

Adding & Subtracting Polynomials Part 2

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9:45 AM

Mathematics 9 Polynomials Adding & Subtracting Polynomials Part 2

A. Definitions

1. **adding the opposite:** a process where you change all the signs for the terms in a set of brackets with negative (subtraction) sign in front.

$$-(2x - 5y + 3) = -2x + 5y - 3$$

2. **evaluate:** to determine the numerical value of a mathematical question (usually by substituting numbers in place of variables in the expression).

B. Examples

1. Simplify the following.

a) $(5x + 2) - (3x - 7)$

$$\boxed{2x - 5}$$

b) $(4x - 2) - (6x - 7)$

$$\begin{aligned} &4x - 2 \quad -6x + 7 \\ &\boxed{-2x + 5} \end{aligned}$$

c) $(3m^4 - 5m^2 + 2) + (2m^4 - m^2 - 4)$

$$\begin{aligned} &3m^4 - 5m^2 + 2 + 2m^4 - m^2 - 4 \\ &\boxed{5m^4 - 6m^2 - 2} \end{aligned}$$

d) $(5b^2 + 3a^2 - c^2) - (-2a^2 + 3b^2 - 4c^2)$

$$\begin{aligned} &5b^2 + 3a^2 - c^2 + 2a^2 - 3b^2 + 4c^2 \\ &\boxed{5a^2 + 2b^2 + 3c^2} \end{aligned}$$

e) $(4m^2 + 6mn + 8) + (3mn - m^2 + 4) - (2m^2 - 5mn + 6)$

$$\begin{aligned} &4m^2 + 6mn + 8 + 3mn - m^2 + 4 - 2m^2 + 5mn - 6 \\ &\boxed{m^2 + 14mn + 2} \end{aligned}$$

2. Evaluate each polynomial for $x = 3$.

a) $(4x+2) - (3x+3)$

$$x + 5$$

$$(3) + 5$$

$$= \boxed{8}$$

To Solve

a) Simplify the expression first

b) Substitute in the value and solve.

b) $(x^2 - 3x) - (2x^2 + 2x)$

$$x^2 - 3x - 2x^2 - 2x$$

$$- x^2 - 5x$$

$$- (3)^2 - 5(3)$$

$$- 9 - 15$$

$$= \boxed{-24}$$

c) $(4x-1) + (2x+3) - (-6x-5)$

$$4x - 1 + 2x + 3 + 6x + 5$$

$$12x + 7$$

$$12(3) + 7$$

$$36 + 7$$

$$= \boxed{43}$$

d) $(x^3 - 3x^2 + 2x) - (2x^3 + x^2 + 2x)$

$$x^3 - 3x^2 + 2x - 2x^3 - x^2 - 2x$$

$$- x^3 - 4x^2$$

$$- (3)^3 - 4(3)^2$$

$$- 27 - 36$$

$$= \boxed{-63}$$

Assignment: Adding & Subtracting Polynomials Part 2 Assignment

Name: _____

Adding & Subtracting Polynomials Part 2 Assignment

1. Simplify the following.

a) $4x + 3y - 6x - 2y$

b) $4a - 3ab + 6abc - 5ab + 6a - 6abc$

c) $(4x + 3) - (7 - 3x)$

d) $(7x^2 - 3y^2) + (9x^2 + 4y^2)$

e) $(4n + n^2 - 3) - (2 + 6n - 3n^2)$

f) $(5a + 4) - (5a + 3)$

g) $(3x^4 - 3x) - (3x - 3x^4)$

h) $(-4m^4 + 14 + 3m^2) + (-3m^4 - 14m^2 - 8)$

i) $9c^3 + 5c^2 + 11c - 2c^3 + 9c - 8c^2$

j) $(k^4 - 3 - 3k^3) - (5k^4 - 6k^3 + 8k^5)$

2. Evaluate the following if $x = 2$.

a) $4x + 2 - 5x - 5$

b) $x + 3 - 5x - 2 + 3x + 1$

c) $3 - 4x + x^2 - 2x - 1 + x^2$

d) $2x^2 - 5x - 7 - x^2 + 2x + 2$

e) $x^3 + 2x^2 - 3x + 2x^3 - x + 2x^2$

f) $3x^3 - 2x^2 + x - 5 - x^3 + 2x^2 - 3x + 4$

g) $(3x + 4) - (2x + 6) + (x - 1)$

h) $(x^2 - 4x + 5) + (2x^2 - 5x - 2)$

i) $(2x^2 + 6x - 1) - (3x^2 + 2x - 4)$

j) $(-2x^3 + 4 + 3x) - (4x^2 + x^3 + 4)$

Answers

1. a) $-2x + y$ b) $10a - 8ab$
c) $7x - 4$ d) $16x^2 + y^2$
e) $4n^2 - 2n - 5$ f) 1
g) $6x^4 - 6x$ h) $-7m^4 - 11m^2 + 6$
i) $7c^3 - 3c^2 + 20c$ j) $-8k^5 - 4k^4 + 3k^3 - 3$
2. a) -5 b) 0
c) -2 d) -7
e) 32 f) 11
g) 1 h) -3
i) 7 j) -34