### Stochastic survival of the densest in neurons

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## 1 Glossary of model parameters

 $\mu = \text{death rate or degradation rate}$ 

 $\gamma = \text{transport rate between two units}$ 

 $\delta$  = mutant deficiency ratio

 $C_b$  = adaptive birth rate control strength parameter

 $C_t$  = adaptive transport rate control strength parameter

 $NSS_A =$ carrying capacity of axon

 $NSS_S$  = carrying capacity of soma

 $wt_{soma}$  = number of wildtype mtDNA molecules in the soma

 $mt_{soma}$  = number of mutant mtDNA molecules in the soma

 $wt_{axon}$  = number of wildtype mtDNA molecules in the axon

 $mt_{axon}$  = number of mutant mtDNA molecules in the axon

## 2 Equations governing per capita reaction rates in the model

All per capita reaction rates are identical for wildtype (wt) and mutant (mt) mtDNA molecules, and defined as follows:

#### 2.0.1 Birth rates:

mtDNA is produced in the some only. The rate of production is sufficient to supply both the some and the axon.

$$Birth_{soma} = 2\mu + C_b \times (Nss_{soma} - wt_{soma} - \delta_m mt_{soma}) \tag{1}$$

$$Birth_{axon} = 0 (2)$$

### 2.0.2 Death rates:

mtDNA is degraded with equal rates in the soma and axon.

$$Death_{soma} = \mu \tag{3}$$

$$Death_{axon} = \mu \tag{4}$$

### 2.0.3 Transport rates:

mtDNA is transported between the soma and the axon. At steady state, anterograde (soma to axon) transport is 2x the rate of retrograde transport.

$$Move_{soma-axon} = 2\gamma + C_t \times (Nss_{axon} - wt_{axon} - \delta_m mt_{axon})$$
 (5)

$$Move_{axon-soma} = \gamma \tag{6}$$

# 3 Conditions for stability

A crucial steady state for the system occurs when:

$$wt_{soma} = wt_{axon} \wedge mt_{soma} = mt_{axon} \wedge Nss_{soma} - wt_{soma} - \delta_m mt_{soma} = 0 \wedge Nss_{axon} - wt_{axon} - \delta_m mt_{axon} = 0$$
 (7)

In such cases, the adaptive birth rate and transport rate sections are both 0:

$$C_b \times (Nss_{soma} - wt_{soma} - \delta_m mt_{soma}) = 0 \wedge C_t \times (Nss_{axon} - wt_{axon} - \delta_m mt_{axon}) = 0$$
(8)

Thus, the system is reduced such that:

$$Birth_{soma} = 2\mu \tag{9}$$

$$Birth_{axon} = 0 (10)$$

$$Death_{soma} = \mu \tag{11}$$

$$Death_{axon} = \mu \tag{12}$$

$$Move_{soma-axon} = 2\gamma \tag{13}$$

$$Move_{axon-soma} = \gamma$$
 (14)

Thus the absolute rates of change for the four model variables are:

$$\frac{\partial wt_{soma}}{\partial t} = wt_{soma} \times [2\mu + \gamma - 2\gamma - \mu] \tag{15}$$

$$\frac{\partial mt_{soma}}{\partial t} = mt_{soma} \times [2\mu + \gamma - 2\gamma - \mu] \tag{16}$$

$$\frac{\partial wt_{axon}}{\partial t} = wt_{axon} \times [2\gamma - \gamma - \mu] \tag{17}$$

$$\frac{\partial mt_{axon}}{\partial t} = mt_{axon} \times [2\gamma - \gamma - \mu] \tag{18}$$

These rates of change = 0 when  $\mu = \gamma$ .