

In []:

```
In [1]: %matplotlib widget
import pandas as pd
import networkx as nx
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import analysis as analysis
from analysis import read_pickle, asnp
from mpl_toolkits.mplot3d import Axes3D
from matplotlib import cm
import statsmodels.api as sm
import statsmodels.formula.api as smf
from statsmodels.stats.anova import anova_lm
```

```
In [2]: filename = 'base' #'mod'
#df = analysis.read_pickle('df_sayama_change_all')
#df = read_pickle('df_group_size10-40_changeall')
df_full = analysis.read_pickle('df_' + filename)
print(df_full.shape)
df_full.columns
df = analysis.data_cleanup(df_full)

(21600, 18)
```

```
In [3]: #load SPL on undirected conversion of graph
filename = 'base' + 'mod'
dfmod = analysis.read_pickle('df_' + filename)
dfmod.columns
#load SPL on scc analysis of graph
filename = 'base' + 'modsc'
dfsc = analysis.read_pickle('df_' + filename)
```

```
In [9]: df = df.loc[df['giantComponent'] >= 0.99]
dfsc = dfsc.loc[df_full['giantComponent'] >= 0.99]
```

```
In [10]: #mplot3d doesnt handle sympy floats
stdd = np.asarray(df['std_d'].values, dtype = "float")
stdrs = np.asarray(df['std_rs'].values, dtype = "float")
stdrw = np.asarray(df['std_rw'].values, dtype = "float")
spl = np.asarray(df['SPL'].values, dtype = "float")
cd = np.asarray(df['CD'].values, dtype = "float")
cc = np.asarray(df['giantComponent'].values, dtype = "float")
sc = np.asarray(dfsc['sc'].values, dtype = "float")
```

```
In [11]: analysis.plotfig(stdd, sc, spl, '$d$', 'stdd-sc-spl', figsize=(7,7) )
#analysis.plotfig(stdrs, cd, spl, '$r_s$', 'base-rs')
#analysis.plotfig(stdrw, cd, spl, '$r_w$', 'base-rw')
```

discrepancy in SPL

```
In [119]: fig = plt.figure()
fig.set_size_inches(11,13)
ax = fig.gca(projection='3d')
alp = 0.2
#ax.scatter(asnp(dfsc['std_d']), asnp(dfsc['CD']), asnp(dfsc['SPL']),
#           #label='Largest directed strongly connected component', c='g', marker=
#           '.', alpha=alp)
ax.scatter(std_d, cd, spl, label = 'Sayama and Yamanoi', c='r', marker='.',alpha=alp)
ax.scatter(asnp(dfmod['std_d']), asnp(dfmod['CD']), asnp(dfmod['SPL']),
#           #label='Largest undirected weakly connected component', c='b', marker='x
#           ', alpha=alp)

ax.legend()
ax.set_xlabel("s.d. of $d$")
ax.set_ylabel("<CD>")
ax.set_zlabel("<SPL>")
ax.view_init(elev=3, azim=305)
plt.draw()
```

analysis of strongly/weakly connected components

```
In [107]: def ddgroupby(df, labels):
sdf = pd.DataFrame(df.groupby(labels)[['sc', 'giantComponent']].mean())
sdf.reset_index(inplace=True)
return sdf
def plt_surf(label, df, sdf):
plt.close('all')
fig = plt.figure()
fig.set_size_inches(9, 9)
ax = fig.gca(projection='3d')

#ax.scatter(asnp(df[label1[0]]), asnp(df[label1[1]]), asnp(df['sc']), marker=
#           '.')
ax.plot_trisurf(asnp(sdf[label[0]]), asnp(sdf[label[1]]), asnp(sdf['sc']), label=
'Strongly Connected',
               cmap=cm.coolwarm, linewidth=0, edgecolor='none')
ax.plot_trisurf(asnp(sdf[label[0]]), asnp(sdf[label[1]]), asnp(sdf['giantComponent']),
               cmap=cm.viridis, linewidth=0, edgecolor='none')
ax.set_xlabel('s.d. of $r_w$')
ax.set_ylabel('s.d. of $r_s$')
ax.set_zlabel('Component Size')
plt.draw()
```

```
In [45]: def cum_components(dfsc):
    x = []
    sc_ = []
    gc_ = []
    for i in np.linspace(0, 1.0, 21):
        cum = 1 - i
        con = dfsc['sc'] >= cum
        con2 = dfsc['giantComponent'] >= cum
        x.append(cum)
        sc_.append(dfsc.loc[con].shape[0])
        gc_.append(dfsc.loc[con2].shape[0])
    for i in np.linspace(0,0.15,15):
        cum = 1 - i
        con = dfsc['sc'] >= cum
        con2 = dfsc['giantComponent'] >= cum
        x.append(cum)
        sc_.append(dfsc.loc[con].shape[0])
        gc_.append(dfsc.loc[con2].shape[0])
    return x, sc_, gc_
```

```
In [12]: dfca = read_pickle('df_sayama_change_allmodsc')
    #x, sc_, gc_ = cum_components(dfca)
```

```
In [48]: plt.close('all')
    fig = plt.figure()
    ax = fig.add_subplot(111)
    ax.scatter(x,sc_, label = 'Strongly Connected',color='g')
    ax.scatter(x,gc_, label='Weakly Connected', color='b', marker='x')
    ax.legend()
    ax.set_ylabel('Number of Experiments')
    ax.set_xlabel('Relative size of Largest Component')
    plt.draw()
```

```
In [ ]:
```

