, quality control for scale-up of fuel cells on weblines

- **DOD**

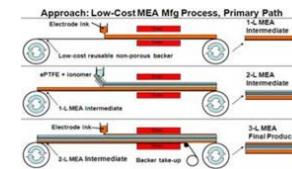
- Micro-electronics for flat panel displays, thin film transistor arrays for flexible displays, digital x-ray detectors, flexible reflective displays, self-aligned imprint lithography, zinc-polymer battery chemistries, R2R processed OLED, flexible Si CMOS chips on paper

- **NSF**

- Nanomanufacturing research

- **Others -**

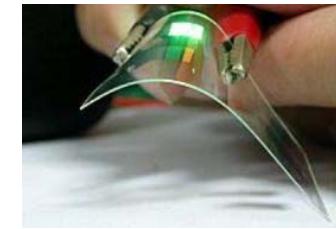
- Organic-based TFTs for displays and RFID, flexible electronic OLED displays, anodes and cathodes in a continuous process, planarization, imprint embossing and patterning, alternative materials and membranes, functional hybrids, viscoelastic fluids, thermoelectrics, micro-electronics lithography printing



**PEM
Membranes**



**Flex
Electronics**



OLEDs

From R2R to HV-R2R

R2R processing is already used to make a number of traditional and “cutting edge” products, but has a number of limiting factors. **HV-R2R** processes:

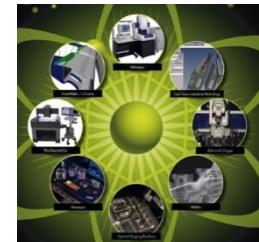
- Higher throughput
- Larger area
- Ultra-high quality and film-to-film consistency
- Smaller feature size
- Capable of very thin to macro-scale thicknesses
- Flexibility in processing--ability to manufacture a range of products with minimal changes to processing lines

while remaining **cost-competitive** with current approaches.

Importance of HV-R2R Technology

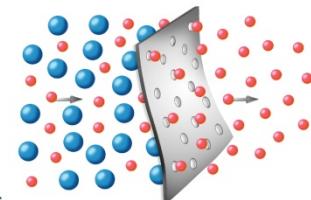
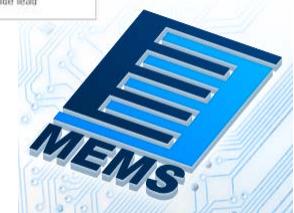
High Value Roll to Roll (HV R2R)

- Energy efficient, low environmental impact and ultra-low cost for energy saving applications
- Requires information exchange, resource partnering, open discussion of ideas, discoveries, and best practices while protecting the proprietary information and intellectual property of the community.



Markets

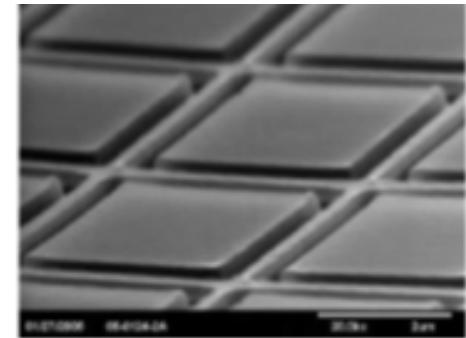
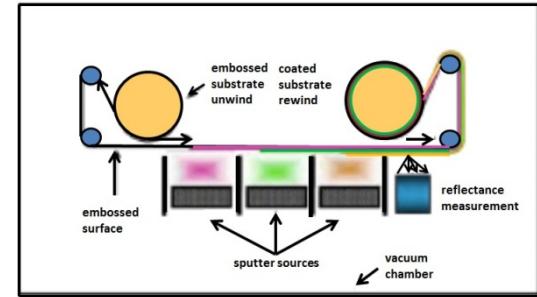
- Lithium ion battery demand is predicted to reach \$70B by 2019
- Electronic Manufacturing Services industries have an annual demand of \$300B for flexible electronics
- In 2005 the POP domestic market for commercial flat panel displays for advertising space is about \$40 billion
- The Global micro-electro-mechanical systems (MEMS) market is projected at \$1 trillion per year
- R2R produced membranes are used for gas and liquid separations at an annual demand of \$1.7B
- OLED lighting can reduce energy by 0.22 quads, saving \$20 billion, and environmental pollution emissions by 3.7 million metric tons



