## Geometric Algebra HW 4 (Geometric Product in $\mathbb{R}^3$ ) MultiV 2021-22 / Dr. Kessner

1. Let 
$$w = e_1 + e_3$$
. Let  $w' = (e_2e_1)w(e_1e_2)$ 

Show that 
$$w' = -e_1 + e_3$$
.

Draw w and w'. Verify that w' is the result of reflecting w in  $e_1$ , and then  $e_2$ . Also verify that this equivalent to rotation by  $\pi$  in the  $e_1e_2$  plane.

2. Let  $w = e_1 + e_3$ . Let  $u = \frac{w}{\sqrt{2}}$  and  $v = e_1$ . Note that u and v are unit vectors in the  $e_1e_3$  plane, and the angle between the two vectors is  $\frac{\pi}{4}$ .

Let 
$$w' = (uv)w(uv)$$
.

Show that 
$$w' = e_1 - e_3$$
.

Draw w and w'. Verify that w' is the result of rotating w by  $\frac{\pi}{2}$  in the  $e_1e_3$  plane.

3. Let  $w = e_1 + e_3$ . Find two vectors u and v to represent rotation by  $-\frac{\pi}{4}$  in the  $e_2e_3$  plane. (Clockwise 45° if you're on the positive  $e_1$  axis looking at the origin). Let w' = (uv)w(uv).

Show that 
$$w' = e_1 + e_2$$
.