Start with 0.8 as minimum gc size. Filter df:

```
In [108]: #df's are df, dfmod (undir SPL), dfsc, dfca(changeall)
    label1 = ['std_rw', 'std_rs']
    label2 = ['std_d', 'std_rw']
    label3 = ['std_d', 'std_rs']
    labels = label1

    sdf = ddgroupby(dfca, labels)
    plt_surfl(labels, df, sdf)
```

linreg

```
In [112]: res = smf.ols(formula='sc ~ (std_d + std_rs + std_rw)**2', data=dfsc).fit()
print(str(res.summary()))
```

```

=====
                        OLS Regression Results
=====
Dep. Variable:          sc      R-squared:                0.700
Model:                  OLS      Adj. R-squared:           0.700
Method:                 Least Squares      F-statistic:        8388.
Date:                   Mon, 20 Jul 2020      Prob (F-statistic):    0.00
Time:                   21:53:39      Log-Likelihood:       37033.
No. Observations:      21600      AIC:                 -7.405e+04
Df Residuals:          21593      BIC:                 -7.400e+04
Df Model:               6
Covariance Type:       nonrobust
=====
=
                        coef      std err          t      P>|t|      [0.025      0.97
-----
-
Intercept              1.0365      0.001      759.174      0.000      1.034      1.03
std_d                  -0.3997      0.004     -100.137      0.000     -0.408     -0.39
std_rs                 -0.0061      0.004      -1.530      0.126     -0.014      0.00
std_rw                 -0.0172      0.004      -4.298      0.000     -0.025     -0.00
std_d:std_rs           -0.1080      0.010     -10.623      0.000     -0.128     -0.08
std_d:std_rw           0.1630      0.010      16.038      0.000      0.143      0.18
std_rs:std_rw          0.0068      0.010      0.670      0.503     -0.013      0.02
-----
Omnibus:                5927.231      Durbin-Watson:        1.438
Prob(Omnibus):           0.000      Jarque-Bera (JB):     38082.159
Skew:                    -1.163      Prob(JB):              0.00
Kurtosis:                9.075      Cond. No.              42.4
=====

```

Warnings:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

```
In [110]: print(str(anova_lm(res)))
```

```

              df      sum_sq  mean_sq          F          PR(>F)
std_d          1.0  93.831200  93.831200  49415.864717  0.000000e+00
std_rs          1.0   0.621218   0.621218   327.162022  1.370843e-72
std_rw          1.0   0.403358   0.403358   212.426995  6.853623e-48
std_d:std_rs    1.0   0.214294   0.214294   112.856957  2.693272e-26
std_d:std_rw    1.0   0.488377   0.488377   257.201753  1.503337e-57
std_rs:std_rw   1.0   0.000852   0.000852    0.448904  5.028630e-01
Residual      21593.0  41.000944   0.001899         NaN         NaN