Previous workshops on R2R

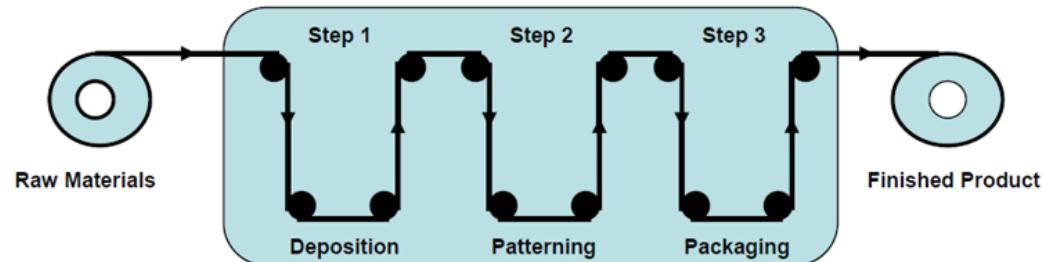
- **Technology Areas**

- Membranes (Fossil and Separation)
- Flexible Electronics (active & passive)
- Battery Technology
- PEM Fuel Cells
- Photovoltaics
- Formatted, Higher Quality Depositions
- Institute for Clean Energy Production (ICE-P)



- **Manufacturing Issues**

- Scalable Solutions
- Metrology
- Quality systems
- Process Control



Example Outcomes from Workshop

- **What are ambitions but feasible metrics for success?**
 - 1) Reducing possible feature size by an order of magnitude while maintaining product consistency and cost
 - 2) Increasing area size by order of magnitude while maintaining throughput and cost
 - 3) Developing modular processes capable of producing wide range of 2D products
- **What are the technical pathways needed to achieve this?**
 - 1) New real-time characterization tools integrated into process lines
 - 2) Equipment that can meet atomic layer to macroscale features
 - 3) Shared infrastructure and/or “open source” manufacturing test facilities to build modular processing capabilities
- **Where are the gaps?**
 - 1) Industry won’t invest in shared infrastructure
 - 2) Novel processes have high capital cost limiting investment in scale-up
 - 3) Variance and limits of current tools and methods

Workshop Structure

Breakout Sessions

- 5 Sessions
 - Advanced Deposition Processing and Printing for ALD, Thin, Mid and Thick-film Size-Scale
 - Unique Metrology and Quality Systems for Specific R2R Applications
 - Membranes & Substrates and Associated Functional Materials and Technologies for Crosscutting Applications
 - Process and Equipment Needs Transitioning Plate to Plate to Continuous R2R Additive Process Technologies
 - Continuous Processing/Process Development Needs (both plate and web based, on-web and post-process requirements)
- Staff will take real-time notes
- Results of each breakout session will be presented in a plenary session for each day

Types of information

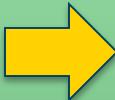
- **Be Specific**
- **Be Candid—Chatham House Rules (notes non-attributed)**
- **Give Quantifiable metrics**
 - What are the most important variables (e.g. is film variation more important than throughput)?
 - For the most important variables, what are the game changer metrics for parameters like throughput, feature size, surface area, etc.?
 - What are the actual numbers (e.g. 100x faster processing, 100x larger thickness range, etc.)?
- **Provide High level of detail**
 - What specific technologies are needed to meet these game changer metrics?
 - Why hasn't the private sector already made these investments?
 - What specific form of public-private partnership would best accelerate HV-R2R? What would be counterproductive?

