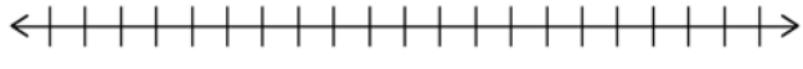


## Solving Single-Step Inequalities with Fractions and Mixed numbers:

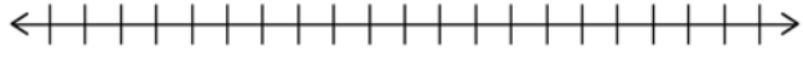
Work with fractions, not decimals.

Solve and graph:

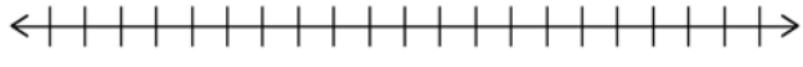
$$(1) \quad \frac{2}{3}n > 3\frac{1}{2}$$



$$(2) \quad -2x \geq \frac{1}{3}$$



$$(3) \quad 5\frac{1}{4} + x > 2\frac{1}{2}$$



**Work with fractions, not decimals.**

**Solve and verify:**

$$(1) \quad -\frac{1}{3}n < 2\frac{3}{4}$$

$$(2) \quad x - \frac{2}{5} \geq \frac{1}{5}$$

$$(3) \quad -3\frac{3}{4} > 2x$$

## Solving Single-Step Inequalities with Fractions and Mixed numbers:

Work with fractions, not decimals.

AND

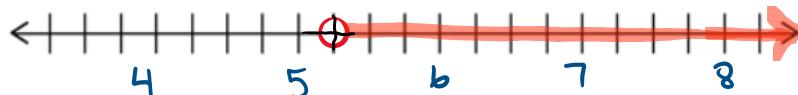
Solve and graph:

$$(1) \quad \frac{2}{3}n > 3\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{2}{3}n > \frac{7}{2} \div \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{2}{3}n > \frac{7}{2} \times \frac{3}{2}$$

$$n > \frac{21}{4} = 5\frac{1}{4}$$

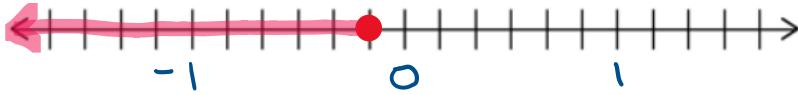


$$(2) \quad -2x \geq \frac{1}{3} \div -2$$

$$-2x \geq \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{2}$$

$$x \leq \frac{1}{3} \times (-\frac{1}{2})$$

$$x \leq -\frac{1}{6}$$

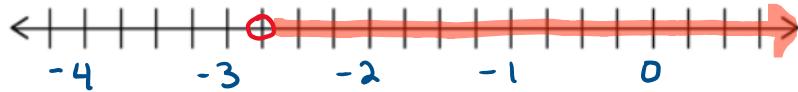


$$(3) \quad 5\frac{1}{4} + x > 2\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{21}{4} + x > \frac{5}{2}$$

$$x > \frac{5}{2} - \frac{21}{4}$$

$$x > -\frac{11}{4} = -2\frac{3}{4}$$



Work with fractions, not decimals.

Solve and verify:

$$(1) -\frac{1}{3}n < 2\frac{3}{4}$$

$$-\frac{1}{3}n < \frac{11}{4} \div (-\frac{1}{3})$$

$$n > \frac{11}{4} \times (-\frac{3}{1})$$

$$n > -\frac{33}{4} = -8\frac{1}{4}$$

Verify the boundary:

$$-\frac{1}{3}(-\frac{33}{4}) = 2\frac{3}{4}$$

$$\frac{33}{12} = 2\frac{3}{4}$$

$$2\frac{9}{12} = 2\frac{3}{4}$$

$$2\frac{3}{4} = 2\frac{3}{4}$$

✓

Verify the inequality:

choose  $x = 0$

$$-\frac{1}{3}(0) < 2\frac{3}{4}$$

$$0 < 2\frac{3}{4}$$

✓

$$(2) x - \frac{2}{5} \geq \frac{1}{5}$$

$$+\frac{2}{5} \quad +\frac{2}{5}$$

$$x \geq \frac{3}{5}$$

Verify the boundary:

$$\frac{3}{5} - \frac{2}{5} = \frac{1}{5}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} = \frac{1}{5}$$

✓

Verify the inequality:

choose  $x = 1$

$$1 - \frac{2}{5} \geq \frac{1}{5}$$

$$\frac{5}{5} - \frac{2}{5} \geq \frac{1}{5}$$

$$\frac{3}{5} \geq \frac{1}{5}$$

✓

$$(3) -3\frac{3}{4} > 2x$$

$$-\frac{15}{4} > 2x$$

$$-\frac{15}{4} \times \frac{1}{2} > x$$

$$-1\frac{7}{8} = -\frac{15}{8} > x$$

Verify the boundary:

$$-3\frac{3}{4} = 2(-\frac{15}{8})$$

$$-3\frac{3}{4} = -\frac{30}{8}$$

$$-3\frac{3}{4} = -3\frac{6}{8}$$

$$-3\frac{3}{4} = -3\frac{3}{4}$$

✓

Verify the inequality:

choose  $x = -5$

$$-3\frac{3}{4} > 2(-5)$$

$$-3\frac{3}{4} > -10$$

✓