

## LABORATORY PROGRAM – 12

To construct a WLAN and make the nodes communicate wirelessly

18/12/24

LAB NO 13  
WLAN

PAGE NO :  
DATE :

NIM To construct a Wireless LAN and make the nodes communicate wirelessly

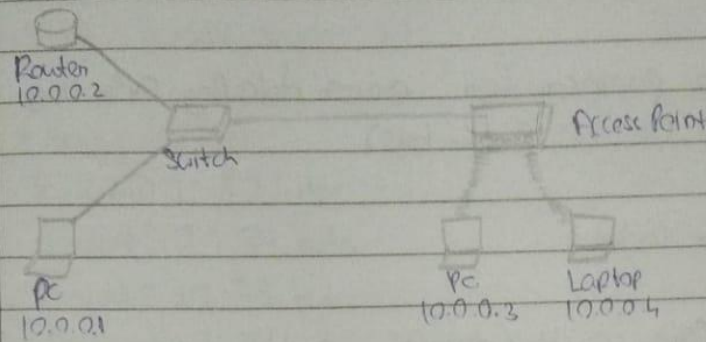
INITIAL TOPOLOGY:

The diagram shows a network topology. A Router (IP 100.0.2) is connected to a Switch. The Switch is connected to an Access Point. The Access Point is connected to three devices: a PC (IP 100.0.1), a PC (IP 100.0.3), and a Laptop (IP 100.0.4).

Procedure:

1. Create the topology as given above and configure the devices
2. Configure Access Point:  
Click Access Point → Config → Port 1:  
SSID: bmsce  
Select ☒ WEP  
Set Key: 1234567890
3. Configure PC and Laptop with Wireless Standards:
  - Switch off device
  - Drag the existing PT-HOST-NM-LAN to the Component listed in the LHS of Physical
  - Drag WMP3000 Wireless interface to the empty port
  - Switch on the device
4. In the Config tab, a new Wireless interface was added
5. Configure the device by entering SSID, WEP, WEP: key, IP Address and Gateway

### Topology after Wireless Configuration:

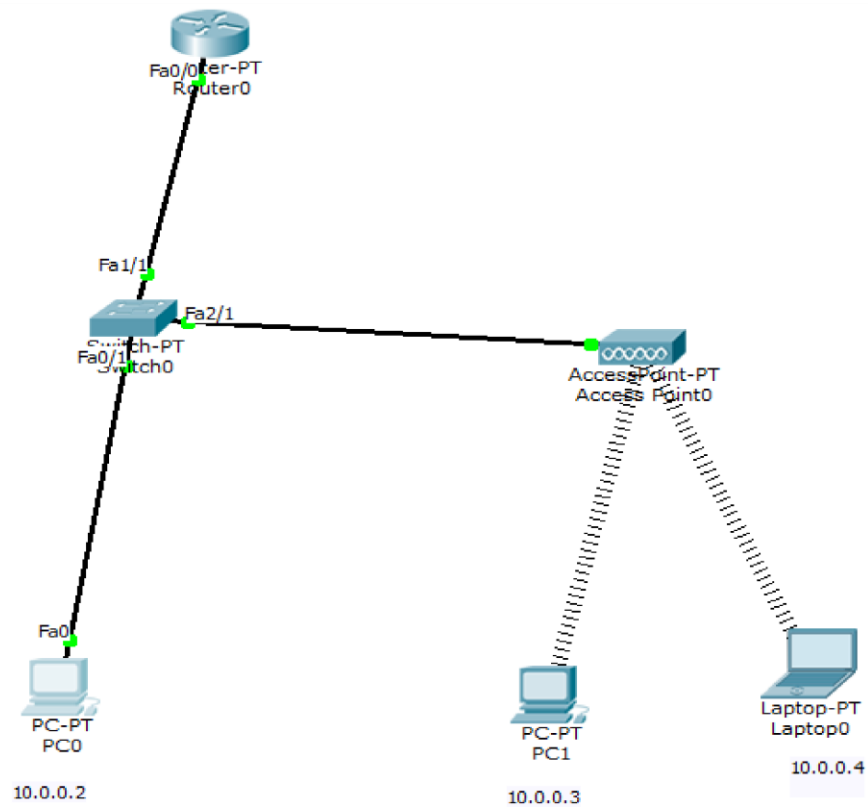


6) Ping from every device to every other device to check for connection.

#### Observations:

1. We were able to ping from every device to every other device.
2. Access Point: Creates bridge between wired and wireless devices.  
- SSID Broadcasting: announces the wireless network's name (SSID) to allow devices to connect using WEP, WPA or WPA2.
3. WPA 300m wireless interface:  
- Wireless network adapter that enables devices to communicate with access point using wireless signals.
4. Pinging: 10.0.0.1 to 10.0.0.3:  
10.0.0.1 → Switch → Access Point → 10.0.0.3  
- This is after the ARP tables are updated after broadcasting.
5. Pinging: 10.0.0.3 to 10.0.0.1:  
10.0.0.3 → Access Point → Switch → 10.0.0.1
6. Pinging: 10.0.0.3 to 10.0.0.4:  
10.0.0.3 → Access Point → 10.0.0.4
7. Every device is now connected to every other device in the WLAN.

Signature



```
PC0
Physical Config Desktop Custom Interface
Command Prompt
Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0
PC>ping 10.0.0.3

Pinging 10.0.0.3 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 10.0.0.3: bytes=32 time=22ms TTL=128
Reply from 10.0.0.3: bytes=32 time=6ms TTL=128
Reply from 10.0.0.3: bytes=32 time=3ms TTL=128
Reply from 10.0.0.3: bytes=32 time=7ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 10.0.0.3:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 3ms, Maximum = 22ms, Average = 9ms

PC>ping 10.0.0.4

Pinging 10.0.0.4 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 10.0.0.4: bytes=32 time=19ms TTL=128
Reply from 10.0.0.4: bytes=32 time=5ms TTL=128
Reply from 10.0.0.4: bytes=32 time=6ms TTL=128
Reply from 10.0.0.4: bytes=32 time=7ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 10.0.0.4:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 5ms, Maximum = 19ms, Average = 9ms

PC>
```