Thank You

Back up slides

AMO Elements

Three partnership-based approaches to engage industry, academia, national labs, and state & local government:

- 
1. **Technical Assistance** – driving a corporate culture of continuous improvement and wide scale adoption of proven technologies, such as CHP, to reduce energy use in the industrial sector
 2. **Research and Development Projects**
 3. **Shared R&D Facilities**

Industrial Technical Assistance

Efficient On-Site Energy

Clean Energy Application Centers

(to be called Technical Assistance Partnerships

since in FY14)

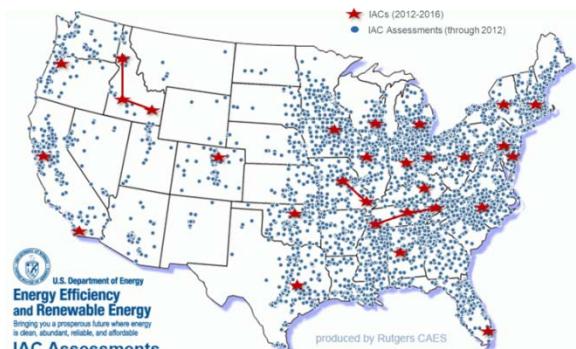


International District
Energy Association



Student Training & Energy Assessments

University-based Industrial
Assessment Centers



Energy-Saving Partnership

Better Buildings, Better Plants,
Industrial Strategic Energy Management



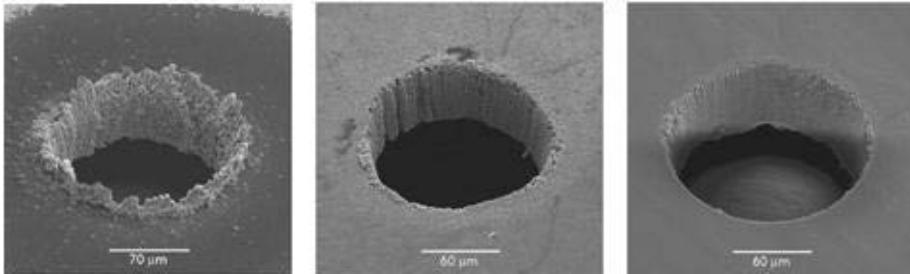
AMO Elements

Three partnership-based approaches to engage industry, academia, national labs, and state & local government:

1. Technical Assistance
2. **Research and Development Projects** - to support innovative manufacturing processes and next-generation materials
3. Shared R&D Facilities

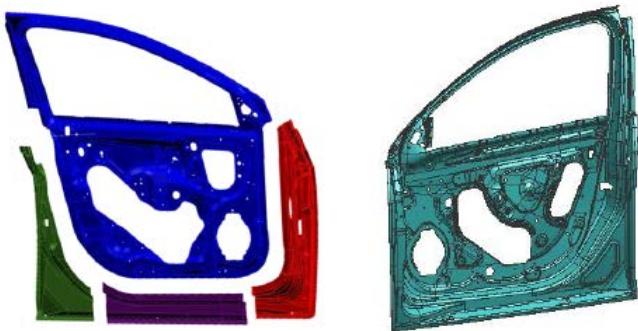


R&D Projects: Manufacturing Processes



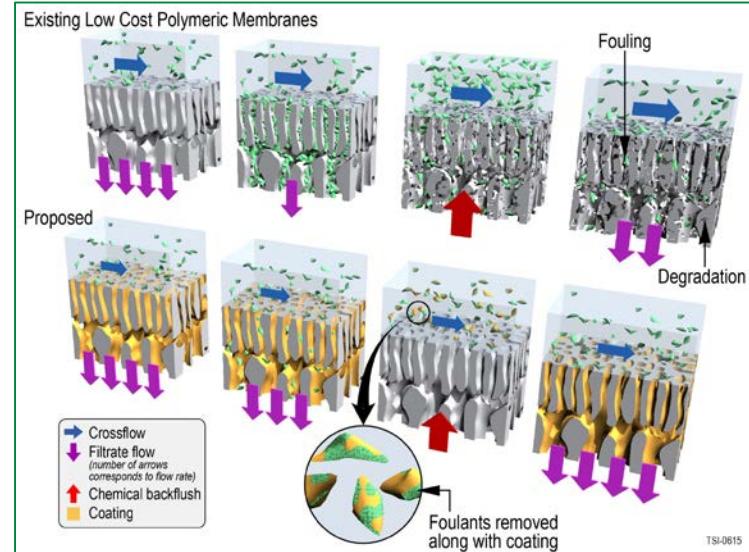
Ultrafast, femtosecond pulse lasers (right) will eliminate machining defects in fuel injectors.

Image courtesy of Raydiance.



Energy-efficient large thin-walled magnesium die casting, for 60% lighter car doors.

