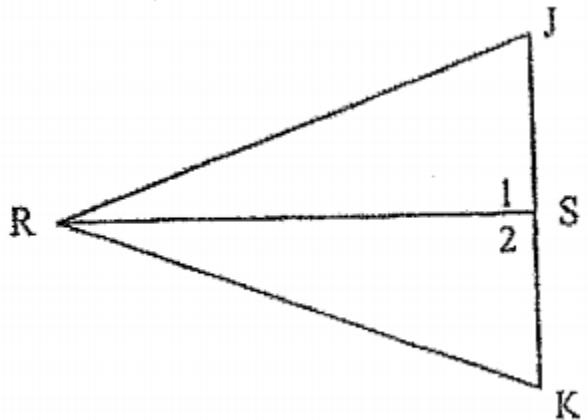


Proving Triangles Congruent Review

Write a two-column proof for each. Fill in the blanks.

1. Given:  $\overline{RJ} \cong \overline{RK}$ ,  $\overline{SJ} \cong \overline{SK}$

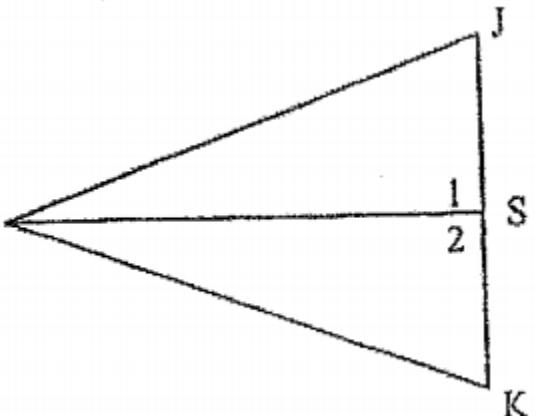
Prove:  $\triangle RSJ \cong \triangle RSK$



- |  |                                  |
|--|----------------------------------|
| 1. _____<br>2. $RS \cong RS$<br>3. _____ | 1. _____<br>2. _____<br>3. _____ |
|--|----------------------------------|

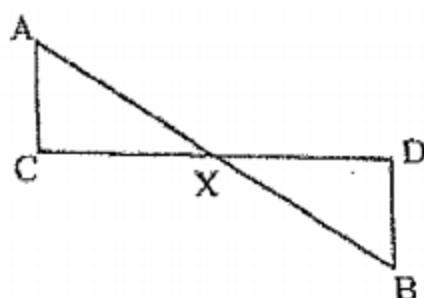
2. Given:  $\angle 1$  and  $\angle 2$  are right angles,  $\overline{JS} \cong \overline{KS}$

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| 1. _____<br>2. $\angle 1 = 90^\circ + \angle 2 = 90^\circ$<br>3. $\angle 1 \cong \angle 2$<br>4. $RS \cong RS$<br>5. $\triangle RSJ \cong \triangle$ _____ | 1. _____<br>2. _____<br>3. _____<br>4. _____<br>5. _____ |
|--|--|



3. Given:  $\overline{AB}$  and  $\overline{CD}$   
bisect each other

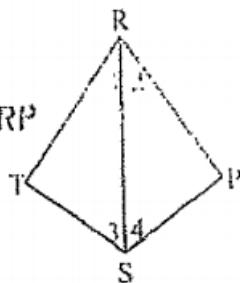
Prove:  $\triangle AXC \cong \triangle BXD$



- |  |          |
|--|----------|
| 1. _____                               | 1. _____ |
| 2. $AX \cong BX$                       | 2. _____ |
| $CX \cong DX$                          | 3. _____ |
| 3. $\angle AXC \cong \angle BXD$       | 4. _____ |
| 4. $\triangle AXC \cong \triangle BXD$ |          |

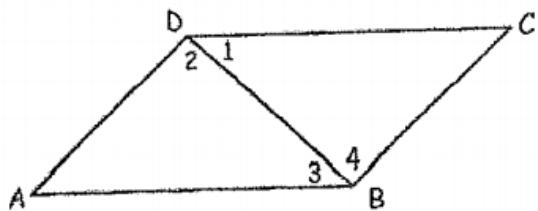
4. Given:  $\angle 3 \cong \angle 4$ ,  $\overline{RS}$  bisects  $\angle TRP$

Prove:  $\triangle RST \cong \triangle RSP$



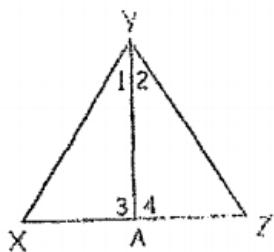
- |  |          |
|--|----------|
| 1. _____                               | 1. _____ |
| 2. $\angle 1 \cong \angle 2$           | 2. _____ |
| 3. $RS \cong RS$                       | 3. _____ |
| 4. $\triangle RST \cong \triangle RSP$ | 4. _____ |

5. Given:  $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{CD}$   
 $\overline{AB} // \overline{CD}$   
 Prove:  $\triangle ABD \cong \triangle CDB$



- |  |              |
|--|--------------|
| 1. _____                               | 1. _____     |
| 2. $\angle 3 \cong \angle 1$           | 2. _____     |
| 3. _____                               | 3. Reflexive |
| 4. $\triangle ABD \cong \triangle CDB$ | 4. _____     |

6. Given:  $\angle X \cong \angle Z$   
 $\angle 3 \cong \angle 4$   
 Prove:  $\triangle XA \cong \triangle ZA$

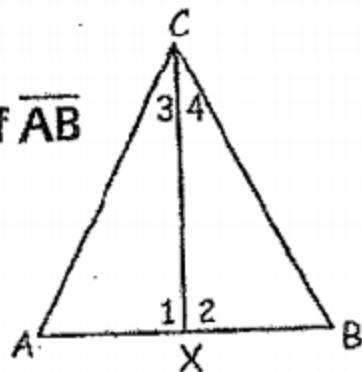


- |  |          |
|--|----------|
| 1. _____                               | 1. _____ |
| 2. $AY \cong AZ$                       | 2. _____ |
| 3. $\triangle XYA \cong \triangle ZYA$ | 3. _____ |
| 4. _____                               | 4. _____ |

7. Given:  $\overline{AC} \cong \overline{BC}$

X is the midpoint of  $\overline{AB}$

Prove:  $\angle 3 \cong \angle 4$



1. \_\_\_\_\_

2.  $AX \cong BX$

3.  $XC \cong XC$

4.  $\triangle AXC \cong \triangle _-$

5.  $\angle 3 \cong \angle 4$

1. \_\_\_\_\_

2. \_\_\_\_\_

3. \_\_\_\_\_

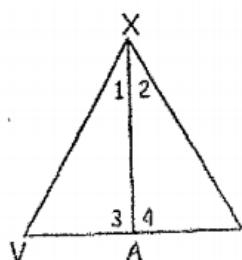
4. \_\_\_\_\_

5. \_\_\_\_\_

8. Given:  $\overline{AX} \perp \overline{VT}$

$\angle 1 \cong \angle 2$

Prove:  $\angle V \cong \angle T$



1.

2.  $\angle 3 = 90^\circ$ ;  $\angle 4 = 90^\circ$

3.  $\angle 3 \cong \angle 4$

4.  $XA \cong XA$

5.  $\triangle VXA \cong \triangle _-$

6.  $\angle V \cong \angle T$

1.

2. def of \_\_\_\_\_

3. \_\_\_\_\_

4. \_\_\_\_\_

5. \_\_\_\_\_

6. \_\_\_\_\_



