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COMMODORE
193

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LONG RANGE SEISMIC MEASUREMENTS

COMMODORE

20 MAY 1967

Prepared for

AIR FORCE TECHNICAL APPLICATIONS CENTER
Washington, D. C.

14 AUGUST 1967

By

TELEDYNE, INC.

Under

Project VELA UNIFORM

Sponsored by

ADVANCED RESEARCH PROJECTS AGENCY
Nuclear Test Detection Office
ARPA Order No. 616

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LONG RANGE SEISMIC MEASUREMENTS

COMMODORE

SEISMIC DATA LABORATORY REPORT NO. 193

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Project Title:	Seismic Data Laboratory
ARPA Order No.:	624
ARPA Program Code No.:	5810
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Project Manager:	William C. Dean (703) 836-7644

P. O. Box 334, Alexandria, Virginia

AVAILABILITY

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COMMODORE
EVENT DESCRIPTION

DATE: 20 May 1967

TIME OF ORIGIN: 15:00:00.2Z

YIELD:

MAGNITUDE: 5.68 ± 0.56

LOCATION:

SITE: Nevada Test Site, Area U2am

GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES:

Lat: 37° 07' 49.0" N

Long: 116° 03' 50.0" W

ENVIRONMENT:

GEOLOGIC MEDIUM: TUFF

SURFACE ELEVATION: 4258 ft.

SHOT ELEVATION: 1773 ft.

SHOT DEPTH: 2485 ft.

COMPUTED EPICENTER: ALL STATIONS

GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES:

Lat: 37° 07' 12.0" N

Long: 116° 09' 36.0" W

TIME OF ORIGIN: 15:00:013Z

DEPTH CONSTRAINED TO: 0 km

EPICENTER SHIFT: 8.6 km S 80° W

Code	Station	Final							
		SPZ	SPR	SPT	LPZ	LPR	LPT	Tape	
MN-NV	Mina, Nevada	+	+	+	+	+	+	*	P
KO-UT	Kanab, Utah	+	-	+	+	+	+	*	P
TFSO	Tonto Forest Seismological Observatory, Arizona	+	+	+	+	+	+	*	P
MO-ID	Mountain Home, Idaho	+	+	+	+	+	+	*	P
UBSO	Uinta Basin, Seismological Observatory, Utah	+	-	+	+	+	+	*	S
BMSO	Blue Mountain, Seismological Observatory, Oregon	+	+	+	+	+	+	*	P
PK-CO	Franktown, Colorado	+	+	+	+	+	+	*	P
LAO	Subarray, AO-10, Montana	+	N	N	+	+	+		P
SA4TX	San Angelo, Texas	+	N	N	+	+	+		P
WMSO	Wichita Mountain Seismological Observatory, Oklahoma	+	+	+	+	+	+	*	P
ST2TX	Streeter, Texas	+	N	N	**	**	**		P
GR2TX	Grit, Texas	+	N	N	+	+	+		P
GR1TX	Grit, Texas	+	N	N	+	+	+		P
ST1TX	Streeter, Texas	**	N	N	+	-	-		P
PG-BC	Prince George, British Columbia, Canada	+	+	+	+	+	+	*	P
RK-ON	Red Lake, Ontario, Canada	+	+	+	+	+	+	*	P
CPSO	Cumberland Plateau, Seismological Observatory, Tenn.	+	+	+	+	+	+	*	P
WH2YK	Whitehorse, Yukon Territory, Canada	+	+	+	+	+	+	*	P
HN-ME	Houlton, Maine	+	+	+	+	+	+	*	P
SV3QB	Schefferville, Quebec, Canada	+	+	+	+	+	+	*	P
NP-NT	Mould Bay, Northwest Territories, Canada	+	+	+	+	+	+	*	P

I Inoperative + Signal
 N No Instrument - No Signal
 P Primary Timing * Magnetic Tape Available
 S Secondary Timing ** Magnification Unreliable

Station Status Report - COMMODORE

Table 1

Recording Stations and Signals Received

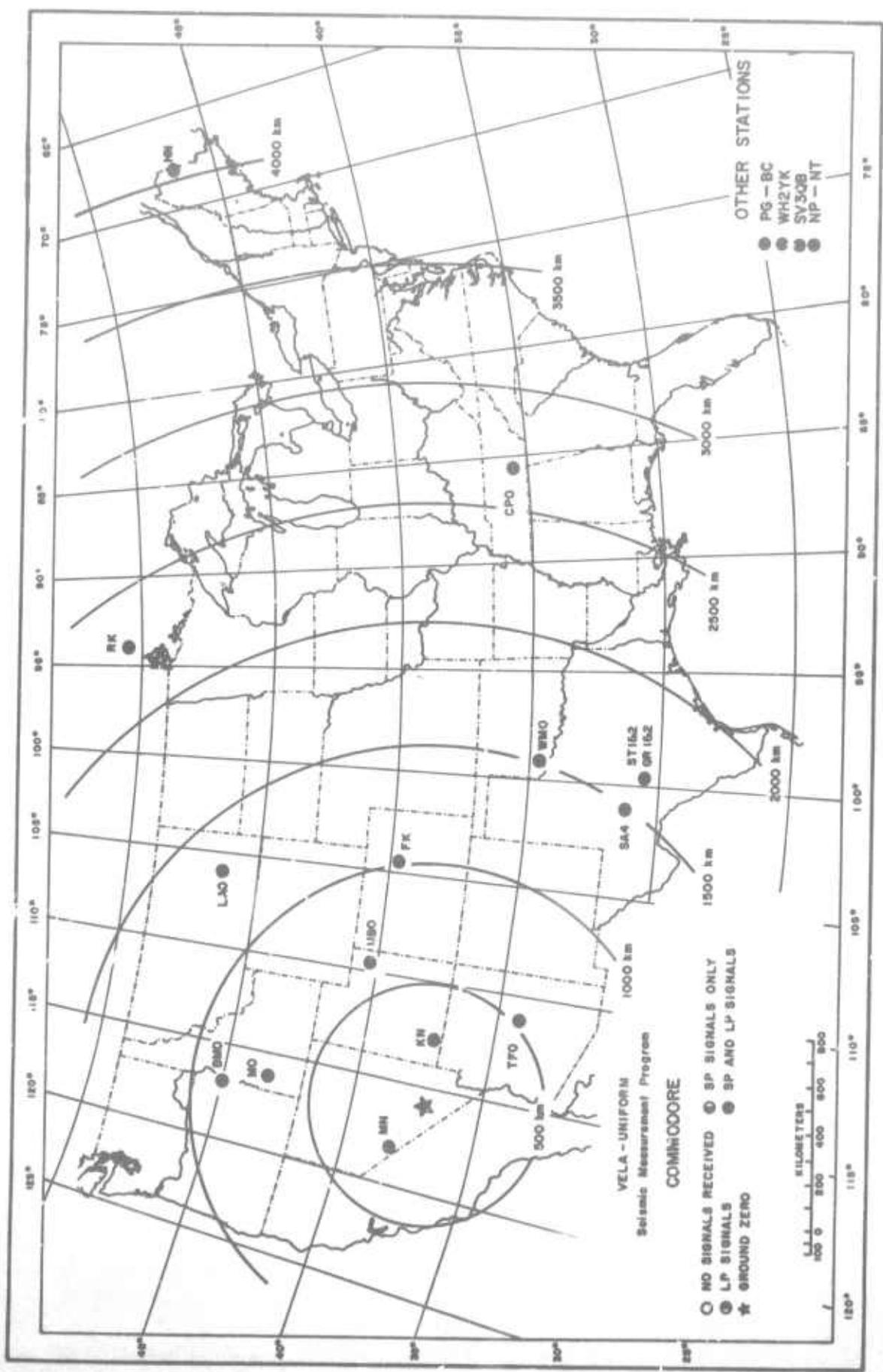


Figure 1

INTRODUCTION

A long range seismic measurements (LRSM) program and several larger seismographic observatories were established under VELA-UNIFORM to record seismological data resulting from natural seismic activity and a planned series of U. S. underground nuclear tests. The LRSM teams are mobile and occupy locations selected to provide optimum data from events of special interest; the observatories are permanent installations as follows:

Wichita Mountains Seismological Observatory (WMSO)
Lawton, Oklahoma

Uinta Basin Seismological Observatory (UBSO)
Vernal, Utah

Tonto Forest Seismological Observatory (TFSO)
Payson, Arizona

Large Aperture Seismic Array (LASA)
Billings, Montana

The purpose of this report is to provide an analysis of data resulting from the COMMODORE event recorded by the LRSM teams and the VELA observatories and a preliminary summary of data reported by other permanent and temporary seismographic stations.

INSTRUMENTATION AND PROCEDURE

The instrumentation at each of the LRSM locations consists of three-component short-period and three-component long-period seismographs. In general, data are recorded on 35 millimeter film

and on one-inch 14 channel magnetic tape, although recently more portable instrumentation has been incorporated which records only on magnetic tape. The stations are all equipped to record WWV continuously to provide accurate time control. Calibration is accomplished once each day and just prior to each shot at the operational settings. Pertinent information useful for analysis of LRSM data is available to qualified users of this data and is contained in Technical Report 65-43, "Interpretation and Usage of Seismic Data, LRSM Program." General information on LRSM van and portable system equipment and operation is given in Technical Report 66-27, "The LRSM Mobile Seismological Laboratory," and 65-74, "A Portable Seismograph." Copies of these reports may be obtained from DDC. The AD control number of Technical Report 66-27 is 480343. All the observatories have both long-period and short-period, three-component instrumentation, in addition to their other specialized facilities.

Station information is presented in Appendix I(A). This includes the station name and code; the geographic coordinates; the distances and azimuths involved; the station elevations; and the type of instruments in use at each location. Representative instrumental response curves are shown in Appendix II(B), II(C), and II(D).

The procedures used in measuring amplitudes reported herein are illustrated in Appendix II(A) and the unified magnitude is calculated as shown in Appendix I(B). The distance factors (B) beyond 16° are

from Gutenberg and Richter*. For distance less than 16° values were read from a curve in the Gutenberg and Richter paper back to 10° and then extrapolated to 2° , using an inverse cube relationship. An additional magnitude for less than 16° was computed using a method described by Evernden**. (Figure 3)

A standard hypocenter location program for a digital computer is used to determine the location using data from all stations analyzed. Best-fit values of latitude, longitude, and time of origin are determined statistically by a least squares technique. This utilizes a Jeffreys-Bullen travel-time curve as modified by Herrin in 1961 on the basis of Pacific surface-focus recordings. Precision of the computation is limited primarily by the accuracy of arrival times, the validity of the standard travel-time curve, and by local velocity deviations. This method is based on P-wave arrivals with depth constrained to zero.

DATA AND RESULTS (LRSM AND VELA OBSERVATORIES)

The parameters of the COMMODORE event and a summary of the seismic evaluation is shown on the Event Description page. The operational status of the 21 LRSM stations and observatories is given in Table I, and illustrated in Figure 1.

*Gutenberg, B. and Richter, C. F., Magnitude and Energy of Earthquakes Ann. Geofis., 9 (1956), pp. 1-15.

**Evernden, J. F., Magnitude Determination at Regional and Near Regional Distances in the United States, AFTAC/VELA Seismological Center Technical Report VU-65-4A, (1965), pp. 6,13.

Table 2 summarizes the measurements made of the principal phases from the COMMODORE event at the LRSM and VELA stations. Included are the Pn and P arrival times, the maximum amplitudes (A/T) of Pn or P motion and other phases as seen on the short-period instruments. Long-period Love and Rayleigh wave motion are also tabulated in (A/T) form. In addition, individual station Rayleigh wave areas (mm^2) is indicated as measured on the LPZ only. Although reduced to 1K magnification, they have not been normalized to any magnitude. Twenty-one stations recorded short-period and long-period signals from this event.

The unified magnitudes determined from the LRSM and VELA observatories are shown in Figure 2. The average magnitude is 5.68 ± 0.56 . The adjusted unified magnitude is 5.41 ± 0.55 and is shown in Figure 3.

The travel-time residuals from the Pn and P phases are shown in Figure 4. Figures 5 through 9 illustrate plots of the amplitudes of P, Pg, Lg, LQ, and LR.

Attached to the report are illustrative seismograms showing the signals recorded at four stations. The most distant station analyzed that recorded COMMODORE was NP-NT at a distance of 4364 kilometers.

Code	Station	Distance (km)	Inst.	Magni- fication Film x 10	Phase	Observed Travel Time (sec)	Pick Loc. S (sec)	Maximum Amplitude A/P	Magitude (a)	Avg. Am. Lbs
NEP-NP	Reno, Nevada	234	SPE	0.296c	Pn	36.2	0.6	4840	5.94	5.63
			SPE	0.296e	Pg	38.7	0.5	23.236		
			SPE	0.415	Lg		0.6	45.053		
			LPS	0.463	Lg		10.0	17.893		
	Kanab, Utah	286	LPS	0.463	e	9	55	11.0	5302	6.63-9.9
			SPE	0.344	Pn	43.2	0.6	3424	6.03	
			SPE	0.344	e	44.5	0.6	4467		
			SPE	0.344	e	48.0	0.5	11.576		
			SPE	0.344	Pg	49.1	0.6	18.779		
			SPE	3.34	Lg		0.8	25.567		
			LPS	0.817	Lg		9.0	4125		
			LPS	0.817	e	42	0.1	(11.0)	(109)	122.40
NP-00	Tonto Forest Seismological Observatory, Arizona	536	SPE-60	5.5	Pn	1	15.1	0.3	477	6.03
			SPE-60	5.5	e	1	21.4	0.5	346	
			SPE-60	1.0	Pg	1	29.1	0.75	1966	
			SPE	1.0	Lg		1.3	1419		
			SPE	1.0	Lg		1.3	2995		
			LPS	4.0	e	11	30	16.0	111	
			LPS	16.89	Pn	1	30.8	0.45	423	6.22
			SPE	16.89	Pg	1	(49.0)	(0.4)	(51.31)	
			SPE		Lg		—	—	—	
			LPS	0.26	LQ		11.0	(3543)		
			LPS	1.28	Lg		12.0	2510		
			LPS	13.9	e	12	22	(12.0)	(341)	342.31
ND-2D	Mountain Home, Idaho	660	SPE-10	5.0	Pn	01	33.2	0.9	1327	6.72
			SPE-10	5.0	e	01	34.2	0.7	1007	
			SPE-10	5.0	Pg	01	50.4	0.8	1610	
			SPE	0.9	Lg		1.2	5474		
			SPE	0.93	Lg		1.2	3632		
			LPS	2.25	LQ		14.0	(11.1)		
			LPS		Lg		—	—	—	
			LPS	1.06	e	12	23	15.0	113	
			SPE		Pn	01	56.5	0.45	96.4	
			SPE	25.0	Lg		—	—	—	
			SPE-3	25.0	e	01	59.8	0.6	140	
			SPE-3	25.0	Pg	02	23.4	—	—	
			SPE		Lg		—	—	—	
			SPE		Lg		—	—	—	
			LPS	1.0	Lg		15.0	742		
			LPS	8.8	e	13	25	15.0	108	
			SPE	30.0	Pn	02	19.4	(0.8)	(124)	
PR-CO	Franktown, Colorado	1049	SPE	30.0	e	02	32.0	0.6	137	
			SPE	30.0	Pg	02	59.5	1.2	1111	
			SPE	29.45	Lg		1.8	2495		
			LPS	4.2	LQ		12.0	2198		
			LPS	0.627	Lg		11.3	4116		

Principal Phases- COMMCDORE
Table 2 - Page 1

1049	Franktown, Colorado	LPS	1.0	LR	15.0	742	420.00	
		LPS	8.6	e	1.3	25	15.0	
SPS	30.0	Pn	02	19.4	(0.8)	108	(4.86)	
		SPS	20.0	e	02	32.0	0.6	
SPS	30.0	Pn	02	59.5	1.2	311	(6.22)	
		SPS	29.45	LR	1.8	2495		
LPS	4.2	LO	1.0	12.0	2190			
		LPS	0.627	LR	11.0	4116		
LPS	0.627	e	14	25	12.0	452	398.72	
		SPS	87.7	Pn	02	52.8	(1.0)	
LPS	87.7	Pn	02	52.8	(1.0)	(21.9)	(4.49)	
		SPS	87.7	e	02	55.1	0.7	
SPS	87.7	e	02	(08.2)	0.9	117		
		SPS	87.7	e	03	14.5	(1.1)	
SPS	87.7	(Pn)	02	40.6	(0.9)	(129)		
		LPS	87.7	LR	03	11.5	(1.0)	
SPS	87.7	SPS-2	60.0	e	03	17.4	1.0	106
		SPS-2	60.0	PP	03	23.6	1.0	
SPS	87.7	SPS-2	60.0	e	03	31.4	1.2	142
		SPS-2	60.0	PP	04	02.8	1.1	
LPS	1.25	LO	1.0	(13.0)	(304)			
		LPS	1.35	LR	(12.0)	(2223)	210.09	
SPS	60.0	e	12	17.8	3.4	(833)	(5.22)	
		SPS-6	10.0	P	03	26.5	1.1	
SPS	35.0	e	03	34.5	(1.5)	(202)		
		SPS-6	25.0	e	02	42.6	1.35	
SPS	25.0	SPS-6	25.0	PP	04	29.5	0.9	235
		SPS	10.5	LR	(1.0)	(724)		
SPS	10.0	e	02	42.6	(1.1)	(125)		
		LPS	1.0	LO	15.0	294		
LPS	2.5	LR	1.0	15.0	152			
		LPS	24.0	e	17	23	16.0	40.2
SPS	112	P	03	36.5	0.8	41.2	4.79	
		SPS-1	112	e	03	38.1	0.8	
SPS	112	e	02	40.9	1.0	100	5.41	
		SPS-1	112	e	02	37.0	0.8	
LPS	472	P	04	(40.6)	0.8	62.6	5.03	
		SPS-1	112	PP	04	12.0	ee	
SPS	112	e	02	36.5	0.8	41.0		
		SPS-2	112	e	03	42.2	1.0	
SPS	112	PP	02	49.7	0.9	51.9		
		SPS-2	112	e	02	54.2	0.8	
SPS	112	PP	04	50.9	1.2	104		
		LPS	9.05	LO	15.0	236		
SPS	1.65	LR	1.0	19.0	1054			
		SPS-1	472	e	16	65.8	2.4	224
LPS	9.2	e	17	51	12.0	125	215.15	

