

Exponential Form

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Mathematics 9 Exponents Exponential Form

A. Definitions

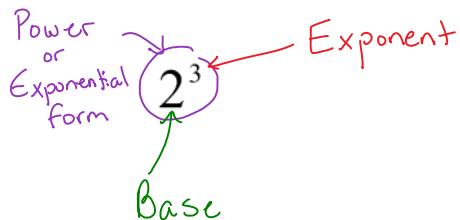
Base: the number which is multiplied by itself in an exponent question.

Exponent: the number of times you multiply the base number.

Power: a mathematical expression made up of a base and an exponent.

Exponential Form: a shortened way of writing a repeated multiplication question using a base and an exponent.

B. Evaluating Exponents



1. Solve the following exponents.

a) 3^2
 $3 \times 3 = \boxed{9}$

b) -3^2
 $3 \times 3 = \boxed{-9}$

c) $(-3)^2$
 $(-3) \times (-3) = \boxed{9}$

d) $-(-3)^2$
 $(-3) \times (-3) = \boxed{-9}$

e) $\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^2$
 $\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{4}\right) = \boxed{\frac{1}{16}}$

f) $\left(-\frac{2}{3}\right)^3$
 $\left(-\frac{2}{3}\right) \times \left(-\frac{2}{3}\right) \times \left(-\frac{2}{3}\right) = \boxed{-\frac{8}{27}}$

2. Write the following in exponential form and then evaluate the power.

a) $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2$
 $\boxed{2^7}$ or $\boxed{128}$

b) $5 \times 5 \times 5$
 $\boxed{5^3}$ or $\boxed{125}$

c) $\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{3}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{3}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)$
 $\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^4$ or $\boxed{\frac{1}{81}}$

d) $-6 \times 6 \times 6 \times 6$
 $\boxed{-6^4}$ or $\boxed{-1296}$

3. Rewrite each exponential form as a product of powers and then evaluate.

a) 4^3
 $\boxed{4 \times 4 \times 4}$ or $\boxed{64}$

b) 3^4
 $\boxed{3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3}$ or $\boxed{81}$

c) -2^5
 $\boxed{-2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2}$ or $\boxed{-32}$

d) $(-2)^6$
 $\boxed{(-2) \times (-2) \times (-2) \times (-2) \times (-2) \times (-2)}$ or $\boxed{64}$

4. Arrange the following powers in **High to Low** descending order.

$$2^4, 7^2, -5^2, -(-3)^3, (-4)^3$$

$$16, 49, -25, 27, -64$$

$$\boxed{7^2, -(-3)^3, 2^4, -5^2, (-4)^3}$$

Assignment: Exponential Form Assignment

Name: _____

Exponential Form Assignment

1. Put the following exponents in order from smallest to largest.

a) $3^2, (-2)^3, -4^2, 2^3$

b) $-(-3)^2, 3^2, 1^5, (-1)^5$

2. Write the following in exponential form.

a) $3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3$

b) $(-5) \times (-5) \times (-5)$

c) $-(-10) \times (-10) \times (-10) \times (-10)$

d) $\frac{2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2}{7 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7}$

e) $\left(-\frac{3}{7}\right) \times \left(-\frac{3}{7}\right) \times \left(-\frac{3}{7}\right)$

f) $-\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$

2. Rewrite each exponential form as a product of powers.

a) $(-4)^3$

b) -6^6

$$\text{b)} \quad 2^4$$

$$\text{d)} \quad \frac{3^3}{5^4}$$

4. Solve the following.

$$\text{a)} \quad 3^3$$

$$\text{b)} \quad (-2)^6$$

$$\text{c)} \quad -8^2$$

$$\text{d)} \quad -(-4)^4$$

$$\text{e)} \quad \left(\frac{7}{10}\right)^2$$

$$\text{f)} \quad \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)^3$$

$$\text{g)} \quad -\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^4$$

$$\text{h)} \quad -\left(-\frac{5}{8}\right)^3$$

$$\text{i)} \quad \left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^3$$

$$\text{j)} \quad \left(-\frac{3}{4}\right)^4$$

Answers

1. a) -4^2 , $(-2)^3$, 2^3 , 3^2 b) $-(-3)^2$, $(-1)^5$, 1^5 , 3^2

2. a) 3^5 b) $(-5)^3$

c) $-(-10)^4$ d) $\frac{2^9}{7^5}$

e) $\left(-\frac{3}{7}\right)^3$ f) $-\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^6$

3. a) $(-4) \times (-4) \times (-4)$ b) $-6 \times 6 \times 6 \times 6 \times 6 \times 6$

c) $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2$ d) $\frac{3 \times 3 \times 3}{5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5}$

4. a) 27 b) 64

c) -64 d) -256

e) $\frac{49}{100}$ f) $-\frac{1}{64}$

g) $-\frac{16}{81}$ h) $\frac{125}{512}$

i) $\frac{125}{216}$ j) $\frac{81}{256}$