Graphic image provided by General Motors.

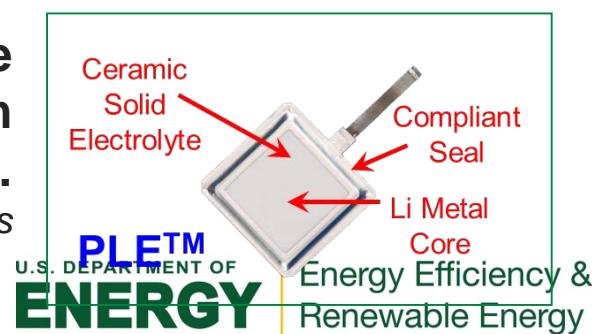


Protective coating materials for high-performance membranes, for pulp and paper industry.

Image courtesy of Teledyne E

A water-stable protected lithium electrode.

Courtesy of PolyPlus



AMO Elements

Three partnership-based approaches to engage industry, academia, national labs, and state & local government:

1. Technical Assistance
2. Research and Development Projects
-  3. **Shared R&D Facilities** - affordable access to physical and virtual tools, and expertise, to foster innovation and adoption of promising technologies

Topical Engagement with Industry

Advanced Materials



Materials in Extreme Conditions



Sustainable Materials in Manufacturing

Process Intensification



Process Intensification (Chemical)



Process Intensification (Thermal)

