

# Home work #5

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## case1

$$\phi_s = 0.3[\text{ev}], T_{\text{si}} = 5[\mu\text{m}], N^- = 10^{15}[\text{cm}^{-3}]$$

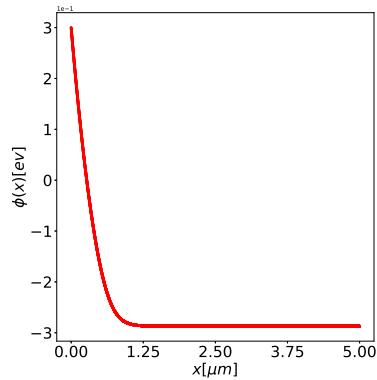


Figure 1: The energy  $\phi$  in the semiconductor versus  $x$

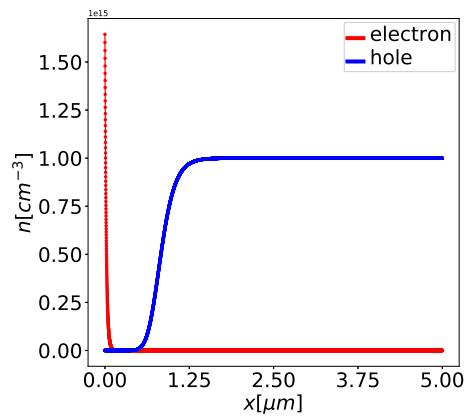


Figure 2: number density for the electron and hole concentration

## case2

$\phi_s = 0.3[\text{ev}]$ ,  $T_{\text{si}} = 5[\mu\text{m}]$ ,  $N^- = 10^{15}[\text{cm}^{-3}]$

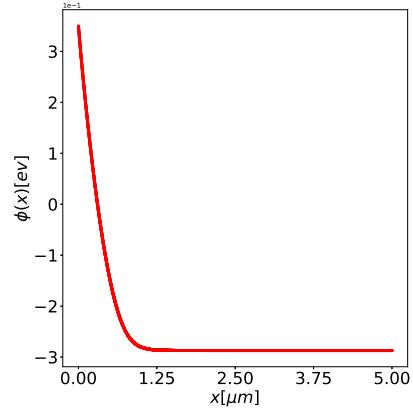


Figure 3: The energy  $\phi$  in the semiconductor versus x

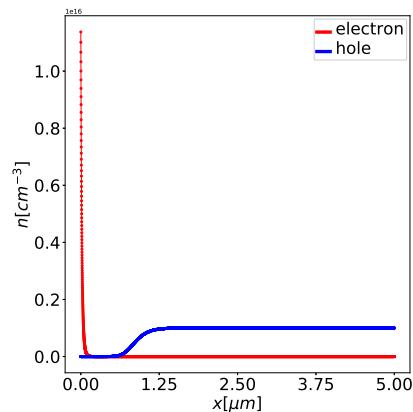


Figure 4: number density for the electron and hole concentration

**case3.**

$$\text{Analytic results: } \vec{E}_s|_x = \sqrt{\frac{2K_bTN_a}{\epsilon_{\text{silicon}}}} \left\{ \left( e^{-\frac{q_0\phi_d}{K_bT}} + \frac{q_0\phi_d}{K_bT} - 1 \right) + \left( \frac{n_i}{N_a} \right)^2 \left( e^{\frac{q_0\phi_d}{K_bT}} - \frac{q_0(\phi_s - \phi_d)}{K_bT} - 1 \right) \right\}^{\frac{1}{2}} (\phi_d = \phi_s - \phi_N)$$

Numerical results:  $-\nabla\phi|_x \simeq -\frac{\phi_2 - \phi_1}{x_2 - x_1}$ , where  $\phi_1 = \phi_s$ .

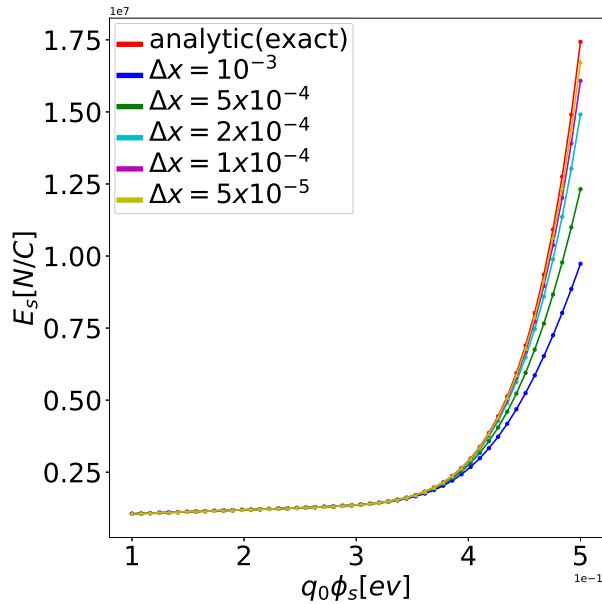


Figure 5: Benchmark between the analytic solution and numerical results