Code	Station	Distance (km)	Inst.	Event- ification Pm x 10	Phase	Observed travel time (min)	Period T (sec)	Maximum Amplitude A/T	Magnitude (m)		Area (mm ²) Lrg
									m	mm	
6132	Oxide, Texas	1692	SPZ-1	122.5	P	03	37.4	0.6	39.7	4.80	4.73
			SPZ-1	122.5	e	03	39.3	0.7	36.1		
			SPZ-1	122.5	(Pg)	04	41.8	1.2	152		
			LPT	0.5	Lg		15.0	336			
			LPS	0.5	LR		12.0	1159			
			LPS	0.5	e	18	00	(12.0)	(151)		
			SPZ-1	0.6	P	93	37.6	0.9	ee		
			SPZ-1	0.6	e	03	42.4	0.6	ee		
			SPZ-1	0.6	(Pg)	04	41.8	0.8	ee		
			LPS	0.17	LR		12.0	1519			
											176.47
5712	Streeter, Texas	1696	SPZ-1	0.6	P	93	37.6	0.9	ee		
			SPZ-1	0.6	e	03	42.4	0.6	ee		
			SPZ-1	0.6	(Pg)	04	41.8	0.8	ee		
			LPS	0.17	LR		12.0	1519			
PG-SC	Prince George, British Columbia, Canada	1940	SPZ	54.2	P	04	06.4	1.4	187	5.06	
			SPZ	54.2	e	04	09.5	1.3	511		
			SPZ	54.2	e	04	13.1	1.3	321		
			SPZ	54.2	PP	04	22.7	1.2	187		
			LPS	47.4	s	07	24	20.0	7.3		
			SPZ	54.7	Lg						
			SPZ	56.9	Lg						
			LPS	47.4	LO						
			LPT	43.6	LO						
			LPS	5.6	LR						
			SPZ	5.6	e	19	33	12.0	104		
			SPZ	8.85	r	04	45.6	0.9	713	5.95	
			SPZ	9.85	e	05	3.3	1.1	199		
			LPT	9.85	s	08	37	11.0	36.7		
			SPZ	9.85	Lg			(1.6)	(103)		
			LPT	51.9	LO						
			LPS	9.5	LR						
			LPS	9.5	e	19	33	12.0	104		
			SPZ	93.0	e	21	37	12.0	102		
			SPZ	40.0	P	05	21.8	0.85			
			LPS	4.0	s	09	41	(15.0)	(32.9)		
			LPS	2.6	s	09	41	15.0	44.6		
			SPZ	4.0	Lg						
			LPS	4.0	LO						
			SPZ	2.0	LR						
			LPS	2.0	e	23	(25)	12.0	158		
2730	Cumberland Plateau Seismological Observatory, Tennessee	2730	SPZ	40.0	e	05	23.4	0.9	184		
			SPZ	40.0	e	05	23.4	0.9	184		
			LPS	4.0	s	09	41	(15.0)	(32.9)		
			LPS	2.6	s	09	41	15.0	44.6		
			SPZ	4.0	Lg						
			LPS	4.0	LO						
			SPZ	2.0	LR						
			LPS	2.0	e	23	(25)	12.0	158		
2942	Whitehorse, Yukon Territory Canada	2942	SPZ	7.4	P	05	38.9	1.0	36.9	5.02	
			SPZ	47.4	e	05	40.9	0.85	41.4		
			SPZ	47.4	PP	06	26.0	1.2	36.3		
			SPZ	47.4	PP	09	(04.2)	2.7	5.4		
			SPZ	36.7	Lg						
			LPS	11.2	LO						

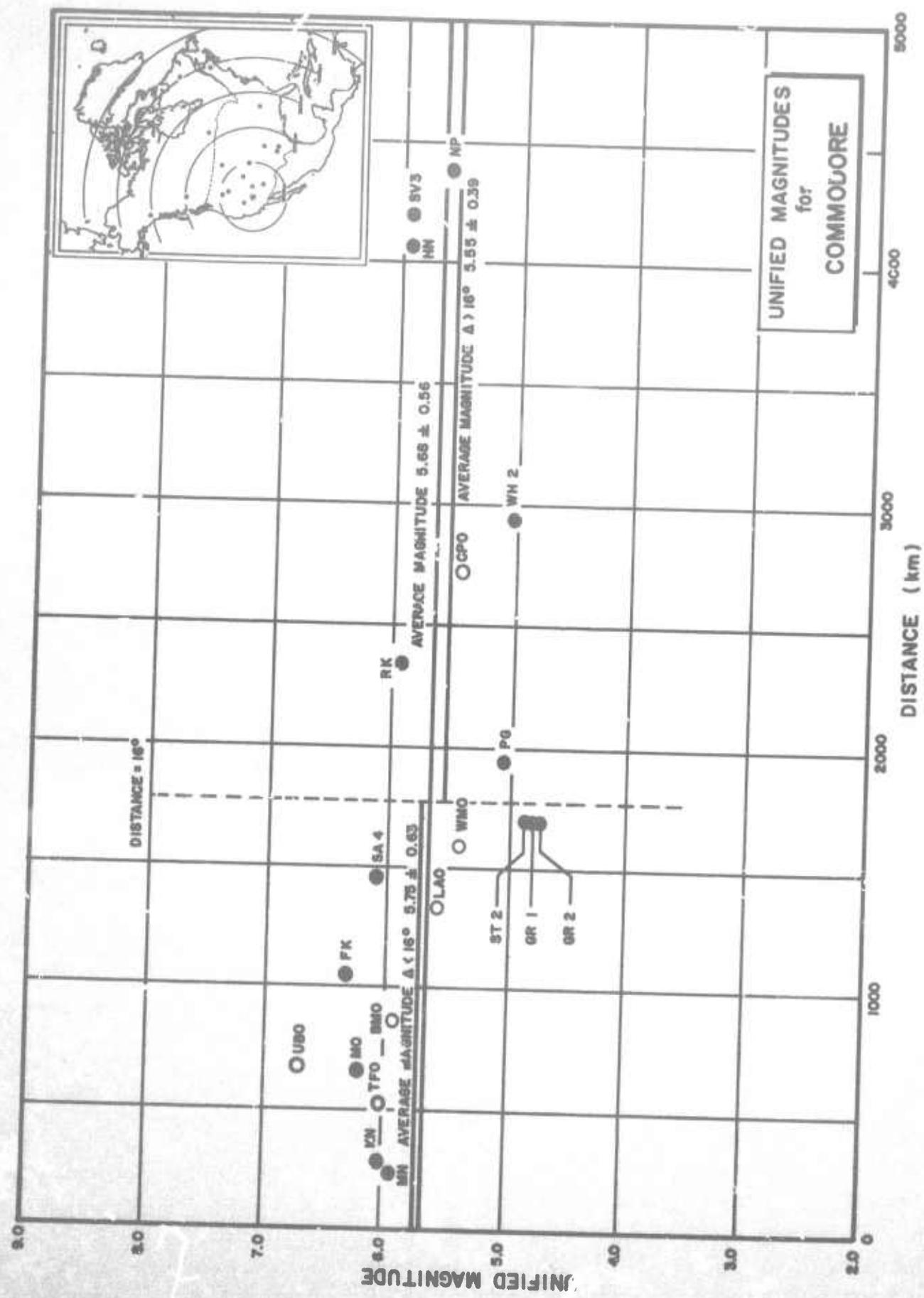
Principal Phases - COMMODORE
Table 2 - Page 2

		LPS	4.0	LQ	17.6	83.3
		LPS	2.0	LR	15.0	824
		LPS	2.0	*	12.0	156
				(25)		
		SPZ	47.4	P	38.9	1.0
		SPZ	47.4	*	40.9	0.85
		SPZ	47.4	PP	28.0	1.2
		SPZ	47.4	PcP	(04.2)	0.7
		SPT	36.7	Lg	(2.6)	(151)
		LPT	17.2	LQ	18.0	120
		LPS	1.94	LR	14.0	590
						256.44
		LPS	19.3	*	25	11
		SPZ	40.7	P	07	07.7
		SPZ	40.7	*	07	20.0
		SPZ	40.7	*	07	1.0
		SPZ	40.7	*	23.6	0.95
		SPZ	40.7	PP	(28.1)	1.4
		SPZ	40.7	PcP	09	(30.6)
		LPS	49.9	LQ	(15.0)	(183)
		LPS	1.98	LR	15.0	229
		LPS	20.8	*	30	45
						119.68
		SPZ	54.4	P	07	15.9
		SPZ	54.4	*	07	18.0
		SPZ	54.4	*	07	20.2
		SPZ	54.4	PP	08	39.8
		SPR	59.0	Lg	(1.7)	(49.0)
		SPT	56.2	Lg	(1.5)	(48.0)
		LPR	28.6	LQ	14.0	62.5
		LPT	26.2	LR	13.0	55.9
		LPS	17.9	LR	14.0	264
						149.72
		SPZ-1	134.0	P	07	30.4
		SPZ-1	134.0	*	07	33.5
		SPZ-1	134.0	PP	08	59.6
		SPZ-1	134.0	PcP	09	38.6
		SPZ-1	134.0	*	09	40.2
		SPT	105.0	B	13	27.0
		SPT	105.0	Lg	(1.4)	(43.5)
		LPT	9.56°	LQ	17.0	139
		LPS	11.47°	LR	16.0	295
						209.21

no/sec
Boutiful Values or Phases
Measurements Made from Playbacks
Maximum Amplitudes Clipped on Film and Tape
Signalization Unreliable

82

Figure 2



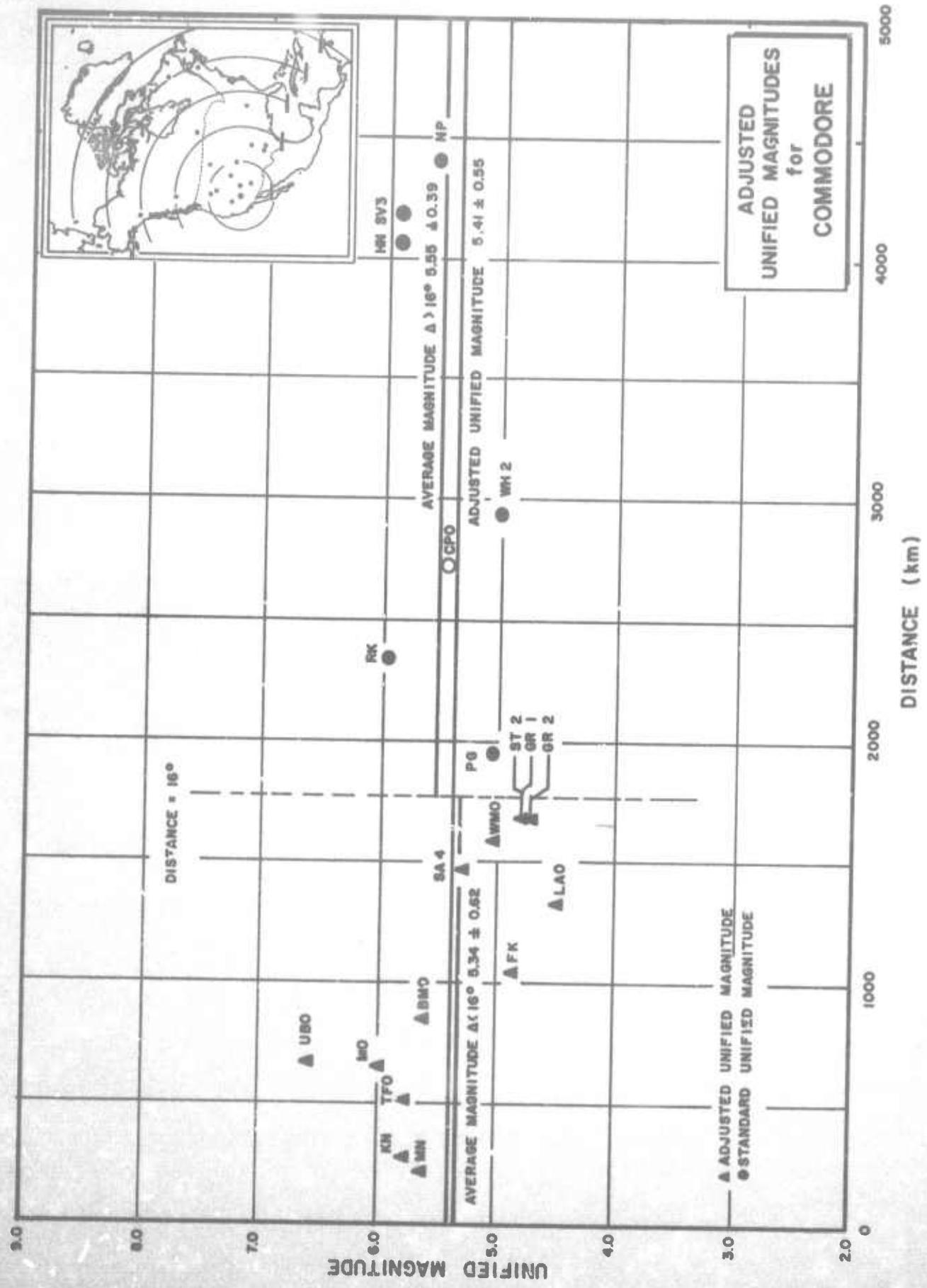


Figure 3

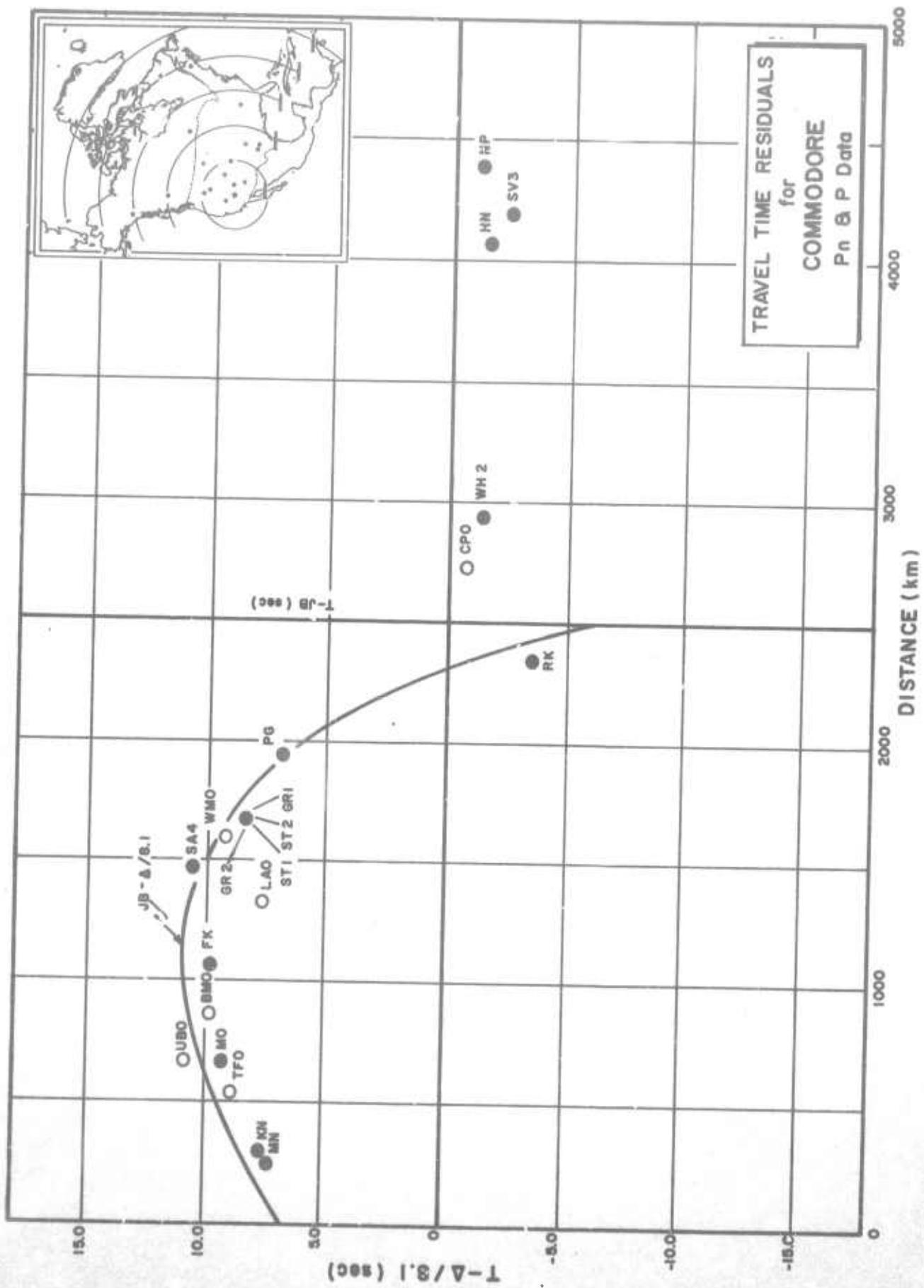


Figure 4

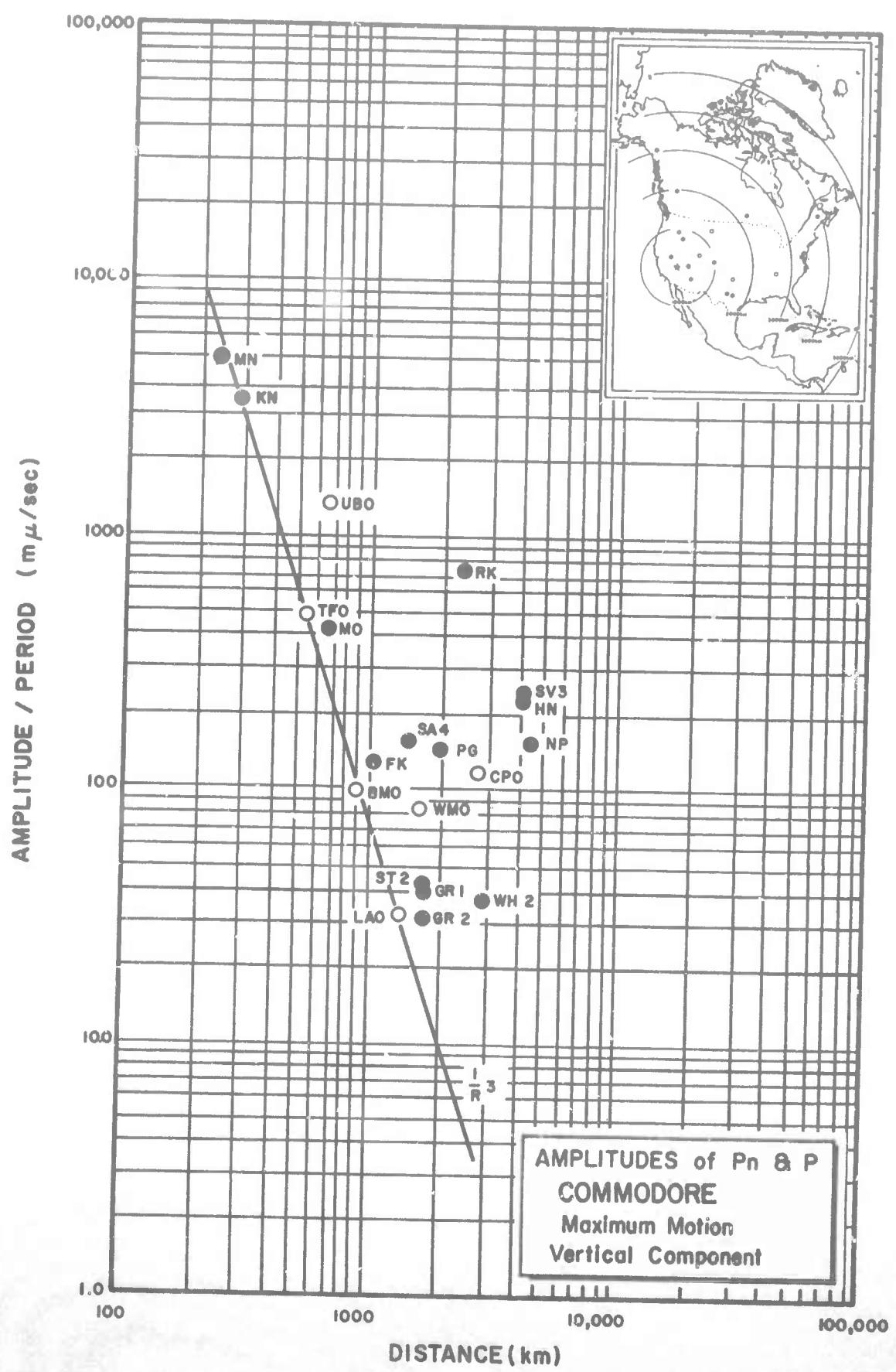


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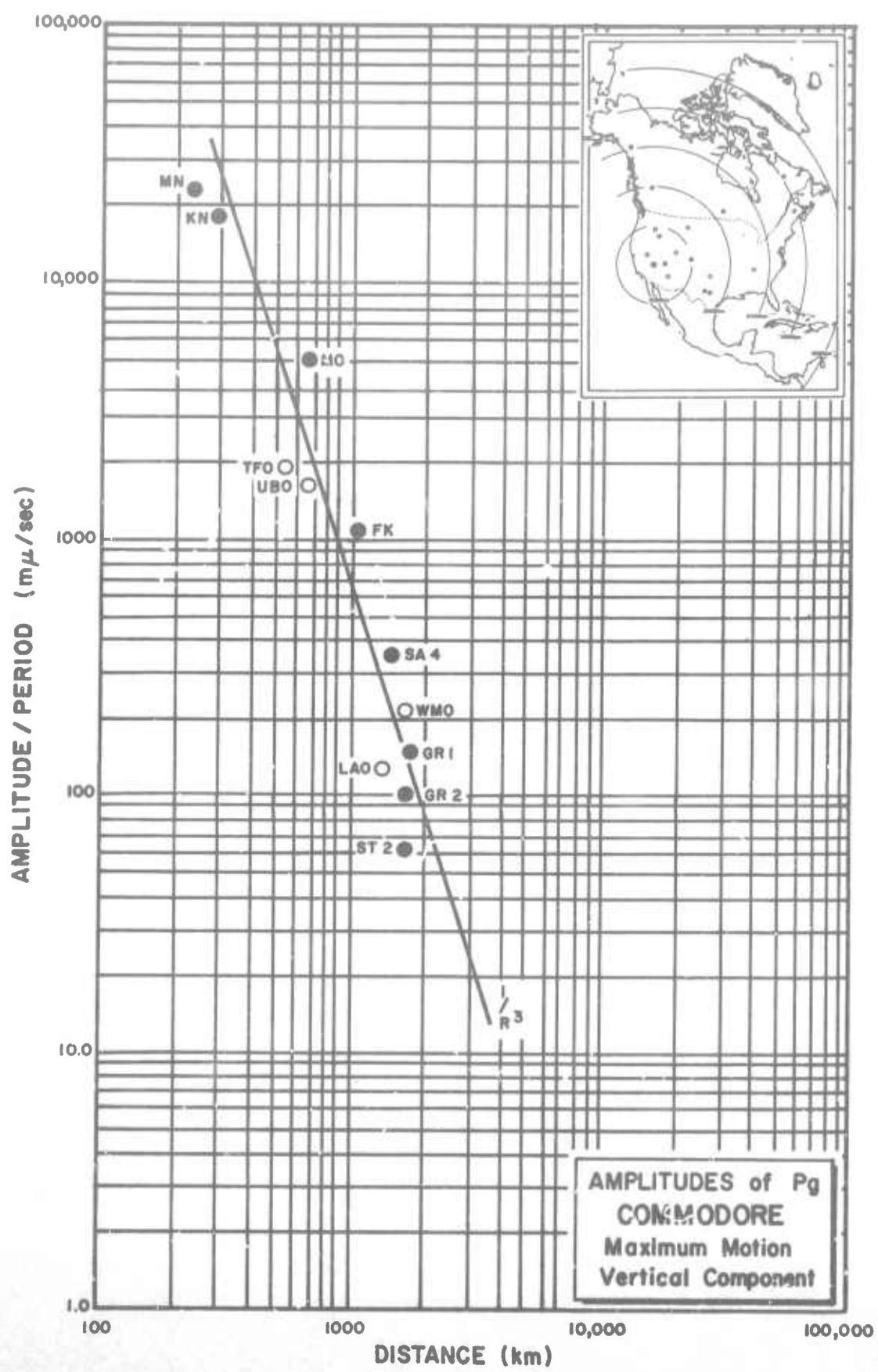


Figure 6

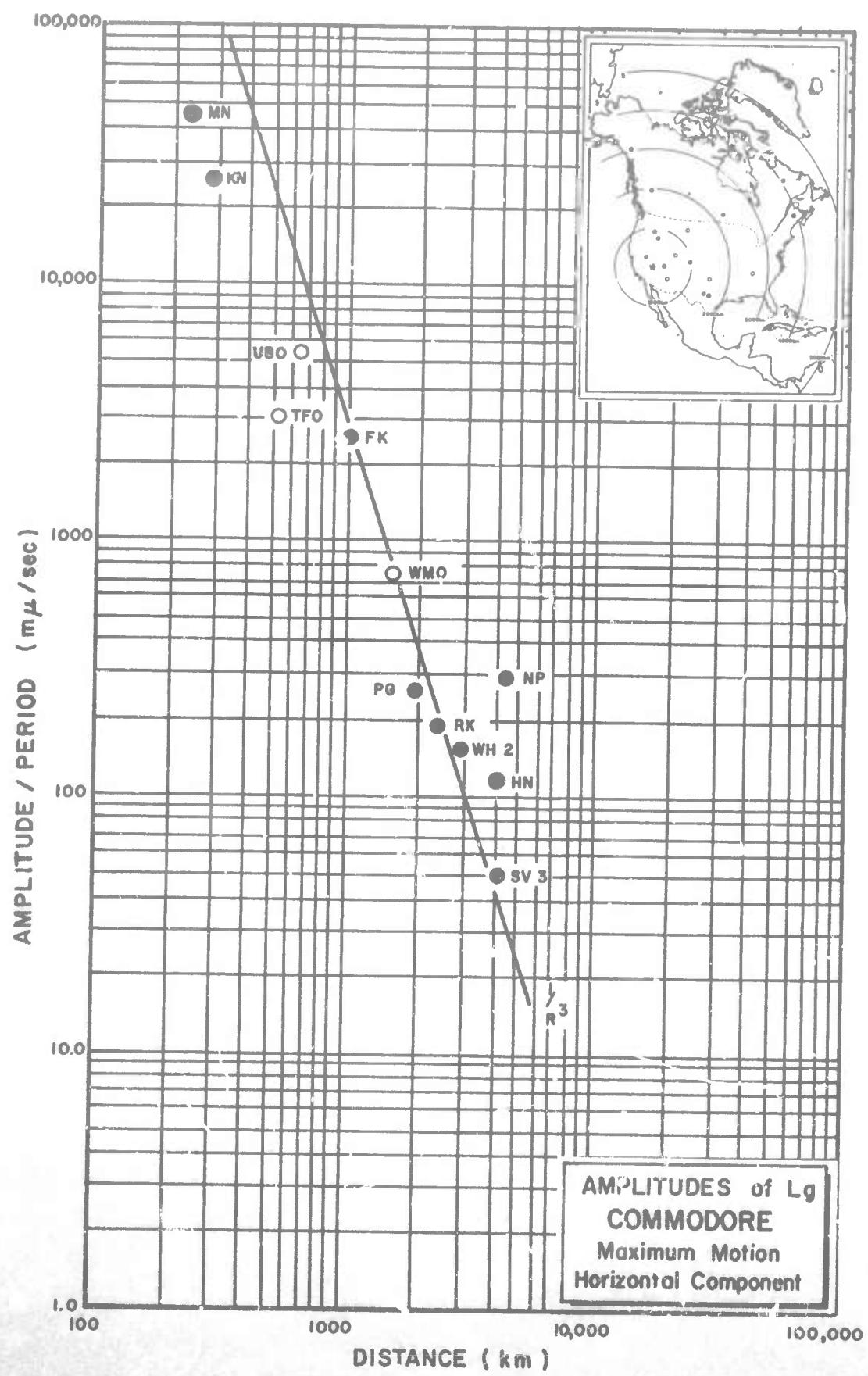


Figure 7

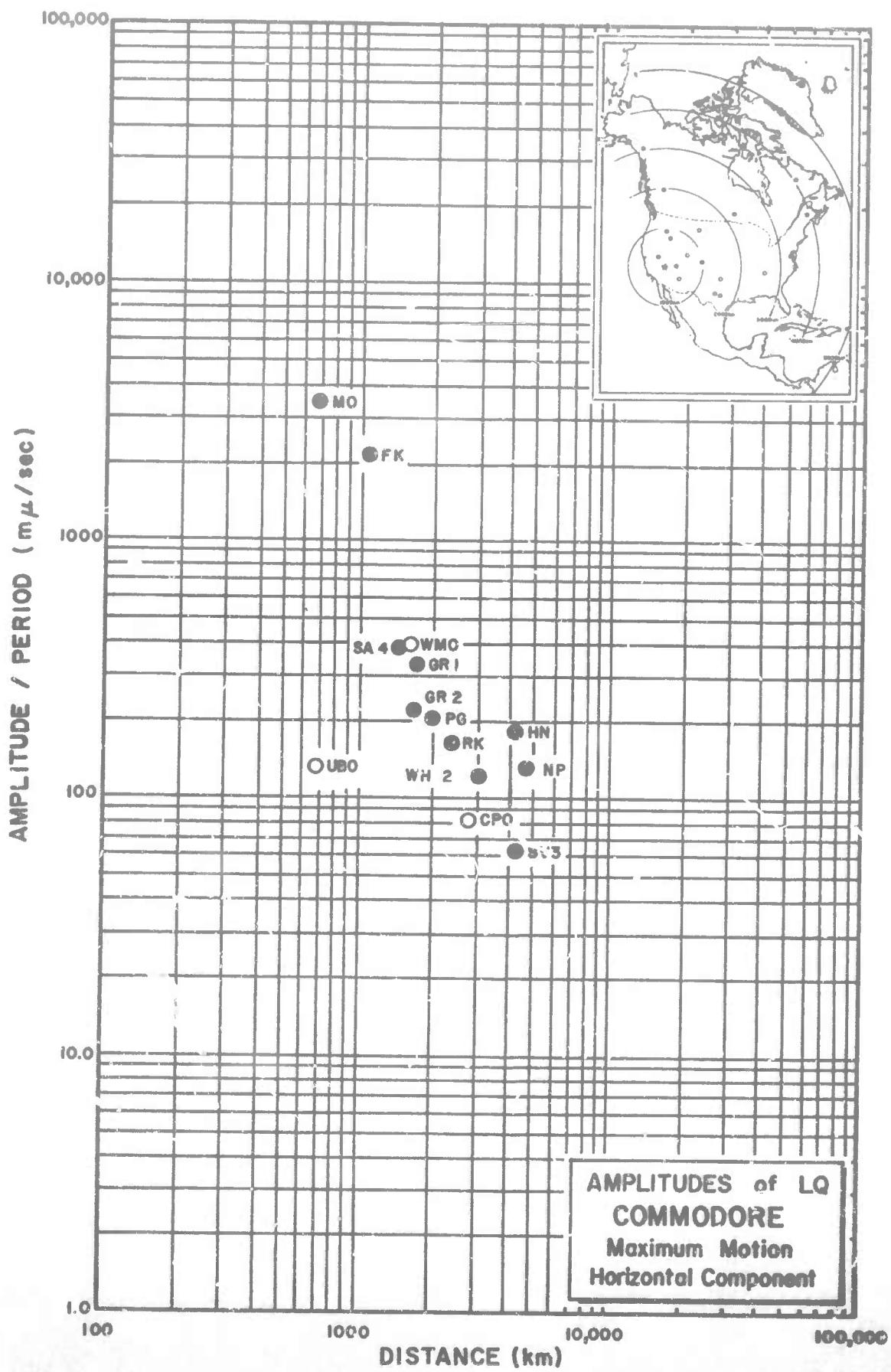


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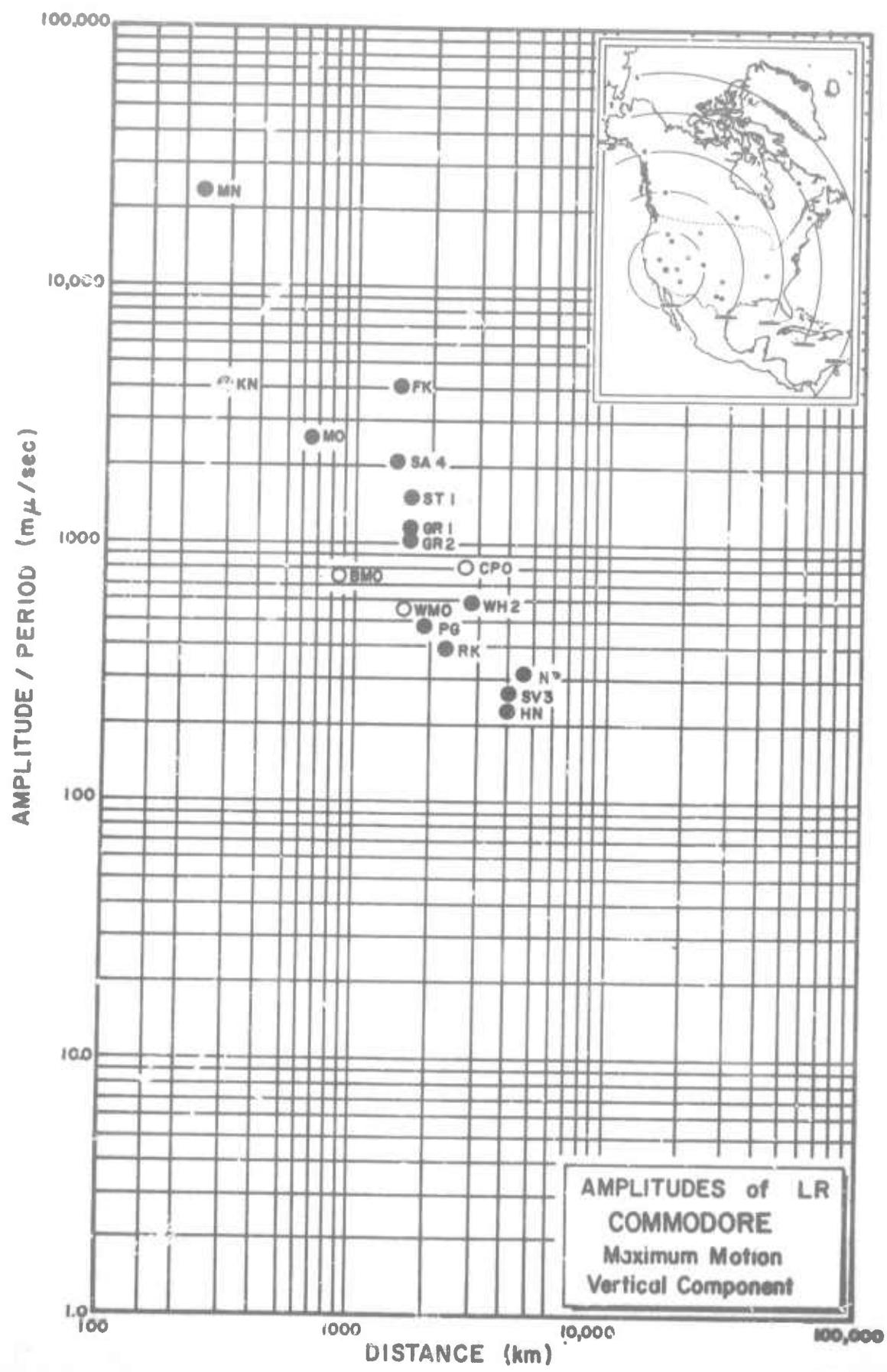


Figure 9

Code	Station	Distance (km)	Geographic Latitude	Geographic Longitude	Elev. (km)	Computed Azimuth		Large or Small SP	LP Inst.
						Epi. Sta.	Sta. Epi.		
ME-SV	Mina, Nevada	234	38°26'10" N	118°08'53" W	1.52	309°	128°	308°	38°
ME-SV	Kanab, Utah	266	37°01'22" N	112°49'39" W	1.74	91°	273°	95°	185°
ME-SO-260*	Tonto Forest Seismological Observatory, Arizona	536	34°17'12" N	111°16'03" W	1.49	125°	307°	90°	0°
ME-ID	Mountain Home, Idaho	660	43°04'19" N	116°15'56" W	0.79	359°	178°	359°	89°
ME-O-220*	Mississippi River Seismological Observatory, Utah	667	40°29'12" N	109°34'07" W	1.60	56°	240°	90°	0°
MEO-23*	Blue Mountain Seismological Observatory, Oregon	864	44°50'56" N	117°18'20" W	1.19	353°	173°	0°	90°
PE-CO	Franktown, Colorado	1049	39°35'12" N	104°27'42" W	1.80	71°	259°	79°	169°
LAO*	Sugarray, AG-10, Montana	1338	46°41'19" N	106°13'20" W	0.90	34°	221°	90°	0°
SAITX	San Angelo, Texas	1466	31°49'29" N	101°25'29" W	0.79	109°	298°	118°	208°
MEO-26*	Wichita Mountain Seismological Observatory, 1/3a, Street, Texas	1597	34°43'05" N	98°35'21" W	0.51	94°	285°	90°	0°
ST2TX	ST2TX	1606	30°47'32" N	99°26'52" W	0.58	110°	299°	119°	209°
SA2TX	SA2TX	1689	30°47'11" N	99°24'58" W	0.55	110°	299°	119°	209°
GTIX	GTIX, Texas	1692	30°46'40" N	99°23'03" W	0.52	110°	299°	119°	209°
STIX	STIX, Texas	1696	30°45'08" N	99°21'20" W	0.52	110°	299°	119°	209°
PE-BC*	Prince George, British Columbia, Canada	1940	53°52'50" N	122°31'23" W	0.91	347°	163°	110°	200°
ME-OB	Red Lake, Ontario, Canada	2340	50°50'20" N	93°40'20" W	0.37	42°	238°	58°	148°
CPSO-25*	Cumberland Plateau Seismological Observatory, Tennessee	2731	35°35'41" N	85°34'13" W	0.57	84°	283°	90°	0°
WE2TK	Whitehorse, Yukon Territory, Canada	2742	60°41'41" N	134°58'02" W	0.85	339°	144°	325°	55°
ME-M	Boulton, Maine	4065	46°09'43" N	67°59'09" W	0.21	60°	273°	93°	183°
ME-30*	Schefferville, Quebec, Canada	4186	54°48'39" N	66°45'06" W	0.58	46°	263°	139°	229°
ME-ST	Mould Bay, Northwest Territories, Canada	4364	76°15'08" N	119°22'18" W	0.06	359°	176°	356°	86°

* Seismometer Not Oriented Toward WTS

Unified Magnitude: $m = \log_{10} (A/T) + B$

where

A = zero to peak ground motion in millimicrons
 $= \frac{\text{mm}}{1000}$

K

T = signal period in seconds

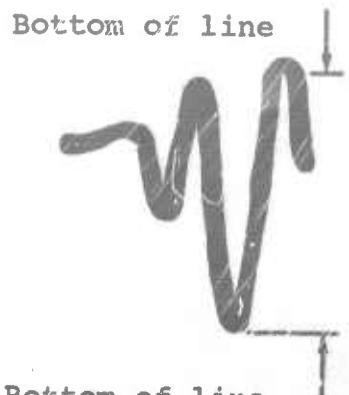
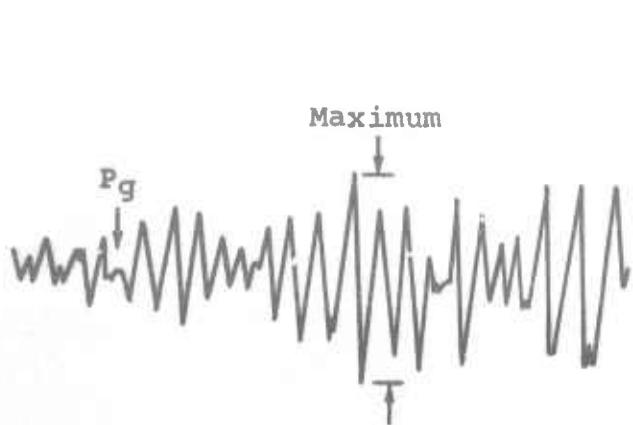
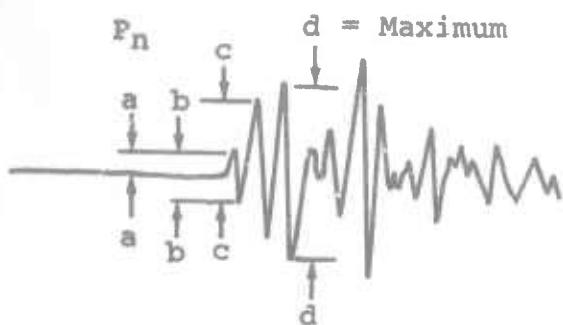
B = distance factor (see Table below)

mm = record amplitude in millimeters zero to peak

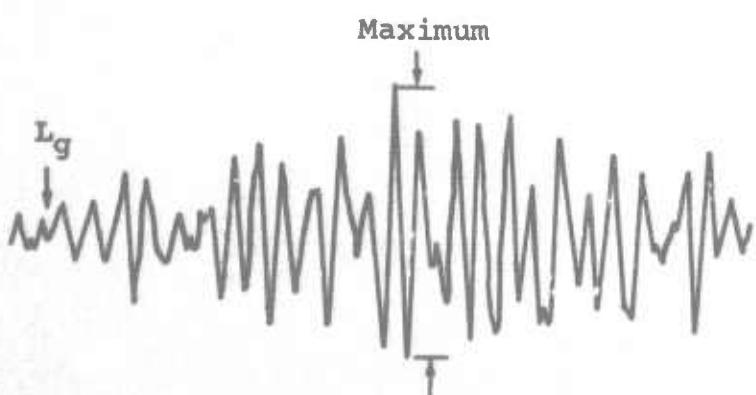
K = magnification in thousands at signal frequency

Table of Distance Factors (B) for Zero Depth

Dist (deg)	B	Dist (deg)	B	Dist (deg)	B	Dist (deg)	B
0°	-	27°	3.5	54°	3.8	80°	3.7
1	-	28	3.6	55	3.8	81	3.8
2	2.2	29	3.6	56	3.8	82	3.9
3	2.7	30	3.6	57	3.8	83	4.0
4	3.1	31	3.7	58	3.8	84	4.0
5	3.4	32	3.7	59	3.8	85	4.0
6	3.6	33	3.7	60	3.8	86	3.9
7	3.8	34	3.7	61	3.9	87	4.0
8	4.0	35	3.7	62	4.0	88	4.1
9	4.2	36	3.6	63	3.9	89	4.0
10	4.3	37	3.5	64	4.0	90	4.0
11	4.2	38	3.5	65	4.0	91	4.1
12	4.1	39	3.4	66	4.0	92	4.1
13	4.0	40	3.4	67	4.0	93	4.2
14	3.6	41	3.5	68	4.0	94	4.1
15	3.3	42	3.5	69	4.0	95	4.2
16	2.9	43	3.5	70	3.9	96	4.3
17	2.9	44	3.5	71	3.9	97	4.4
18	2.9	45	3.7	72	3.9	98	4.5
19	3.0	46	3.8	73	3.9	99	4.5
20	3.0	47	3.9	74	3.8	100	4.4
21	3.1	48	3.9	75	3.8	101	4.3
22	3.2	49	3.8	76	3.9	102	4.4
23	3.3	50	3.7	77	3.9	103	4.5
24	3.3	51	3.7	78	3.9	104	4.6
25	3.5	52	3.7	79	3.8	105	4.7
26	3.4	53	3.7				



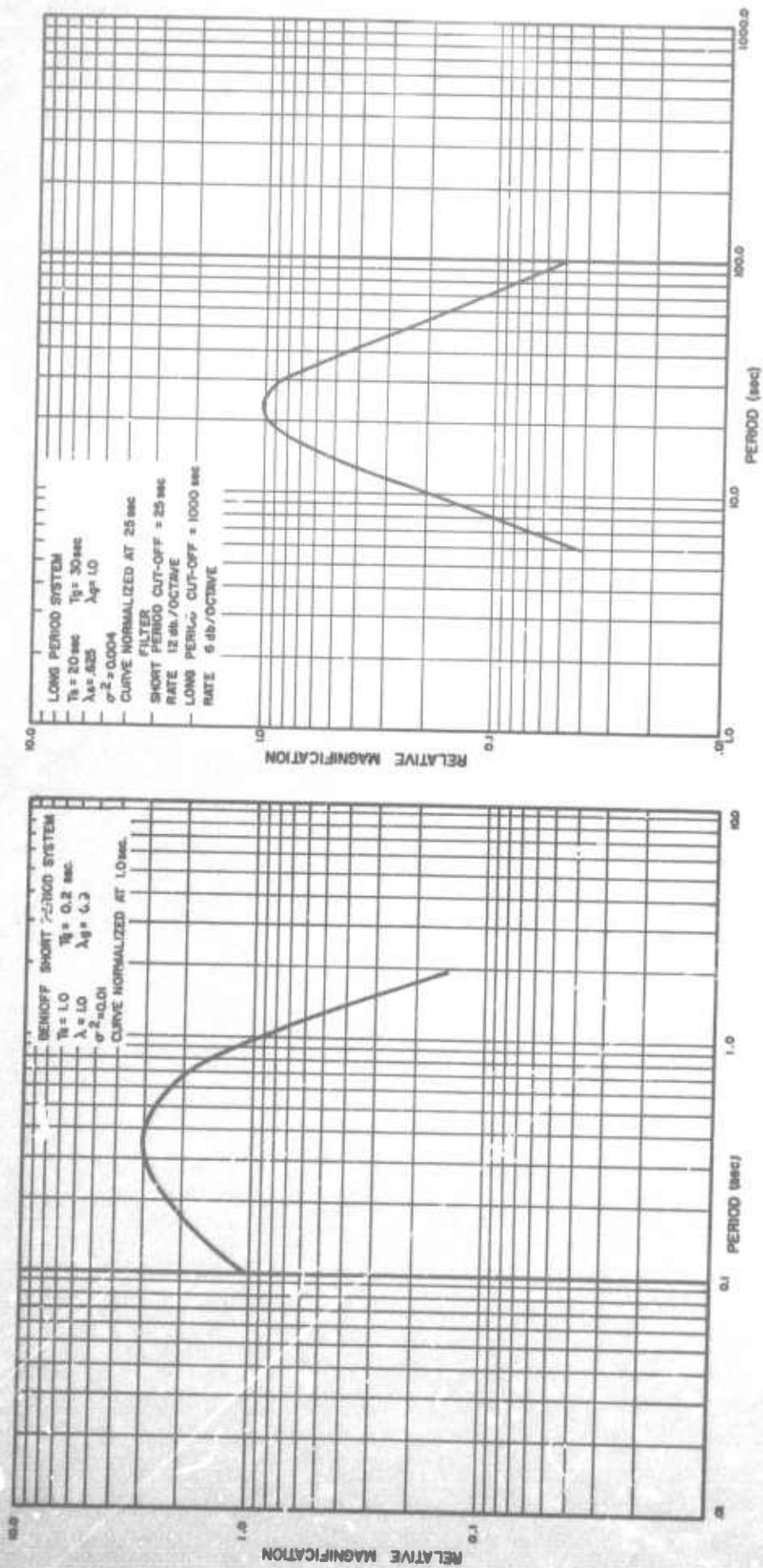
Detail Showing Allowance
For Line Width



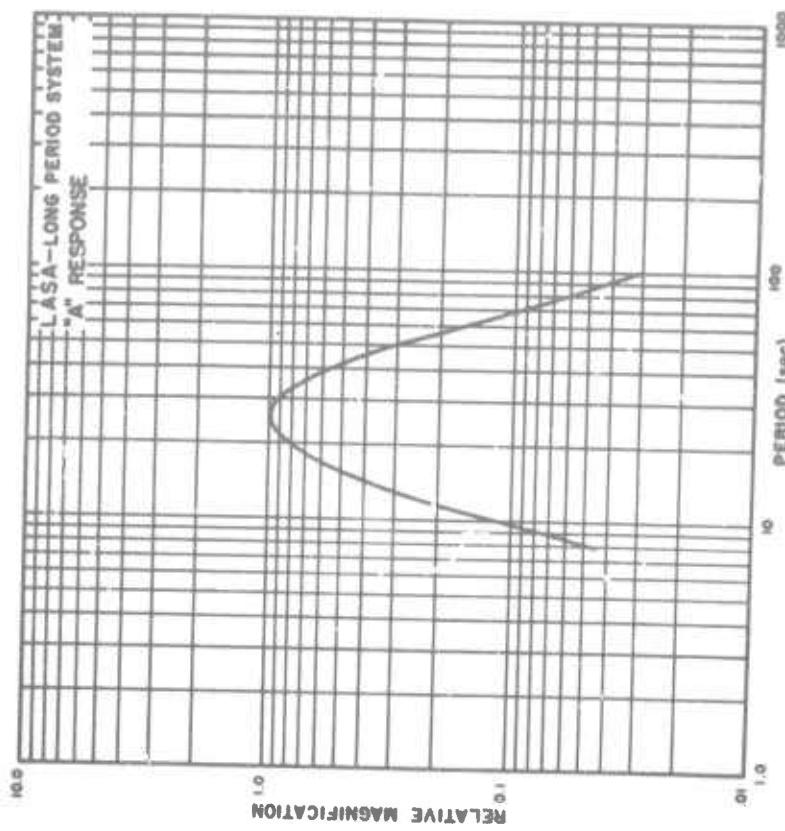
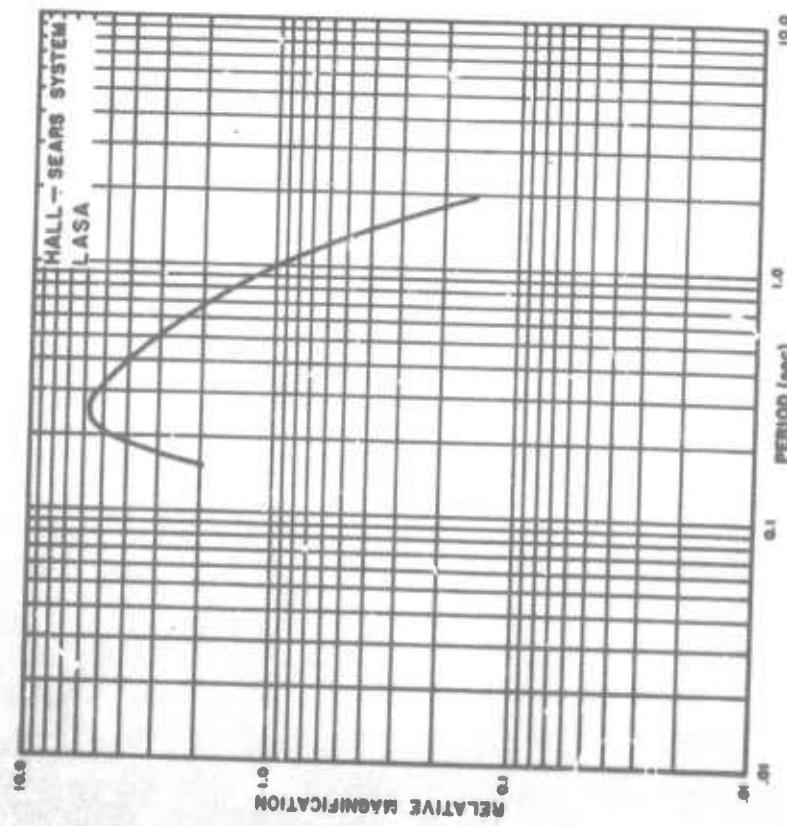
Pick time of P_n at beginning of "a" half cycle.

Pick amplitude of P_n as maximum " $d/2$ " within 2 or 3 cycles of "c".

Pick amplitudes of P_g and L_g at maximum of corresponding motion.

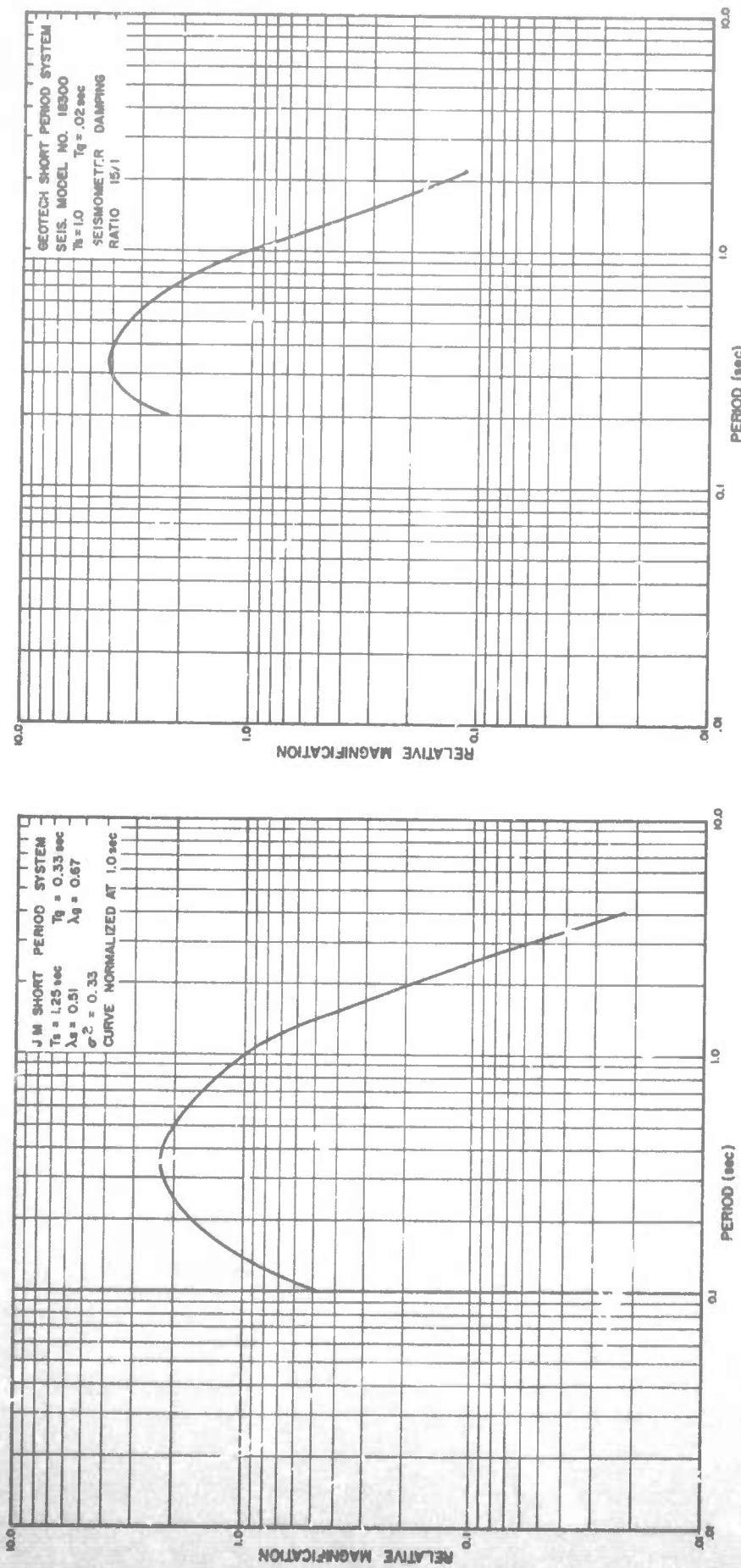


INSTRUMENT RESPONSE CURVE - LASA



APPENDIX III(D)

INSTRUMENT RESPONSE CURVES - OTHER SHORT PERIOD



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4. DESCRIPTIVE NOTES (Type of report and inclusive dates)

Scientific

5. AUTHOR(S) (Last name, first name, initial)

Clark, Don M.

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11. ABSTRACT

An analysis of seismological data from an underground nuclear explosion as a continuing study to provide information to aid in distinguishing between earthquakes and explosions. A table of travel-times and amplitudes of P, Pg, Lg, and surface waves are included along with other unidentified phases.

DD FORM 1 JAN 64 1473

Unclassified

Security Classification

Unclassified

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14. KEY WORDS	LINK A		LINK B		LINK C	
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Seismic Magnitude Seismic Travel-Time Seismic Amplitude VELA-UNIFORM Nuclear Tests						
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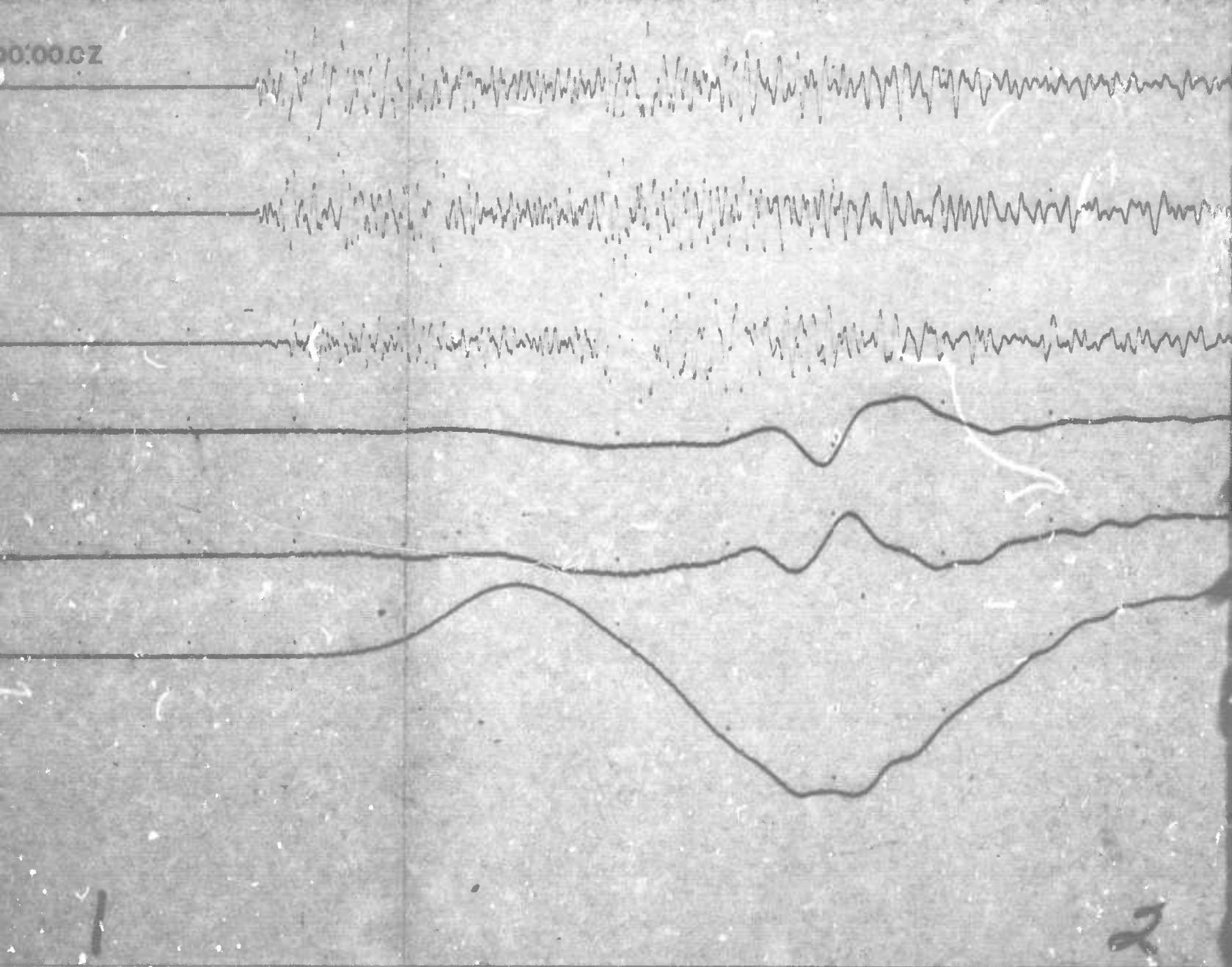
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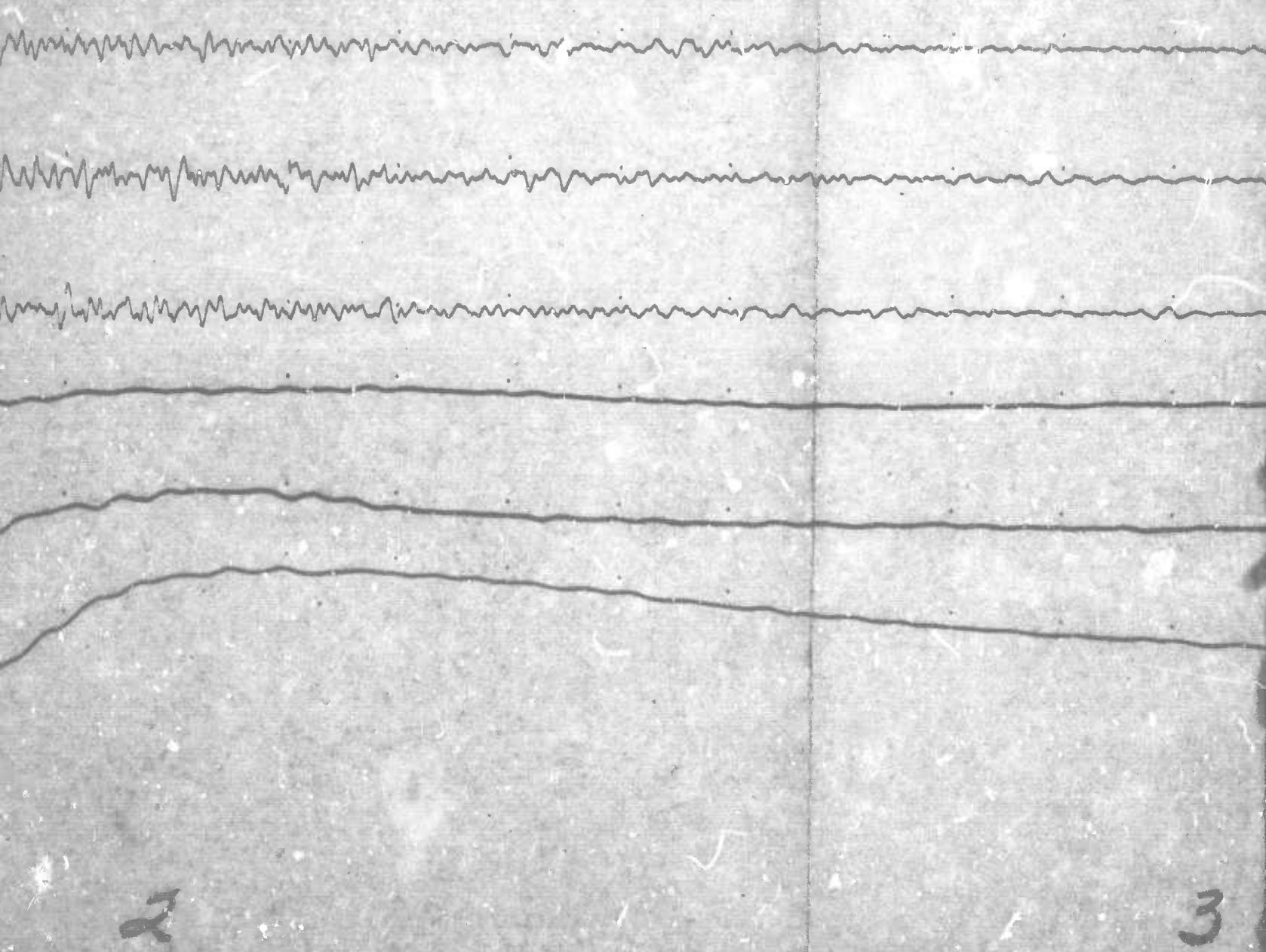
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LPZ-HI	UP	
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	308°	
LPR-HI		
.174 K		
	38°	
LPY-HI		
.175 K		

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COMMODORE

RK - ON

RED LAKE, ONTARIO, CANADA

20 MAY 1967

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LPR-HI

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SPT-HI

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UP

L.PZ-HI

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58°

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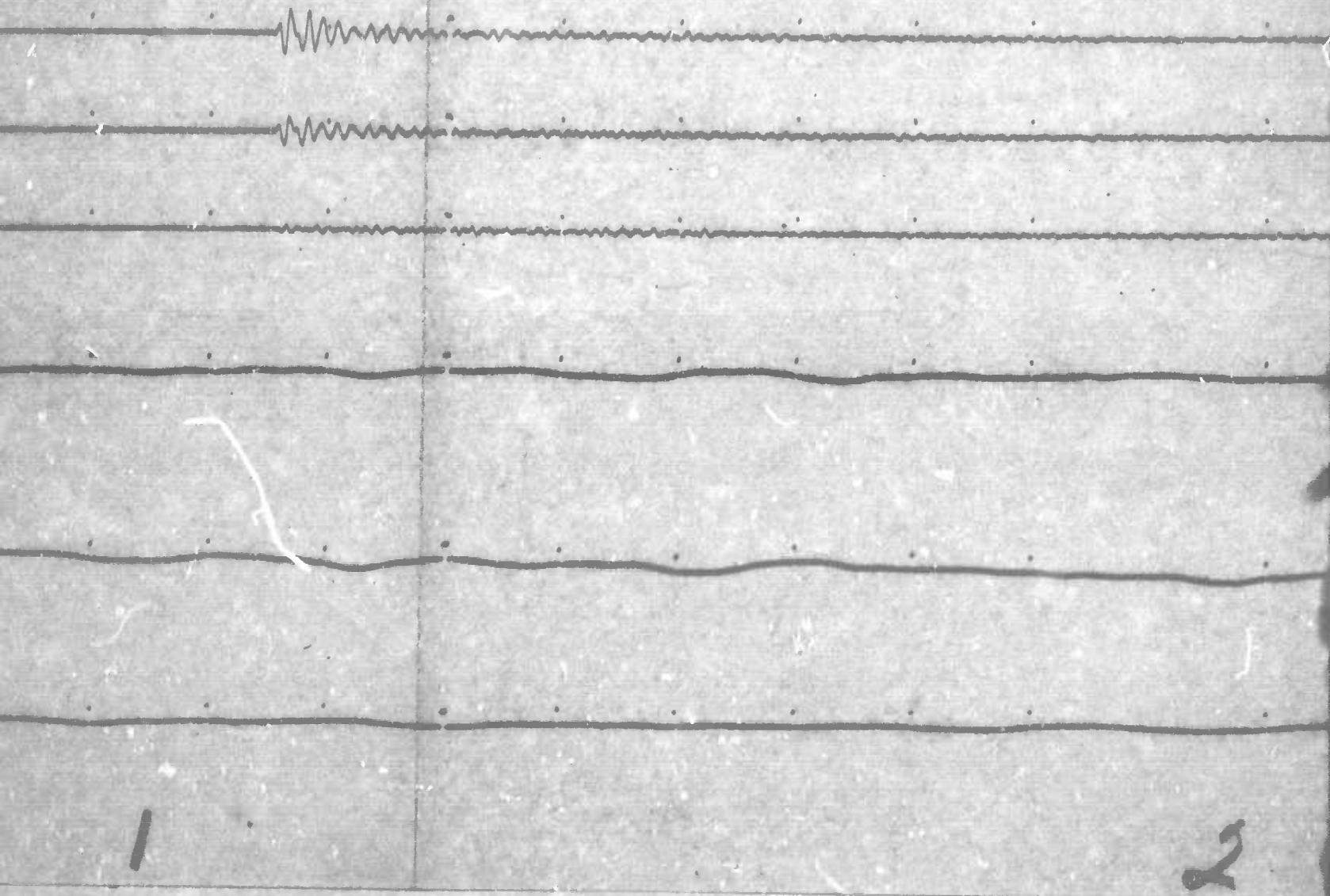
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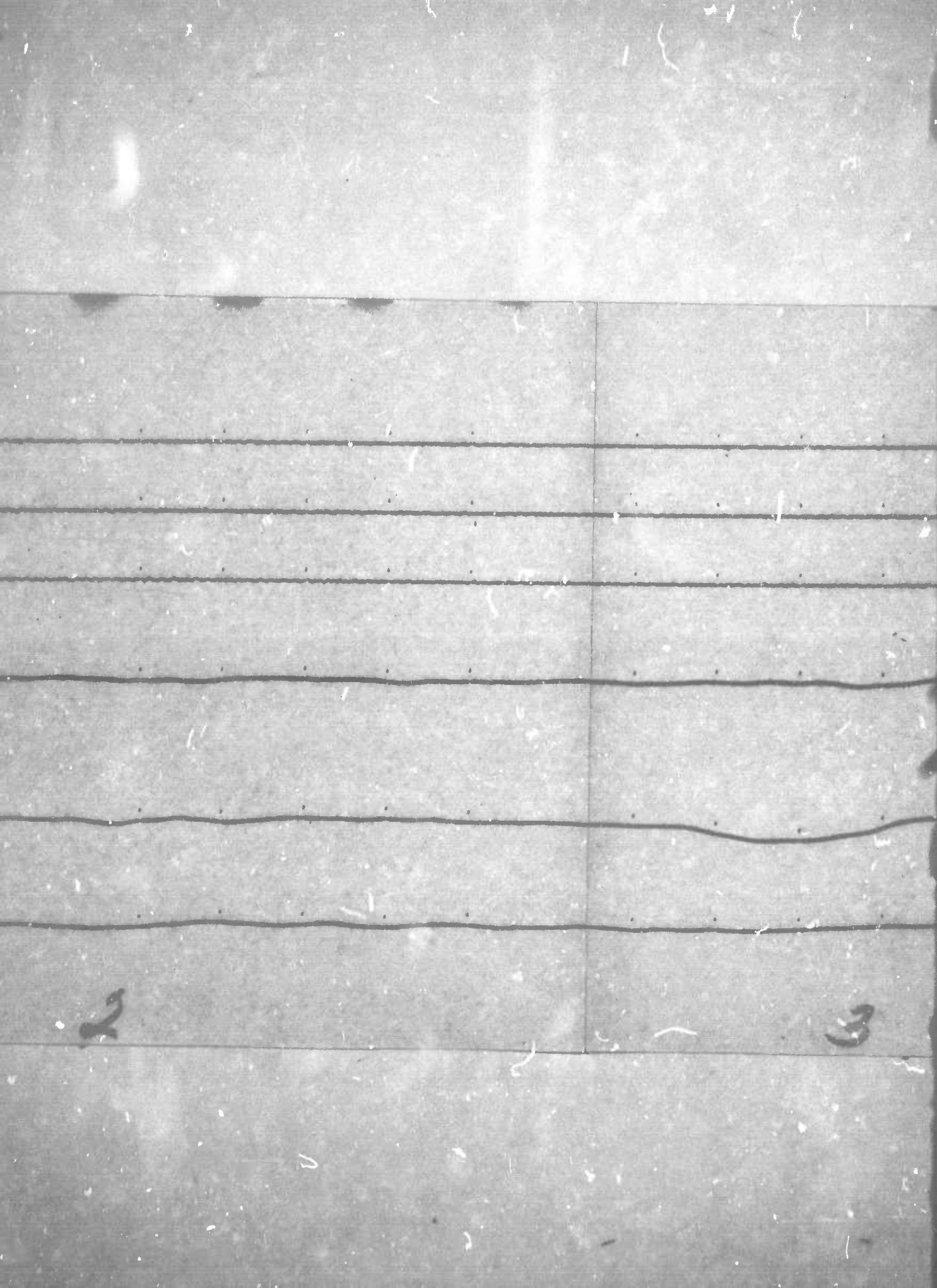
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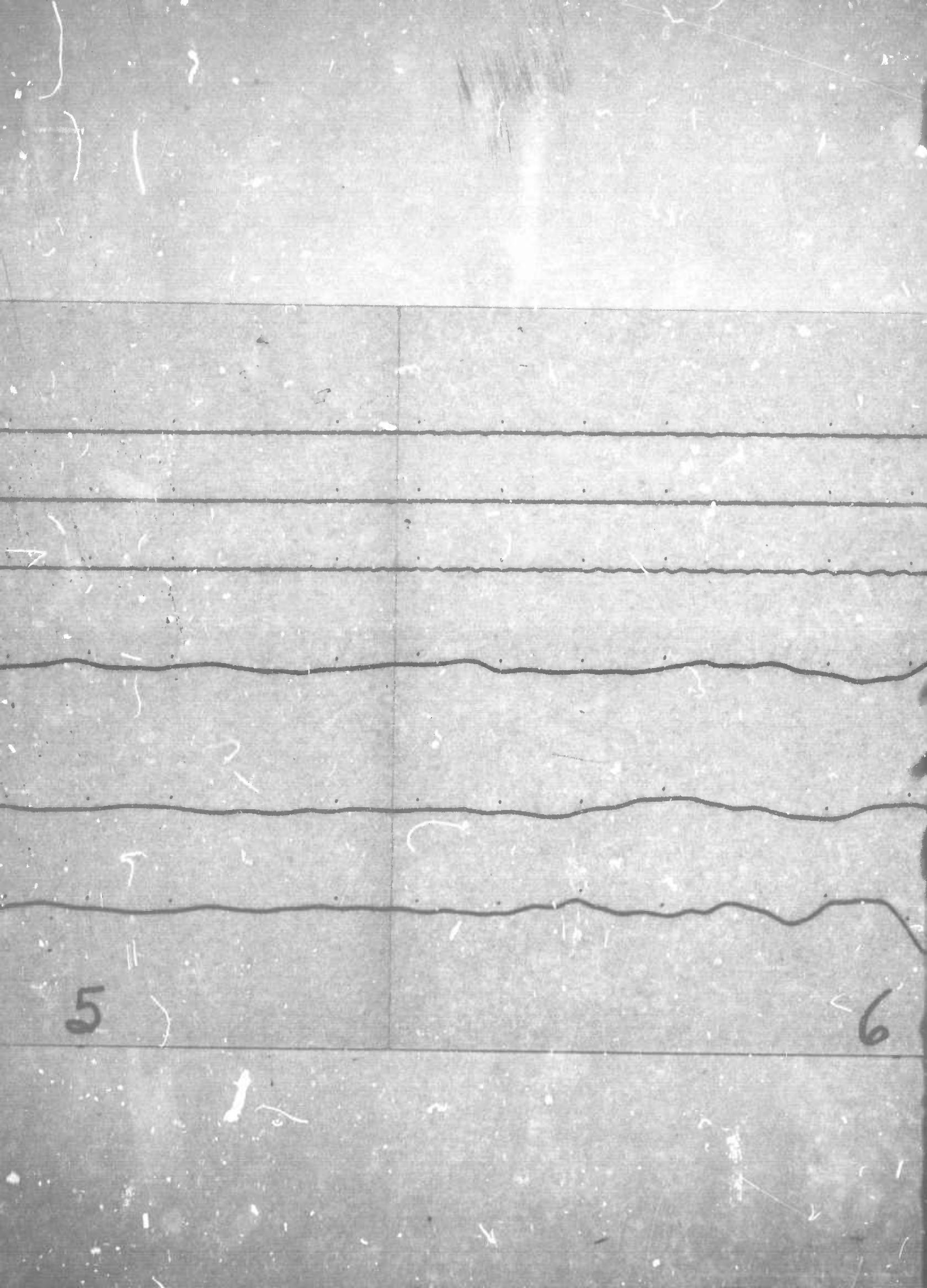


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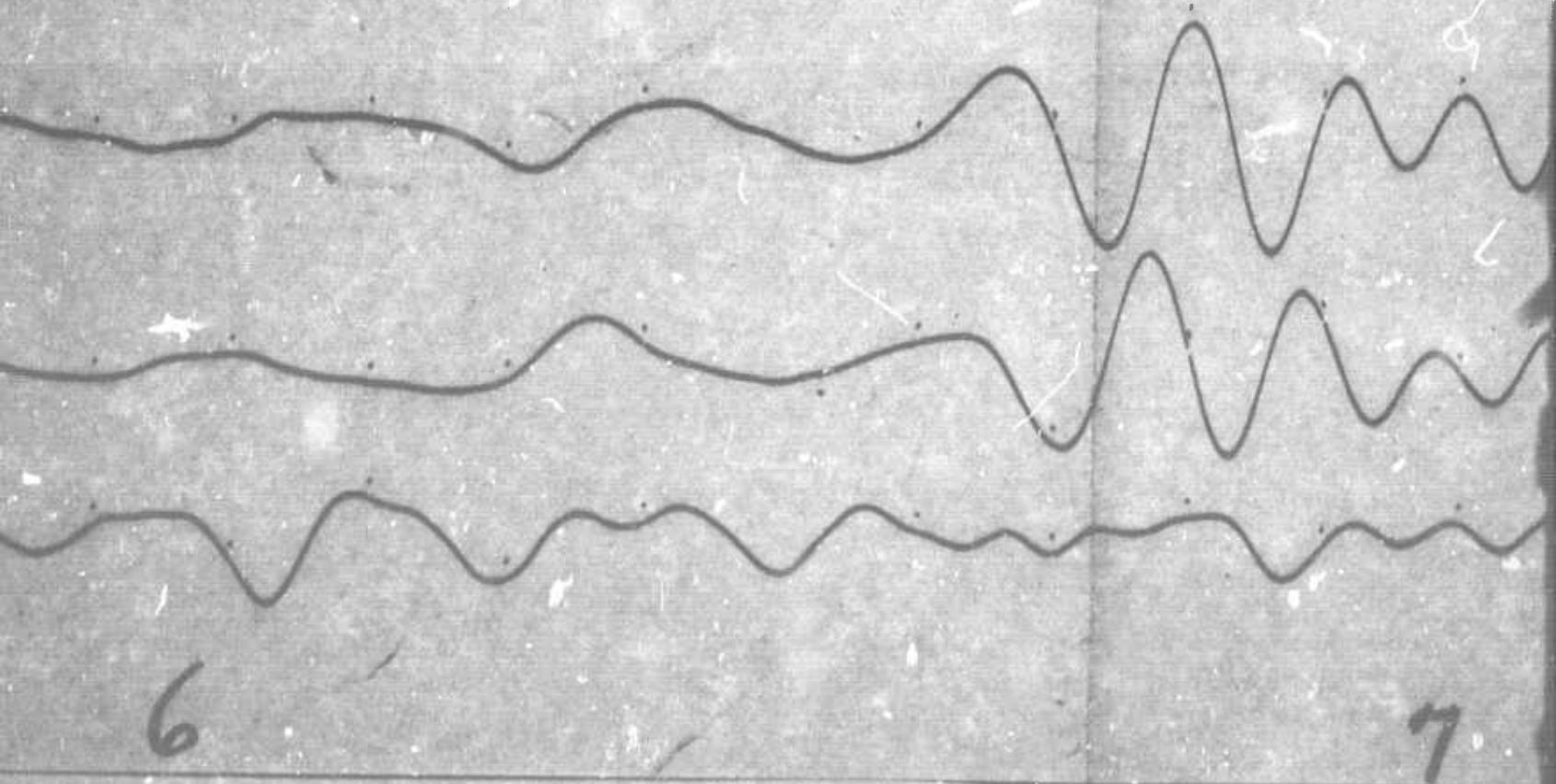
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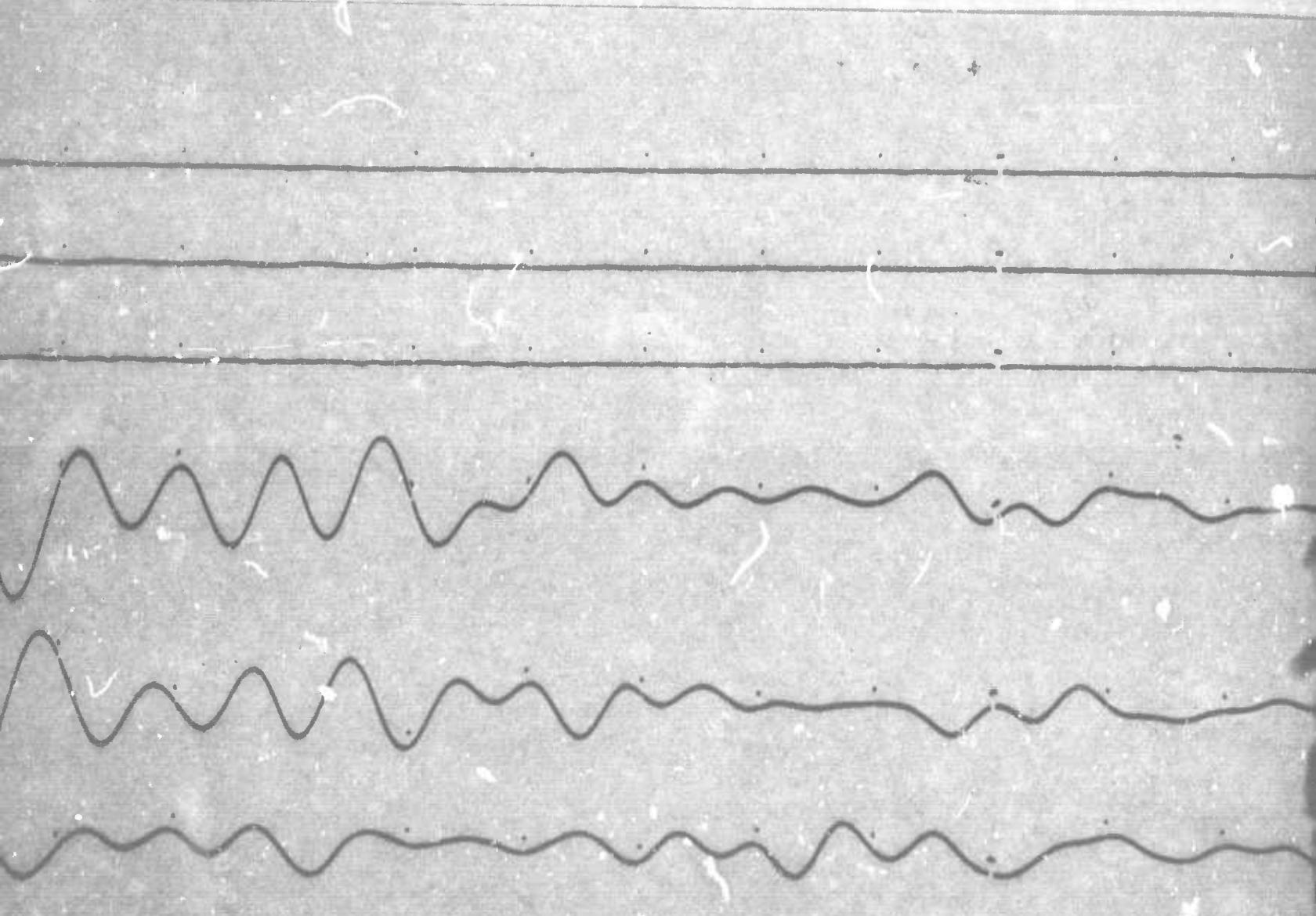
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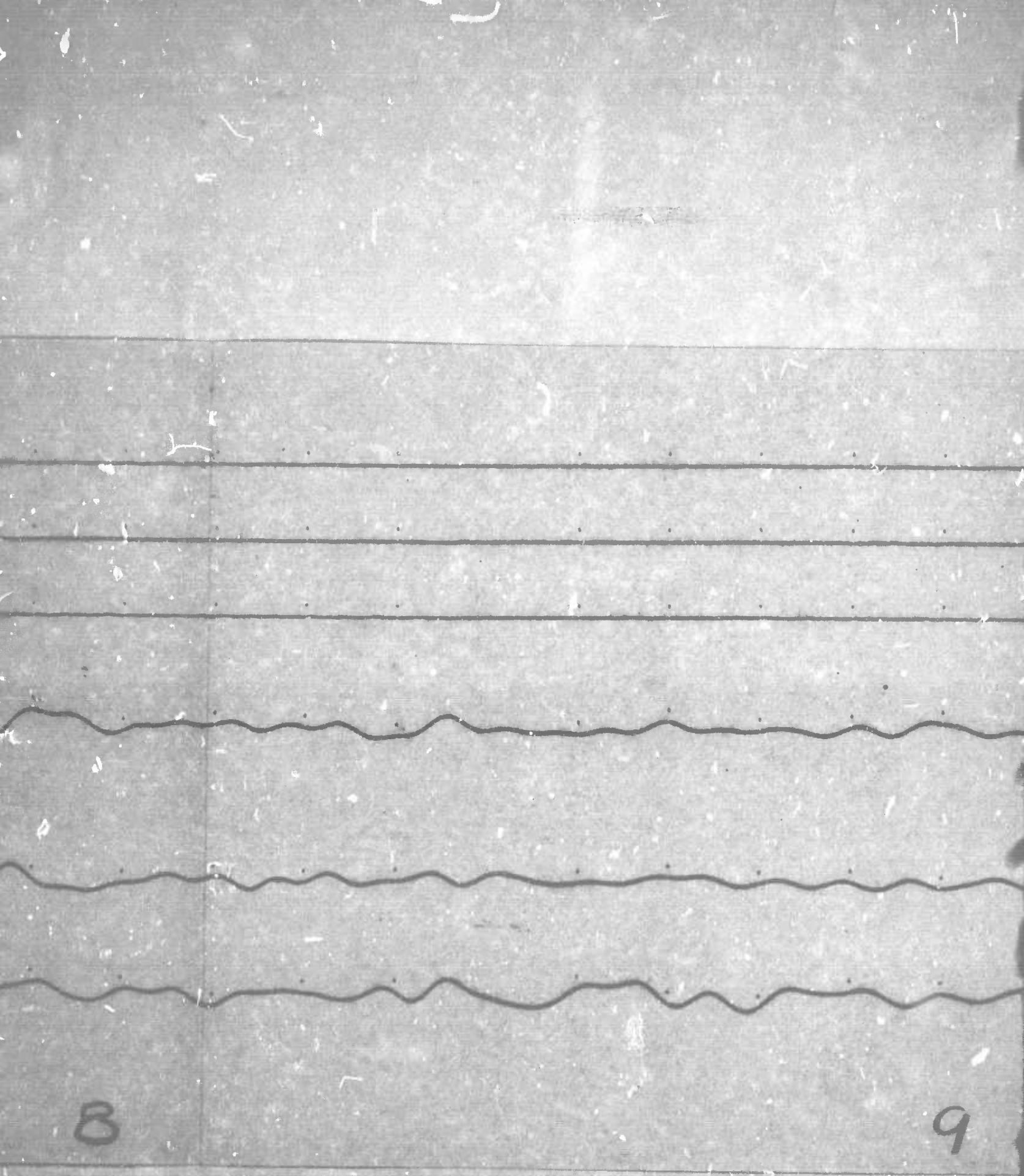
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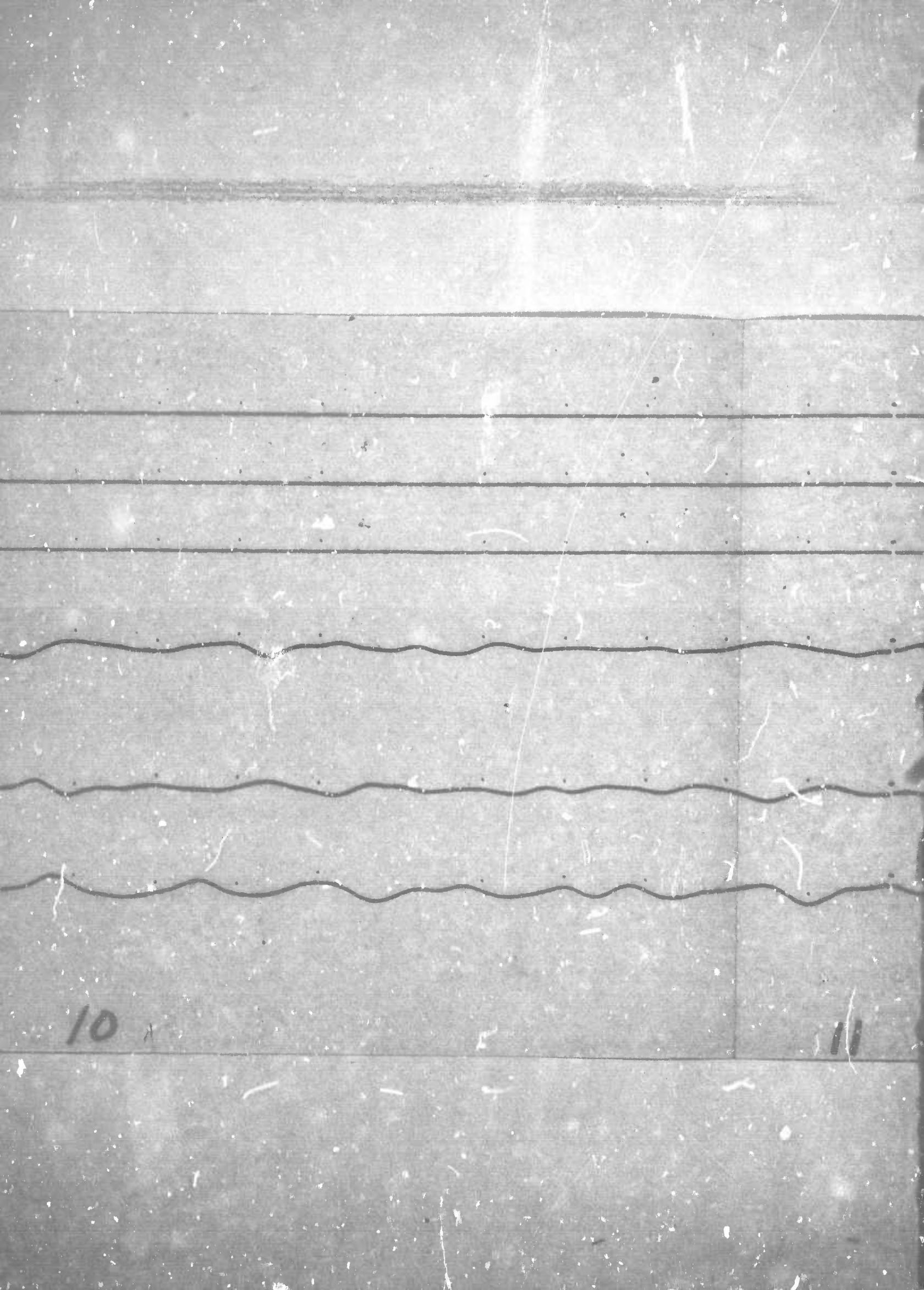
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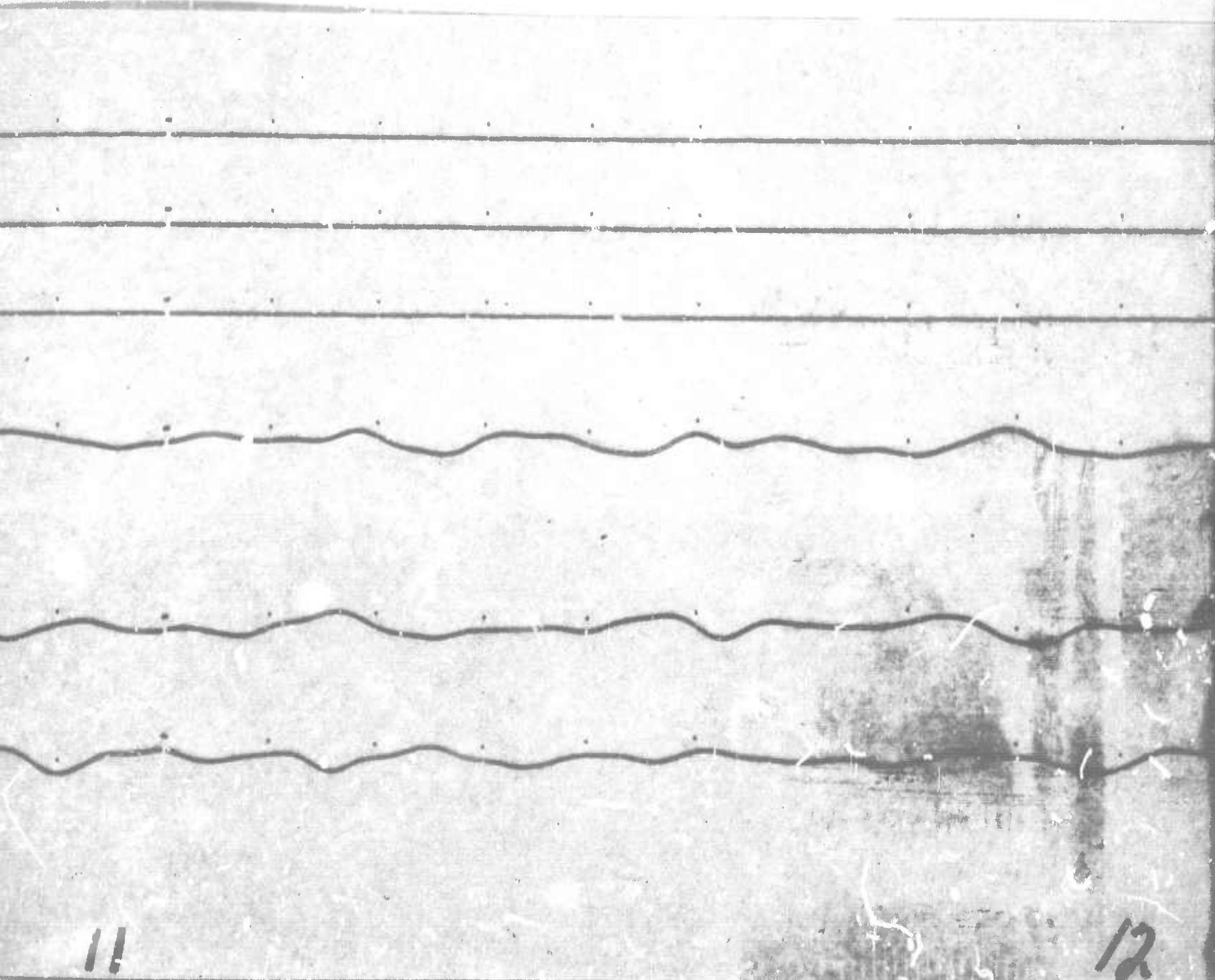
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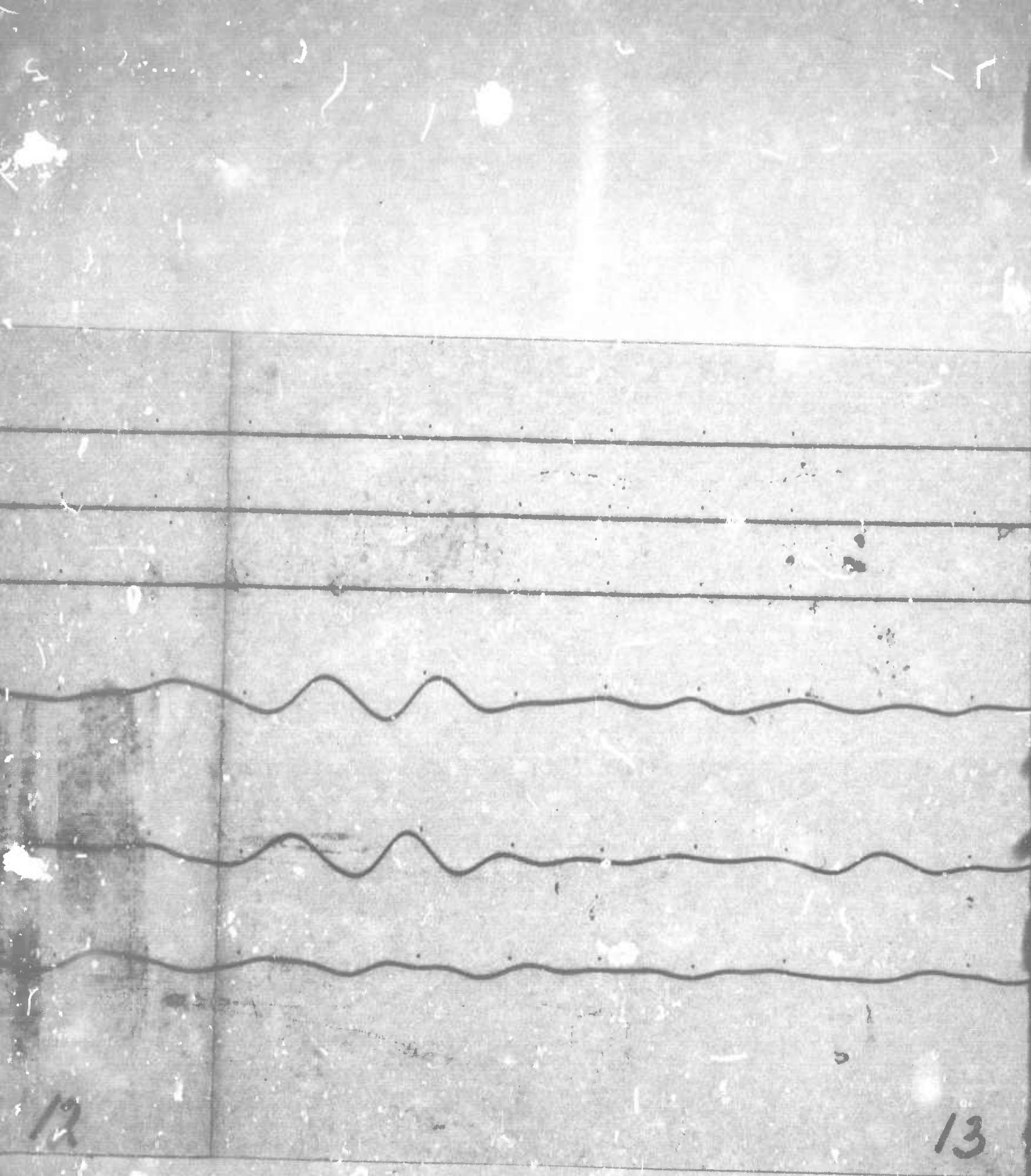


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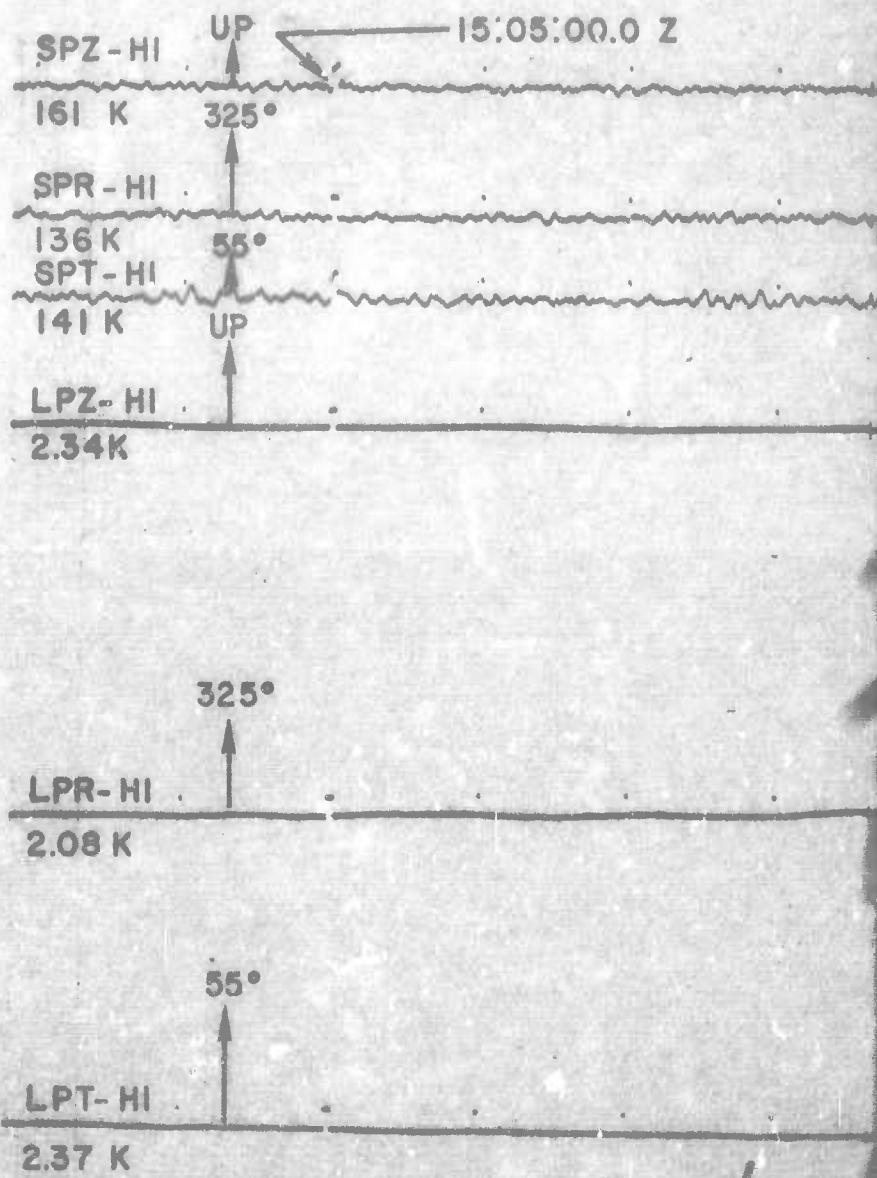
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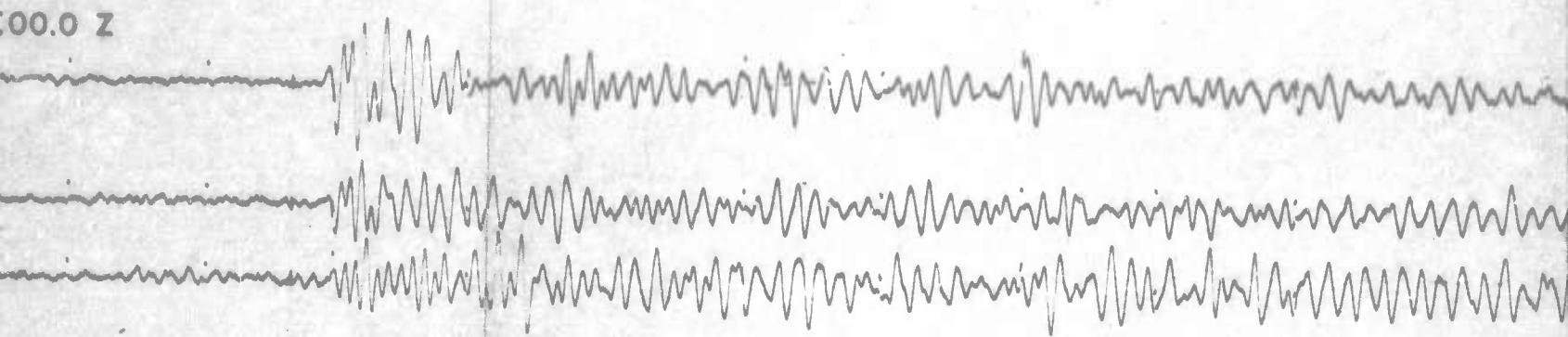
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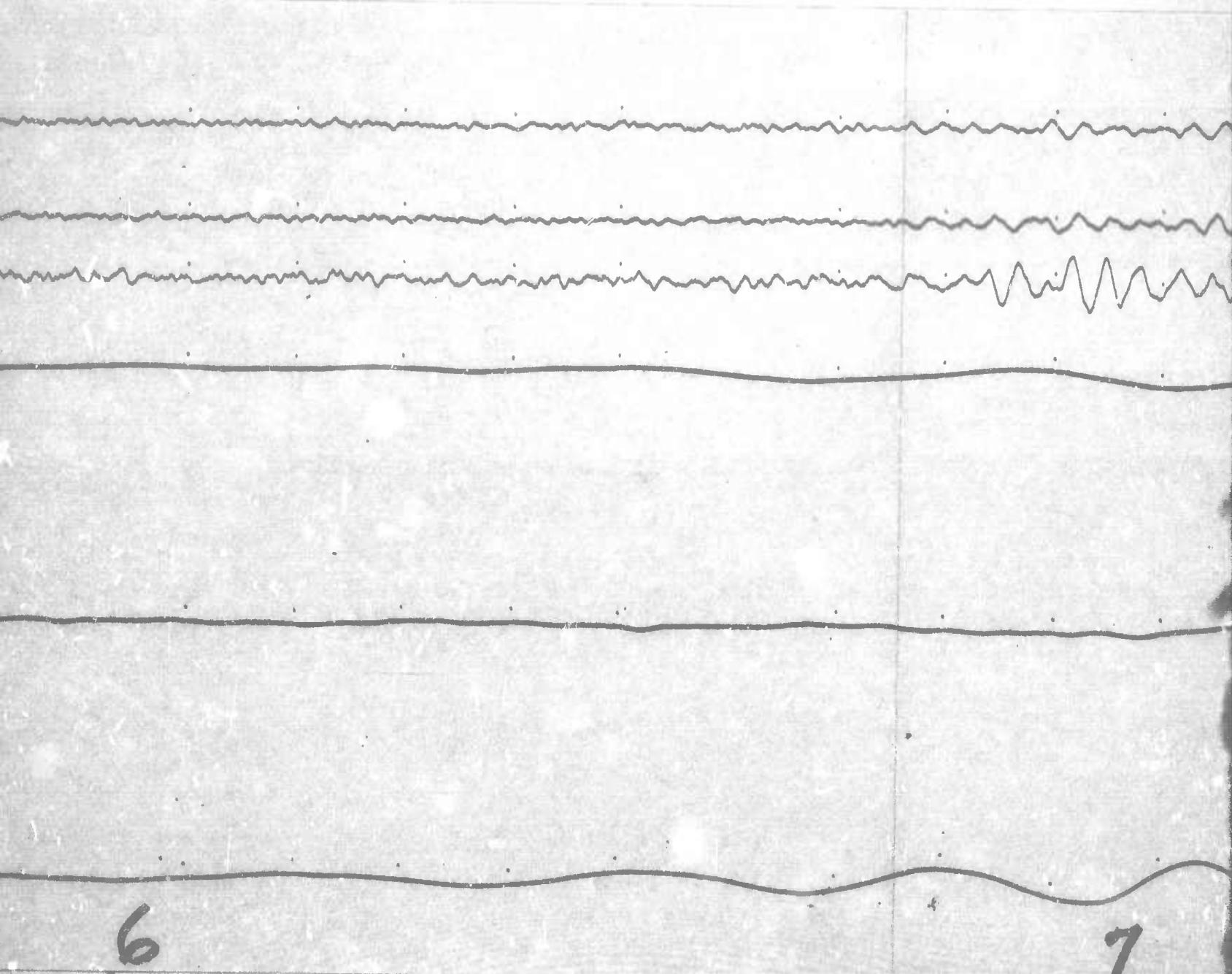
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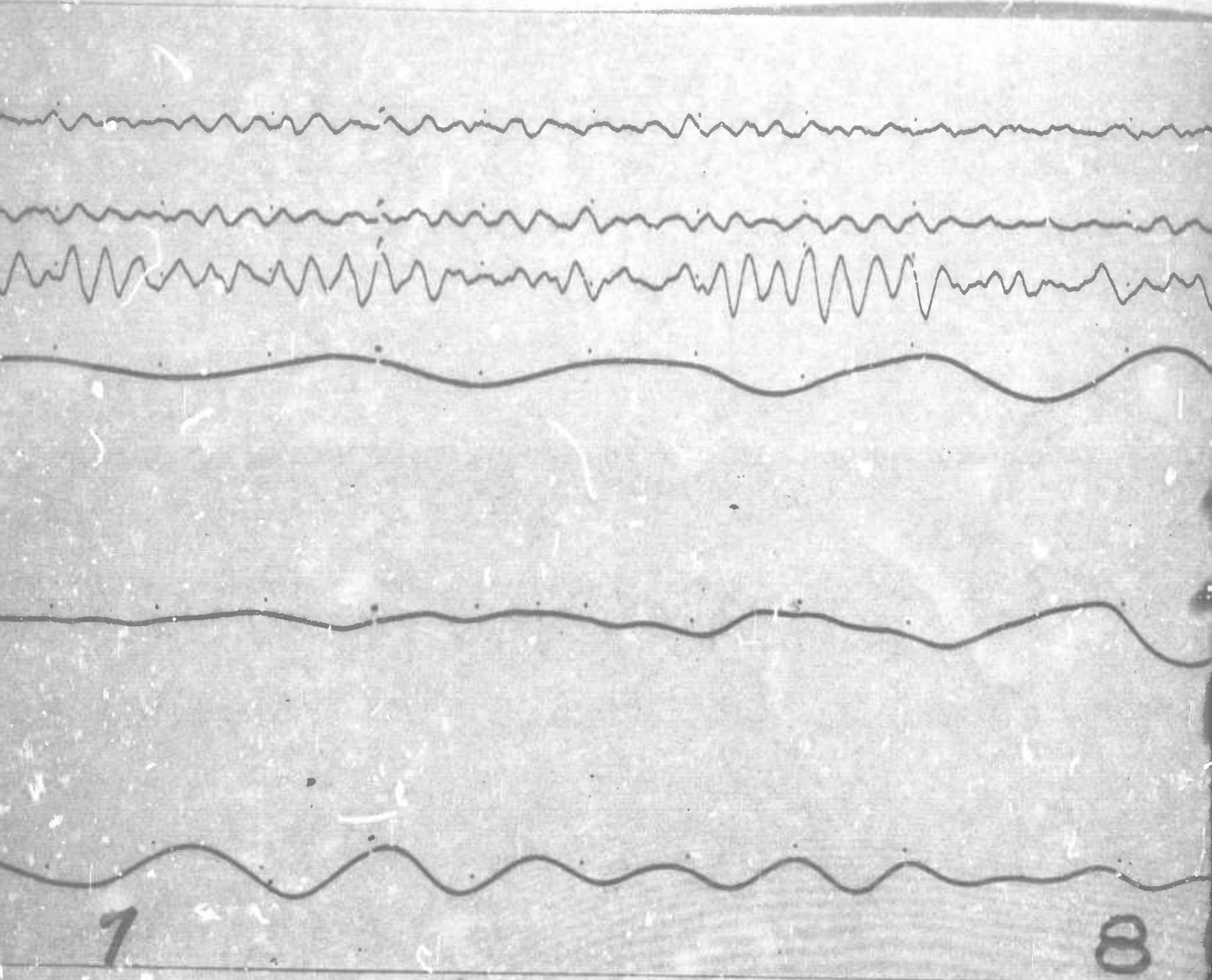
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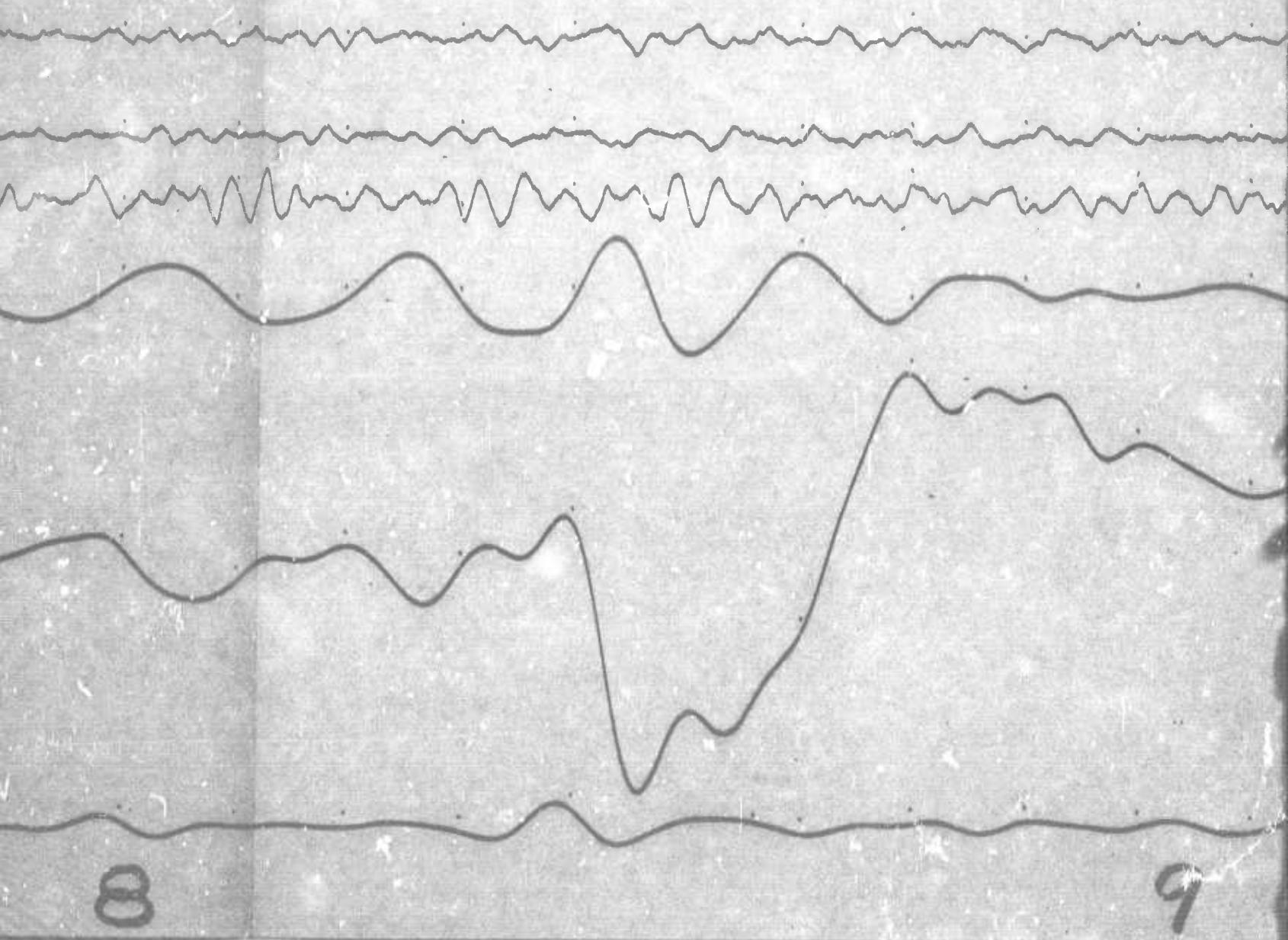
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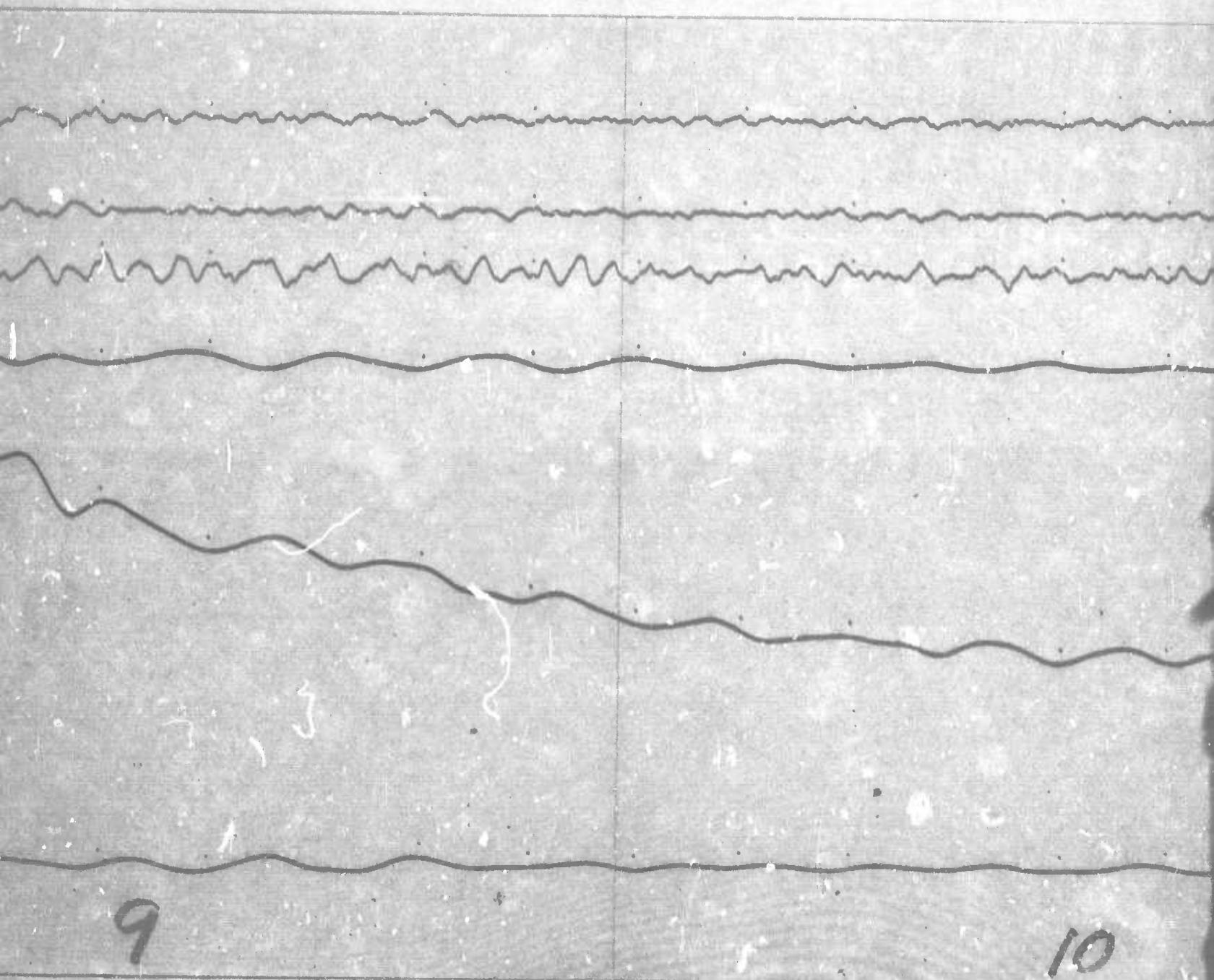