Roll-to-Roll Processing



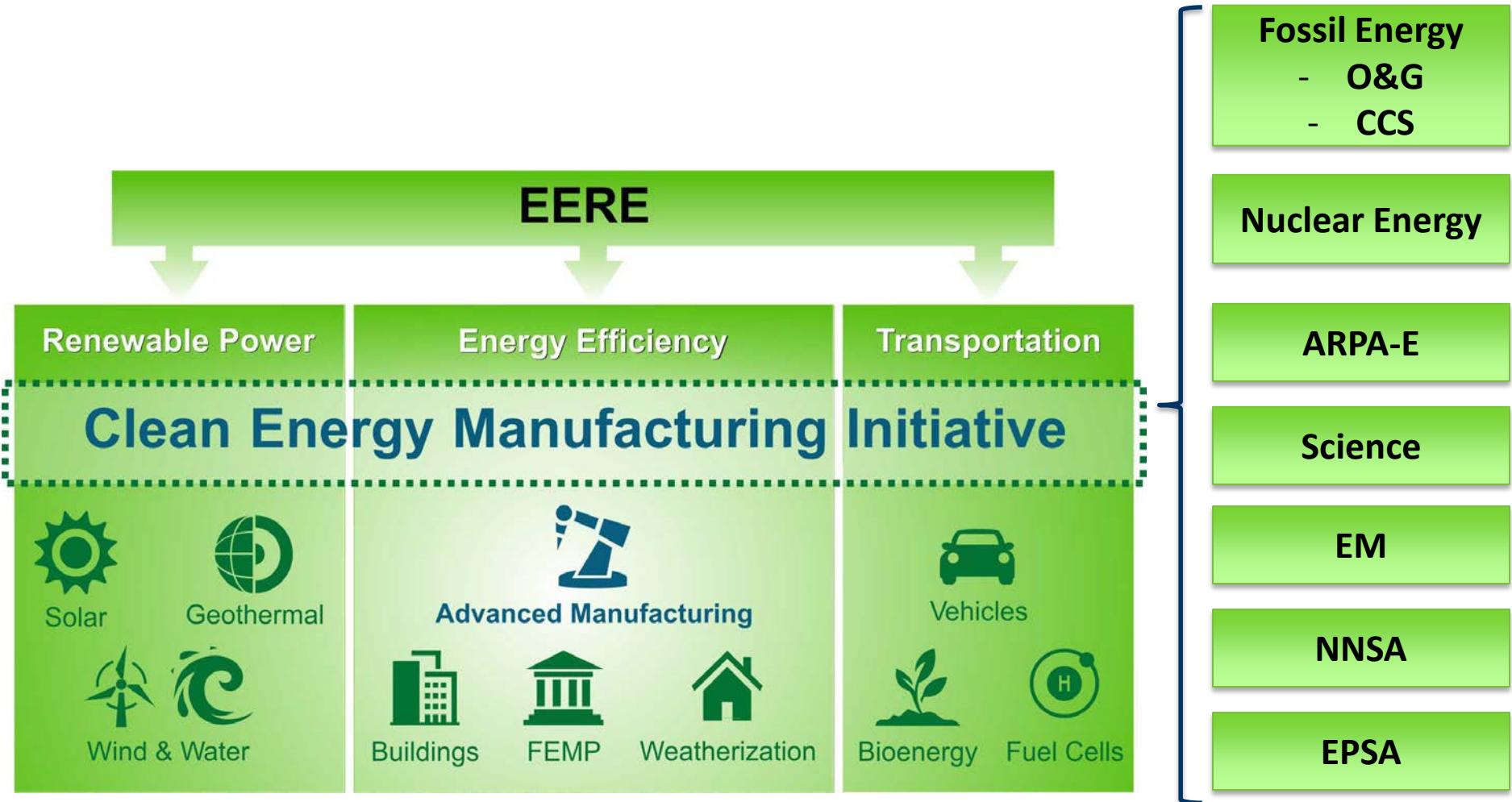
Functional Membrane Structures

Advanced Sensors, Controls,
Models, Platforms



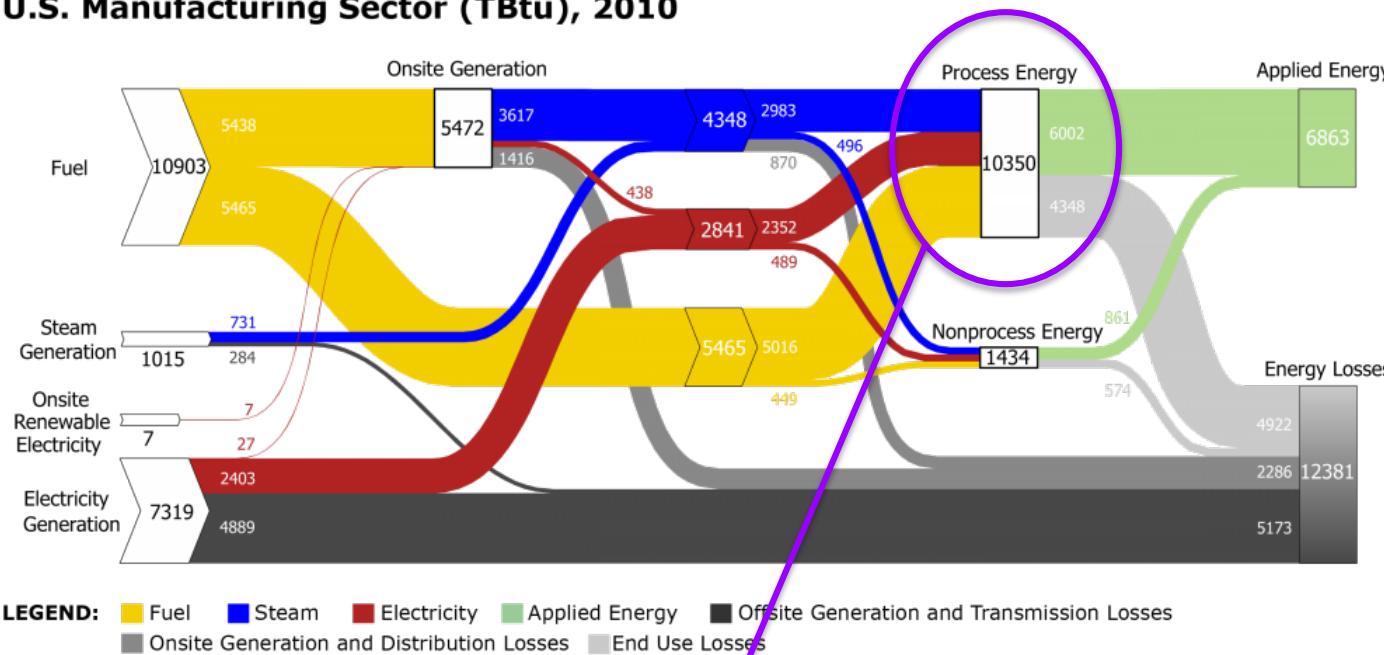
Smart Manufacturing

Clean Energy Manufacturing Initiative – Across DOE

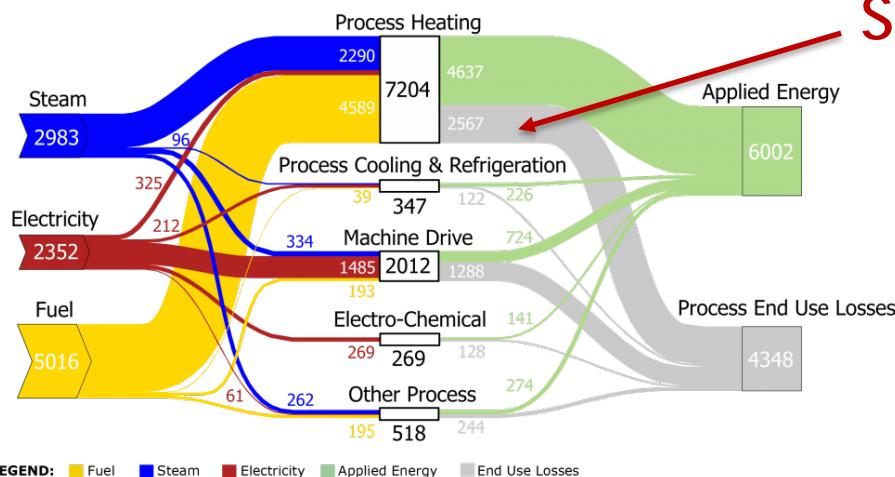


Energy Use in the Manufacturing Sector

U.S. Manufacturing Sector (TBtu), 2010



Process Energy (TBtu), 2010



Separations and Reactions



Advanced Materials DOE-Wide Challenges

Mission: Material challenges are at the core of many DOE imperatives - advances in energy generation and use as well as our national nuclear security

Drivers: The past decade has seen tremendous progress in tools development for materials research along with need for accelerated pace of materials advancement

- The confluence of new theories, novel synthesis and characterization capabilities, and new computer platforms that extend capabilities to the atomic and nano-scale with the urgent demand for new and improved energy technologies
- 2015 Quadrennial Technology Review, National Lab Summit, Materials Genome Initiative, AMP 2.0, Stockpile Stewardship and Management Plan

Challenge Focus: Materials RDD&D that involves close coordination between Office of Science, Technology Offices, and National Security Offices to form a cohesive network of capabilities:

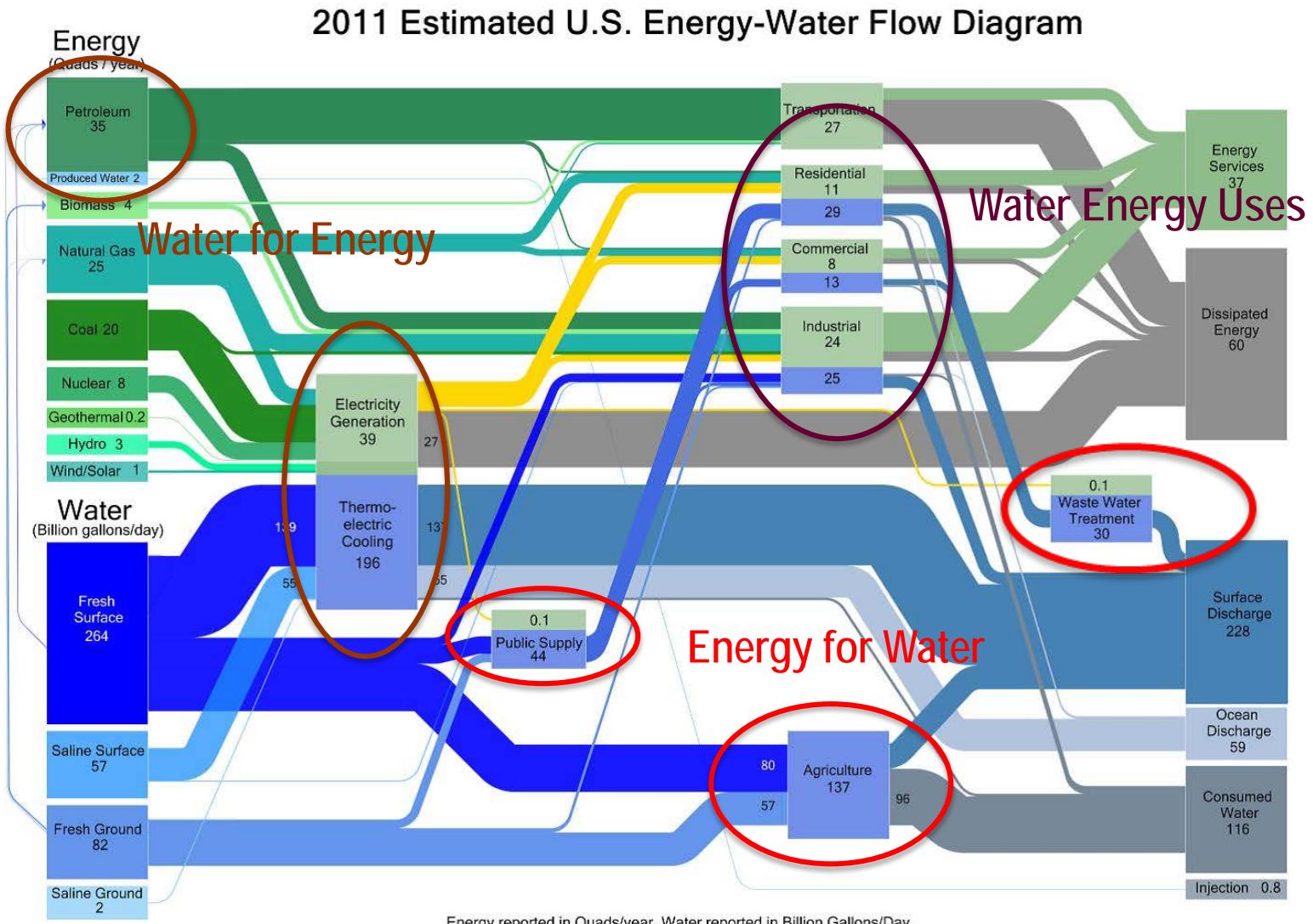


Unprecedented opportunity to impact the materials development cycle from scientific discovery to technological innovation and deployment

Possible Impact Areas of Cross-Cutting Technology for Energy Intensive Industry Sectors

	Chemicals & Bio-chemicals	Petroleum Refining	Primary Metals	Forest & Food Products	Clean Water
SMART Manufacturing					
Process Intensification					
CHP & Grid Integration					
Sustainable Manufacturing					

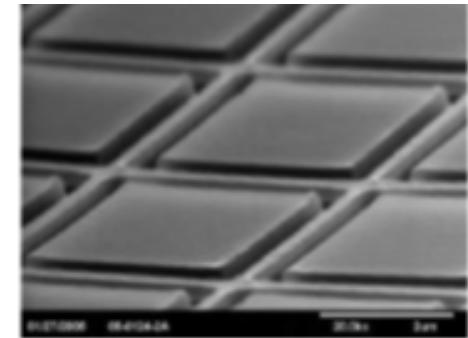
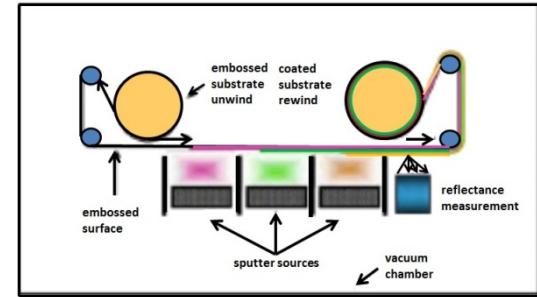
Water and Energy in Sustainable Manufacturing



Previous workshops on R2R

- **Technology Areas**

- Membranes (Fossil and Separation)
- Flexible Electronics (active & passive)
- Battery Technology
- PEM Fuel Cells
- Photovoltaics
- Formatted, Higher Quality Depositions
- Institute for Clean Energy Production (ICE-P)



- **Manufacturing Issues**

- Scalable Solutions
- Metrology
- Quality systems
- Process Control