```

how much does sc explain SPL?

```
In [113]: df['sc'] = dfsc['sc']
df.columns
```

```
Out[113]: Index(['degrees', 'clusterCoeff', 'reciprocity', 'center_1', 'center_2',
                'mean_centers', 'overall_mean_culture', 'giantComponent', 'diam', 'SPL',
                'CD', 'c1_init', 'c2_init', 'c_avg_init', 'std_d', 'std_rs', 'std_rw',
                'tags', 'comps', 'sc'],
                dtype='object')
```

```
In [122]: res = smf.ols(formula='SPL ~ (sc + CD) ** 2', data=dfsc).fit()
print(str(res.summary()))
```

```

                                OLS Regression Results
=====
Dep. Variable:                  SPL      R-squared:                  0.388
Model:                            OLS      Adj. R-squared:              0.388
Method:                 Least Squares      F-statistic:                4561.
Date:                   Mon, 20 Jul 2020      Prob (F-statistic):          0.00
Time:                   22:09:41      Log-Likelihood:              16000.
No. Observations:          21600      AIC:                        -3.199e+04
Df Residuals:              21596      BIC:                        -3.196e+04
Df Model:                   3
Covariance Type:           nonrobust
=====
               coef      std err          t      P>|t|      [0.025      0.975]
-----
Intercept      2.1451      0.117      18.387      0.000      1.916      2.374
sc              0.0675      0.118       0.574      0.566     -0.163      0.298
CD              0.3514      0.040       8.776      0.000      0.273      0.430
sc:CD          -0.2545      0.040      -6.290      0.000     -0.334     -0.175
=====
Omnibus:                 3506.301      Durbin-Watson:              1.899
Prob(Omnibus):            0.000      Jarque-Bera (JB):            19684.744
Skew:                    0.666      Prob(JB):                    0.00
Kurtosis:                 7.483      Cond. No.                    881.
=====
```

Warnings:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

```
In [71]: plt.close('all')
fig = plt.figure()
fig.set_size_inches(9, 9)
ax = fig.gca(projection='3d')

ax.scatter(asnp(dfsc['SPL']), asnp(dfsc['std_d']), asnp(dfsc['sc']), marker='.')
ax.scatter(asnp(dfsc['SPL']), asnp(dfsc['std_d']), asnp(dfsc['giantComponent']), ma
rker='.', color='r')

ax.set_ylabel('s.d. of d')
ax.set_xlabel('<SPL>')
ax.set_zlabel('Size of largest Strongly Connected Component')

plt.draw()
```

```
In [ ]: #
```

linear relation between splsc and splgc?

```
In [94]: dtemp = dfmod['SPL']
dtemp.name = "SPLweak"
dtemp2 = dfsc['SPL']
dtemp2.name = "SPLstrong"
dfspl = pd.concat([dtemp, dtemp2], axis=1)
dfspl.head()
```

Out [94]:

	SPLweak	SPLstrong
0	1.974694	2.463265
1	1.951837	2.430204
2	2.040000	2.560816
3	1.937143	2.337143
4	1.932245	2.351429

```
In [95]: res = smf.ols(formula='SPLstrong ~ SPLweak', data=dfspl).fit()
print(str(res.summary()))
```

```

=====
                        OLS Regression Results
=====
Dep. Variable:          SPLstrong      R-squared:                0.798
Model:                  OLS           Adj. R-squared:            0.798
Method:                 Least Squares   F-statistic:              8.514e+04
Date:                  Mon, 20 Jul 2020   Prob (F-statistic):       0.00
Time:                  21:32:56          Log-Likelihood:           27956.
No. Observations:      21600            AIC:                     -5.591e+04
Df Residuals:          21598            BIC:                     -5.589e+04
Df Model:               1
Covariance Type:       nonrobust
=====

```

	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]
Intercept	-0.2541	0.009	-26.756	0.000	-0.273	-0.235
SPLweak	1.3652	0.005	291.795	0.000	1.356	1.374

```

=====
Omnibus:                 5398.807      Durbin-Watson:           1.887
Prob(Omnibus):            0.000        Jarque-Bera (JB):        255132.610
Skew:                    -0.393        Prob(JB):                0.00
Kurtosis:                 19.819        Cond. No.                53.1
=====

```

Warnings:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

analysis with 0.8 of graph as scc

```
In [128]: dfred = dfsc.loc[dfsc['sc'] >= 0.8]
dfred.shape
```

Out [128]: (20259, 20)

```
In [134]: analysis.plotfig(asnp(dfred['std_rw']), asnp(dfred['CD']), asnp(dfred['SPL']), '$r\_w$')
```

```
In [130]: import linReg  
linReg.fit_model(dfred, 'reduced-base-linreg')
```

```
In [131]: linReg.fit_model(df, 'sayama-base')
```

analyze experiment where we change all parameters.

