## dbGAP

• 1) At least 3 studies specifically on smoking are available, but smoking and nicotine dependence data are often collected as part of other studies.

• 2) Many of the studies use different genotyping chips and the older ones likely genotyped fewer SNPs. A meta-analysis will only be helpful for SNPs that were genotyped in all populations.

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- 3) Click on "The Genetic Architecture of Smoking and Smoking Cessation". If it's not in your results, search for it directly in the database. Click on the "Variables" tab. The variable being studied is the total number of DSM-IV nicotine dependence symptoms endorsed.
- 4) Select the "Datasets" tab. One of the many things collected was cigarettes per day.
- 5) Yes. On page three of the dataset information, it says that "self-identified race" is included.