6.4 Combination Collections of distinct Clements, where order does not matter Recall The binomial coefficient (K) (or C(n,k), county the # ob K-element subsets of 21,2,--,173. Ex 8 stocks, want 3. There (3) such portfolios. Ex 8 different stocks, want 3. 5 different metals, want 2. I different bonds, want 4. Q How many portfolios? Ly Select Stocksi (3) $\binom{n}{k} = \frac{n!}{k! (n-k)!}$ G Select Bonds: (2)
Select Bonds: (4) Rule Product (3) (2) (7) portfolios $\binom{8}{3} = \frac{8!}{5! \cdot 3!} = \frac{8 \cdot 7 \cdot 6 \cdot 5!}{5! \cdot 3!} = \frac{8 \cdot 7 \cdot 6 \cdot 5!}{5! \cdot 3!}$ $=\frac{8.7.6}{3!}=\frac{8.7.6}{6}=8.7=56$

· Poker Hanes by Deck ob 52 playing cards, L74 suits (Heart, Diamonds, Clubs, Spades)
613 Vanks/values (Ace, 2,3, ..., 10, J, Q, K) Q How many 5-card hands exist? $A \begin{pmatrix} 52 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$ A full-house is a 5-card hand with 43 cards of one Cank 42 cards of second rank (a) How many Full-Houses W/3 Q's and 2 A's? L> Sel Q's: (3) = 41 L> Sel A's: (2) Rule of Product (4)(4) (b) 3 Q's, need to pick 2nd rank

L) Sel Q's: (3)

L) Sel Q's: (3)

L) Sel 2nd rank! (12)(4) Rule Product; (4) (1) (2) hands

C) How Many Full-Houses?,

L) Sel First Rank! (13) (4)

L) Sel 2nd Rank! (12) (4) Rule do Product (13/4)(12)(4) such hands tx A one-Pair has two cards of same rank and 3 carels of 3 different rank of pair). Ly (a) Suppose 5 appears twice. Ly Sel 5's: (2) 6 Sel last 3 cards: (12)(4)(4)(4) Sel ranks Rule ob Product (2) (2)(4) (b) How many one pairs?
4 Sel Pair; (13) (4)
5 Sel last 3 cards; (13) (4)
3 Rule ob Product: ([3](4)(12)(4)3