- 0.8 cutoff for scc

```
In [6]: import linReg
```

```
In [15]: dfcaR = dfca.loc[dfca['sc'] >= 0.8]  
dfcaR.shape  
analysis.plotfig(asnp(dfcaR['std_rw']), asnp(dfcaR['CD']), asnp(dfcaR['SPL']), '$r_  
s$', fsize=(7,7))
```

```
In [136]: dfcaR.shape
```

```
Out[136]: (15687, 20)
```

```
In [7]: linReg.fit_model(dfcaR, 'linreg changeall reduced')
```

```
In [137]: res = smf.ols(formula='sc ~ (std_d + std_rs + std_rw)**2', data=dfcaR).fit()
print(str(res.summary()))
```

```

                                OLS Regression Results
=====
Dep. Variable:                  sc      R-squared:                  0.622
Model:                            OLS      Adj. R-squared:              0.622
Method:                 Least Squares      F-statistic:                4305.
Date:                   Mon, 20 Jul 2020      Prob (F-statistic):          0.00
Time:                   22:29:17      Log-Likelihood:             29496.
No. Observations:          15687      AIC:                       -5.898e+04
Df Residuals:              15680      BIC:                       -5.892e+04
Df Model:                   6
Covariance Type:           nonrobust
=====
=
                                coef      std err          t      P>|t|      [0.025      0.97
5]
-----
-
Intercept                1.0237         0.001     805.053      0.000         1.021         1.02
6
std_d                    -0.3050         0.005    -63.511      0.000        -0.314        -0.29
6
std_rs                   -0.0087         0.004     -2.299      0.022        -0.016         -0.00
1
std_rw                   -0.0046         0.004     -1.207      0.227        -0.012         0.00
3
std_d:std_rs             -0.1346         0.013    -10.762      0.000        -0.159        -0.11
0
std_d:std_rw              0.0034         0.012      0.277      0.782        -0.021         0.02
8
std_rs:std_rw            -0.0314         0.010     -3.086      0.002        -0.051        -0.01
1
=====
Omnibus:                   829.822      Durbin-Watson:              1.467
Prob(Omnibus):              0.000      Jarque-Bera (JB):           1020.324
Skew:                      -0.544      Prob(JB):                   2.75e-222
Kurtosis:                   3.613      Cond. No.                   49.4
=====
```

Warnings:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

how much does spl weak correlate with spl strong?

```
In [138]: #load SPL on undirected conversion of graph
filename = 'sayama_change_all' + 'mod'
camod = analysis.read_pickle('df_' + filename)
camod.columns
```

```
Out[138]: Index(['degrees', 'clusterCoeff', 'reciprocity', 'center_1', 'center_2',
               'mean_centers', 'overall_mean_culture', 'giantComponent', 'diam', 'SPL',
               'CD', 'c1_init', 'c2_init', 'c_avg_init', 'std_d', 'std_rs', 'std_rw',
               'tags', 'comps'],
              dtype='object')
```

```
In [140]: camodR = camod.loc[dfca['sc'] >= 0.8]
```



```
In [141]: dtemp = camodR['SPL']
dtemp.name = "SPLweak"
dtemp2 = dfcaR['SPL']
dtemp2.name = "SPLstrong"
dfspl = pd.concat([dtemp, dtemp2], axis=1)
dfspl.head()
```

Out[141]:

	SPLweak	SPLstrong
0	1.951020	2.432653
1	1.906122	2.347755
2	1.906939	2.315918
3	1.931429	2.431837
4	1.989388	2.409796

```
In [142]: res = smf.ols(formula='SPLstrong ~ SPLweak', data=dfspl).fit()
print(str(res.summary()))
```

```

=====
                        OLS Regression Results
=====
Dep. Variable:          SPLstrong      R-squared:                0.848
Model:                  OLS           Adj. R-squared:            0.848
Method:                 Least Squares   F-statistic:              8.733e+04
Date:                  Mon, 20 Jul 2020   Prob (F-statistic):       0.00
Time:                  22:34:29          Log-Likelihood:           13139.
No. Observations:      15687            AIC:                     -2.627e+04
Df Residuals:          15685            BIC:                     -2.626e+04
Df Model:               1
Covariance Type:       nonrobust
=====

```

	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]
Intercept	-0.6226	0.011	-56.629	0.000	-0.644	-0.601
SPLweak	1.5513	0.005	295.524	0.000	1.541	1.562

```

=====
Omnibus:                 7291.102      Durbin-Watson:           1.960
Prob(Omnibus):            0.000        Jarque-Bera (JB):        163281.140
Skew:                     1.720        Prob(JB):                0.00
Kurtosis:                 18.426        Cond. No.                33.8
=====

```

Warnings:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

In []: