DIGITAL ELECTRONICS 2 LAB ASSIGNMENT 5

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1)

| Digit | Α | В | C | D | Ε | F | G | DP |
|-------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 5 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 6 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |

In Common Cathode, as you can understand from the name, for all the leds cathode terminal is same(common).

And in Common Anode this time for the all leds, anode terminal is same(common).

2) Segment.c:

```
0b0000001, // Digit 8
      0b00001001
                         // Digit 9
};
// Active-high position 0 to 3
uint8_t segment_position[] = {
      // p3p2p1p0....
      0b00010000,
                     // Position 0
      0b00100000,
                    // Position 1
// Position 2
      0b01000000,
      0b10000000
                        // Position 3
};
/* Function definitions -----*/
void SEG init(void)
{
    /* Configuration of SSD signals */
    GPIO_config_output(&DDRD, SEGMENT_LATCH);
    GPIO_config_output(&DDRD, SEGMENT_CLK);
    GPIO_config_output(&DDRB, SEGMENT_DATA);
}
/*-----*/
void SEG_update_shift_regs(uint8_t segments, uint8_t position, uint8_t
input_type)
{
    uint8_t bit_number;
      if(input_type == 1) {
             // Getting segment and position values from the arrays
             }
    // Pull LATCH, CLK, and DATA low
      GPIO_write_low(&PORTD, SEGMENT_LATCH); // LATCH
GPIO_write_low(&PORTD, SEGMENT_CLK); // CLK
GPIO_write_low(&PORTB, SEGMENT_DATA); // DATA
    // Wait 1 us
      _delay_us(1);
    // Loop through the 1st byte (segments)
    // a b c d e f g DP (active low values)
    for (bit number = 0; bit number < 8; bit number++)</pre>
    {
       // Output DATA value (bit 0 of "segments")
             if((segments \% 2) == 0) // LSB is 0
                   GPIO_write_low(&PORTB, SEGMENT_DATA);
             else
                   GPIO write high(&PORTB, SEGMENT DATA);
       // Wait 1 us
              delay_us(1);
       // Pull CLK high
             GPIO_write_high(&PORTD, SEGMENT_CLK);
       // Wait 1 us
             _delay_us(1);
       // Pull CLK low
             GPIO_write_low(&PORTD, SEGMENT_CLK);
       // Shift "segments"
```

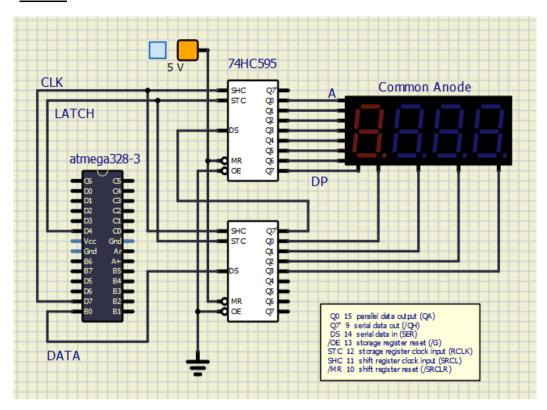
```
segments = segments >> 1;
}
// Loop through the 2nd byte (position)
// p3 p2 p1 p0 . . . (active high values)
for (bit_number = 0; bit_number < 8; bit_number++)</pre>
{
   // Output DATA value (bit 0 of "position")
         if((position % 2) == 0) // LSB is 0
                GPIO write low(&PORTB, SEGMENT DATA);
         else
                GPIO write high(&PORTB, SEGMENT DATA);
         // Wait 1 us
         delay us(1);
         // Pull CLK high
         GPIO_write_high(&PORTD, SEGMENT_CLK);
         // Wait 1 us
         _delay_us(1);
         // Pull CLK low
         GPIO_write_low(&PORTD, SEGMENT_CLK);
   // Shift "position"
   position = position >> 1;
}
// Pull LATCH high
  GPIO_write_high(&PORTD, SEGMENT_LATCH);
// Wait 1 us
  _delay_us(1);
  }
```

main.c:

```
/* Includes -----*/
/* Variables -----*/
/* Function definitions -----*/
* Main function where the program execution begins. Display decimal
* counter values on SSD (Seven-segment display) when 16-bit
* Timer/Counter1 overflows.
*/
int main(void)
{
  // Configure SSD signals
  SEG init();
  // Test of SSD: display number '3' at position 0
  SEG update shift regs(cnt0, 0, 1);
   SEG_update_shift_regs(cnt0, 2, 1);
```

```
/* Configure 16-bit Timer/Counter1
     * Set prescaler and enable overflow interrupt */
      TIM1 overflow_1s();
      TIM1_overflow_interrupt_enable();
      /* Configure 8-bit Timer/Counter0
    * Set prescaler and enable overflow interrupt */
      TIMO overflow 4ms();
      TIMO_overflow_interrupt_enable();
    // Enables interrupts by setting the global interrupt mask
      sei();
    // Infinite loop
    while (1)
    {
       /* Empty loop. All subsequent operations are performed exclusively
        * inside interrupt service routines ISRs */
    }
    // Will never reach this
   return 0;
}
/* Interrupt service routines -----*/
ISR(TIMERO_OVF_vect)
{
      static uint8_t pos = 0;
      if(pos == 0) {
             SEG_update_shift_regs(cnt0, pos, 1);
             pos = 1;
      }else {
             SEG_update_shift_regs(cnt1, pos, 1);
             pos = 0;
      }
}
* ISR starts when Timer/Counter1 overflows. Increment decimal counter
* value and display it on SSD.
ISR(TIMER1 OVF vect)
{
    cnt0++;
      if(cnt0 >= 10) {
             cnt0 = 0;
             cnt1++;
             if(cnt1 >= 6)
                    cnt1 = 0;
      }
}
```

Circuit:



3) Look-up table for the snake application:

| | Segment Value | Segment Position |
|-------------------|---------------|------------------|
| Position 0, Led D | 0b11101111 | 0b00010000 |
| Position 0, Led C | 0b11011111 | 0b00010000 |
| Position 0, Led B | 0b10111111 | 0b00010000 |
| Position 0, Led A | 0b01111111 | 0b00010000 |
| Position 1, Led A | 0b01111111 | 0b00100000 |
| Position 1, Led F | 0b11111011 | 0b00100000 |
| Position 1, Led E | 0b11110111 | 0b00100000 |
| Position 1, Led D | 0b11101111 | 0b00100000 |

main.c:

```
* snake application.c
 * Created: 27.10.2020 11:51:05
 * Author : dkorb
/* Includes -----*/
#define F_CPU 16000000
#include <util/delay.h>
#include <avr/io.h>
                         // AVR device-specific IO definitions
#include "segment.h"
                         // Seven-segment display library for AVR-GCC
// Note: Specially for this application, "input_type" parameter added to the
             "SEG_update_shift_regs" function in segment.h, for setting the
//
//
              input type for the function.
/* Variables -----*/
int main(void)
      // Configure SSD signals
      SEG_init();
   /* Replace with your application code */
   {
            SEG update shift regs(0b11101111, 0b00010000, 0); // Position 0, Led D
             delay ms(250);
            SEG update shift regs(0b11011111, 0b00010000, 0); // Position 0, Led C
            delay ms(250);
            SEG update shift regs(0b10111111, 0b00010000, 0); // Position 0, Led B
             delay ms(250);
            SEG update_shift_regs(0b01111111, 0b00010000, 0); // Position 0, Led A
            _delay_ms(250);
            SEG_update_shift_regs(0b01111111, 0b00100000, 0); // Position 1, Led A
            _delay_ms(250);
            SEG update shift regs(0b11111011, 0b00100000, 0); // Position 1, Led F
            _delay_ms(250);
            SEG_update_shift_regs(0b11110111, 0b00100000, 0); // Position 1, Led E
            _delay_ms(250);
            SEG_update_shift_regs(0b11101111, 0b00100000, 0); // Position 1, Led D
            _delay_ms(250);
   }
}
```