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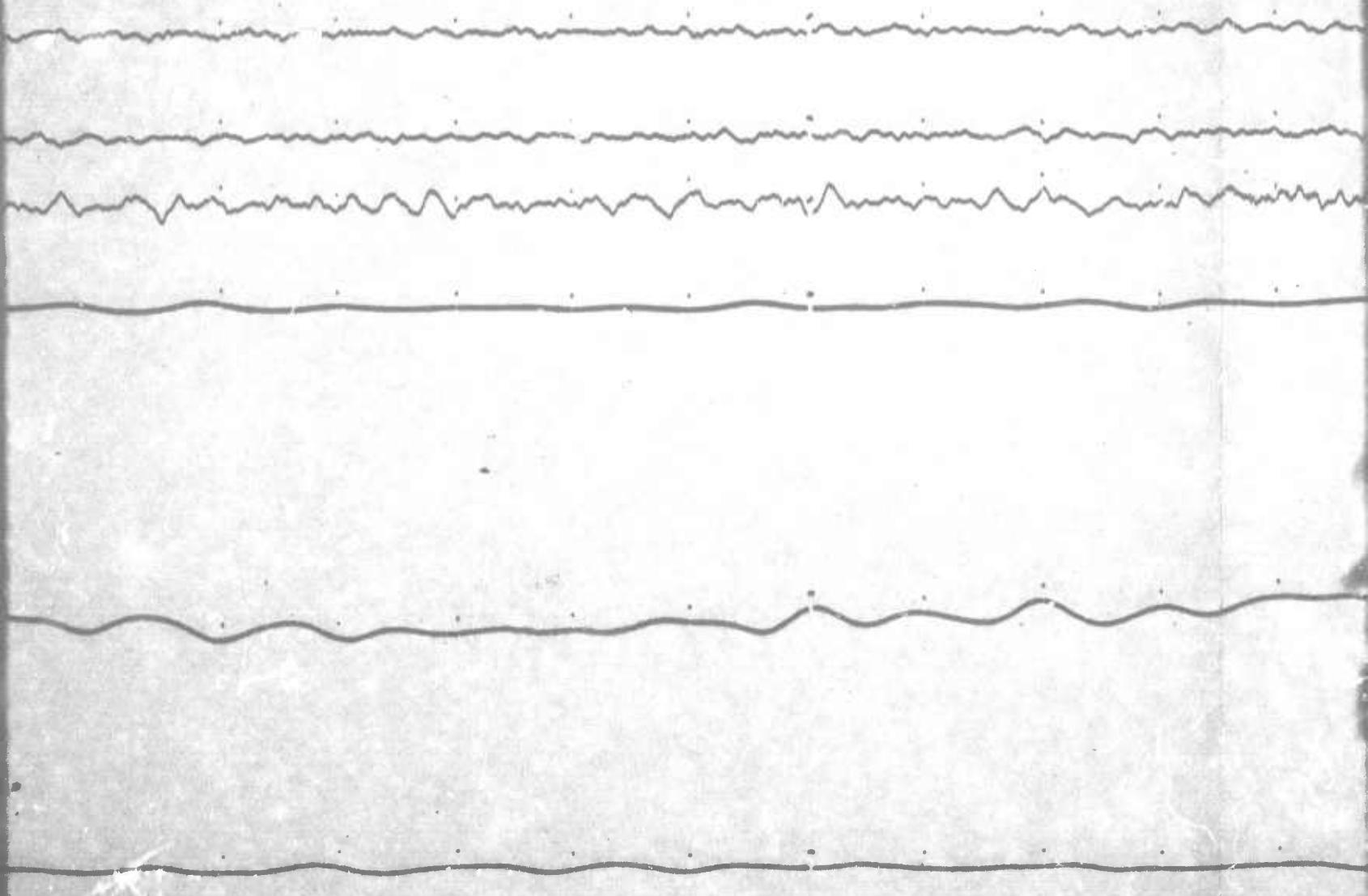
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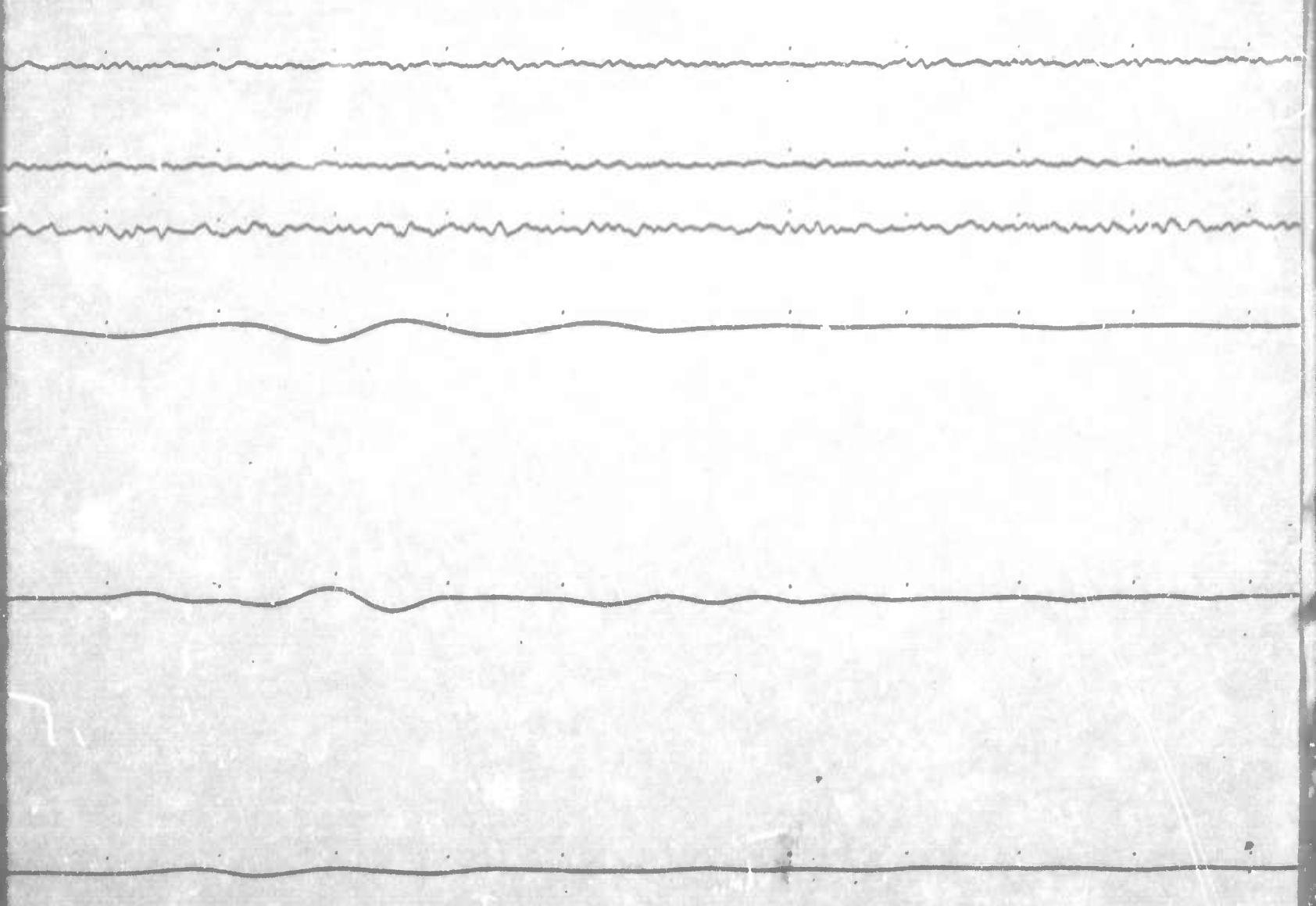
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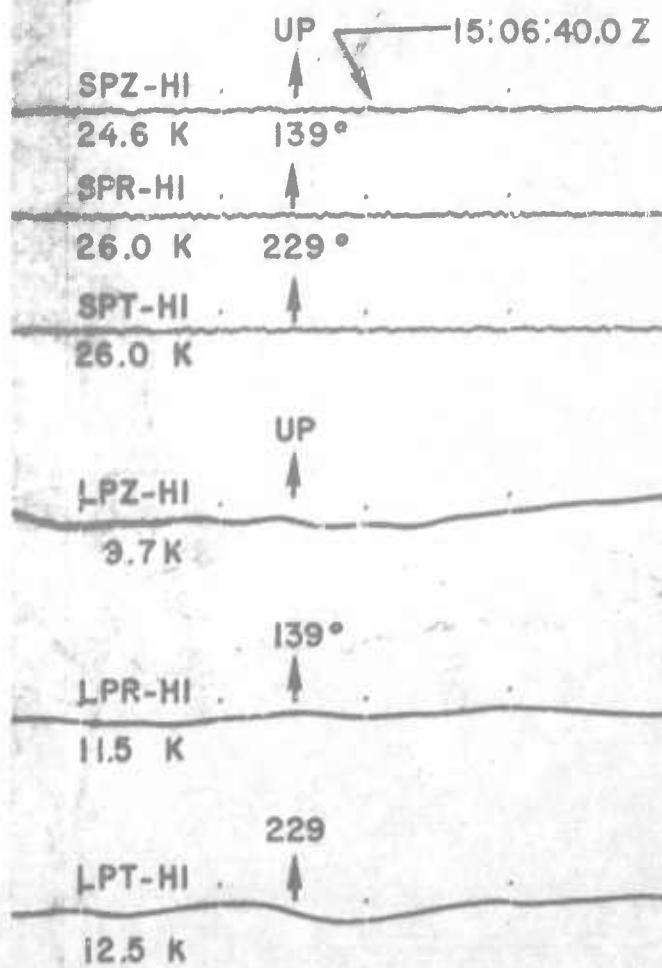
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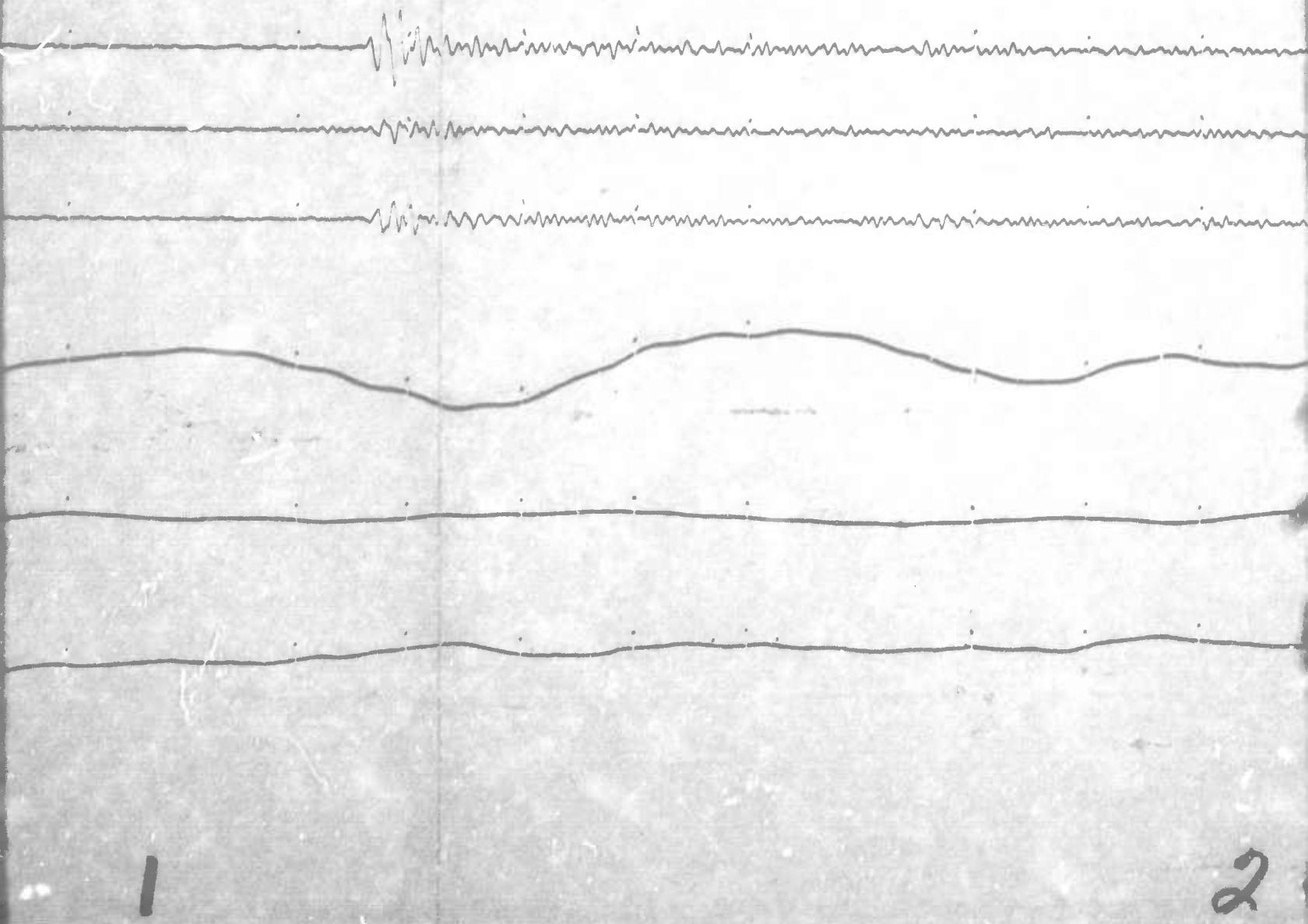
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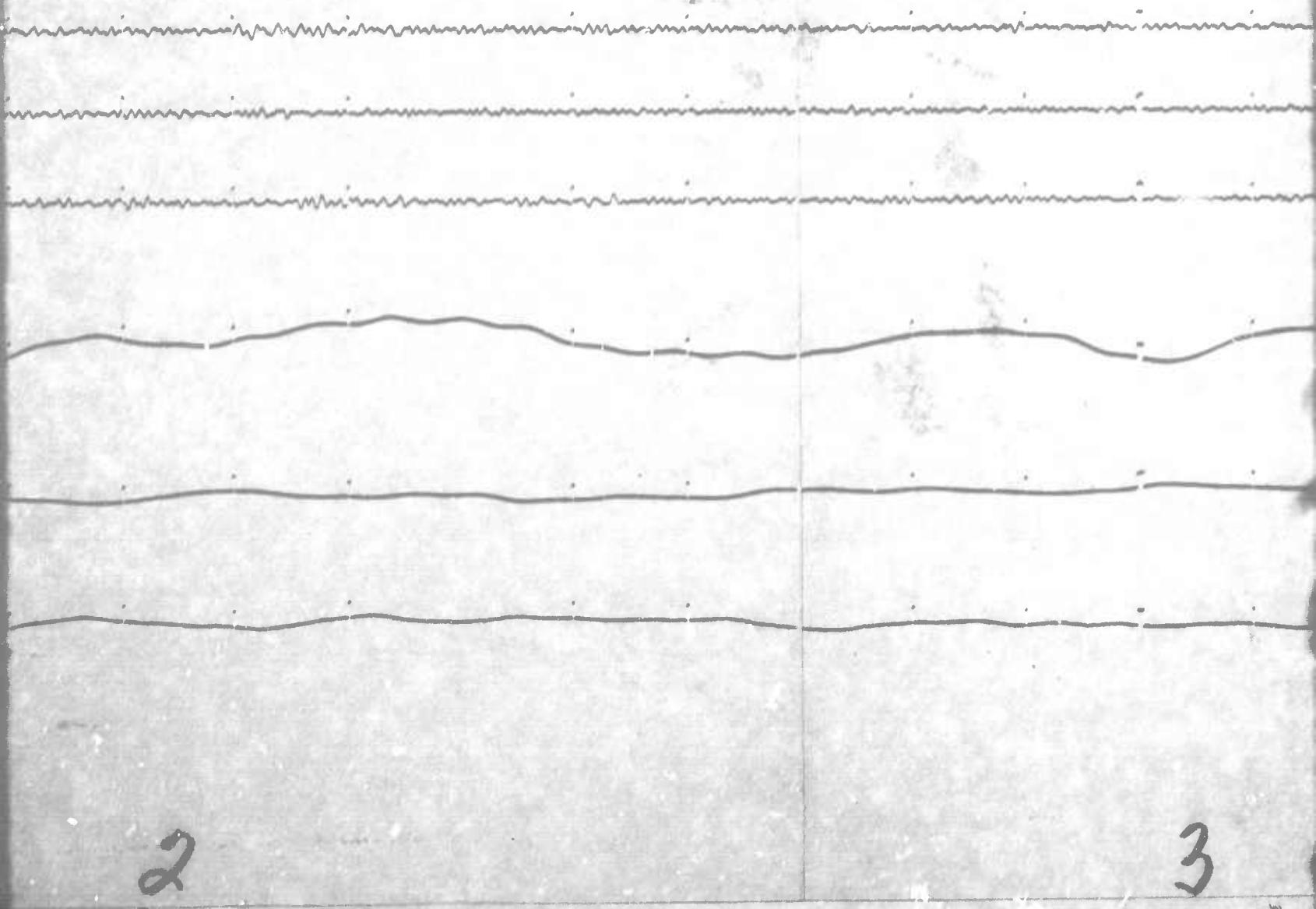
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